



CRICRI *MC 15*



Michel Colomban

SUMMARY

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- 3 - DESCRIPTION
- 4 - CONSTRUCTION
- 5 - HANDLING
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DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF THE CRICRI

<u>DATE</u>	1973	1977	1981	1998
<u>APPELLATION</u>	MC 10	MC 12	MC 15	MC 15 S
<u>ENGINE</u>	ROWENA (1)	VALMET (1)	JPX PUL 212 (1)	SOLO 210
<u>POWER</u>	9 HP	12 HP	15 HP	15 HP
<u>DIMENSIONS</u>				
Wing span	4.90 m	4.90 m	4.90 m	4.90 m
Wing area	3.10 m ²	3.10 m ²	3.10 m ²	3.10 m ²
Wing aspect ratio	7.74	7.74	7.74	7.74
Length overall	3.90 m	3.90 m	3.90 m	3.90 m
<u>WEIGHTS</u>				
Weight empty	68 kg	72kg	78 kg	78 kg
Max take off weight	170 kg	170 kg	170 kg	170 kg
Max wing loading	55 kg/m ²	55 kg/m ²	55 kg/m ²	55 kg/m ²
<u>PERFORMANCE</u>				
Max level speed	180 km/h	200 km/h	220 km/h	220 km/h
Stalling speed flaps down°	72 km/h	72 km/h	72 km/h	72 km/h
Take off run	170 m	140 m	120 m	120 m
Max rate off climb at S/L	4 m/s	5 m/s	6.4 m/s	6.4 m/s
Service ceiling	3800 m	4500 m	5200 m	5200 m
Ultimate load factor	+6 -4	+9 -4.5	+9 -4.5	+9 -4.5

(1) No more produced.



1 HISTORY

The CRICRI story is already fairly old. It started back in the 50's when its future designer, Michel COLOMBAN, then a student pilot was constantly being surprised by airplane dimensions finding them over-generous and even disproportionate to the load they carried.

As much through technical curiosity as by his desire to create something tiny and economical (even then...), COLOMBAN, an engineer in aerodynamics and ex-model aircraft fan, decided on a relatively simple research program. His aim was to find a minimal structure capable of excellent performances and flying characteristics using a light 20 HP engine and 10 kg of fuel which would carry a 75 kg pilot. He undertook a series of parametrical calculations. He determined the principal performances (take off, rate of climb, max. and min. speeds) by studying wing area parameters such as surface and aspect ratios naturally accounting for associated tail units and corresponding masses.

The resulting graphs showed that a single seat aircraft having a 4 m^2 wing area and a 180 kg gross weight was perfectly feasible. Although this took place in 1957, construction could not be undertaken at that time. Twelve years later, conditions finally became favorable and the first structural test components were realized.

In the meantime the original project had undergone some changes :

- Metal, though heavier, took the place of wood; its clean flying surfaces taking full advantage of low-drag airfoils.
- To simplify things, standard 1m x 2m sheet metal was used as wing-skin reducing wing area to 3.1 m^2 .
- Two light 9 HP chain-saw engines took the place of the inexistant 20 HP one dividing the power also improved propeller efficiency at high engine speeds.
- The fuselage was designed as a simple rectangular box with a streamlined panoramic canopy on top.
- The horizontal tail was perched at the top of the fin firstly in order to... avoid obstacles on the ground and also to improve its aerodynamic qualities and make construction and positioning in its trailer easier. The result of all this was the MC 10 which at the time its masses and performances and especially its propeller speed and its efficiency had been announced had brought many a complacent smile; only proving that you're wrong when you are right too soon !

Because of the innovation of the structural technique, a large number of tests of all sorts were conducted before actual construction began. In particular, they dealt with the bonded joints and their resistance to cold, heat, humidity and in relation to surface preparation conditions. The Klégécell was probably tested most extensively going from the classical resistance to tearing, crushing, and shearing to the more specific resistance to humidity, thermal cycles, freezing, fatigue, aging...etc.

Numerous structural tests were also performed on everything from simple structural components to a whole wing tested at full limit load.

Successful static and fatigue tests on the glass fiber laminate main gear leg (100,000 cycles at 1 m/s impacts followed by 60,000 cycles at 1.5 m/s impacts



showing no signs of failure). The engine mount was then tested (78,000 cycles 0"g" to 5"g" before fatigue failure).

The CRICRI prototype first came out on June 23, 1973 in Guyancourt. At that time, the MC 10 weighed only 63 kg. After taking it on its maiden flight in Guyancourt on July 19, 1973, Robert BUISSON, 69, ex-fighter pilot with 12,000 flying hours on 150 different airplanes under his belt and ironically enough strongly in favor of high power planes had to admit : "a page in the history of light aviation has just been turned".



Shortly afterwards the first memorable public presentations took place : in 1973 in Montargis at the National Amateur Constructors Meeting, followed by the National Meetings of 1974 and 1975 and finally by the "famous" landing on the Ferté-Alais woods, caused by an obstruction in the air vent of the fuel tank, in which the CRICRI prototype finished its career by giving living proof of its great strength.

Since that incident, plans and manuals have been executed and some "premature" but convinced amateurs went on with the construction of their CRICRI's. "Thanks" to the problems they met up with and the solutions which were found, the Building and Operating Instruction has been amended and perfected.

The time was also used to advantage especially to find good engines which was the CRICRI's main, if not only problem. On the whole, tuning and adjusting the power plant presented some serious problems (out of proportion to the installed power). However, Michel COLOMBAN would not rest until he had them completely under control before issuing the Building and Operating Instructions: safety first.

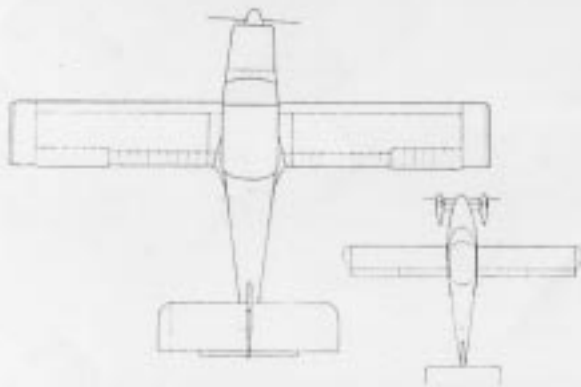
We can say today, that very good results have been reached in the domains of carburetion as well as in the domains of working reliability, sound level and particularly vibratory level. Adopting the excellent JPX engines, especially designed for the CRICRI, added largely to overcoming these problems. However, it took nearly ten more years to achieve the result of all this, namely the CRICRI MC 15.



2 SPECIFIC CHARACTERISTICS

From the time of its very first flights, the CRICRI attracted attention by a certain number of its features. And, despite the considerable improvements found on today's MC 15 compared with the MC 10 prototype, concerning different domains such as structural strength, flying quality, power plant, noise, comfort, performances, handling, etc. the essential characteristics have remained the same.

- A wing area of 3.10 m^2 , which is smaller than the horizontal tail of a RALLYE, makes it, if not the smallest airplane, in any case the smallest twin-engine flying today.



- An empty weight of about 78 kg, less than a small motorcycle's, also



makes it not only the lightest, but also the only plane capable of performing acrobatic flight sequences when carrying a load of nearly 120% of its empty weight. All this, while still complying with the Federal Aviation Regulation (F.A.R. 23), in the acrobatics category, at the ultimate load factor of $+9''g''$, $-4.5''g''$.

- Two JPX monocylinder two-stroke 212 cc displacement engines producing 2x15 HP (the equivalent of a 250 cc motorcycle) make it anything but an under-powered airplane. This is confirmed by its excellent acceleration, short take-off run, its rate of climb (about 6 m/s) and its maximum cruise speed (about 220 km/h). In addition, despite the use of two-stroke engines to achieve these performances, its fuel consumption remains below 5 litres for 100 km at a speed of 180 km/h.

- The twin-engine airplane has little adverse yaw with only one working engine. This peculiarity is due to the position of the engines which are very close together and the propeller slipstream, which is deflected by the canopy. This creates an incidence on the vertical tail (Coanda effect) which compensates for the asymmetrical thrust on one engine. The prototype has during repeated tests been flown and landed safely on one working engine.

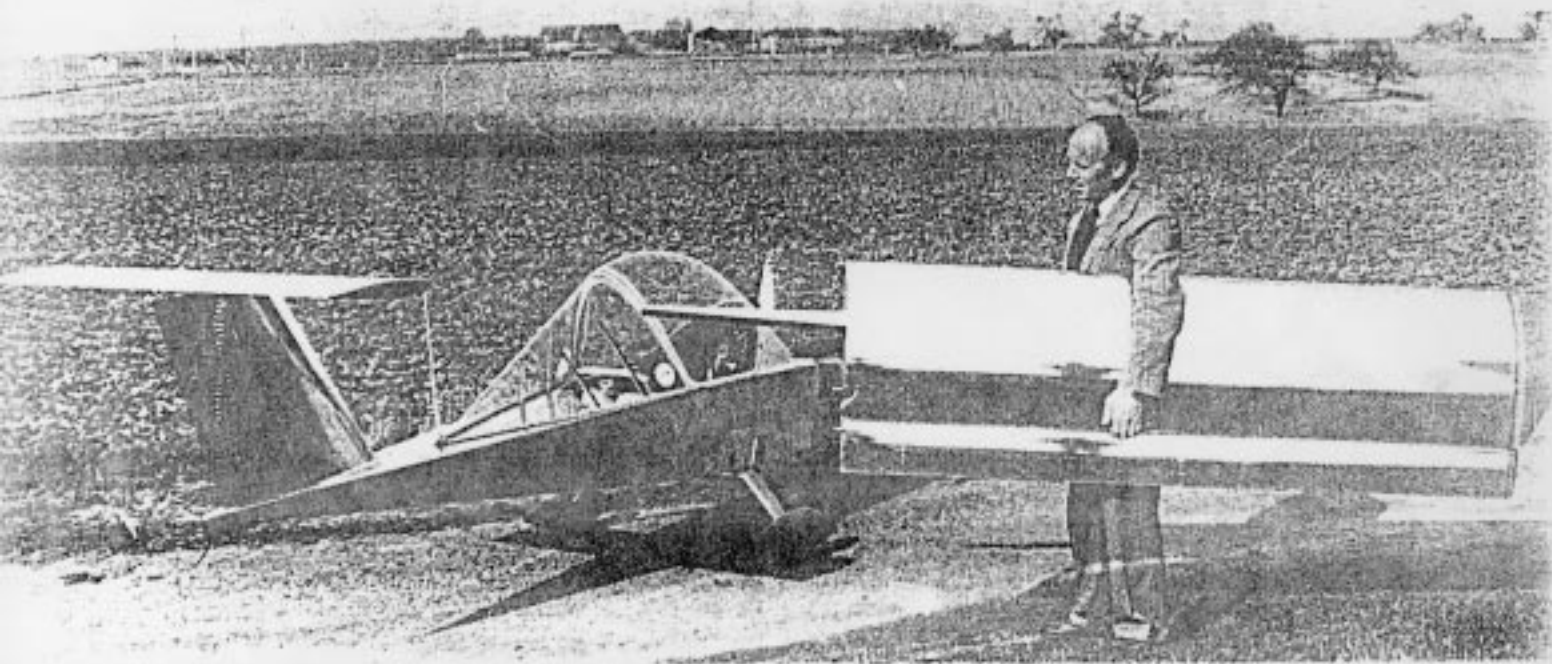
- A take-off weight of 170 kg resulting in a 55 kg/m^2 wing load makes the CRICRI relatively insensitive to atmospheric turbulence.

- Junkers-type slotted flaps extend over the full wing span. Combined with very thick airfoil they insure excellent lift augmenting resulting in a minimum speed comparable to airplanes without high-lift devices loaded to only 40 kg/m^2 .



At moderate deflection, this type of flap provides the least amount of drag. By differential deflection, the flaps also act as ailerons.

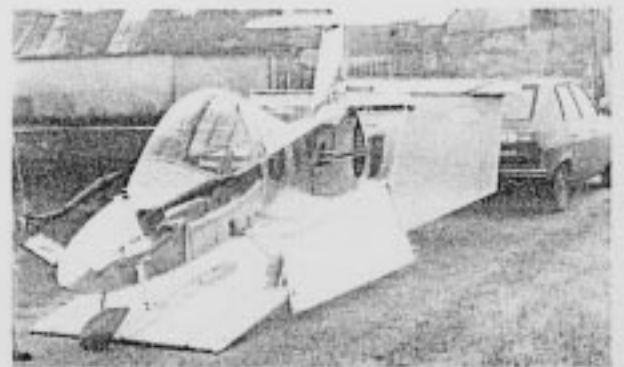
• Assembly/disassembly is extremely easy. The half-wings are attached by two main spar-attach pins with handles and four small secondary quick-locking attaching pins. The flap/aileron control is connected with a quick self-locking rod end (two seconds).



The total time for ground handling has been clocked at two minutes (unloading the airplane from its trailer and assembling it from the moment the trailer stops). The whole operation can be performed by one person and is greatly simplified by the design of the trailer which incorporates its own ramp and the lightweight and small dimension of the half-wings, 8kg each. The reverse operation is just as fast.

• The trailer : by purely and simply doing away with hangar fees, this small trailer, measuring no more than a small car (1.5m x 4m) is an extremely economical asset to the

MC 15. Keeping the airplane at home also provides the added advantages of security, protection and easy maintenance. The loaded trailer weighs only about 200 kg and can easily be towed on the road by any car.



3 DESCRIPTION

• **Wings** : rapid assembly/disassembly low wing monoplace. Constant thick low-drag airfoil over full wing span. Twist : 1.5° , dihedral : 4° . Each half-wing is made up of a classical single spar in light alloy 2024 with 32 rigid foam (Klégécell) ribs bonded to it, forming an extremely strong unit. Note : two ribs are strong enough to withstand, at breaking point, a load of about 250 kg, which is greater than the weight of the airplane itself at full charge.

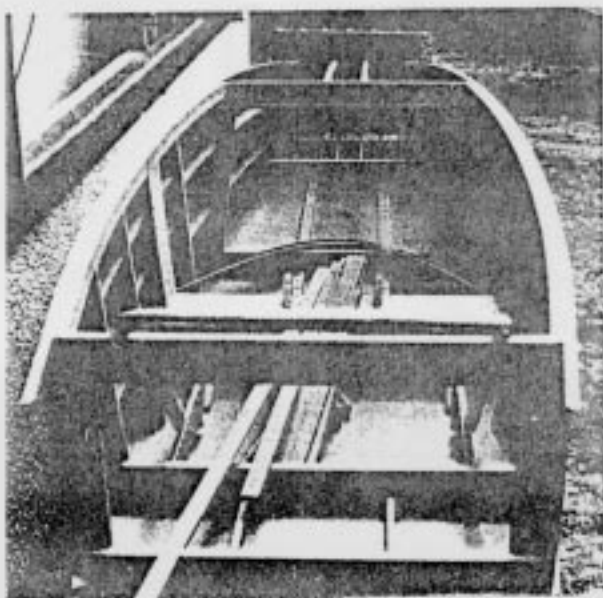
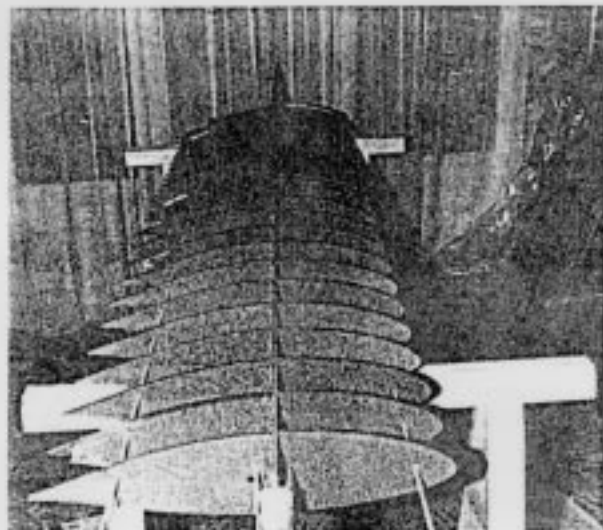
By bonding under light suction (using a household vacuum-cleaner), the structure is then covered with a standard size (1m x 2m) sheet of light alloy 2024.

Each half wing is like a perfect box, free of any internal systems such as cables, flight control etc. Four flap/aileron support arms are simply bolted to the rear end of the wing.

• **Flaps** : external Junkers-type slotted flaps extend over the full wing span and also act as ailerons by differential functioning. They are made of thin metal sheets which are bent and bonded to a Klégécell leading edge and 4 metal ribs. There is no spar.

• **Horizontal tail** : All moving "T" type, without an anti-tab, pivoting on 2 ball joints at the top of the fin spar. One piece rectangular panel of constant section with no indentations. Same construction technique as the wings.

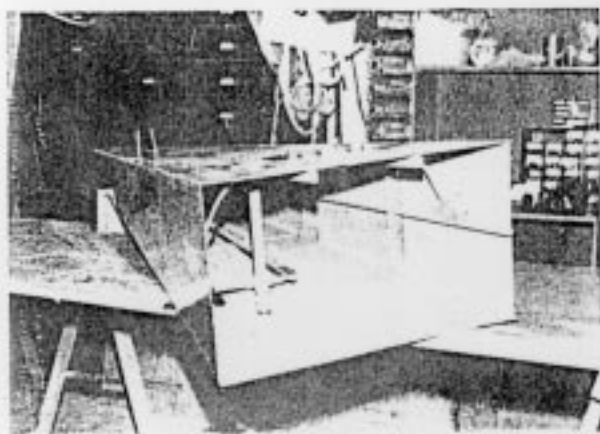
• **Vertical tail** : with moderate sweep back. Equipped with a standard rudder. Same construction technique as the wings.



• **Fuselage** : double-symmetry profile. Rectangular cross-section, panoramic canopy hinged on the right side. Forward fuselage of standard construction, is made up of 4 curved panels with bent metal frames at stress entry points (wings, seat, gear) and stabilized by Klégécell stiffeners. These panels are then blind-riveted together by four angles.



The rear fuselage also consists of four panels, two completely flat and two flanged. After bonding Klégécell stiffeners, the panels are riveted together along the flanged edges. Angles are not used and construction is easy and quick.



• Landing gear : tricycle-type. The front wheel is steerable and connected to the rudder bar. The main gear consists of a glass fibre epoxy lamination blade placed under the fuselage and bound to it by four silent-blocks. The blade is equipped with two 210 x 70 wheels with moped drum-brakes.



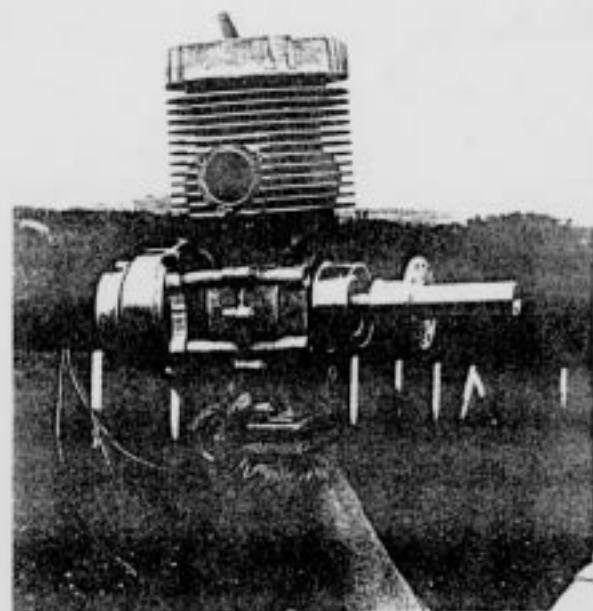
The nose-gear consists of two sliding tubes which insure suspension (using bungee cords) and yaw.

• Flight control : rigid elevator control consists of alloy 2024 tubes with ball joints on bell cranks cut in 2024 plate. This control is equipped with artificial load made of elastic bands connected to the trim control lever.

Aileron control : of similar design is very short. The flap/ailerons are controlled through a mixer, and an instant-locking ball-joint acts directly on the root of the flap.

Yaw control : with cables is classical. The rudder bar slides along the bottom of the fuselage on two stiffeners and is adjustable in flight.

• Engines : the French JPX PUL 212 engines were especially designed for the CRICRI. They are two - stroke 212 cc displacement engines producing 15 HP each at 6000 RPM and only weigh 7.9 kg. They stand out for being easy to start and very reliable. The PUL 212s show remarkable strenght and endurance despite their relatively light weight, and are extremely easy to adjust (there are only two adjustments). They come equipped with a

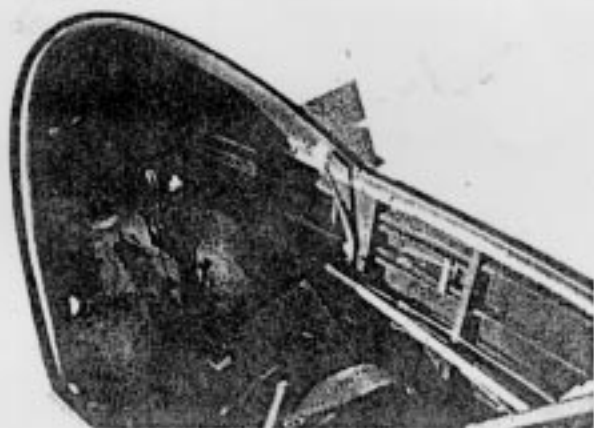


diaphragm carburetor which allows them to be used in any position. These engines are installed on a welded steel "V" shaped engine mount with a special patented elastic suspension at either end.

The engine's very low specific fuel consumption (less than 300 g/HP/hour) is assured by a tuned exhaust which doubles as a silencer and by a reed valve inlet.

• Propellers : double blade, 690 mm in diameter, of composite construction.

• Fuel tank : 23 litre capacity, of composite construction, located in the fuselage.



4 CONSTRUCTION

■ GENERAL

Amateur construction does not fall under international regulation. Each country has its own rules and it is up to the potential constructor to find out about them at the competent administrative authorities.

When allowed by the regulations, any person has the right to construct one airplane per Manual Set including a Grant of a Right to build the airplane and a serial number to identify it.

In general, each airplane built in this way is considered as a prototype and is therefore subject to certain procedures such as : inspection, registration, trials, etc.

■ BUILDING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The Building and Operating Instruction is required to build a CRICRI. It may be ordered at the address below (1) after signing an "Amateur Construction Contract" which defines the reciprocal commitments of the Designer, Michel COLOMBAN, on the one hand and the constructor on the other hand.

The Building and Operating Instructions includes :

- The set of 42 plans (size 0.42 m x 0.85 m) showing all the details, sub-assemblies and assemblies of the aeroplane as well as the complete nomenclature of all the parts.

- The Construction manual in 3 parts:

- First : "General Operations" in 30 chapters such as : Plan-reading, Working the Klégécell, Metal-folding, Riveting, Stripping, Gluing, etc...

- Second : "Special Operations" in 8 chapters in which the way to execute the parts, assemblies and the different assembly sequences for each component of the aeroplane are defined in reference to the plans.

- Third : "Ground Tests and Flight Tests".

- The "Power plant" brochure in 17 chapters where the preparations, assemblies, adjustments, functioning, breaking in etc... as well as everything concerning the power plant such as propellers, electric circuit, engine control, fuel system etc... are explained.

- The complete list of materials with suppliers'addresses.

- The Flight and Maintenance manual in 6 chapters.

■ SUPPLIES

Once in possession of the Building and Operating Instructions, the constructor may begin work. Unfortunately, it is not always easy to find all the materials. Some of them are considered "professional" and are extremely hard, if not impossible to come-by retail.

To overcome this difficulty, a Distribution Centre has been set up at the address below (2) which will supply most of the materials and parts that are found on the materials list and followed by the Distribution Centre's address.

Choosing this solution not only makes getting supplies much easier, but is also a security factor as the Distribution Centre assures quality and conformity to the Building and Operating Instructions specifications.

(1) Michel COLOMBAN
37 bis rue Lakanal
92 500 RUEIL-MALMAISON

(2) See addresses at the last page



Also, certain items specifically manufactured for the CRICRI, including the molded canopy, the landing gear leg in glass fiber epoxy lamination, spindles and wheel hubs, propellers in glass fiber epoxy lamination and spinners can be obtained at the addresses indicated on the materials list.



■ CONSTRUCTION COST

With supply costs forever evolving, we can only make comparisons.

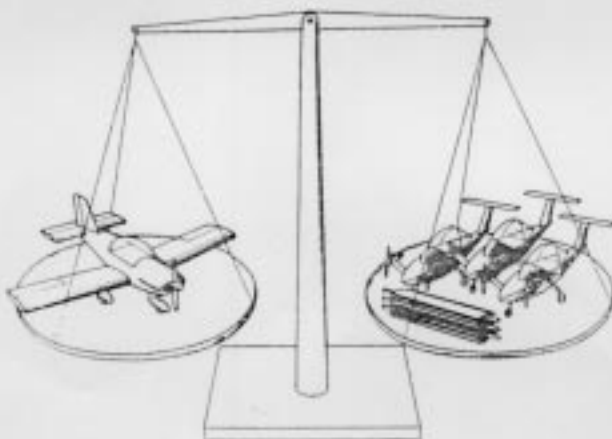
-Engines : Bought new and airplane-ready, their price is fairly proportional to their power. 30 HP is all the CRICRI needs in installed power.

-Instrument panel and accessories : Twin-engines call for the doubling of certain accessories such as the RPM indicator, the throttle lever and fuel system. As on any other airplane, an anemometer, an altimeter and a level indicator are the minimum required flight instruments.

-Structure : Most of the structure's raw materials, such as sheets, tubes, angles, paint, rivets etc. are sold by weight.

Since the CRICRI weighs 2.5 to 3

time less than the average single seat aircraft with comparable performances...



The up-to-date approximate cost is shown on a separate sheet.

There is also the cost of the trailer, but by doing away with hangar fees, it soon pays for itself.

Taking into consideration its performances and the flying qualities it offers, the CRICRI is still the most inexpensive airplane that can be built... because it is the lightest.

■ BUILDING : HOW DIFFICULT AND HOW LONG ?

Along with most of those who have already built a CRICRI, the potential builder must be aware of the three psychological stages he will probably go through :

- First, the discovery of the CRICRI and the enthusiasm that goes with it, as well as the impression of facility because of the airplane's small size and simple lines.
- Then, discouragement at first sight of the 42 highly detailed plans where every assembly has been clearly shown from various angles to eliminate any ambiguity.



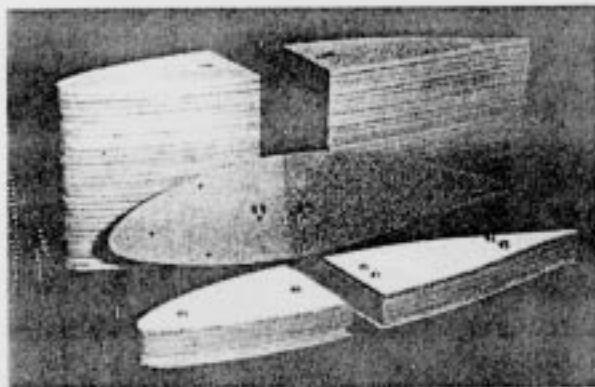
Of course, a set of plans like this, is not as attractive as a much simpler set, but it is only an impression.

- In fact, the third stage, that of reality, has finally come. At this point, the Amateur has begun putting the pieces together with no guess work or loss of time or money. Though it may have been discouraging at first, he now fully appreciates the advantages that such a set of plans offers.

Needless to say, an airplane especially conceived for economy and lightweight, with all the CRICRI's flying qualities, cannot be built as simply as an airplane designed with only simplicity in mind. Besides this, the construction technique adopted for the CRICRI requires extreme care and precision.

All things considered, construction time is about the same as for most other single-seaters with differences owing more to tools and individual skills than to the actual type of construction. The CRICRI makes up for this by having convenient, quick and easy features as well, for example :

- Its small size and lightweight parts : engines that are easy to handle, a half-wing which can be carried under one's arm, etc...

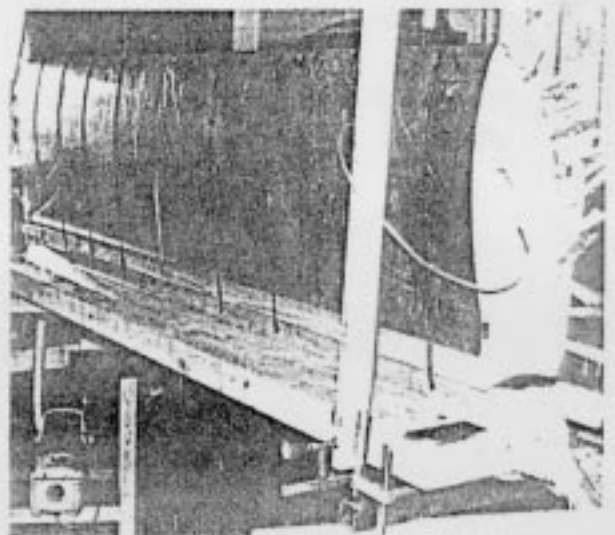


- The rigid foam (Klégécéll) ribs are all identical and have many advantages over metal ribs : they can be manufactured very quickly, their outlines are extremely exact, etc.

- Because of the specially shaped low drag airfoil used, the wing and tail skin-forming can be made by simple crushing between two wooden panels.

- The wings and horizontal tail are simple boxes without cut-outs or inspection doors.

- The vacuum-cleaner suction bonding is an operation which may look complex at first, but which is surprisingly simple and fast. This technique greatly cuts down assembly and fitting time by doing away with riveting and cementing.



- The fuselage panels are equipped on a cradle and then assembled angle-to-angle afterwards.

To make things clear, starting from its raw materials, the actual building times for the first CRICRIs varied between 1300 and 2000 hours.



■ TOOLS

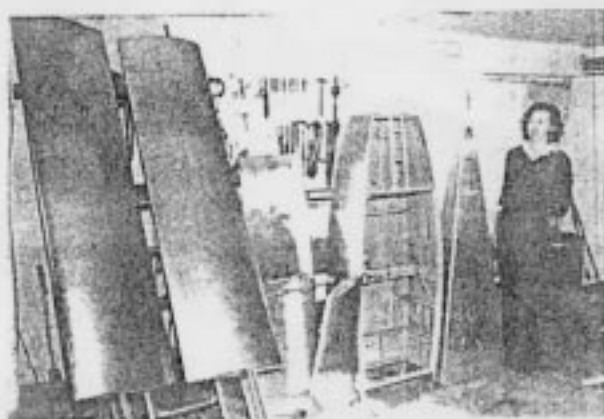
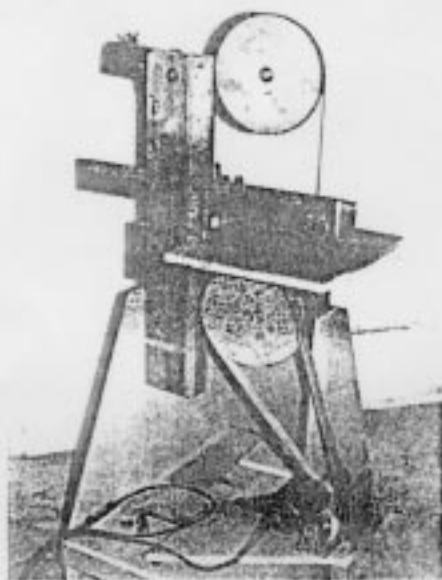
The basic tools are the same as for standard metal work : a workbench, strong vice, drill, shears, blind rivet pliers, files, etc. A small band saw (280 mm wheels) and a small amateur brake, are not as common but just as indispensable. Some simplified versions of these two tools have already been built by amateurs using the plans and instructions included in the Building and Operating Instructions.

Woodworking tools are also needed for cutting boards and wedges and for

building some wooded assembly units and templates. Working on Klégécell with these tools is even easier than on wood.

The workshop is not exactly a tool, but it must rather dry and warm (minimum temperature 22° - 25° C) for bonding and painting.

And, with its 2.60m long wings and 1.85m long fuselage sections, it is unlikely that any other airplane can do with as little work space as the CRICRI.



5 HANDLING

On the ground

Getting into the CRICRI is something like being parallel bars and sliding your feet in towards the front. Once in, the shape of the seat puts the pilot into a very "relaxed" position. The back of the seat is adjustable making it possible to carry a parachute if needed. All the flight controls are within easy reach.

Taxiing aboard the CRICRI is made remarkably easy by the steerable nosewheel. It allows a minimum turning radius of about 4m and an extraordinary visibility - you can see the ground as close as three metres away!

The cable wheelbrakes are extremely effective. They function like bicycle hand brakes situated on the control stick of the plane and can completely lock the wheels. The parking brakes use the same system.

In flight

You would imagine that such a small aircraft would call for very careful handling, but once in the air, you realize this is not so. Because the problems of static and dynamic stability on the three aircraft axis as well as the flight controls have all been dealt with very thoroughly and as the control surfaces and their deflections, trim and artificial load have all undergone minute study, the airplane is uniform, stable, well damped and easy to fly. Its slight inertia and unobstructed control surfaces make control response immediate and crisp.

There are practically no secondary or induced effects. Take off and landing are made very easy by its tricycle design, the ground effect due to a very low wing and the firm low speed flight controls (artificial load).

At this stage, the CRICRI can handle crosswinds at up to 20 knots.

Any normally trained pilot will have no trouble flying this plane.

Flight with one engine is no problem. Speed is maintained at about 140 km/h and under normal conditions, the rate of climb remains positive.

Standard light aircraft piloting qualifications are all that are needed to fly a CRICRI. Twin-engine qualifications are not required in France or the U.S.A.

In case both engines fail, its lift-to-drag ratio is 11 to 1 and the rate of sink is about 2.5 m/s. This is comparable to a good classical light aircraft.

The engine's lubrication system uses a two-stroke mixture and the "all position" diaphragm carburetors allow the CRICRI unlimited inverted flight. This, plus a very high rate of roll (180°/s at 180 km/h equipped with aerobatic bellcranks) make it especially good for aerobatic figures.



6 USE

Once equipped with flight authorization, the CRICRI enjoys pretty much the same airspace possibilities as an industrially built airplane with its Certificate of Airworthiness. All normal flight is generally possible provided that the regulations in force are respected.

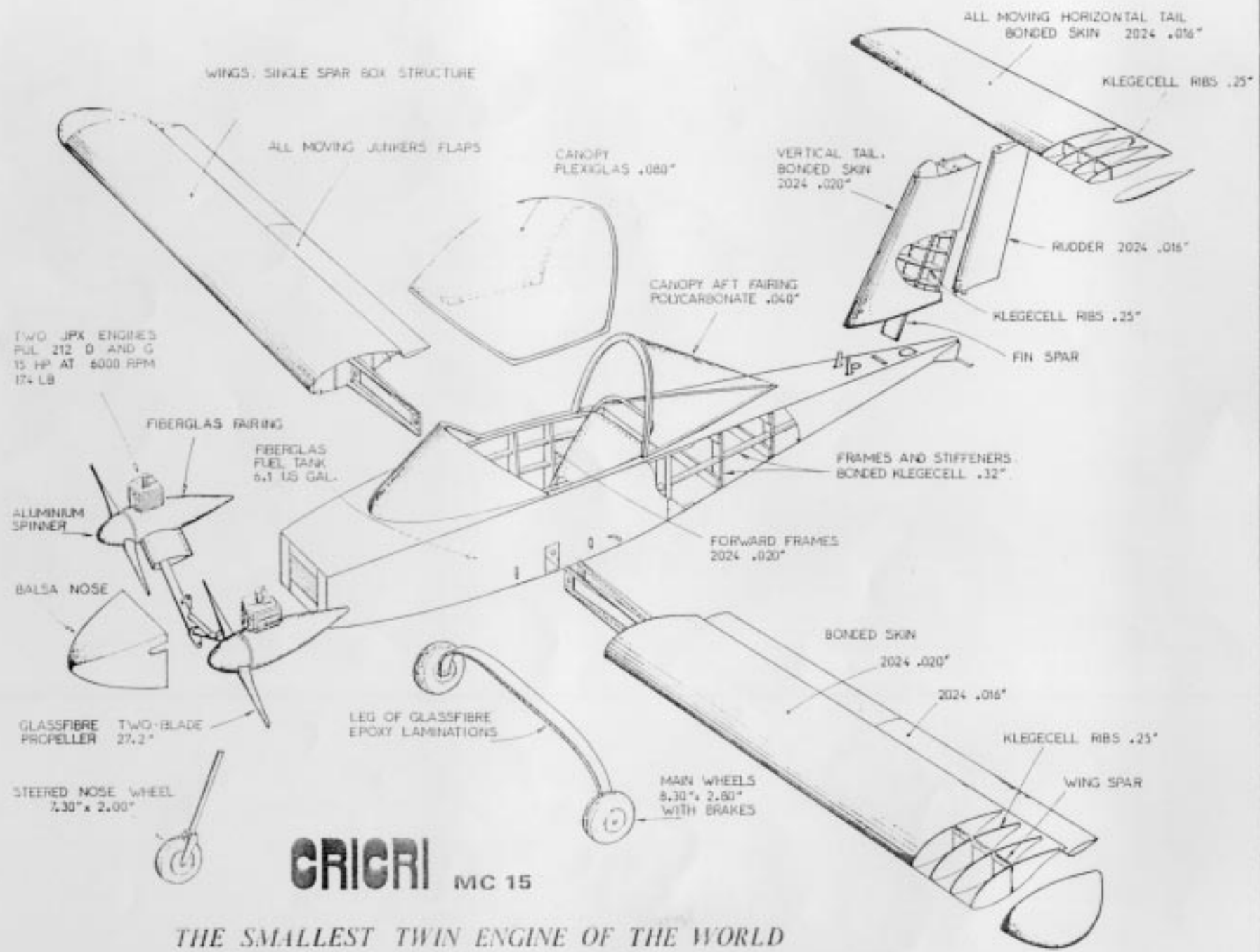
The CRICRI is most often used as a sports or pleasure airplane. Its maximal range of about 400 km makes it suitable for small VFR voyages as well.

As for pilot limitations : the position of the rudder bar is adjustable, so only the height of his torso is limited to 0.95m and his weight should not exceed 85 kg.

A limited number of elementary aerobatic figures can be authorized by Administrative Authorities. The request should be made during airplane construction.

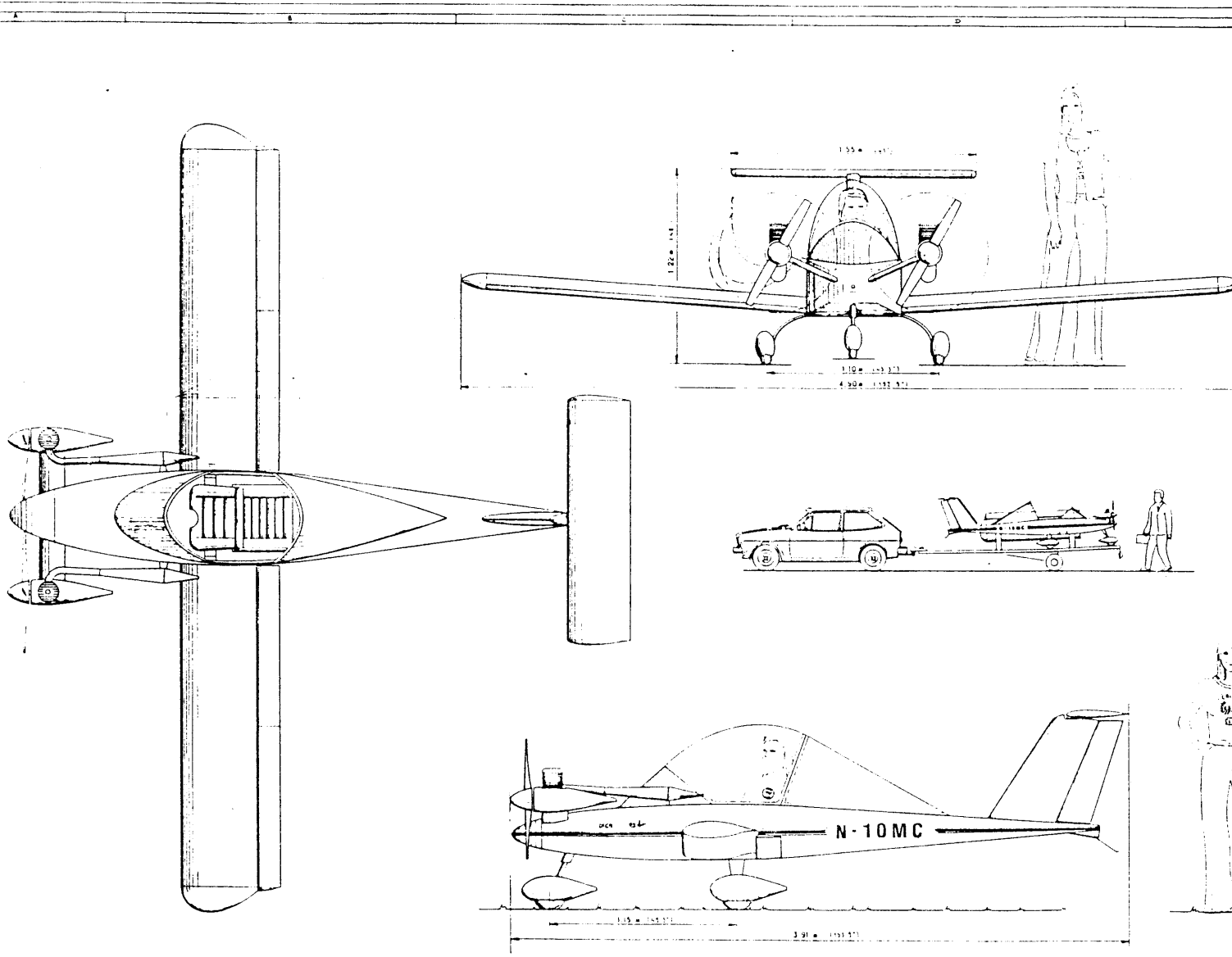
How to use the CRICRI including its performances, limitations, emergency procedures and maintenance are all clearly explained in the Flight Manual included in the Building and Operating Instruction.





CRICRI MC 15

THE SMALLEST TWIN ENGINE OF THE WORLD



DIMENSIONS

WING SPAN	16 FT 0.75 IN
WING AREA	33.4 SQ FT
WING ASPECT RATIO	7.74
LENGTH OVERALL	12 FT 10 IN
HEIGHT OVERALL	4 FT

WEIGHTS

WEIGHT EMPTY	172 LB
MAX TAKE OFF WEIGHT	375 LB
WING LOADING	11.2 LB/SQ FT

ASSEMBLY OR DISASSEMBLY TIME 2 MINUTES

PERFORMANCE

MAX LEVEL SPEED	135 MPH
STALL SPEED FLAPS DOWN	45 MPH
TAKE OFF RUN	400 FT
MAX RATE OF CLIMB AT 5/8	1,200 FT/MIN
SERVICE CEILING	16,000 FT
RANGE WITH MAX FUEL	250 MILES
FUEL CONSUMPTION	47 M/US GAL

LOAD FACTORS

ULTIMATE LOAD FACTOR	+9 - 4.5
LIMIT LOAD FACTOR FOR UTILISATION	+4.5 - 2.3

PLANS LIST

- 1001 HIGHES CONTROL - FUEL SYSTEM - ENGINE - NOSE
- 1002 INSTRUMENTS PANEL - PILOT SYSTEMS - SEAT
- 1003 DIRECTION CONTROL SYSTEMS
- 1004 ENGINE AND BRIDGE CONTROL SYSTEM
- 1005 FUEL AND LUBRICANT SYSTEMS
- 1006 ELEVATION CONTROL SYSTEMS
- 1007 POWER PLANT - DETAILS
- 1008 POWER PLANT - ASSEMBLY
- 1009 HOSE GEAR - BRAKES - WHEEL PAINTING
- 1010 PRINCIPAL LANDING GEAR
- 1011 TRANSITIONAL TAIL
- 1012 RUDDER
- 1013 FIN FITTING ATTACHMENT
- 1014 FIN - LOWER PORTION
- 1015 FIN - UPPER PORTION
- 1016 VERTICAL TAIL - DETAILS
- 1017 FIN SPAN
- 1018 FIN - GENERAL
- 1100
- 1101
- 1102 WINGTOP
- 1103 CABIN PAINTING
- 1104 FRAME 1 - FORWARD SUPPORTERS
- 1105 FRAME 2
- 1106 FRAME 3 - INDIVIDUAL BEAM PA - FR
- 1107 FRAME 4 AND RIS
- 1108 FUSELAGE - FORWARD PORTION - ASSEMBLY
- 1109 FUSELAGE - FORWARD PORTION - DETAILING - STRINGERS
- 1110 FUSELAGE - MID PORTION - ASSEMBLY
- 1111 FUSELAGE - MID PORTION - DETAILING
- 1112 FUSELAGE - AFT PORTION - DETAILING
- 1113 FUSELAGE - AFT PORTION - DETAILING - STRINGERS
- 1114 FIN - FORWARD PORTION
- 1115 FIN - DETAILING
- 1116 FIN - DETAILING
- 1117 FUSELAGE - WING DIMENSIONS
- 1118 FUSelage - GENERAL
- 1200
- 1201 WING ASSEMBLY - MOUNTING PLAN - SPAN AND RIGHT HAND
- 1202 WING BRACKETS - WING TIP PAINTING
- 1203 FUSELAGE - ROCKET AND DETAILS
- 1204 RIBS AND ATTACHMENT FITTINGS - DETAILS
- 1205 RIGHT HAND WING HOUSING
- 1206 LEFT HAND WING SPAN - FORWARD PORTION
- 1207 RIGHT HAND WING SPAN - FORWARD PORTION
- 1208 RIGHT AND LEFT HAND WING SPAN - SHOT TIPS
- 1209 RIGHT HAND WING SPAN - INBOARD PORTION
- 1210 WING ASSEMBLY - SPAN WIRING AND CAP
- 1300 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT - THREE VIEWS

CRICRI MC 18

FILE: GENERAL ARRANGEMENT - THREE VIEWS

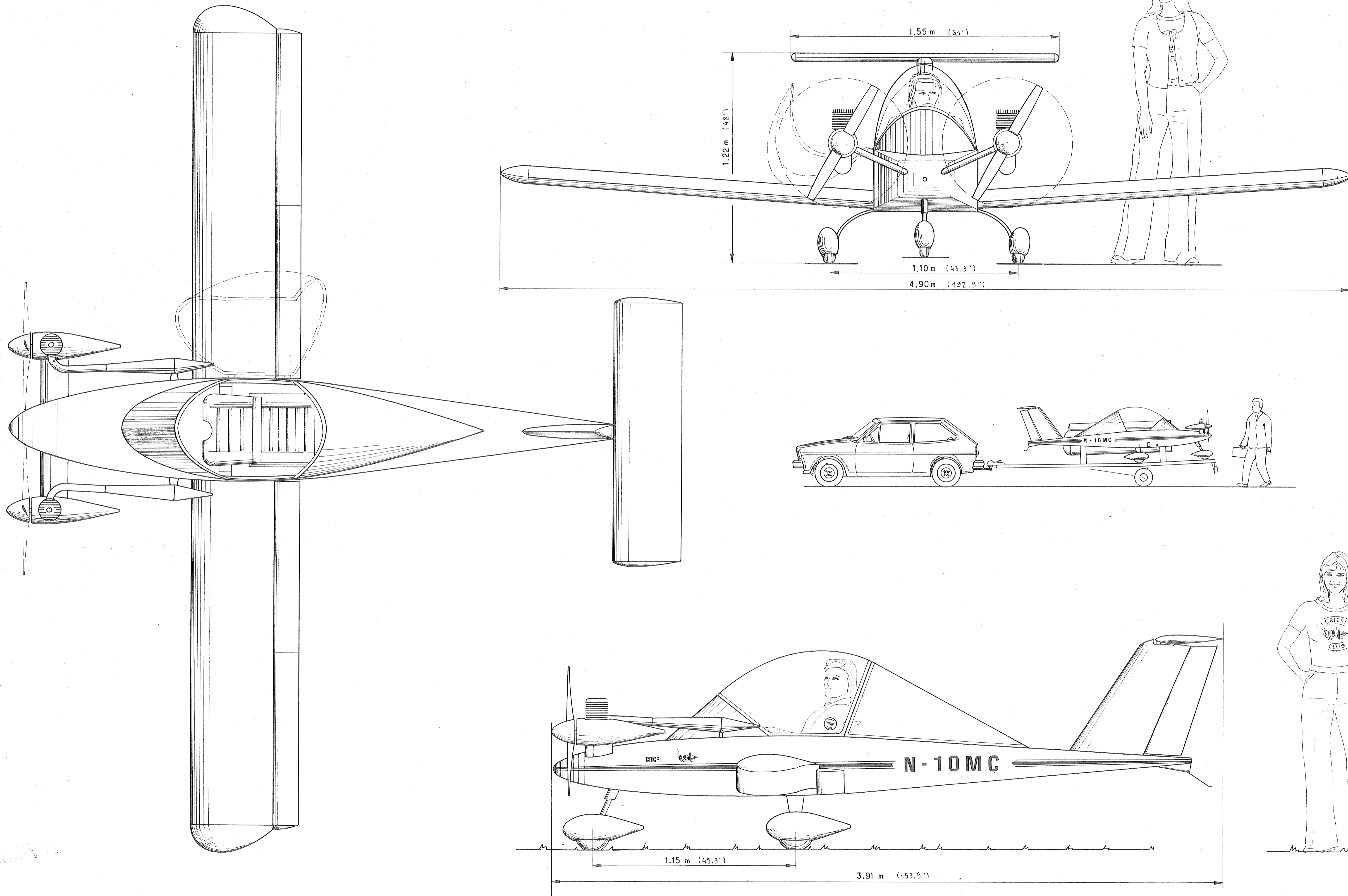
Scale: 1/16" = 1" (1:16)

Drawn by: C. M. ...

Check by: ...

Date: May 1951

000



DIMENSIONS

WING SPAN	16 FT 0.75IN
WING AREA	33.4 SQ FT
WING ASPECT RATIO	7.74
LENGTH OVERALL	12 FT 10 IN
HEIGHT OVERALL	4 FT

WEIGHTS

WEIGHT EMPTY	172 LB
MAX TAKE OFF WEIGHT	375 LB
WING LOADING	11.2 LB/SQ FT

ASSEMBLY OR DISASSEMBLY TIME 2 MINUTES

PERFORMANCE

MAX LEVEL SPEED	135 MPH
STALL. SPEED FLAPS DOWN	45 MPH
TAKE OFF RUN	400 FT
MAX RATE OF CLIMB AT S/L	1,200 FT/MN
SERVICE CEILING	16,000 FT
RANGE WITH MAX FUEL	250 MILES
FUEL CONSUMPTION	47 M / US GAL.

LOAD FACTORS

ULTIMATE LOAD FACTOR	+9 -4.5
LIMIT LOAD FACTOR FOR UTILISATION	+4.5 -2.3

PLANS LIST

- 800 ENGINES CONTROL - FUEL SYSTEM - AIRING - NOSE
- 700 INSTRUMENTS PANEL - PITOT SYSTEME - SEAT
- 603 DIRECTION CONTROL SYSTEME
- 602 FLAP ANDAILERON CONTROL SYSTEM
- 604 ELEVATOR ANDAILERON CONTROL -
- 600 ELEVATOR CONTROL SYSTEME
- 504 POWER PLANT - DETAILS
- 500 POWER PLANT - ASSEMBLY
- 404 NOSE GEAR - BRAKES - WHEEL FAIRING
- 400 PRINCIPAL LANDING GEAR
- 307 HORIZONTAL TAIL
- 306 RUDDER
- 305 FIN TO FUSELAGE ATTACHMENT
- 304 FIN - LOWER PORTION
- 303 FIN - UPPER PORTION
- 302 VERTICAL TAIL - DETAILS
- 304 FIN SPAR
- 300 FIN - GENERAL
- 220
- 219
- 218 CANOPY
- 217 CANOPY FRAMING
- 216 FRAME 2 - FORWARD STIFFENERS
- 215 FRAME 5
- 214 FRAME 3
- 213 FRAME 6 - LONGITUDINAL BEAM F4 - F6
- 212 FRAME 7
- 211 FRAME 1 AND 1 BIS
- 210 FUSELAGE - FORWARD PORTION - ASSEMBLY
- 209 FUSELAGE - FORWARD PORTION - RIVETING - STRINGERS
- 208 FUSELAGE - AFT PORTION - ASSEMBLY
- 207 FRAMES - 11- 12 - 13 - DETAILS
- 206 STIFFENERS - AFT PORTION OF FUSELAGE
- 205 FUSELAGE - AFT PORTION - RIVETING - STRINGERS
- 204 FRAME 4 - FRONT FACE
- 203 FRAME 4 - REAR FACE
- 202 FRAME 4 - DETAILS
- 201 FUSELAGE SKINS - DIMENSIONS
- 200 FUSELAGE - GENERAL
- 414
- 410
- 409 WING ASSEMBLY - RIVETING PLAN - SPAR AND RIGHT HAND
- 408 FLAP BRACKETS - WING TIP FAIRING
- 407 FLAPS - ASSEMBLY AND DETAILS
- 406 RIBS AND ATTACHMENT FITTINGS - DETAILS
- 405 RIGHT HAND WING MOUNTING
- 404 LEFT HAND WING SPAR - INBOARD PORTION
- 403 RIGHT HAND WING SPAR - OUBOARD PORTION
- 402 RIGHT AND LEFT HAND WING SPARS - ROOT ENDS
- 401 RIGHT HAND WING SPAR - INBOARD PORTION
- 400 WING ASSEMBLY - SPAR WEBS AND CAP

000 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT - THREE VIEWS

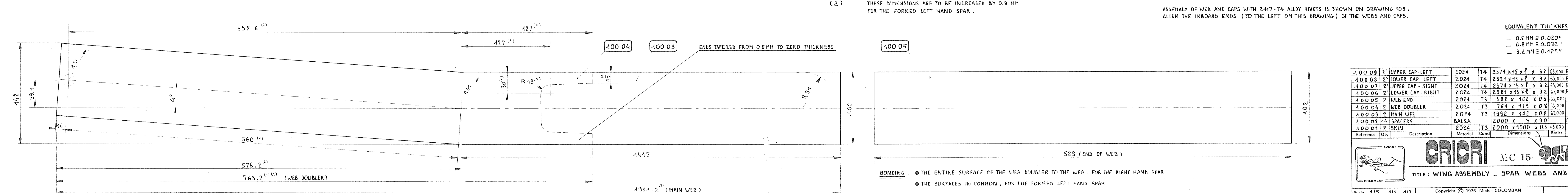
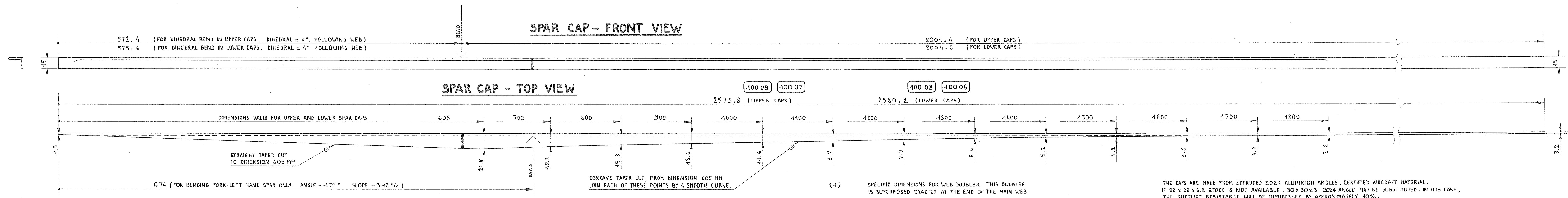
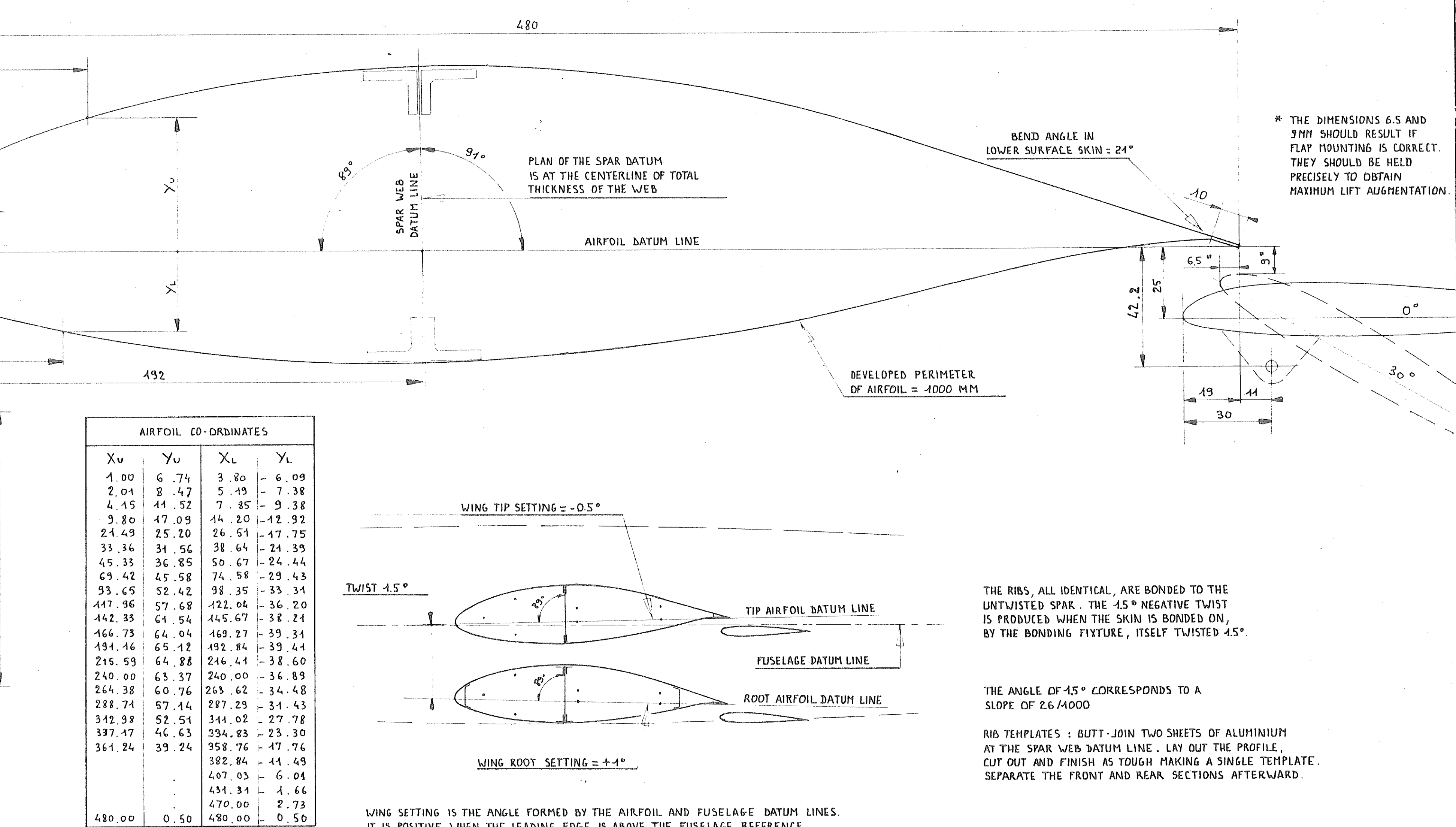
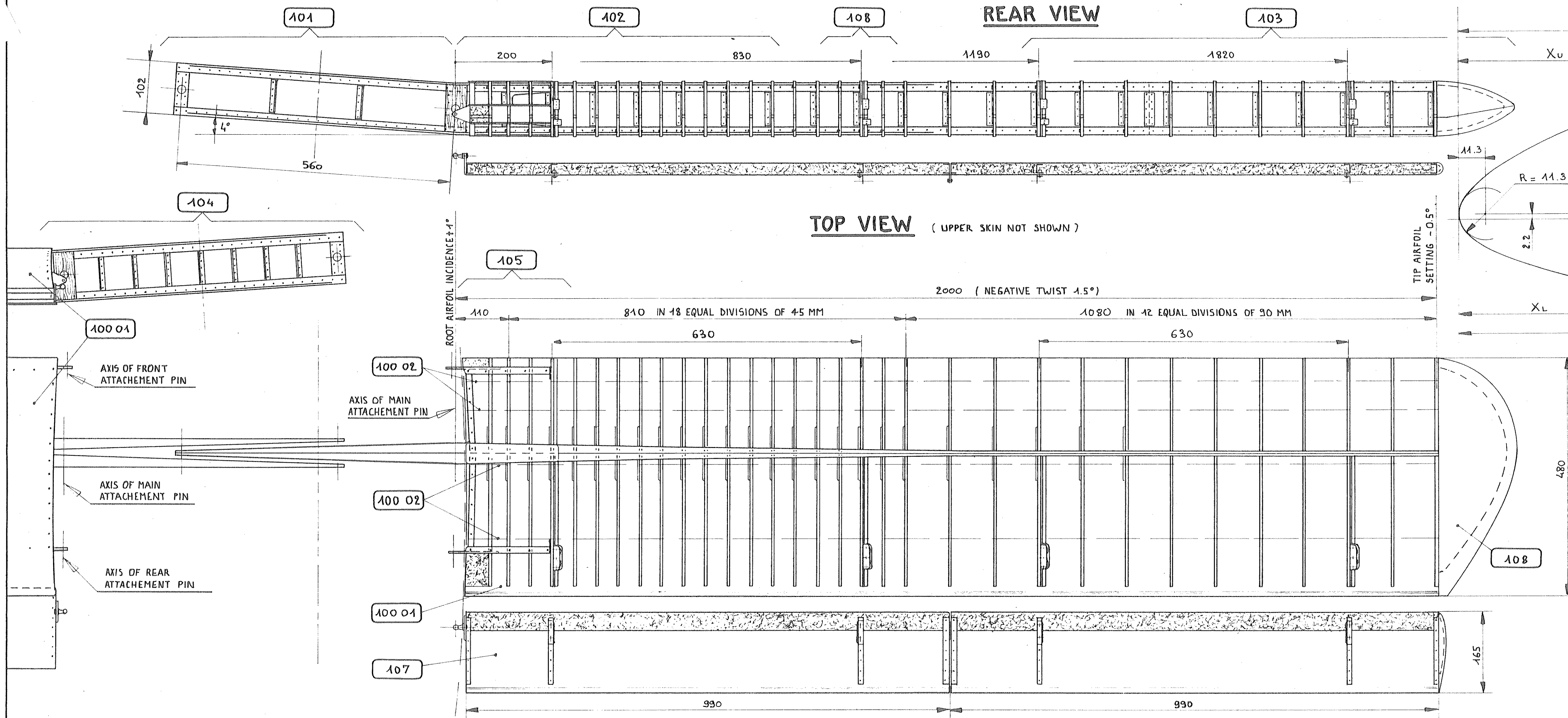
CRICRI

MC 15

TITLE: GENERAL ARRANGEMENT - THREE VIEWS

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EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:

- 0.5 MM = 0.020"
- 0.8 MM = 0.032"
- 3.2 MM = 0.125"

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
100 09	2	UPPER CAP - LEFT	2024	T4	2574 x 15 x 6 x 3.2	63,000	EXTRUSION
100 08	2	LOWER CAP - LEFT	2024	T4	2581 x 15 x 6 x 3.2	63,000	EXTRUSION
100 07	2	UPPER CAP - RIGHT	2024	T4	2574 x 15 x 6 x 3.2	63,000	EXTRUSION
100 06	2	LOWER CAP - RIGHT	2024	T4	2581 x 15 x 6 x 3.2	63,000	EXTRUSION
100 05	2	WEB END	2024	T3	588 x 102 x 0.5	63,000	L = 0.5 MM
100 04	2	WEB DOUBLER	2024	T3	764 x 115 x 0.8	63,000	L = 0.8 MM
100 03	2	MAIN WEB	2024	T3	1992 x 142 x 0.8	63,000	L = 0.8 MM
100 02	14	SPACERS	BALSA		2000 x 3 x 3.0		FOR ASSEMBLY
100 01	2	SKIN	2024	T3	2000 x 1000 x 0.5	63,000	L = 0.5 MM

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: WING ASSEMBLY - SPAR WEBS AND CAPS

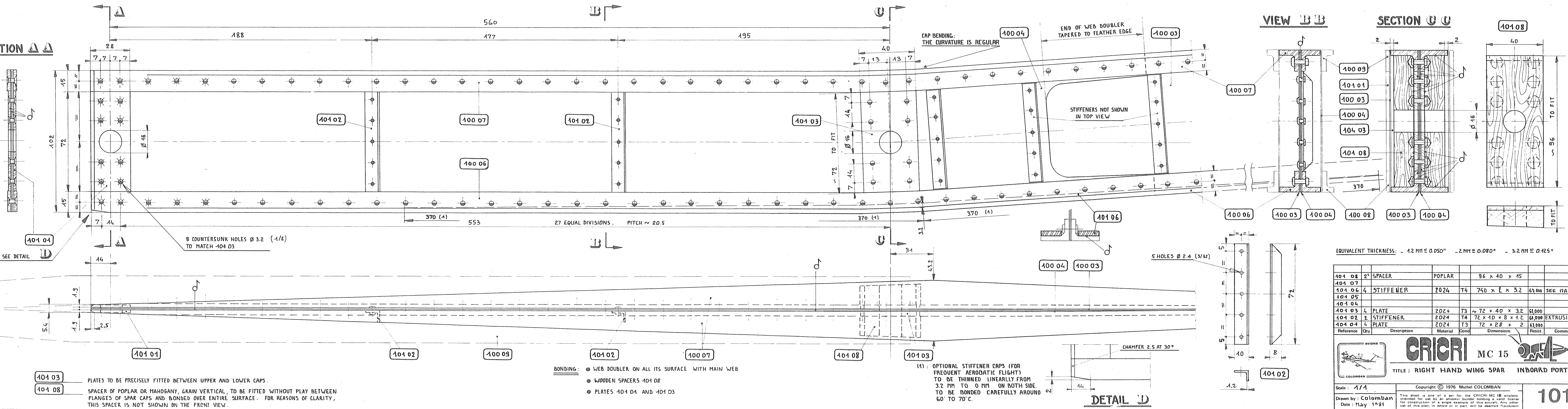
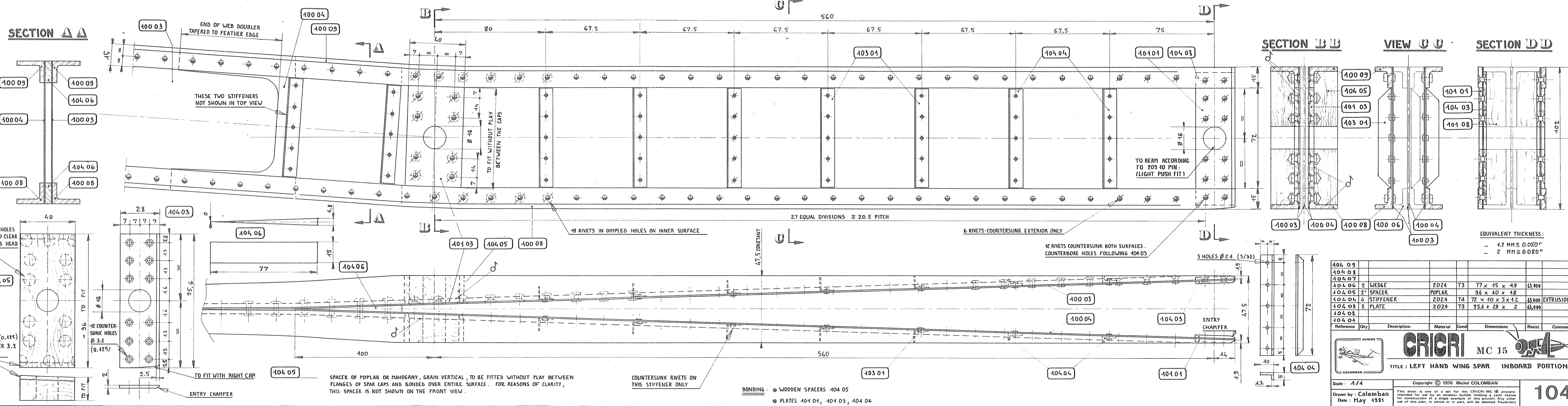
Scale: 1/5 1/4 1/2

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Drawn by: Colomban

Date: May 1981

100



101 03 PLATES TO BE PRECISELY FITTED BETWEEN UPPER AND LOWER CAPS.

101 08 SPACER OF POPLAR OR MAHOGANY, GRAIN VERTICAL, TO BE FITTED WITHOUT PLAY BETWEEN FLANGES OF SPAR CAPS AND BONDED OVER ENTIRE SURFACE. FOR REASONS OF CLARITY, THIS SPACER IS NOT SHOWN ON THE FRONT VIEW.

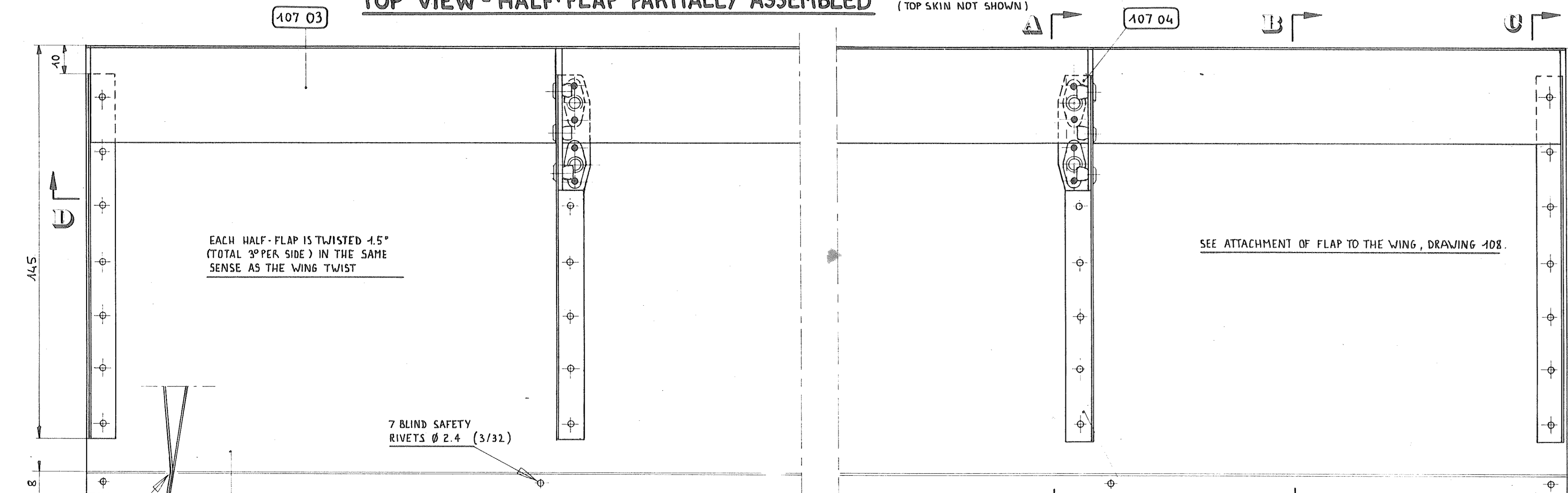
BONDING:

- WEB DOUBLER ON ALL ITS SURFACE WITH MAIN WEB
- WOODEN SPACERS 101 08
- PLATES 101 04 AND 101 03

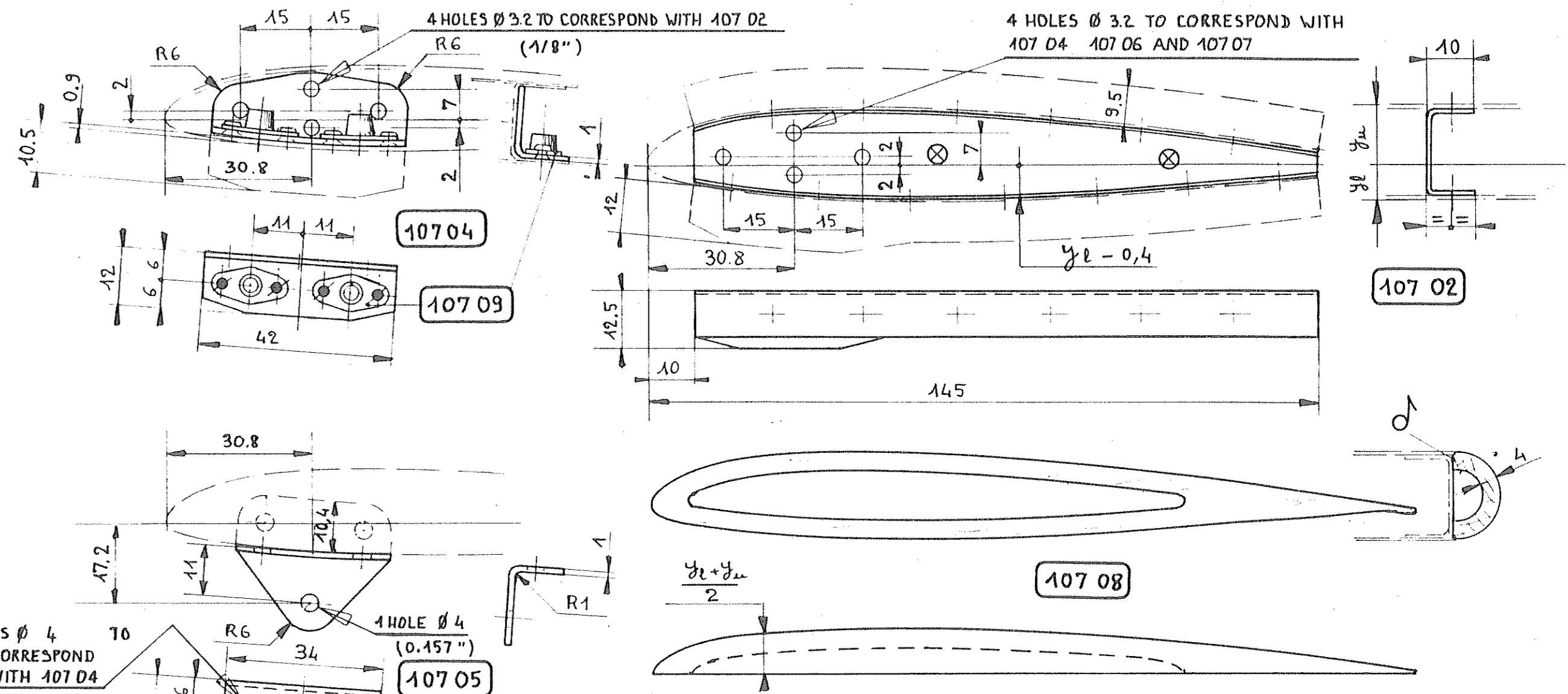
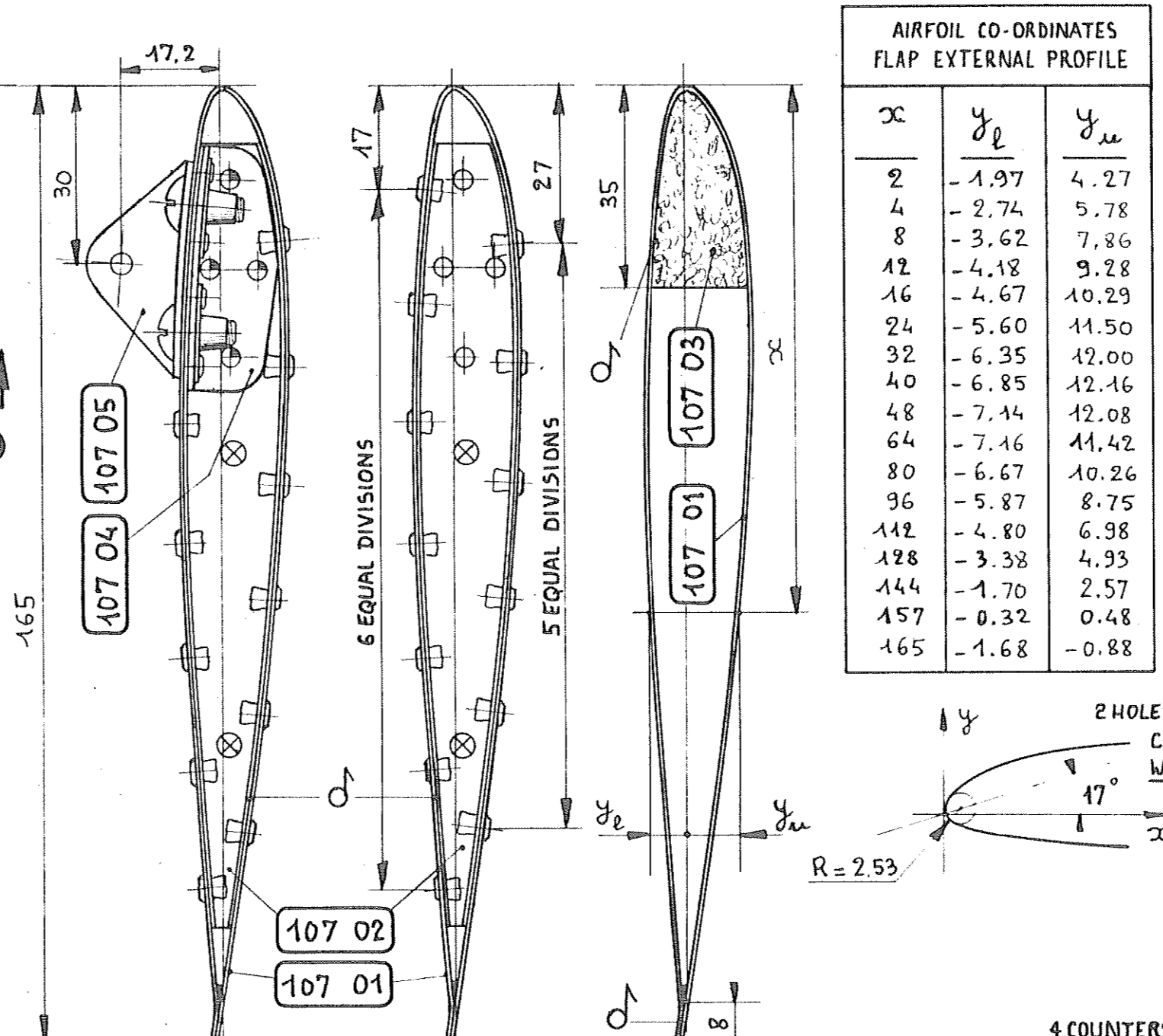
(1): OPTIONAL STIFFENER CAPS (FOR FREQUENT AERODYNAMIC FLIGHT) TO BE THINNED LINEARLY FROM 3.2 MM TO 0 MM ON BOTH SIDES. TO BE BONDED CAREFULLY AROUND 60° TO 70° C.

DETAIL D

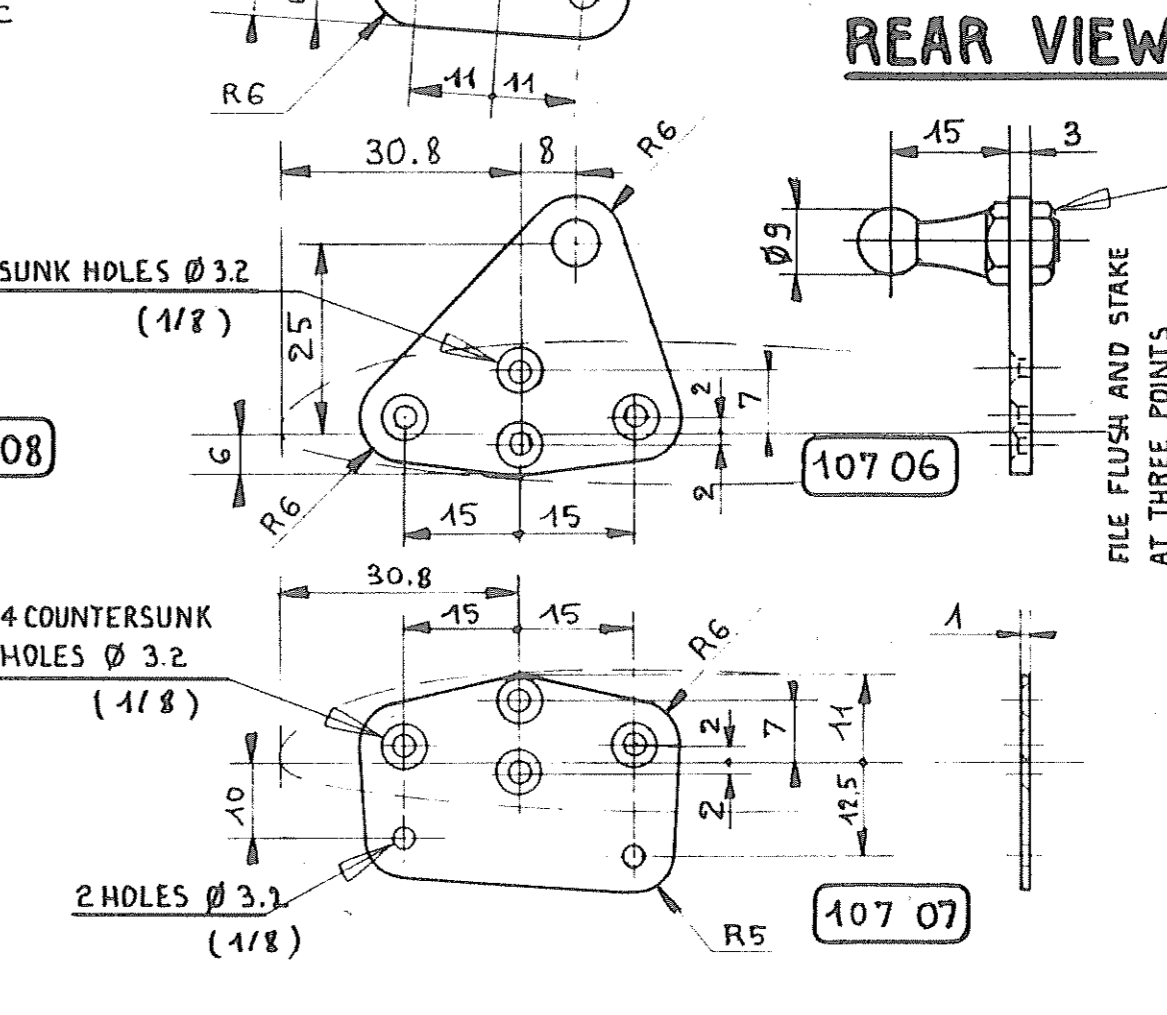
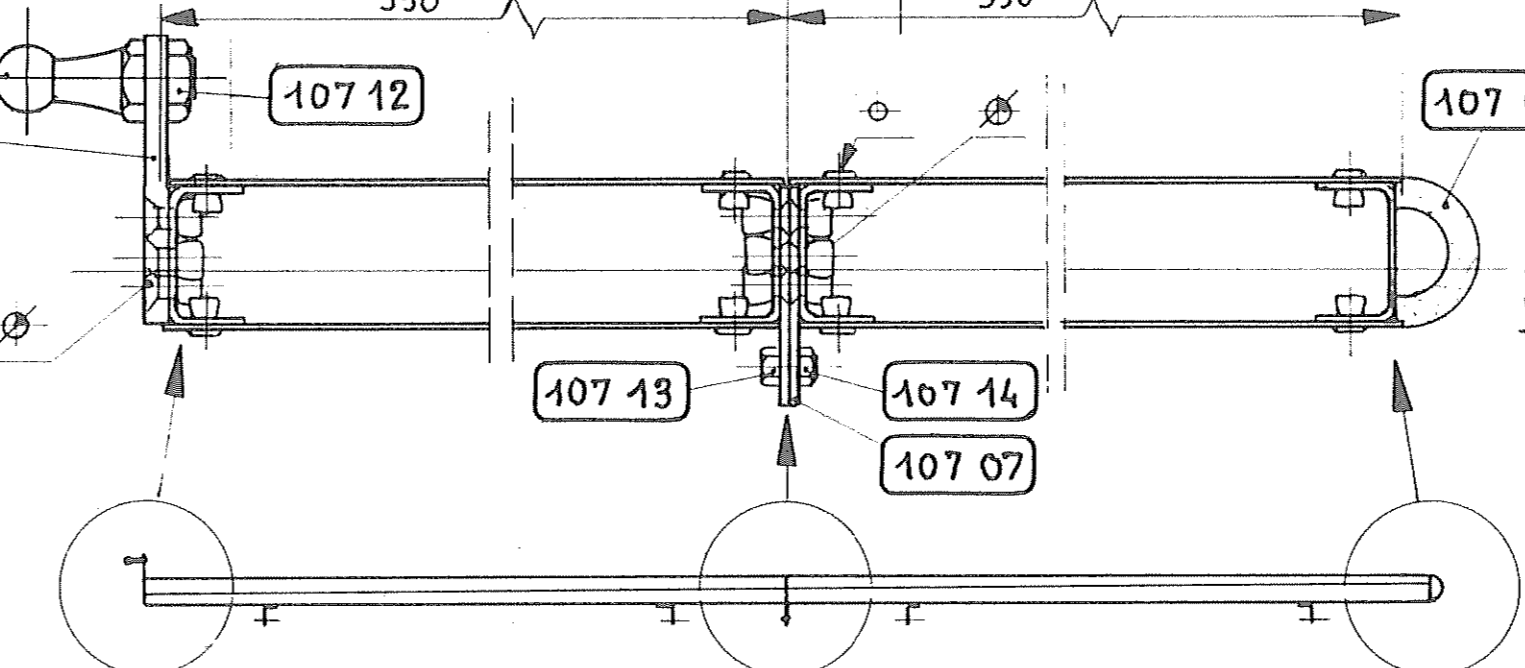
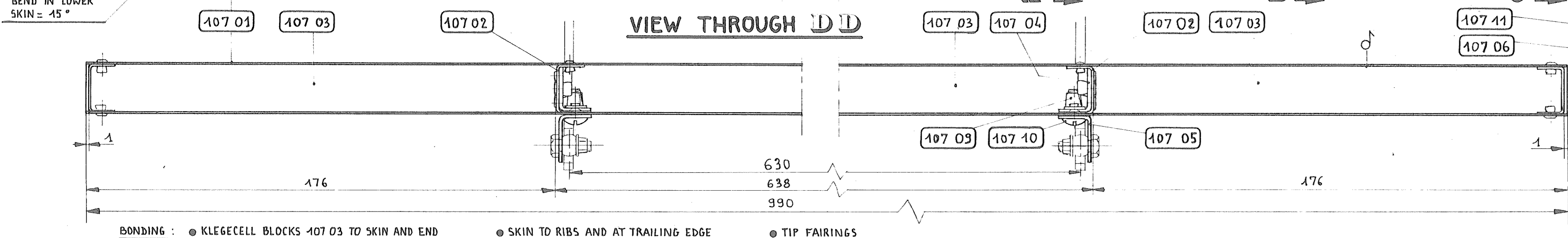
TOP VIEW - HALF-FLAP PARTIALLY ASSEMBLED (TOP SKIN NOT SHOWN)



VIEW AA VIEW CC VIEW BB



VIEW THROUGH DD



Part No.	Qty	Description	Material	Cond.	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
107 15	4	NUT (THIN)	STEEL		Ø 3 ISO	120,000	STAKED
107 14	4	BOLT	STEEL		HEX Ø 3 x 6 ISO	120,000	OR ALLEN
107 12	2	NUT (THIN)	STEEL		Ø 6 ISO	120,000	STAKED
107 11	2	BALL JOINT HOTTELLER	STEEL		TYPE 365 M2		
107 10	4	BOLT	STEEL		ROUND Ø 4 x 10 ISO	120,000	
107 09	4	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120,000	
107 08	2	TIP FAIRING	BALSA		165 x 41 x 10		
107 07	4	SPLICE FITTING	2024 T3		42 x 29 x 1	63,000	
107 06	2	CONTROL HORN	2024 T3		42 x 37 x 3	63,000	
107 05	2	PIVOT FITTING	2024 T3		34 x 29 x 1	63,000	
107 04	8	NUT PLATE FITTING	2024 T3		42 x 28 x 1	63,000	
107 03	4	FILLER LEADING EDGE	KLEGECELL		990 x 35 x 18		OR CONTICELL 6D
107 02	4	RIB	2024 T3		135 x 38 x 0.5	63,000	
107 01	4	SKIN	2024 T3		990 x 342 x 0.4	63,000	

CRICRI MC 15

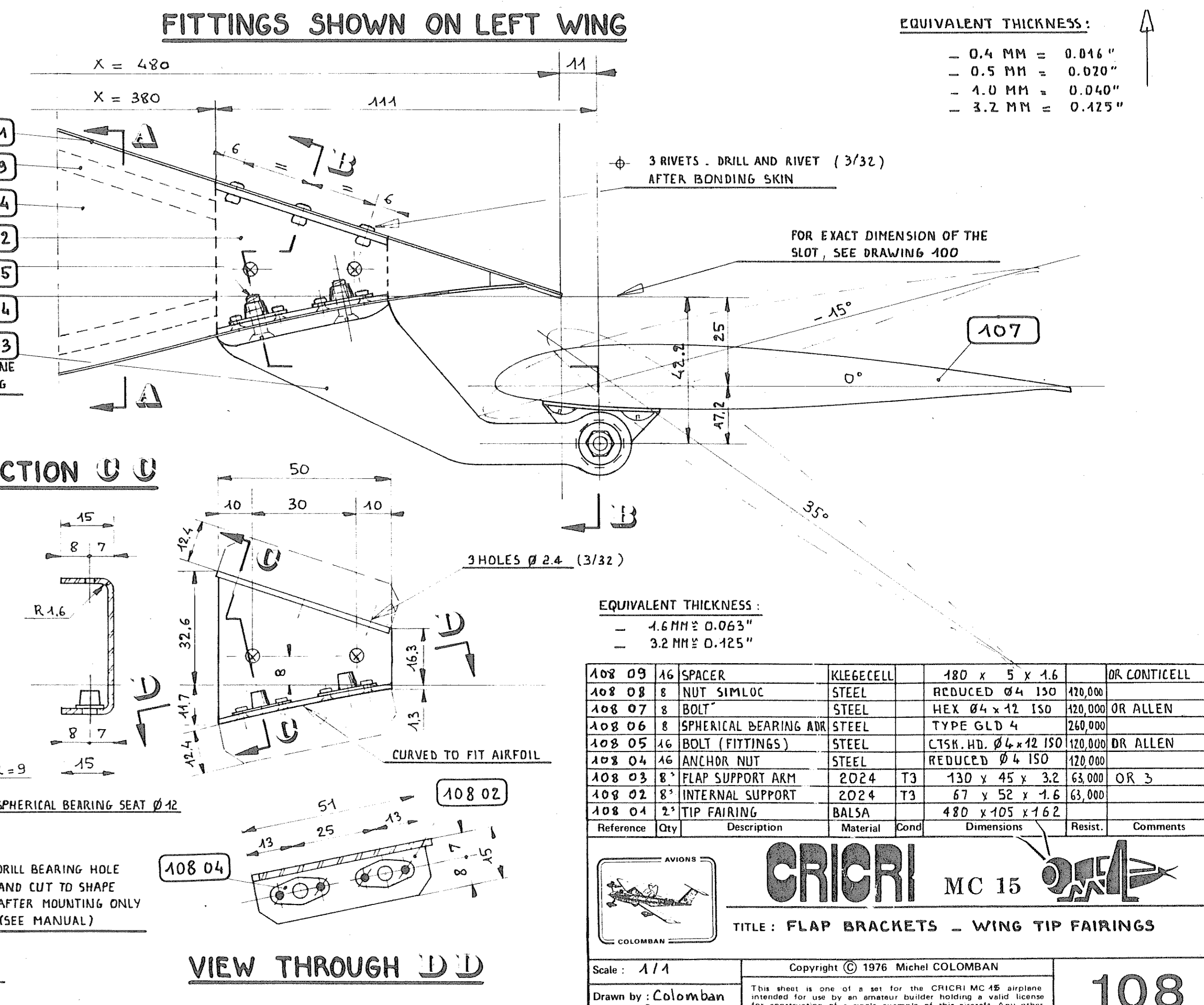
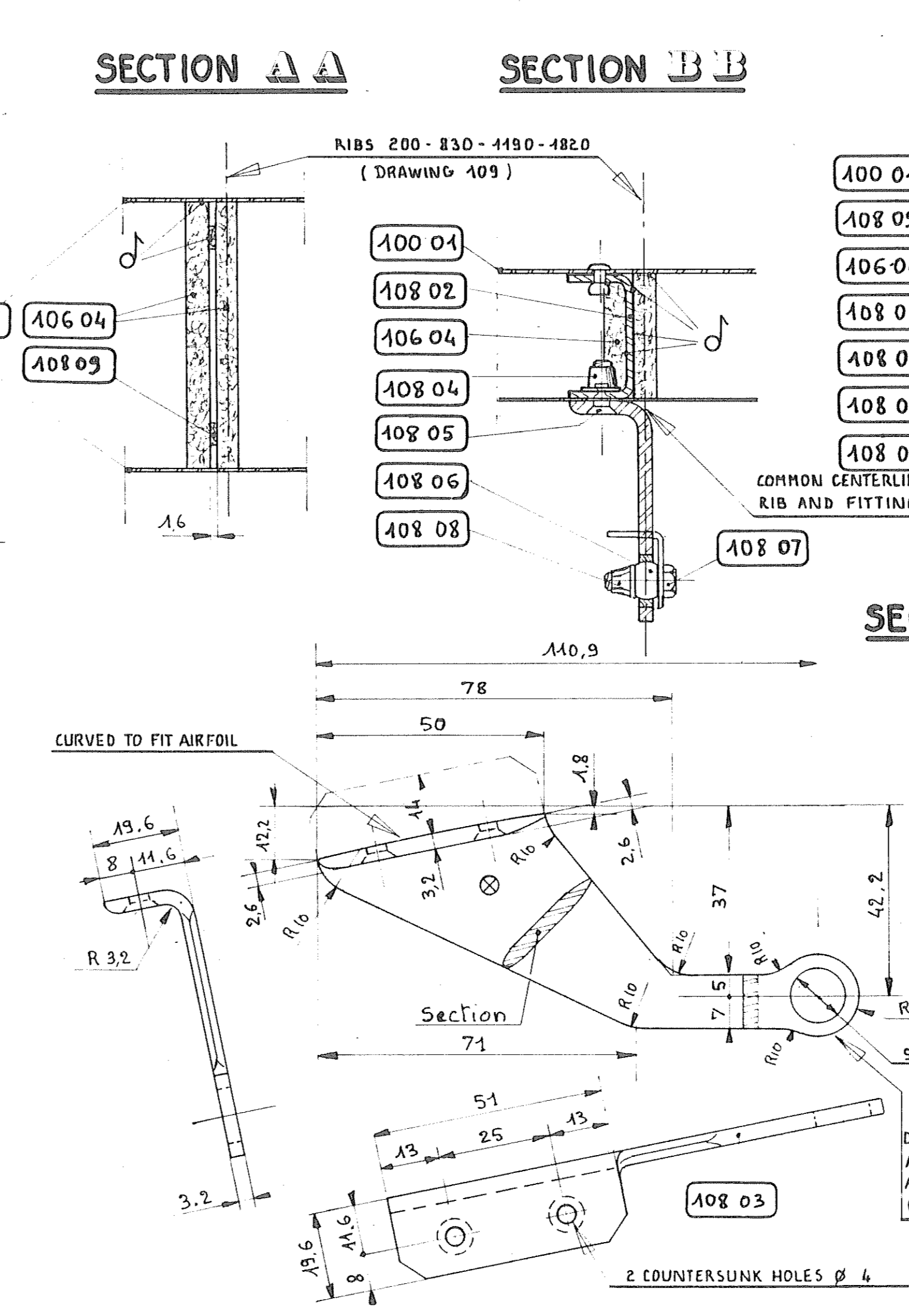
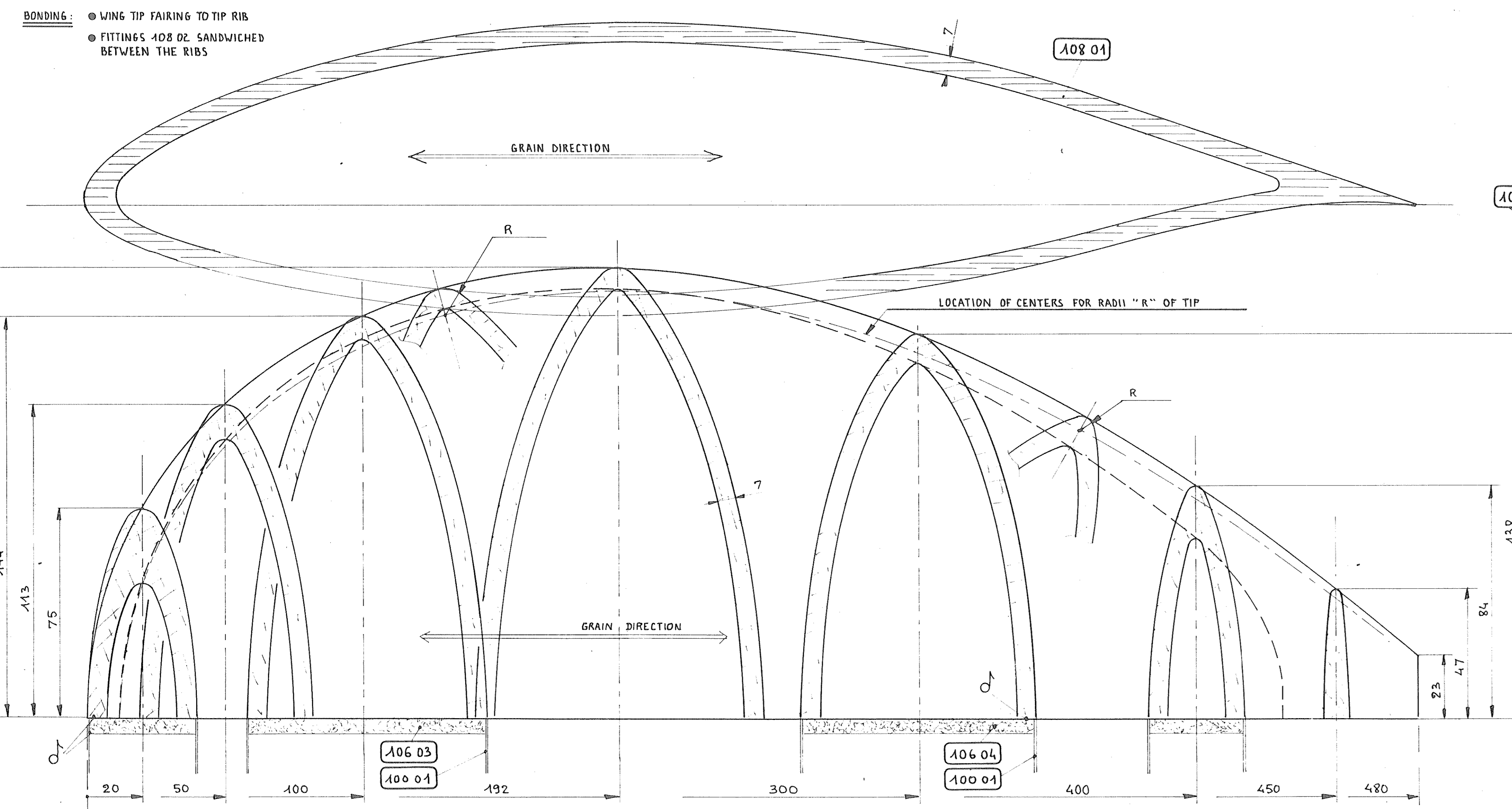
TITLE: **FLAPS - ASSEMBLY AND DETAILS**

Scale: 1/14 Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN

Drawn by: **Colomban** Date: Sept. 1981

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Part No.	Qty	Description	Material	Cond.	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
108 09	4	SPACER	KLEGECELL		480 x 5 x 1.6		OR CONTICELL
108 08	8	NUT SIMLOC	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120,000	
108 07	3	BOLT	STEEL		HEX Ø 4 x 12 ISO	120,000	OR ALLEN
108 06	8	SPHERICAL BEARING AIR	STEEL		TYPE GLD 4	240,000	
108 05	4	BOLT (FITTINGS)	STEEL		CLSK. HD. Ø 4 x 12 ISO	120,000	OR ALLEN
108 04	4	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120,000	
108 03	8	FLAP SUPPORT ARM	2024 T3		130 x 45 x 3.2	63,000	OR 3
108 02	8	INTERNAL SUPPORT	2024 T3		67 x 52 x 1.6	63,000	
108 01	2	TIP FAIRING	BALSA		480 x 105 x 1.62		

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: **FLAP BRACKETS - WING TIP FAIRINGS**

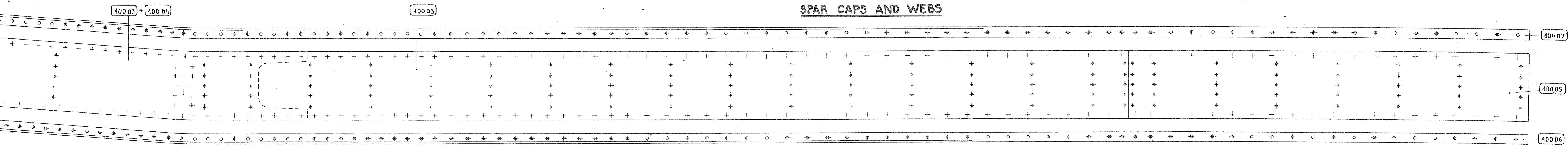
Scale: 1/14 Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN

Drawn by: **Colomban** Date: Sept. 1981

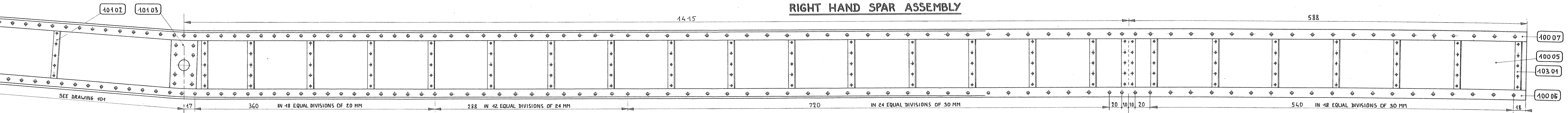
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108

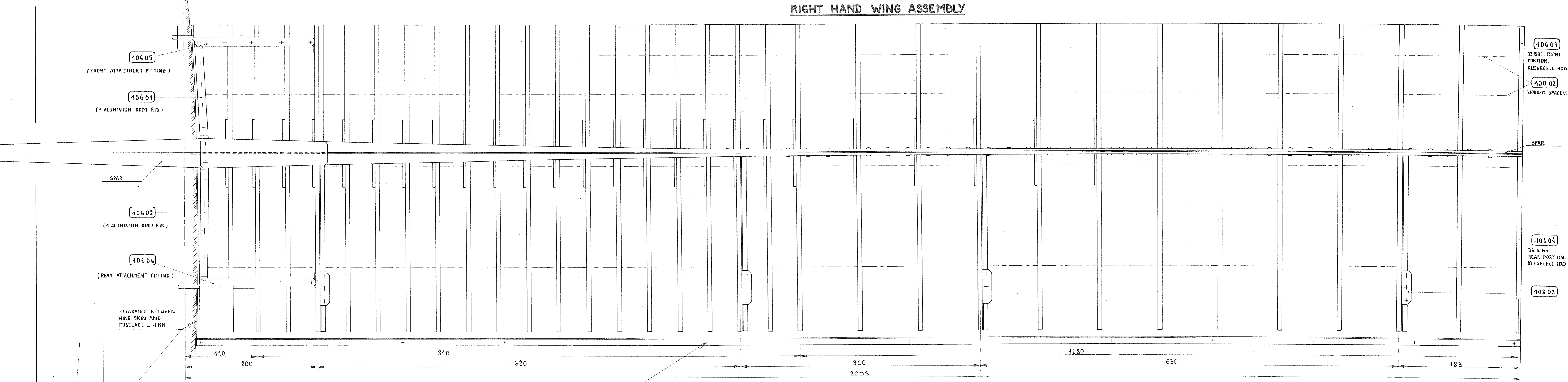
SPAR CAPS AND WEBS



RIGHT HAND SPAR ASSEMBLY



RIGHT HAND WING ASSEMBLY

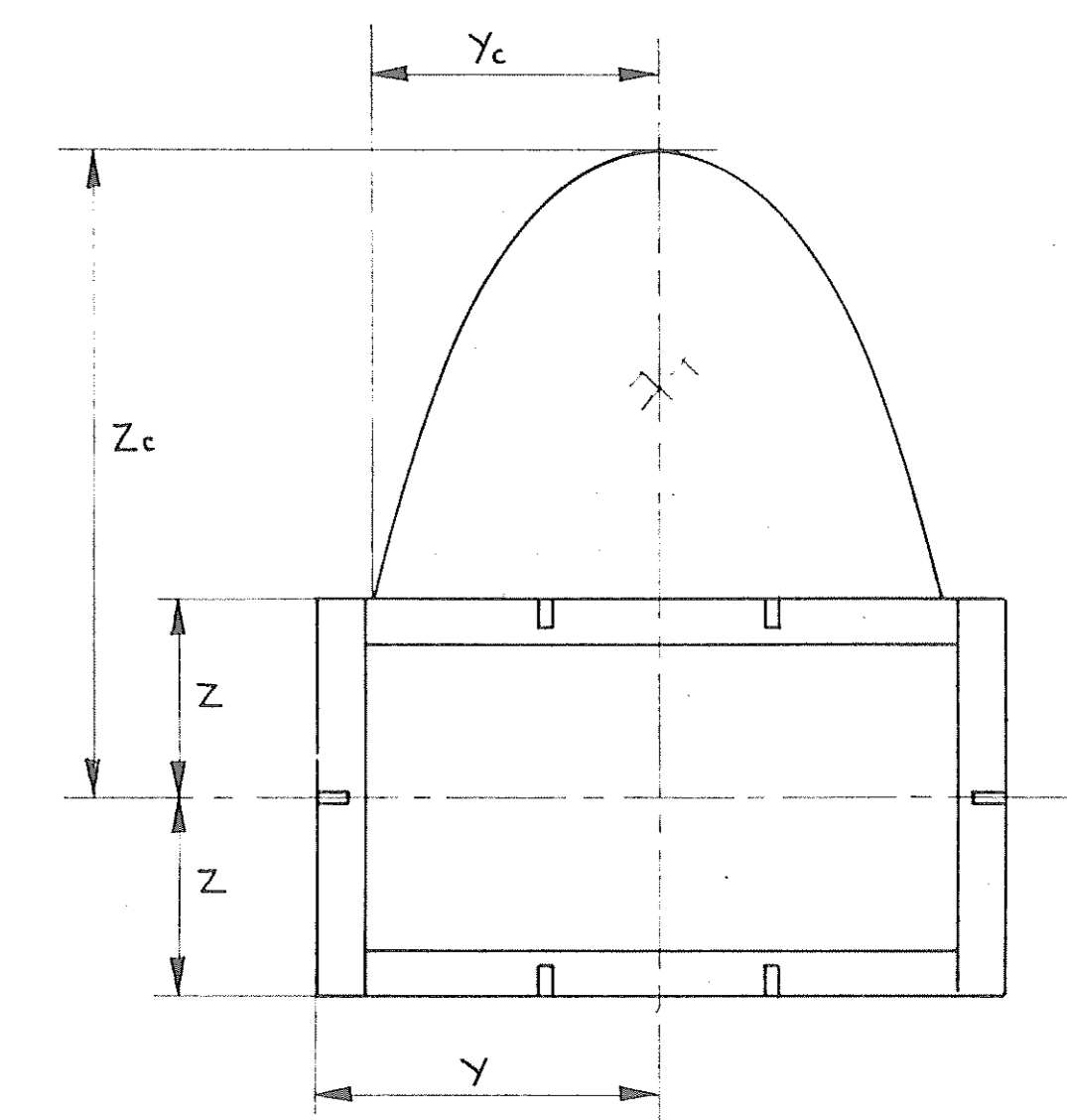
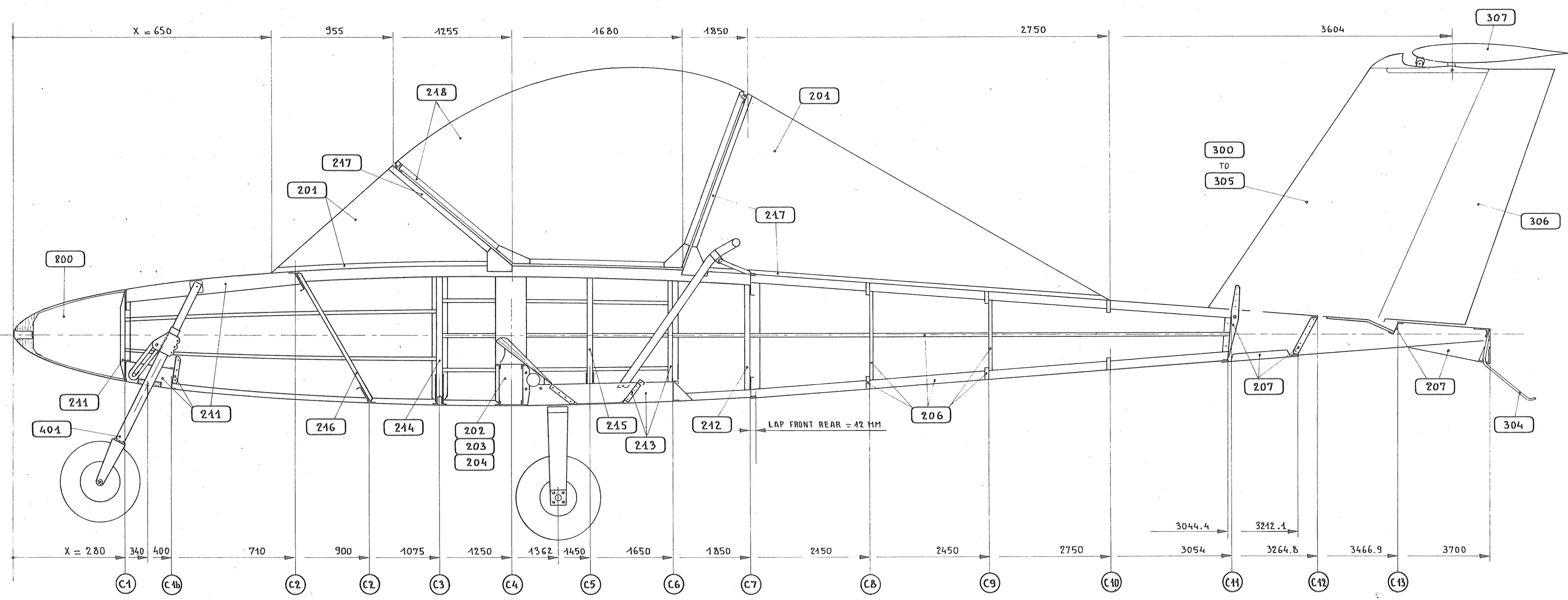


14 ALUMINIUM SAFETY RIVETS Ø 2.4
(OR BLIND) (3/32)

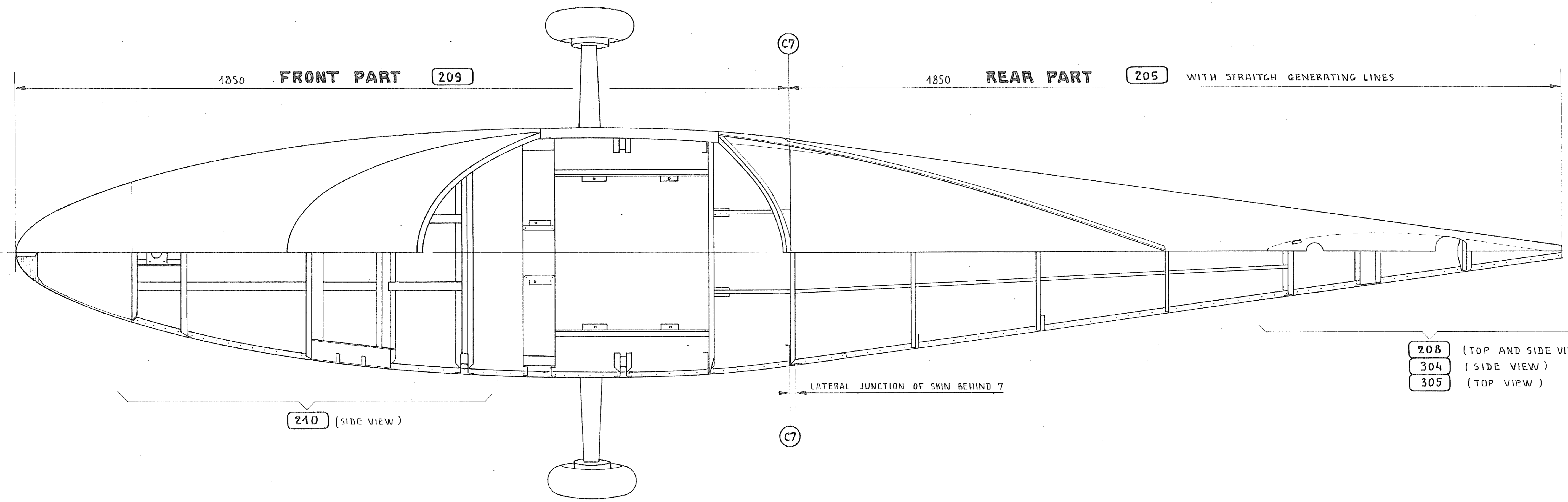
WING-FUSELAGE GAP SEALS - FLEXIBLE
FOAM BONDED TO ROOT RIB FLANGES.

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
 CRICRI MC 15 							
TITLE: RIVETING PLAN SPAR AND RIGHT HAND WING ASSEMBLY							
Scale: 1/2 Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN							
Drawn by: Colomban Date: May 1981		This sheet is one of a set for the CRICRI MC 15 airplane intended for use by an amateur builder holding a valid license for construction of a single example of this aircraft. Any other use of this plan, in whole or in part, will be deemed fraudulent.				109	

SIDE VIEW THROUGH SYMETRICAL PLAN



RIGHT SIDE TOP VIEW




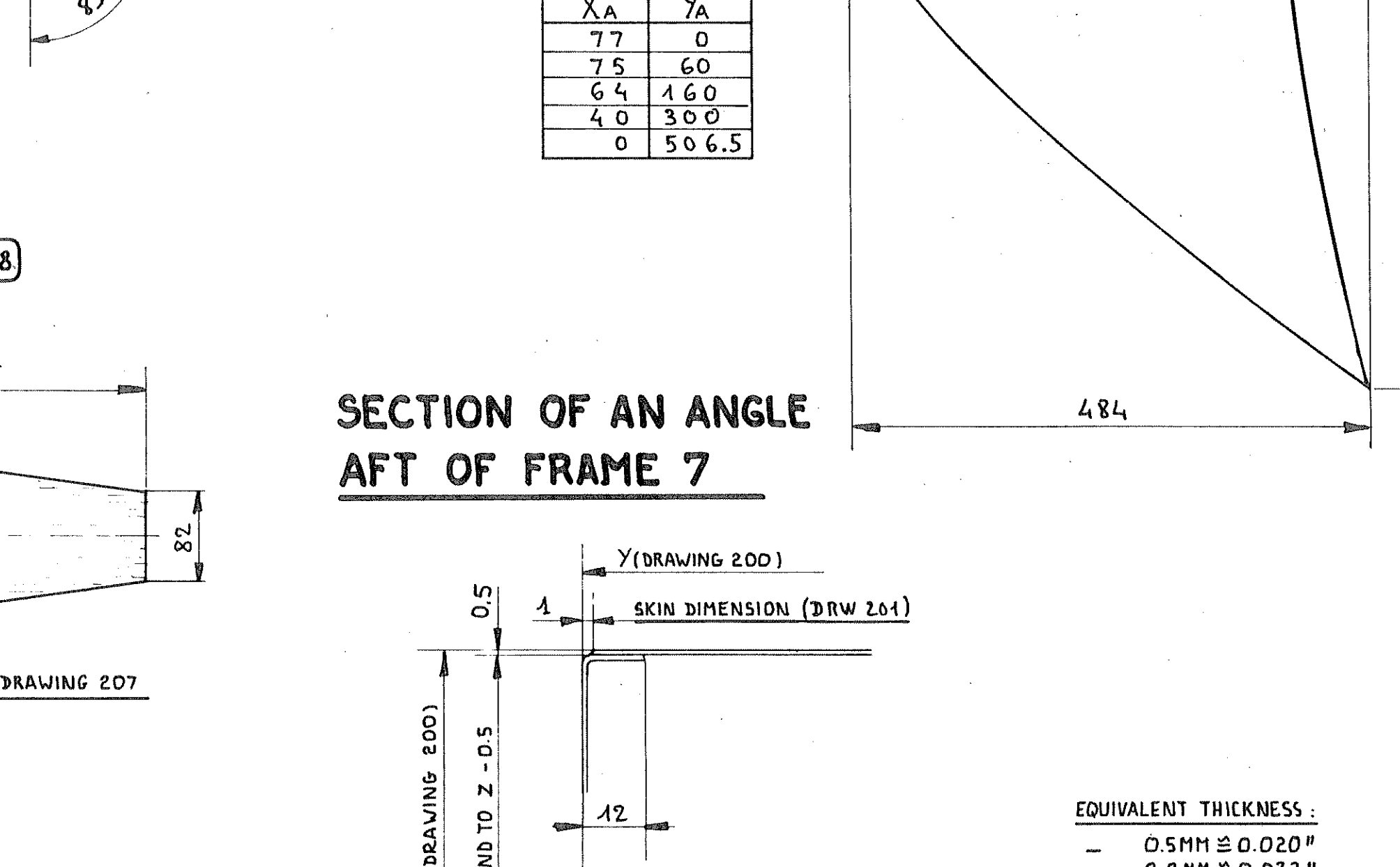
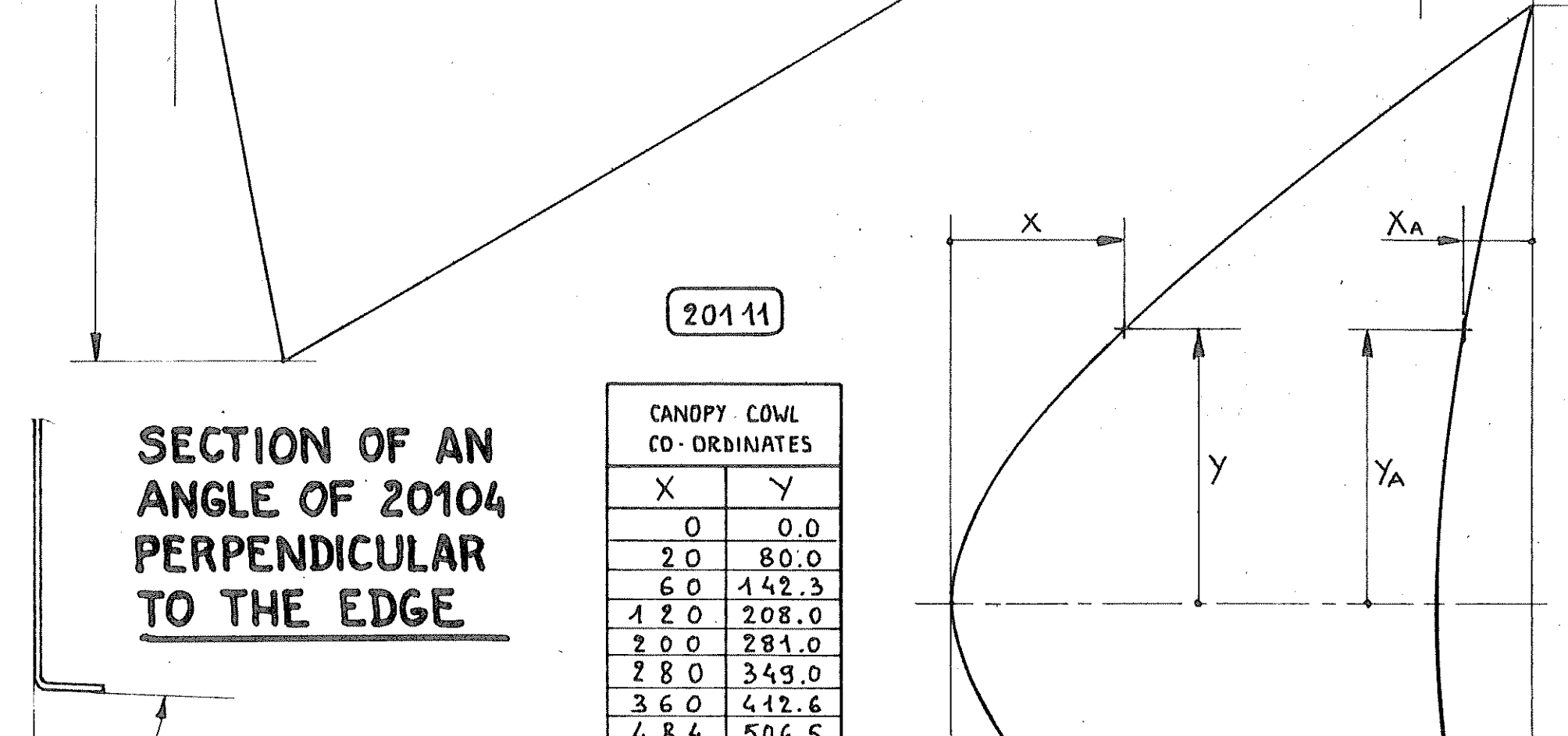
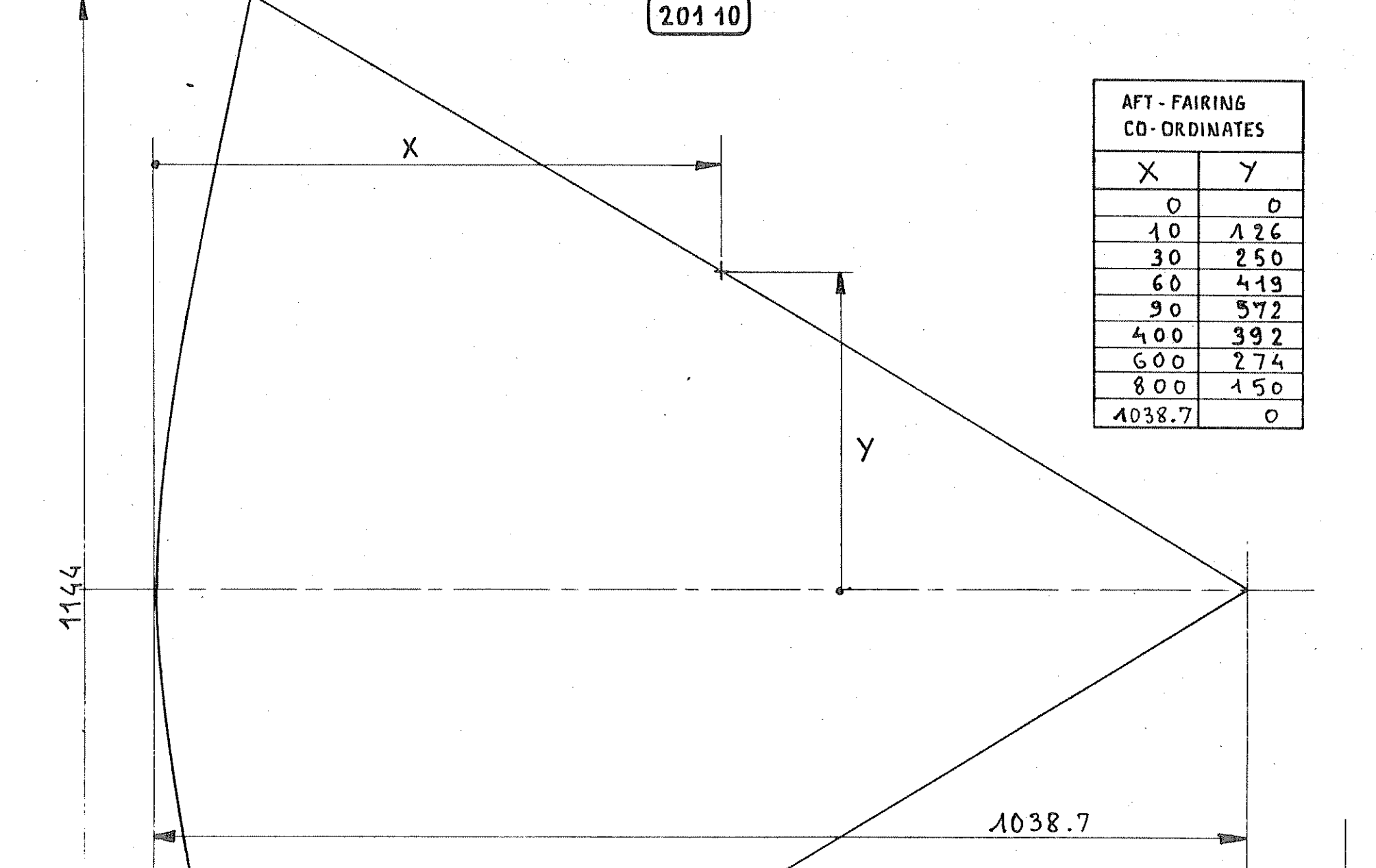
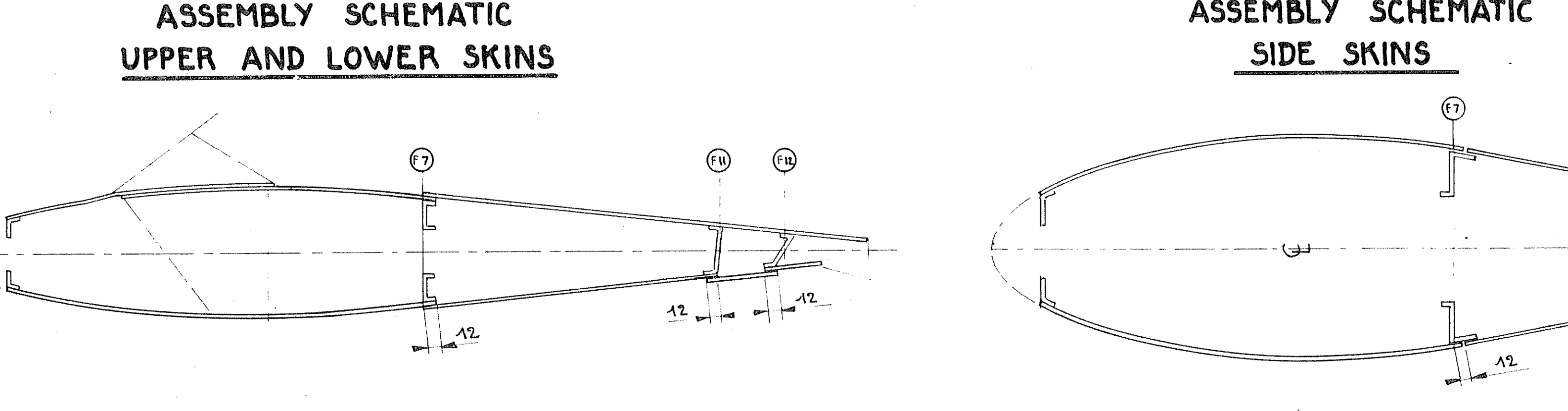
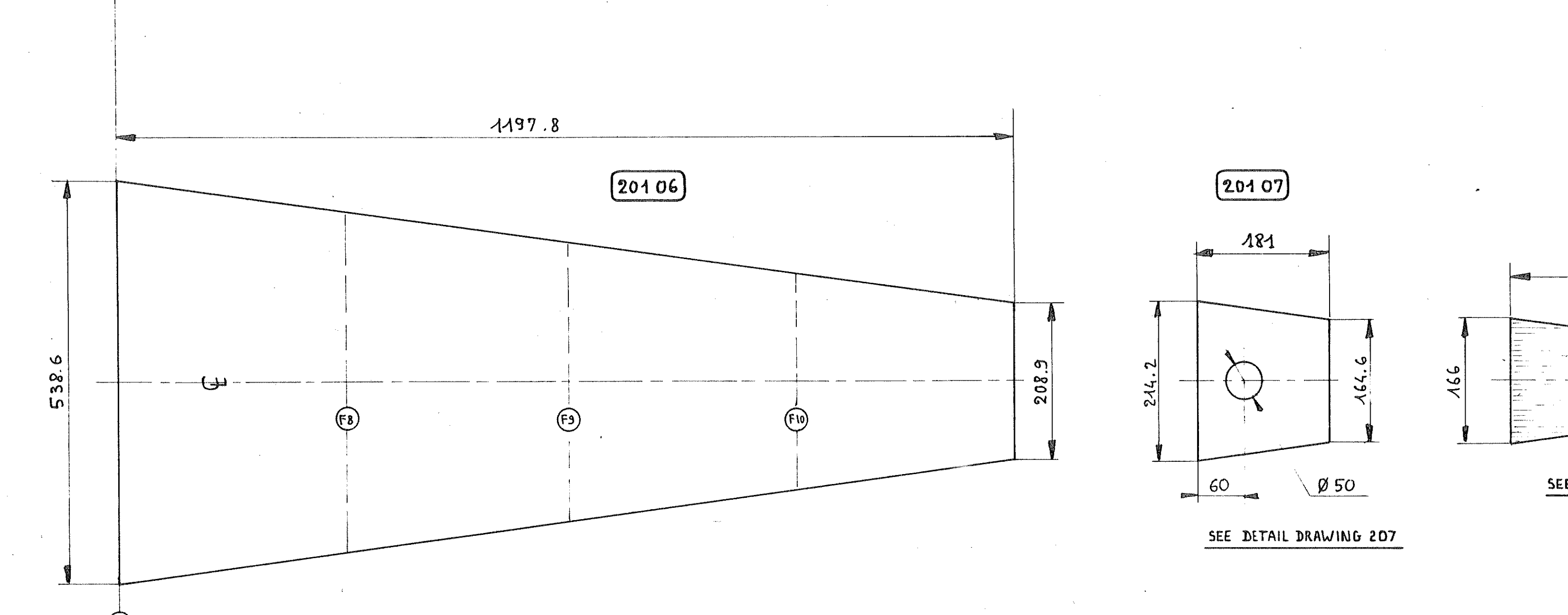
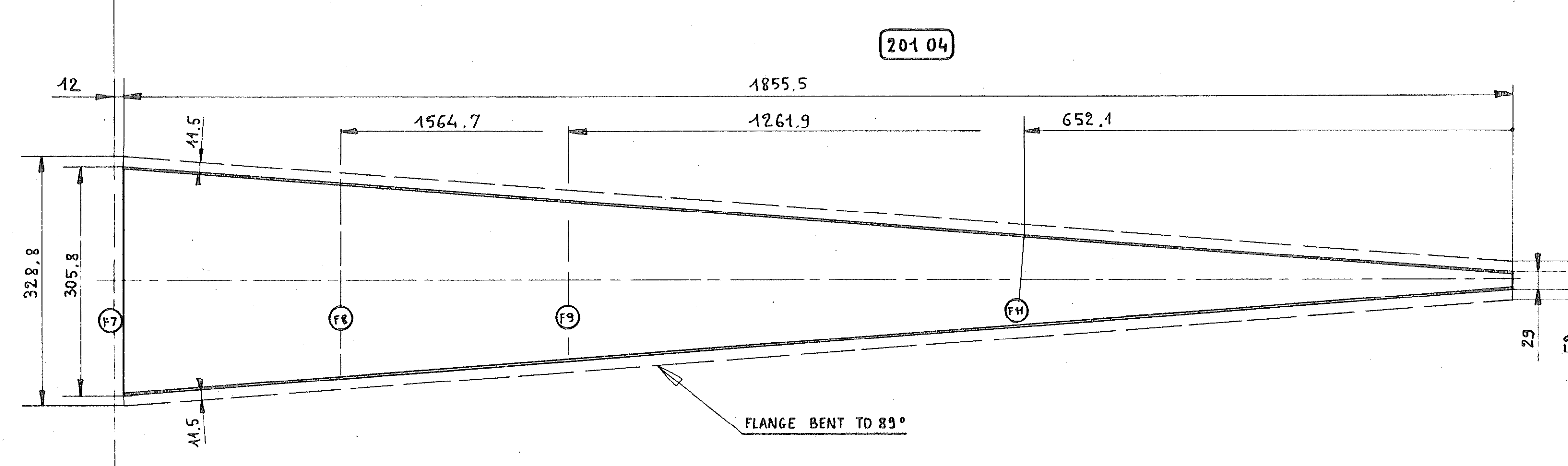
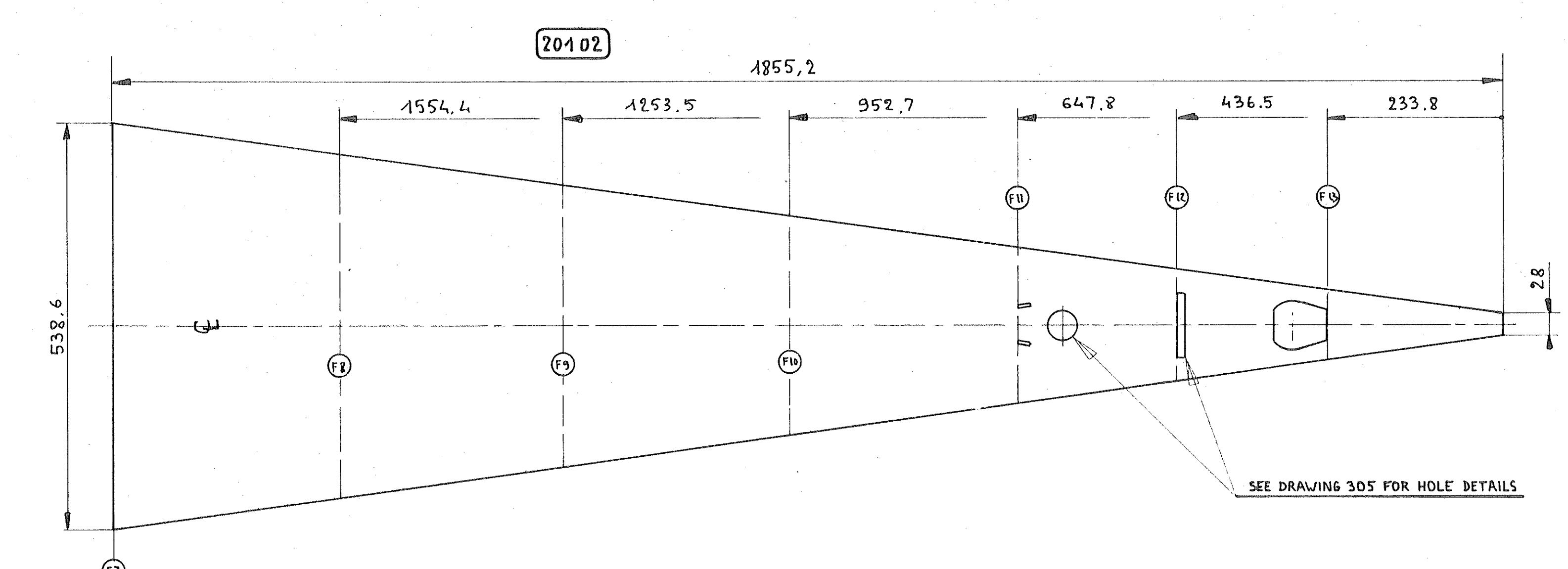
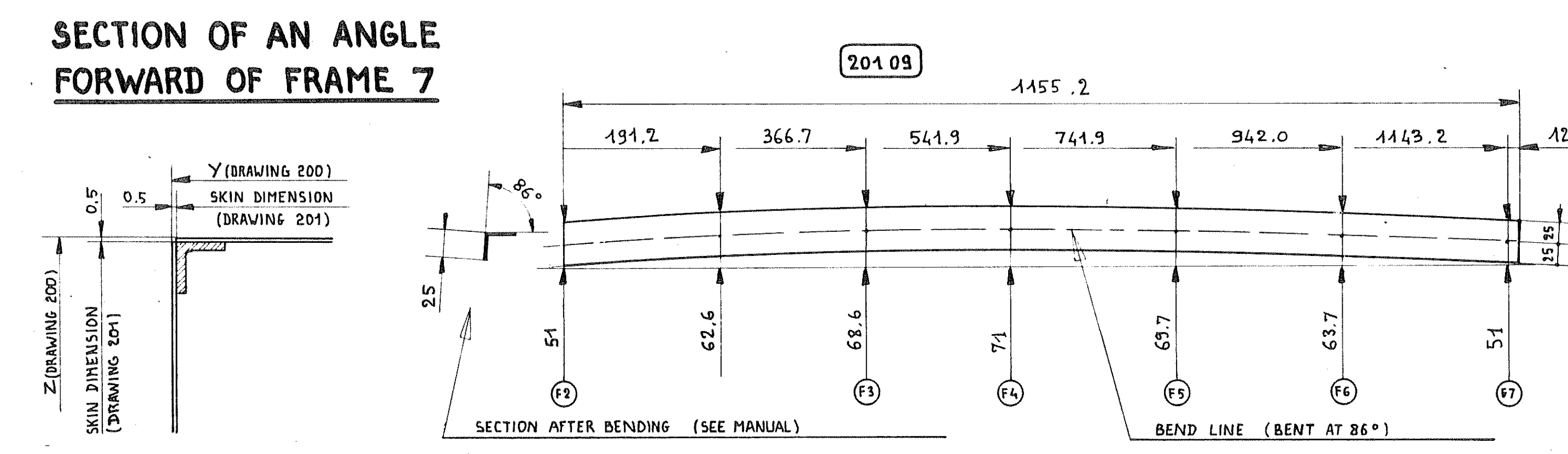
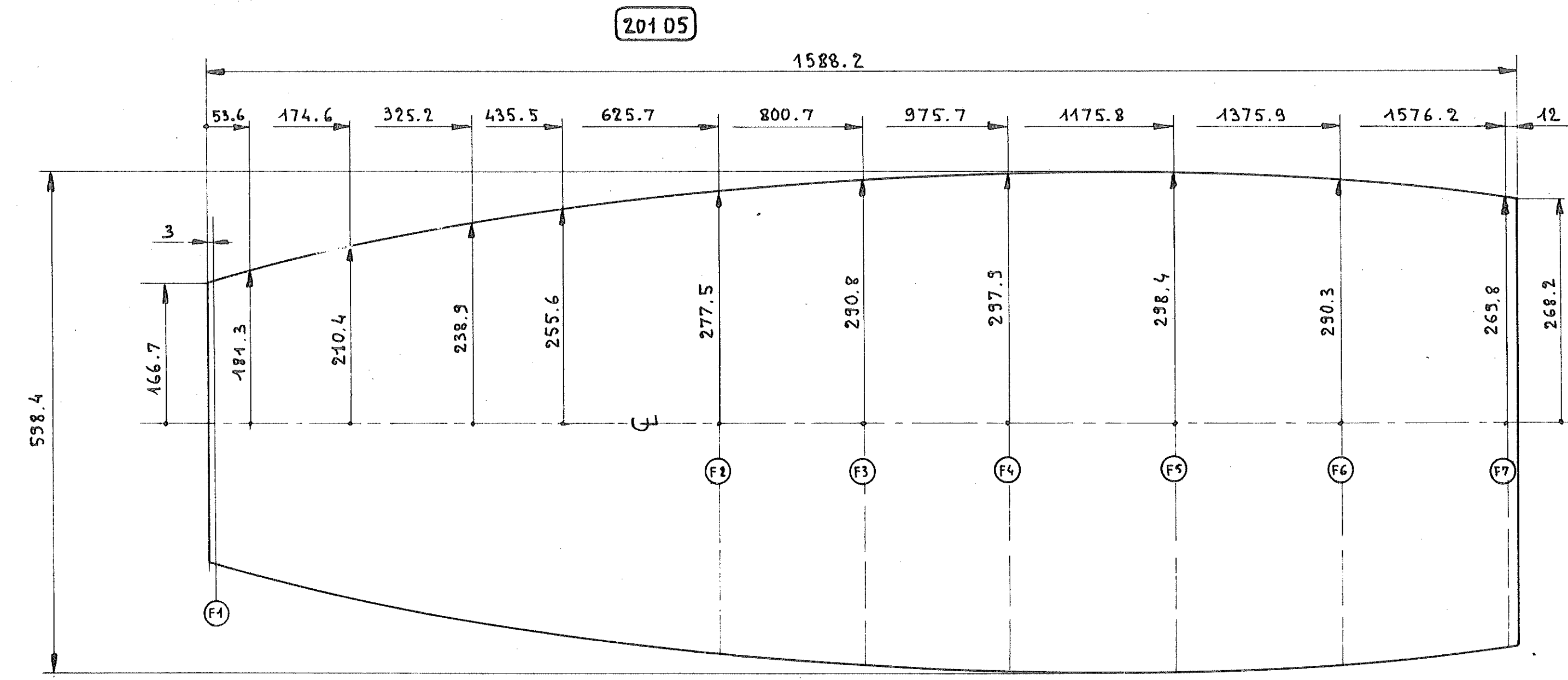
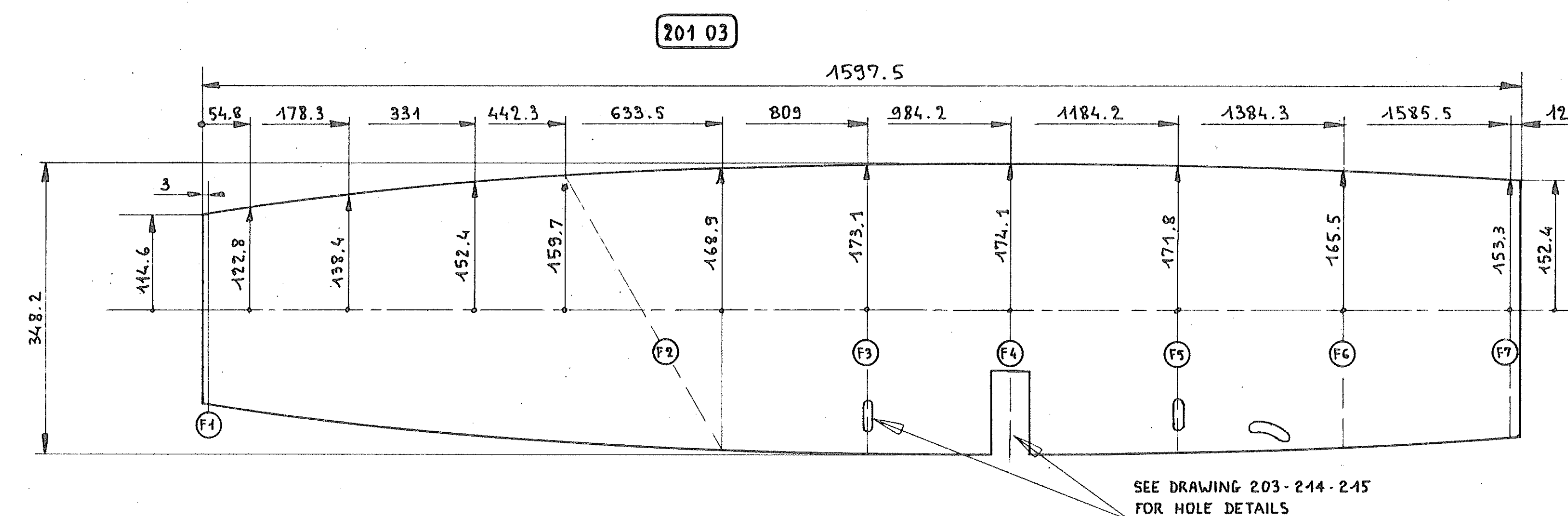
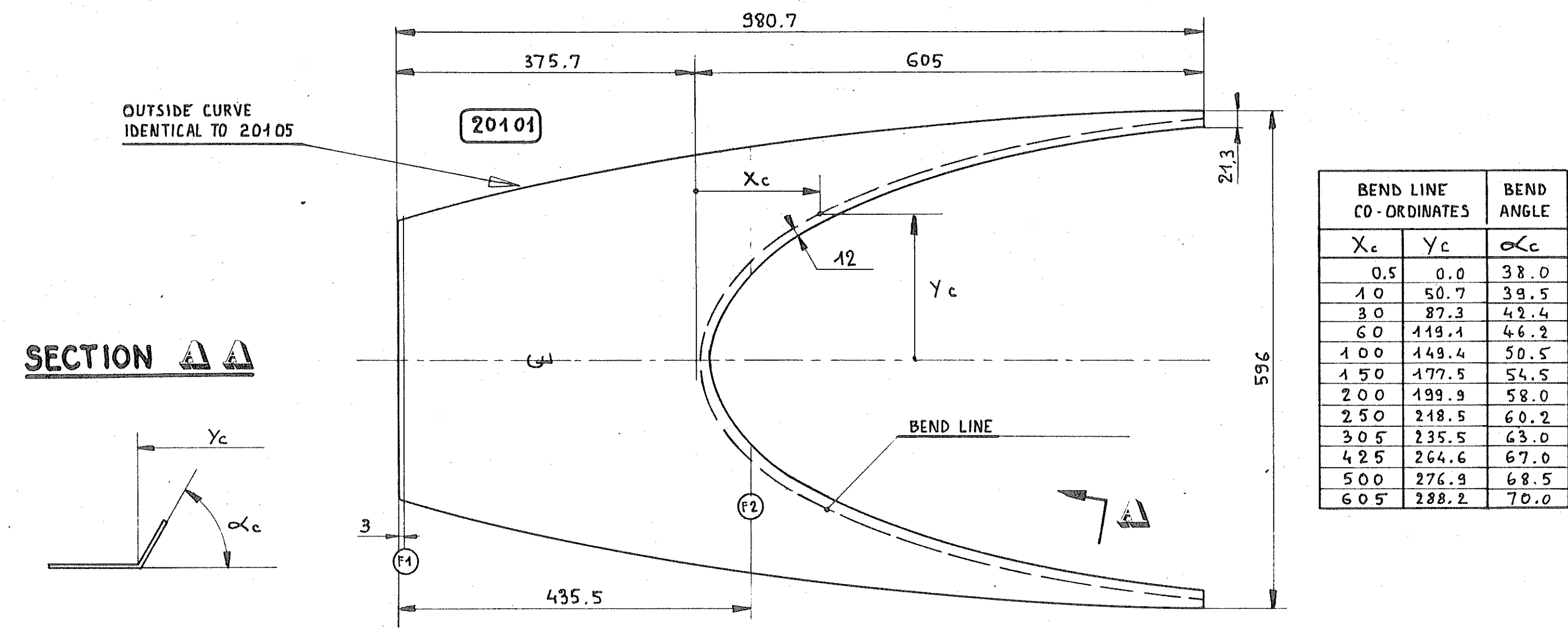
LEFT SIDE WITHOUT TOP SKIN AND LATERAL STIFFENERS

OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS

X	FUSELAGE			COCKPIT	
	Y	Z	Yc	Zc	
15	42.5	29.0			
30	58.6	40.5			
50	73.5	52.4			
75	88.4	63.5			
100	100.6	72.8			
140	118.5	85.0			
180	134.5	95.2			
260	164.6	112.0			
280	168.4	115.6			
330	181.3	123.3			
400	210.9	138.9			
600	239.4	152.9			
650		156.4	0.0	156.4	
660			52.0		
680			88.2		
710	256.1	160.2	119.8		
750			150.0		
800			178.4		
850			200.4		
900	278.0	169.4	219.0		
955		171.1	236.0	424.0	
1075	291.3	173.6	265.1	544.3	
1150			277.4	560.0	
1250	298.4	174.6			
1255	298.5	174.6	288.7	609.4	
1350			293.4	641.5	
1450	298.9	172.3	294.0	663.0	
1550			290.5	672.0	
1650	290.8	166.0			
1680	288.4	164.6	278.6	662.0	
1850	270.3	154.3	251.0	605.0	
1950	218.9	131.7	185.7		
2450	187.5	109.1	101.4		
2750	146.1	86.5	0.0	86.5	
3044	105.5	64.4			
3054	104.2	63.7			
3212	82.3	51.8			
3265	75.0	47.8			
3467	47.2	32.5			
3700	15.0	15.0			

- 208 (TOP AND SIDE VIEW)
- 304 (SIDE VIEW)
- 305 (TOP VIEW)

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resst.	Comments
 CRI-CRI MC 15 TITLE : FUSELAGE - GENERAL							
Scale : 1/5		Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN					
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Date : Sept. 1981		200					

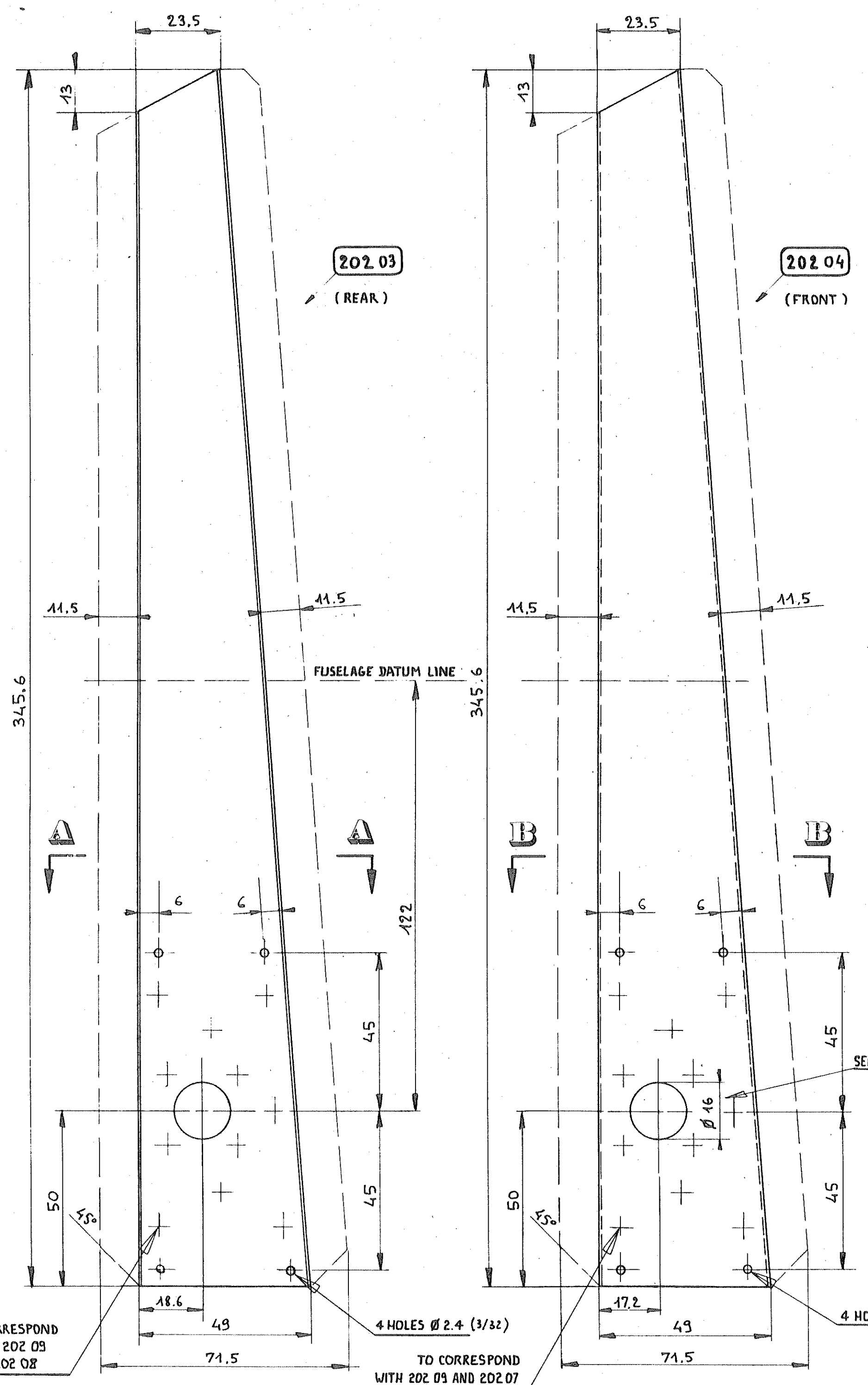


Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Code	Dimensions	Reqt.	Comments
204 44	1	CANOPY COVL	2024	T3	4043 x 484 x 0,5	63,000	
204 40	1	CANOPY AFT FAIRING	POLYCARBONATE		1444 x 1039 x 0,8		OR 1
204 09	2	COCKPIT BORDER	2024		1157 x 83 x 0,5	63,000	
204 08	1	LOWER AFT SKIN	POLYCARBONATE		305 x 166 x 0,8		OR 1
204 07	1	INSPECTION PORT	2024	T3	215 x 181 x 0,5	63,000	
204 06	1	BELLY SKIN - REAR	2024	T3	1488 x 539 x 0,5	63,000	
204 05	1	BELLY SKIN - FORWARD	2024	T3	1583 x 599 x 0,5	63,000	
204 04	2	SIDE SKIN - REAR	2024	T3	1856 x 329 x 0,5	63,000	
204 03	2	SIDE SKIN - FRONT	2024	T3	1600 x 349 x 0,5	63,000	
204 02	1	REAR DECK	2024	T3	1256 x 539 x 0,5	63,000	
204 01	1	FORWARD DECK	2024	T3	981 x 596 x 0,5	63,000	

AFT - FAIRING CO-ORDINATES		
X	Y	D
0	0	0
10	126	
30	250	
60	419	
90	572	
100	692	
1038,7	0	

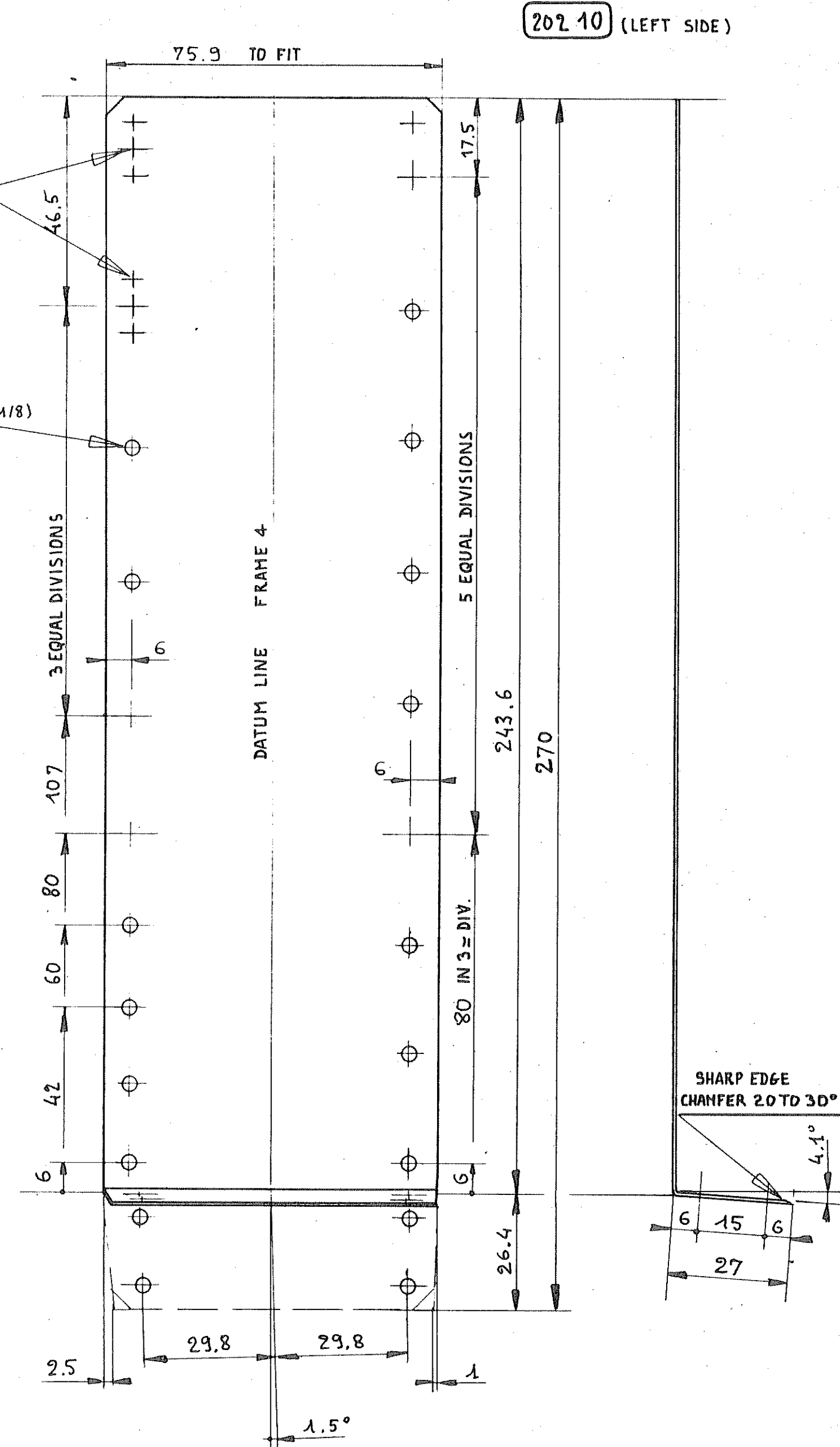
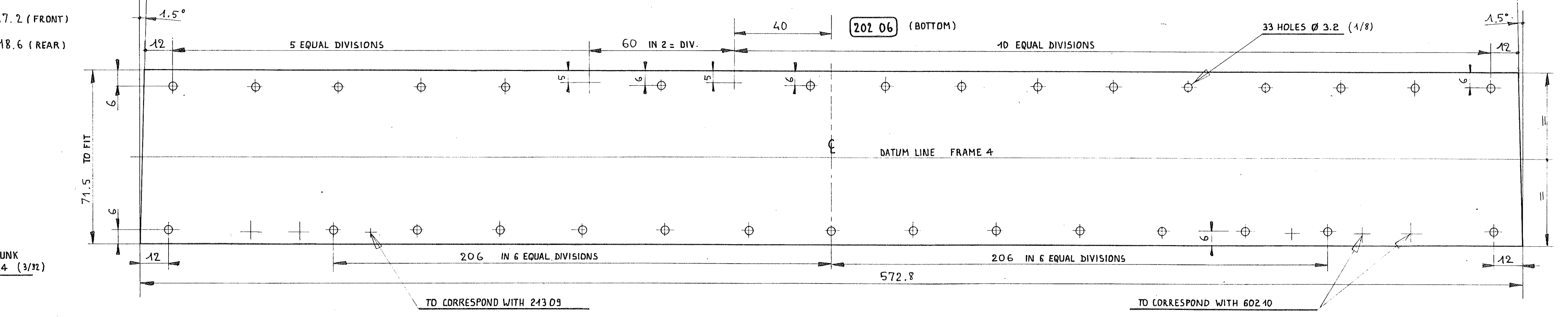
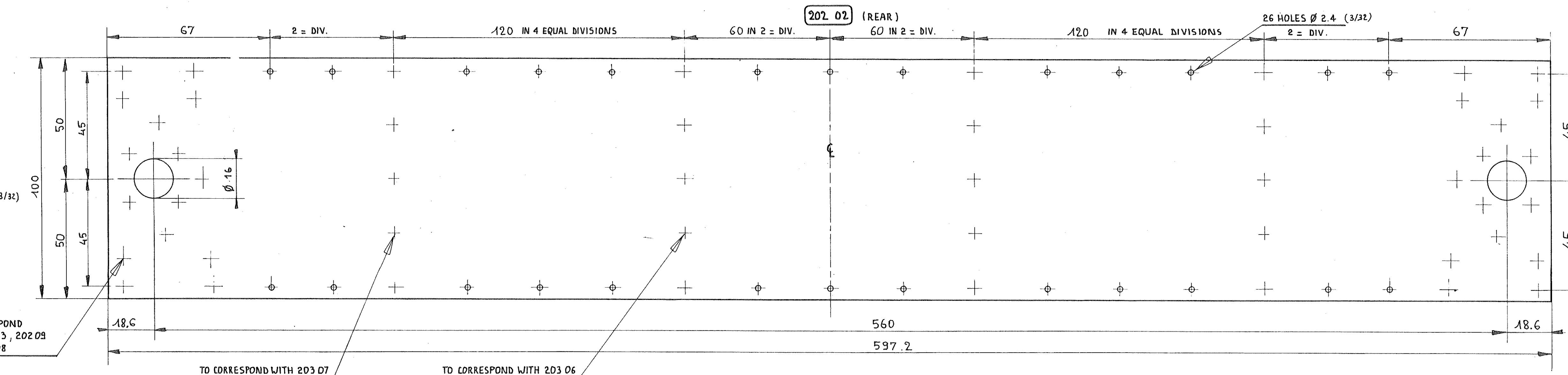
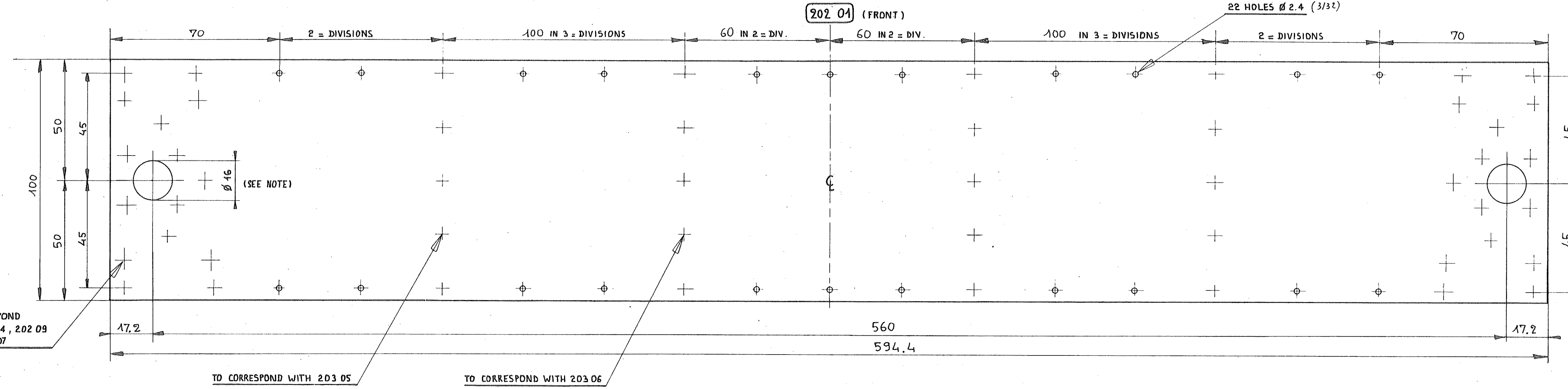
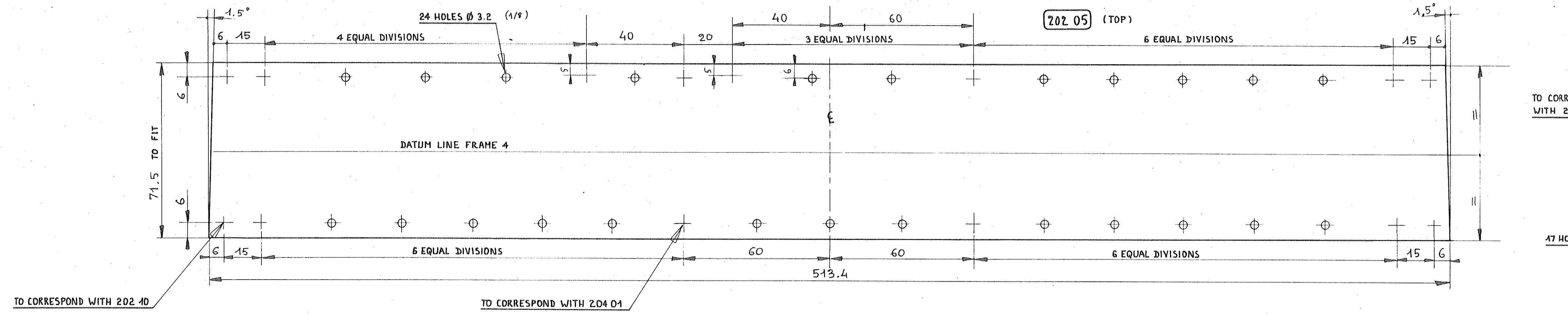
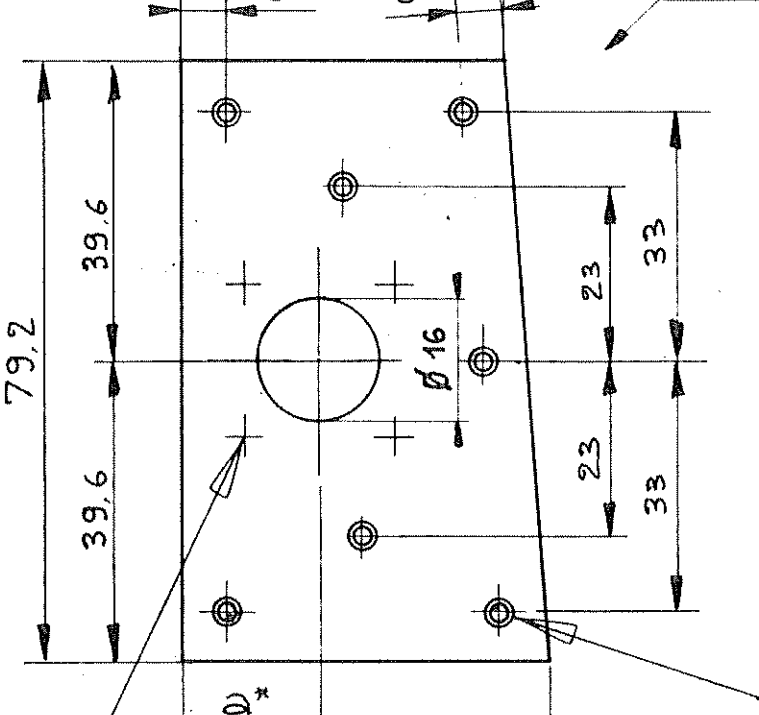
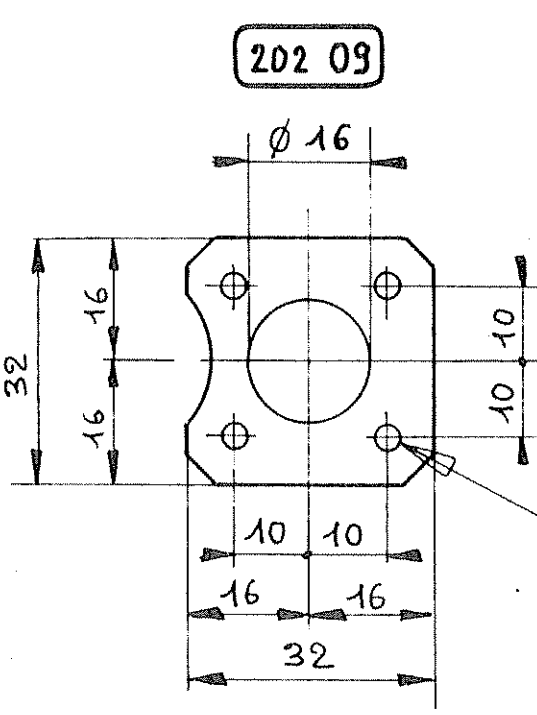
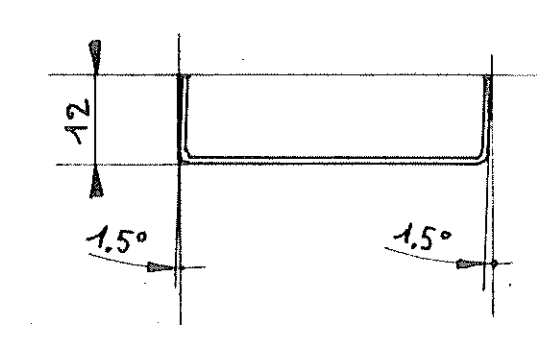
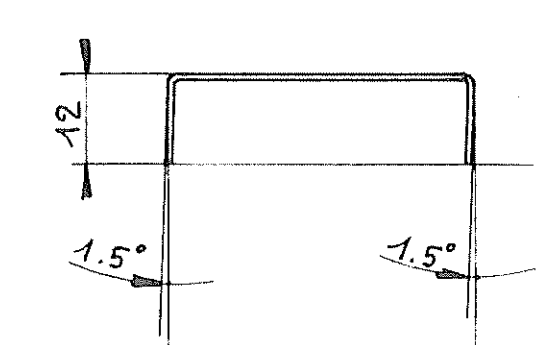
CANOPY COVL CO-ORDINATES		
X	Y	
0	0,0	
20	80,0	
60	142,3	
120	208,0	
200	281,0	
280	349,0	
360	412,6	
484	506,5	
X _A	Y _A	
77	0	
75	60	
64	160	
40	300	
0	506,5	

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:
 - 0,5MM ± 0,020"
 - 0,8MM ± 0,032"



SECTION AA

SECTION BB



Note
 DO NOT REAM WING PIN HOLES UNTIL THE TWO SPARS ARE ASSEMBLED TO THE FINISHED FRAME 4.

ASSEMBLY SEQUENCE

- FRONT FACE:**
 - WEB 202 04 TO CAPS 203 04 AND 203 05
 - THEN VERTICAL WEBS 202 04
 - THEN REINFORCEMENTS 202 07
 - THEN PLATES 202 09
 - THEN STIFFENERS 203 05 AND 203 06
 - REAR FACE:**
 - LOWER COVER 202 06
 - UPPER COVER 202 05
 - SIDE COVERS 202 10
- ON "MOLD" WITH DRILL BUSHES IN FRONT OF THE ATTACH PIN HOLES.
- SAME SEQUENCE**
- FIT FRONT AND REAR FACES TO THE ASSEMBLED SPAR, AND THEN ATTACH:**
- WIDTH TO ADJUST

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:

- 0.5MM ± 0.020"
- 1 MM ± 0.040"
- 4 MM ± 0.160"

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
202 10	2	2" SIDE COVER	T3		270 x 75 x 0.5	63,000	
202 09	4	4 PLATE	T3		32 x 32 x 4	63,000	
202 08	2	2" REINFORCEMENT - REAR	T3		79.2 x 48.3 x 4	63,000	
202 07	2	2" REINFORCEMENT - FRONT	T3		79.2 x 48.3 x 4	63,000	
202 06	1	LOWER COVER	T3		572.7 x 74.5 x 0.5	63,000	
202 05	1	UPPER COVER	T3		543.4 x 74.5 x 0.5	63,000	
202 04	2	2" VERTICAL WEB - FRONT	T3		345.6 x 74.5 x 0.5	63,000	
202 03	1	1" VERTICAL WEB - REAR	T3		345.6 x 74.5 x 0.5	63,000	
202 02	1	1" TRANSVERSE WEB - REAR	T3		597.2 x 100 x 0.5	63,000	
202 01	1	1" TRANSVERSE WEB - FRONT	T3		594.4 x 100 x 0.5	63,000	

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: FRAME 4 - DETAILS

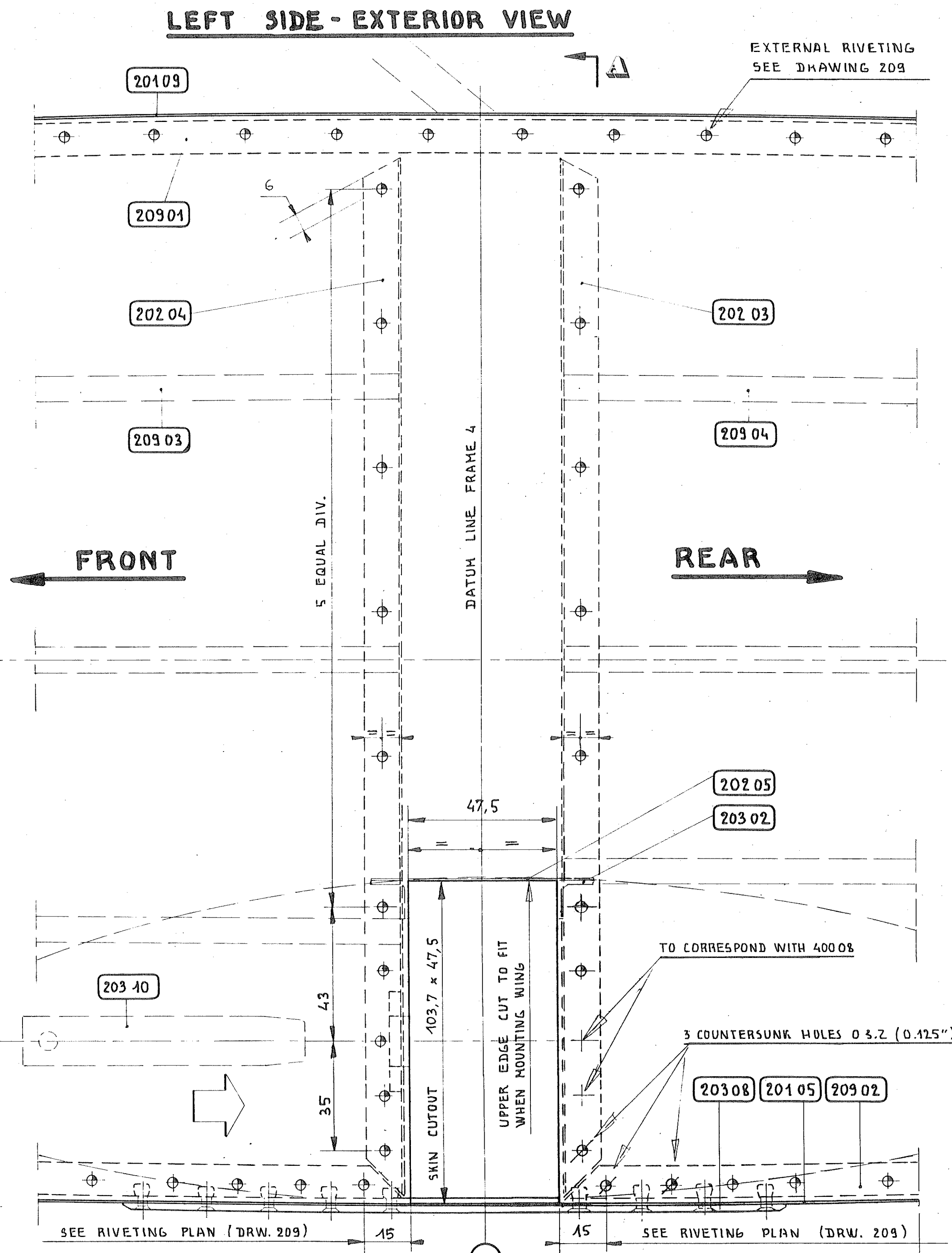
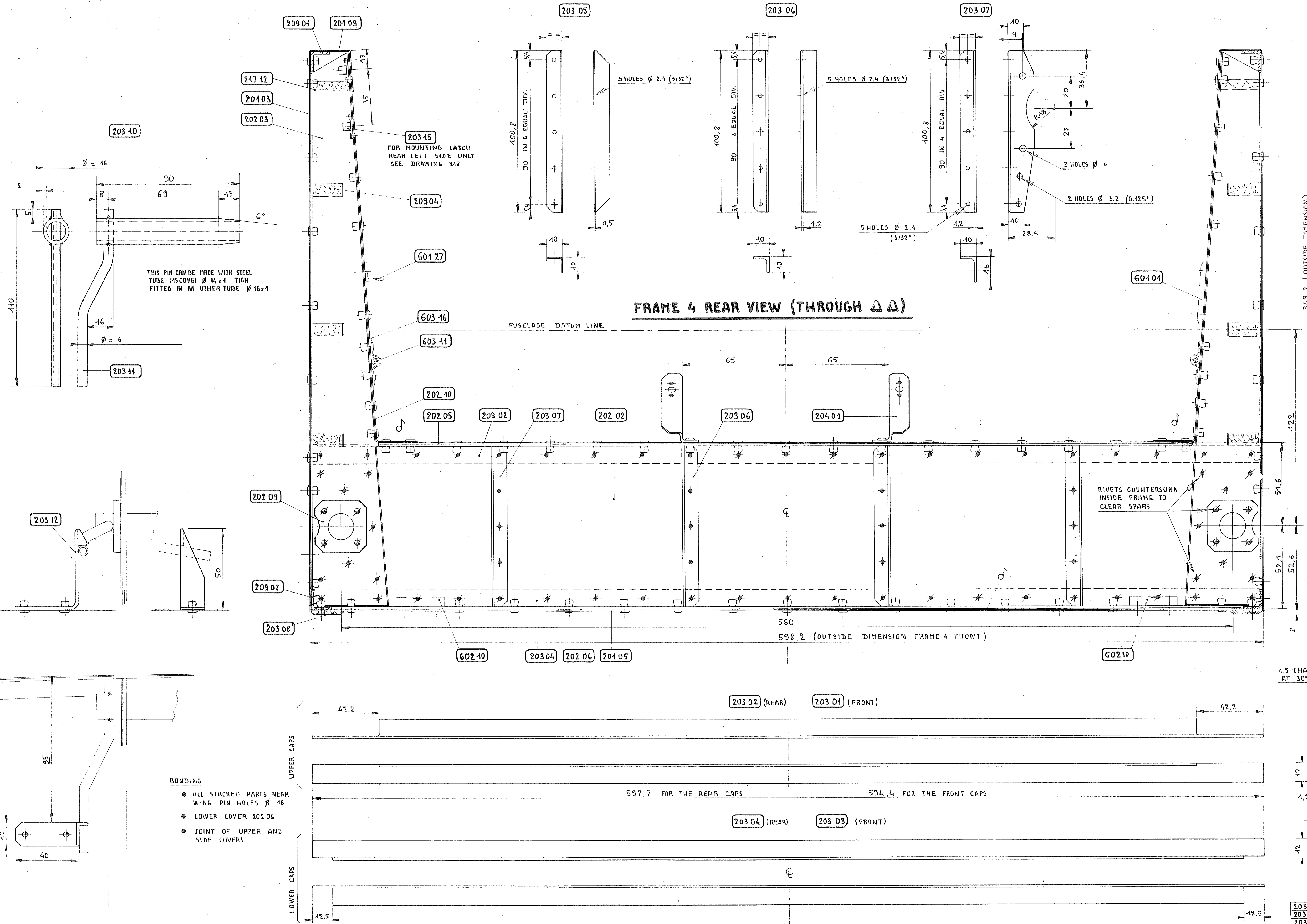
Scale: 1/4

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Drawn by: Colomban
 Date: May 1981

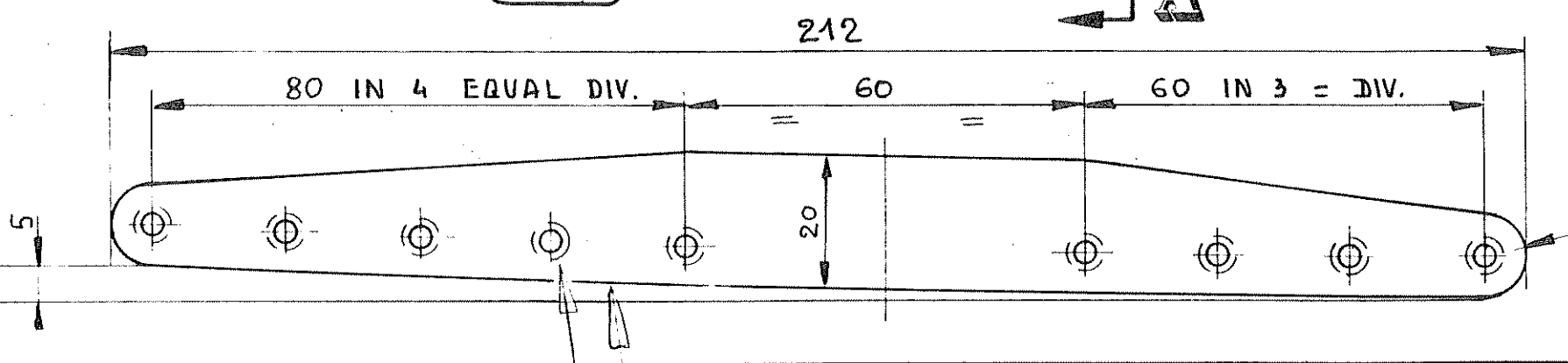
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202



- BONDING**
- ALL STACKED PARTS NEAR WING PIN HOLES Ø 16
 - LOWER COVER 202 06
 - JOINT OF UPPER AND SIDE COVERS

1.5 CHAMFER AT 30°



9 COUNTERSUNK HOLES Ø 3.2
 CURVE TO FIT SIDE OF FUSELAGE

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:
 - 0.5 MM ≅ 0.020"
 - 1.2 MM ≅ 0.050"
 - 2.0 MM ≅ 0.080"

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
203 15	2	SPAR ATTACH PIN HANDLE	45CDV6	T	Ø 6 x 4 x 115	150.000	TUBING
203 16	2	SPAR ATTACH PIN	45CDV6	T	Ø 16 x 2 x 90	150.000	TUBING
203 09	2						
203 08	2	LOWER REINFORCEMENT	2024	T3	242 x 90 x 2	63.000	
203 07	2	TUBE SUPPORT	2024	T4	404 x 46 x 40 x 4.2	63.000	EXTRUSION (M)
203 06	4	STIFFENER	2024	T4	404 x 40 x 40 x 0.5	63.000	BENT SHEET
203 05	2	STIFFENER	2024	T4	404 x 40 x 40 x 0.5	63.000	BENT SHEET
203 04	4	LOWER CAP - REAR	2024	T4	598 x 42 x 42 x 1.2	63.000	EXTRUSION (M)
203 03	4	LOWER CAP - FRONT	2024	T4	598 x 42 x 42 x 1.2	63.000	EXTRUSION (M)
203 02	4	UPPER CAP - REAR	2024	T4	598 x 42 x 42 x 1.2	63.000	EXTRUSION (M)
203 01	4	UPPER CAP - FRONT	2024	T4	598 x 42 x 42 x 1.2	63.000	EXTRUSION (M)

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: FRAME 4 - REAR FACE

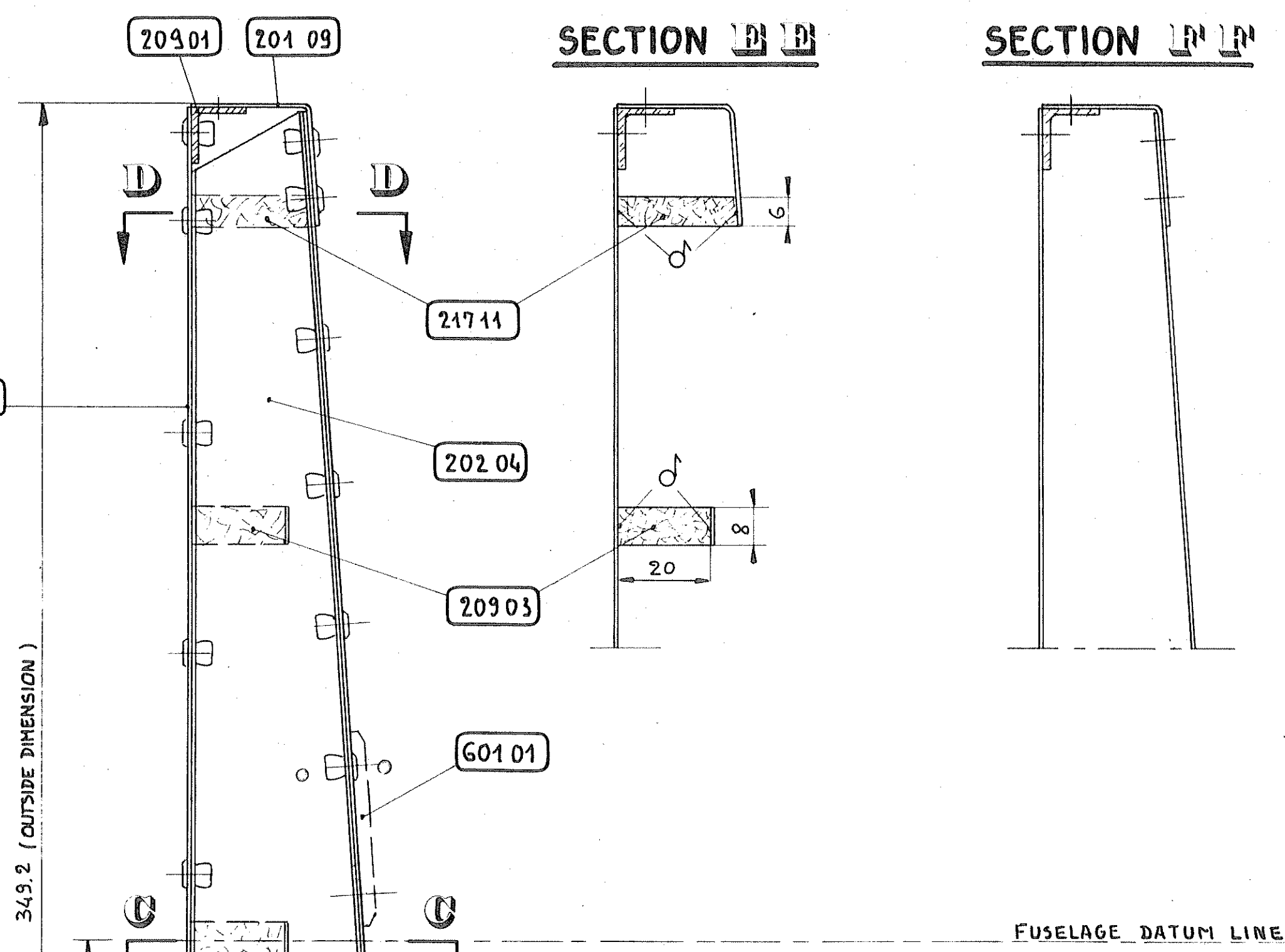
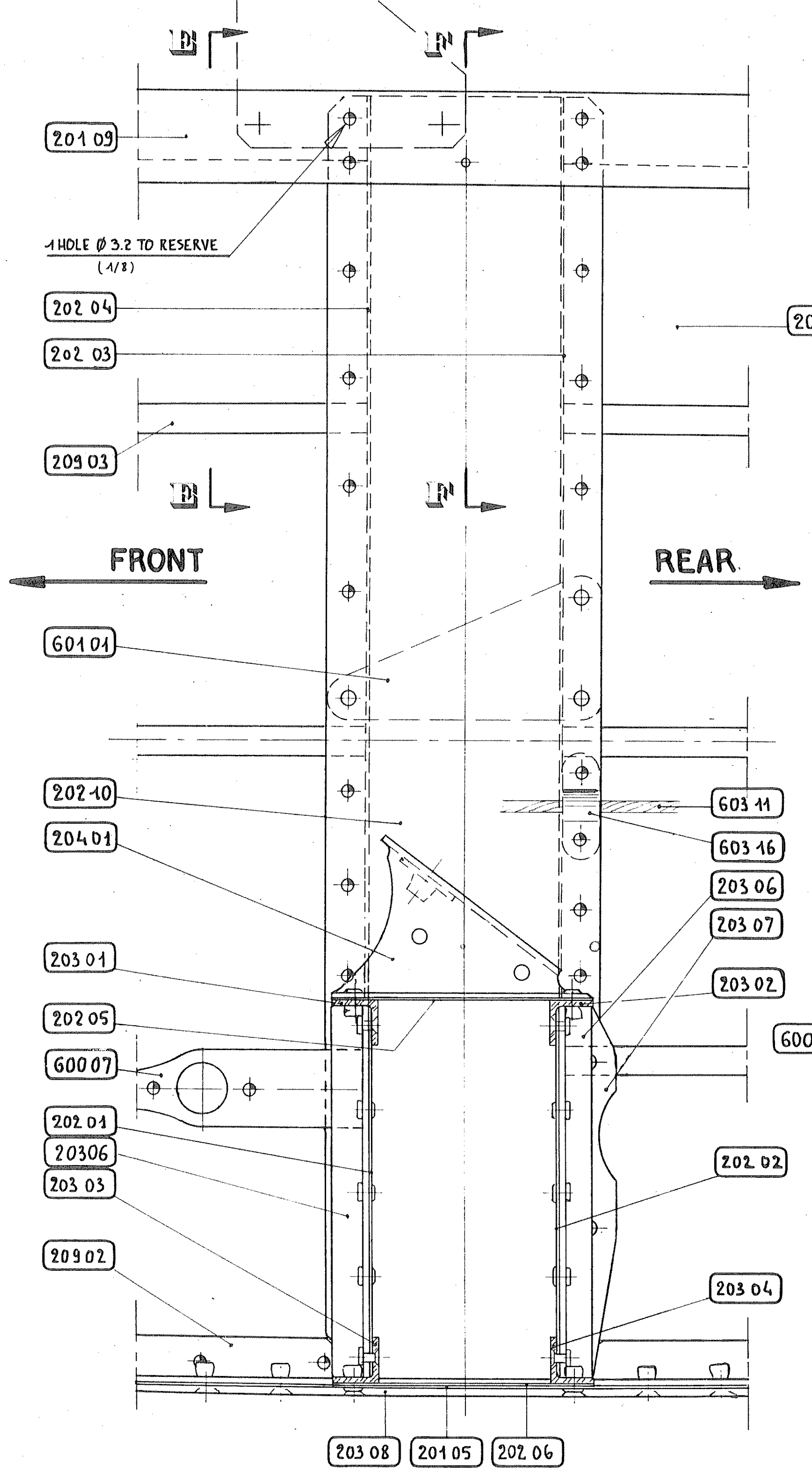
Scale: 1/1

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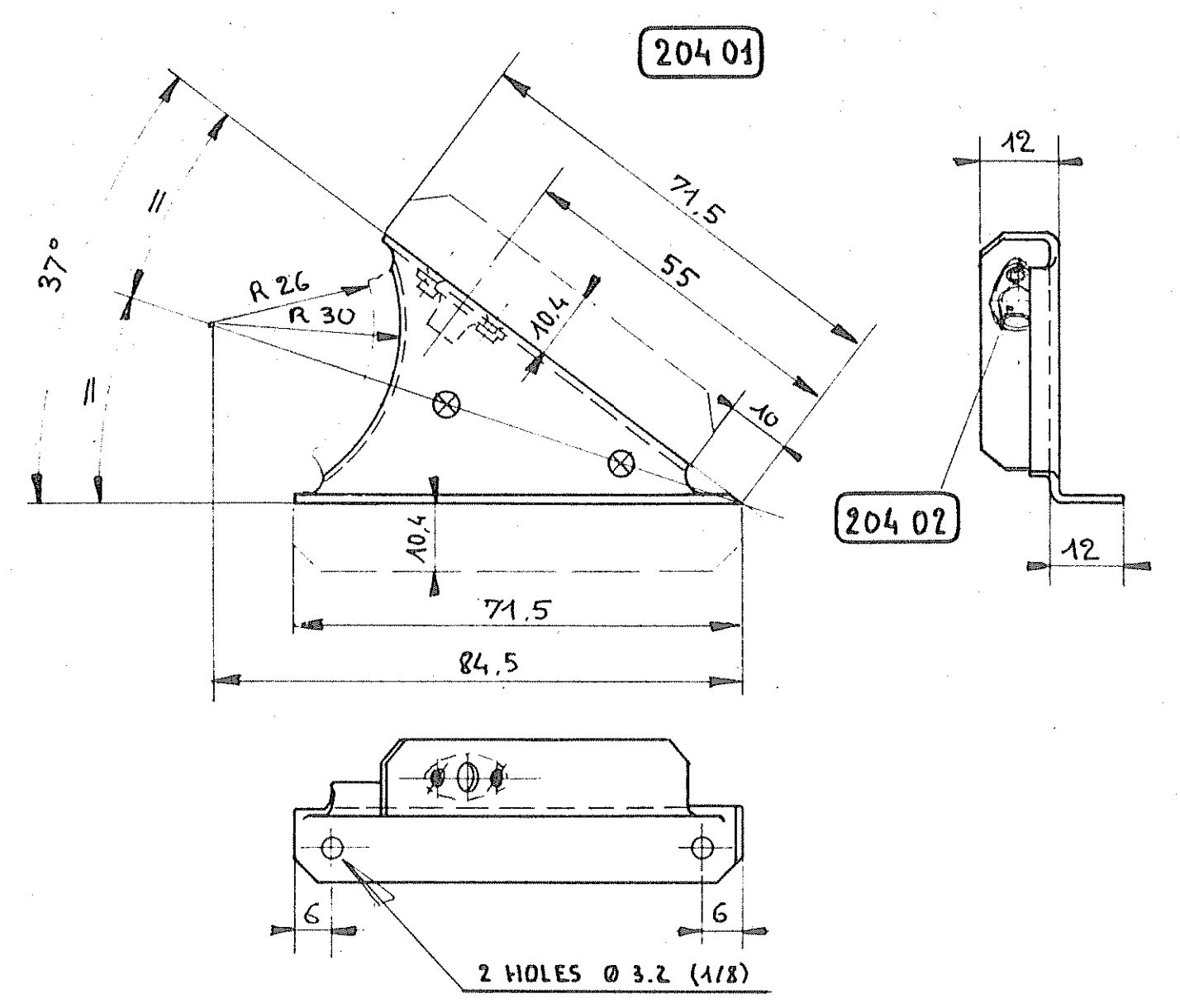
Drawn by: Colomban
 Date: 5 sept 1974

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
203 15	2	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 4 ISO		
203 14	20						
203 13	20						
203 12	2	SAFETY DEVICE	2024	T3	90 x 22 x 4	63.000	

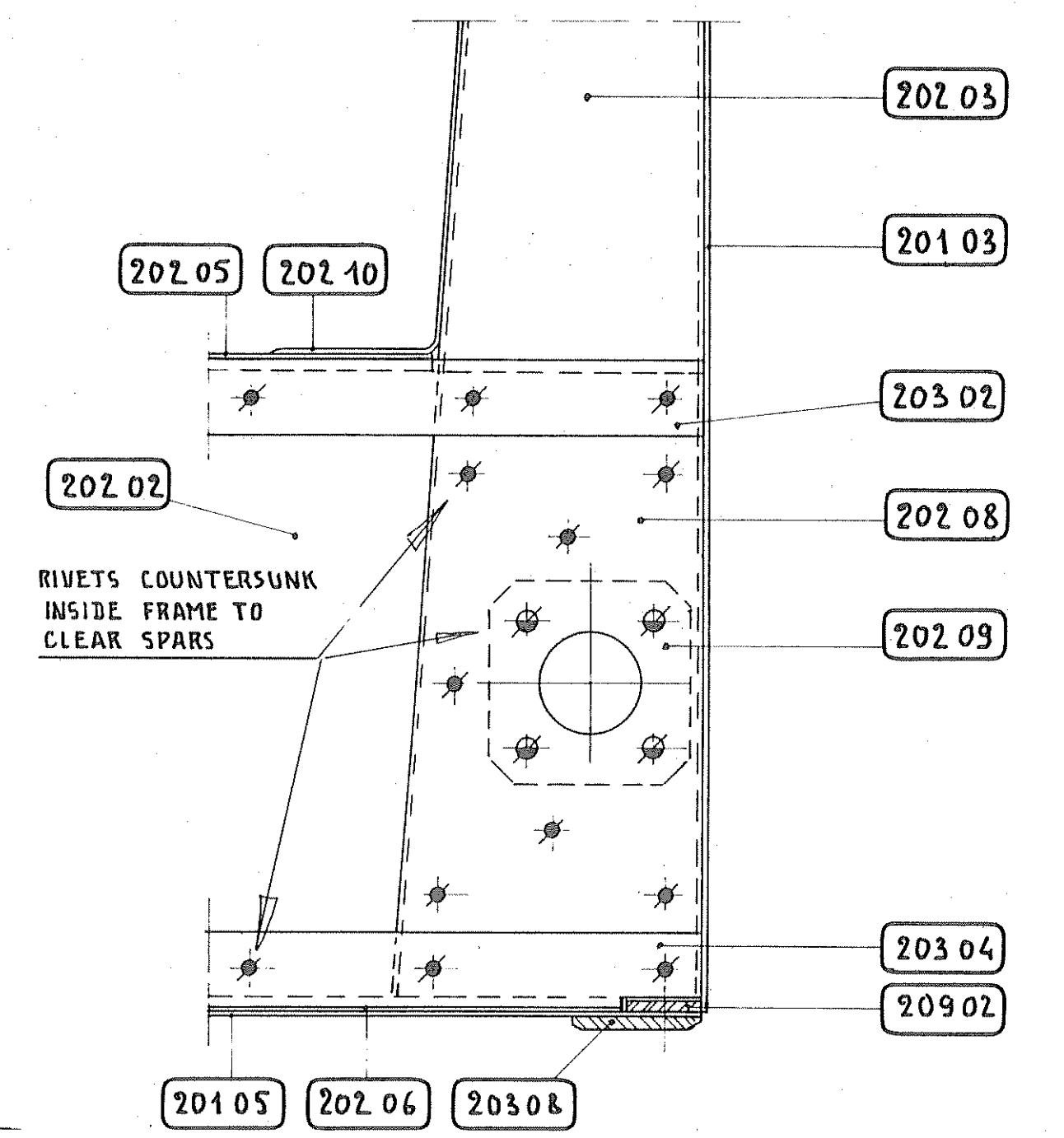
INSIDE RIGHT - VIEW THROUGH A-A



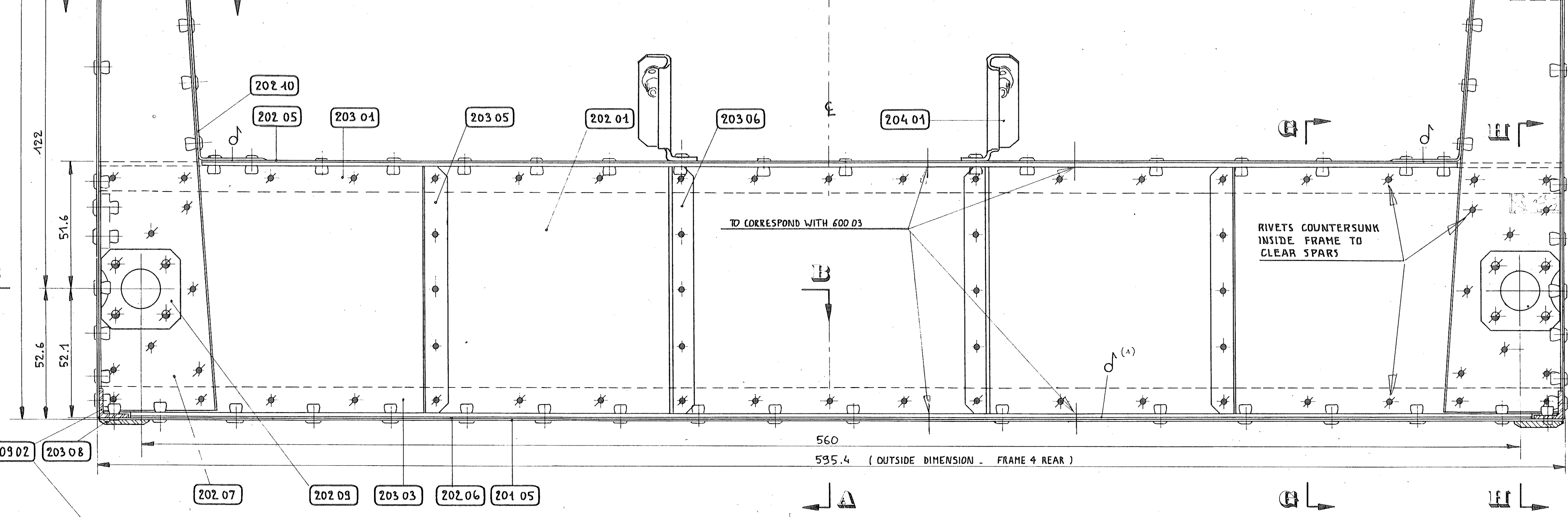
FRAME 4 FRONT VIEW



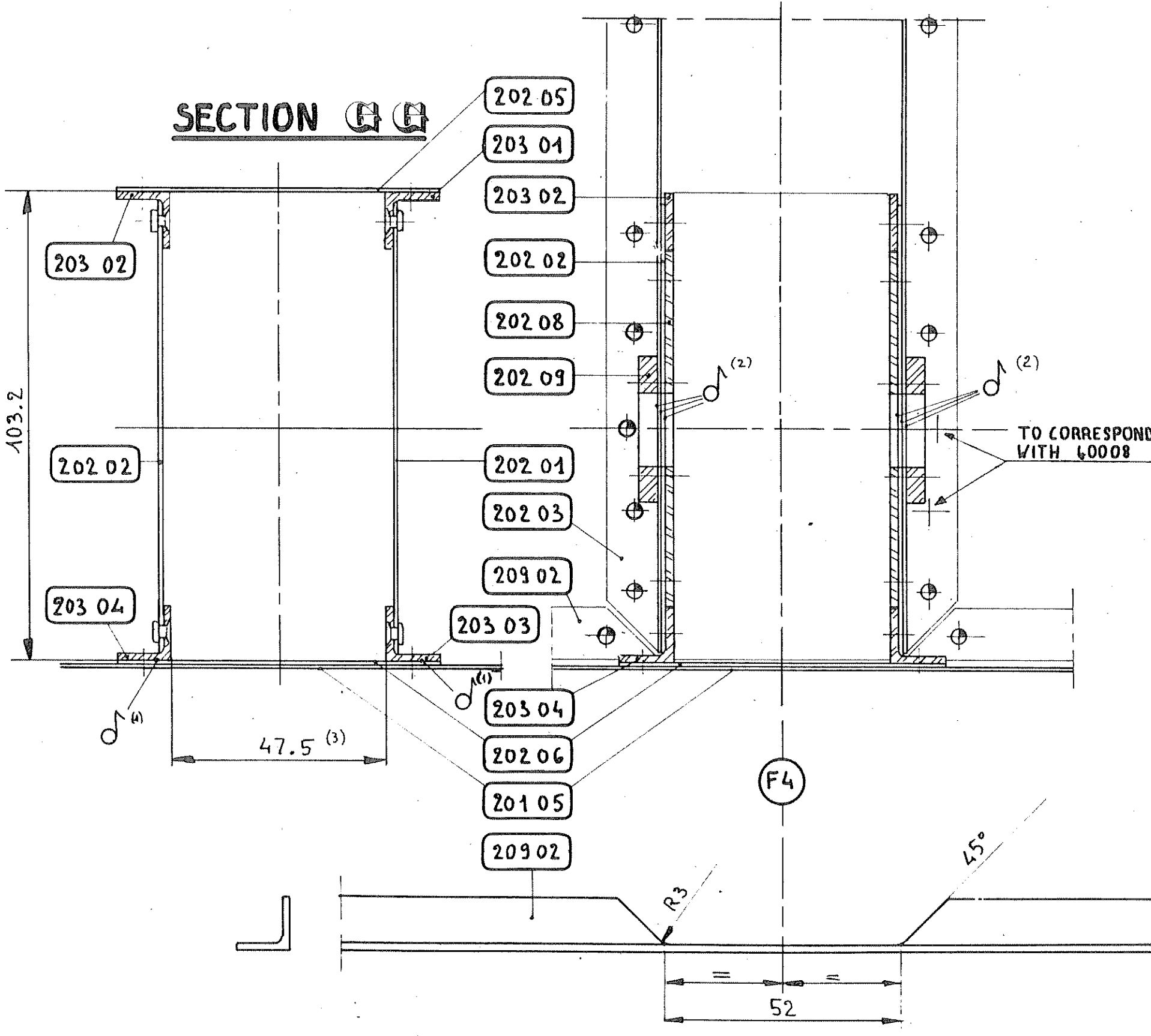
VIEW THROUGH II-II



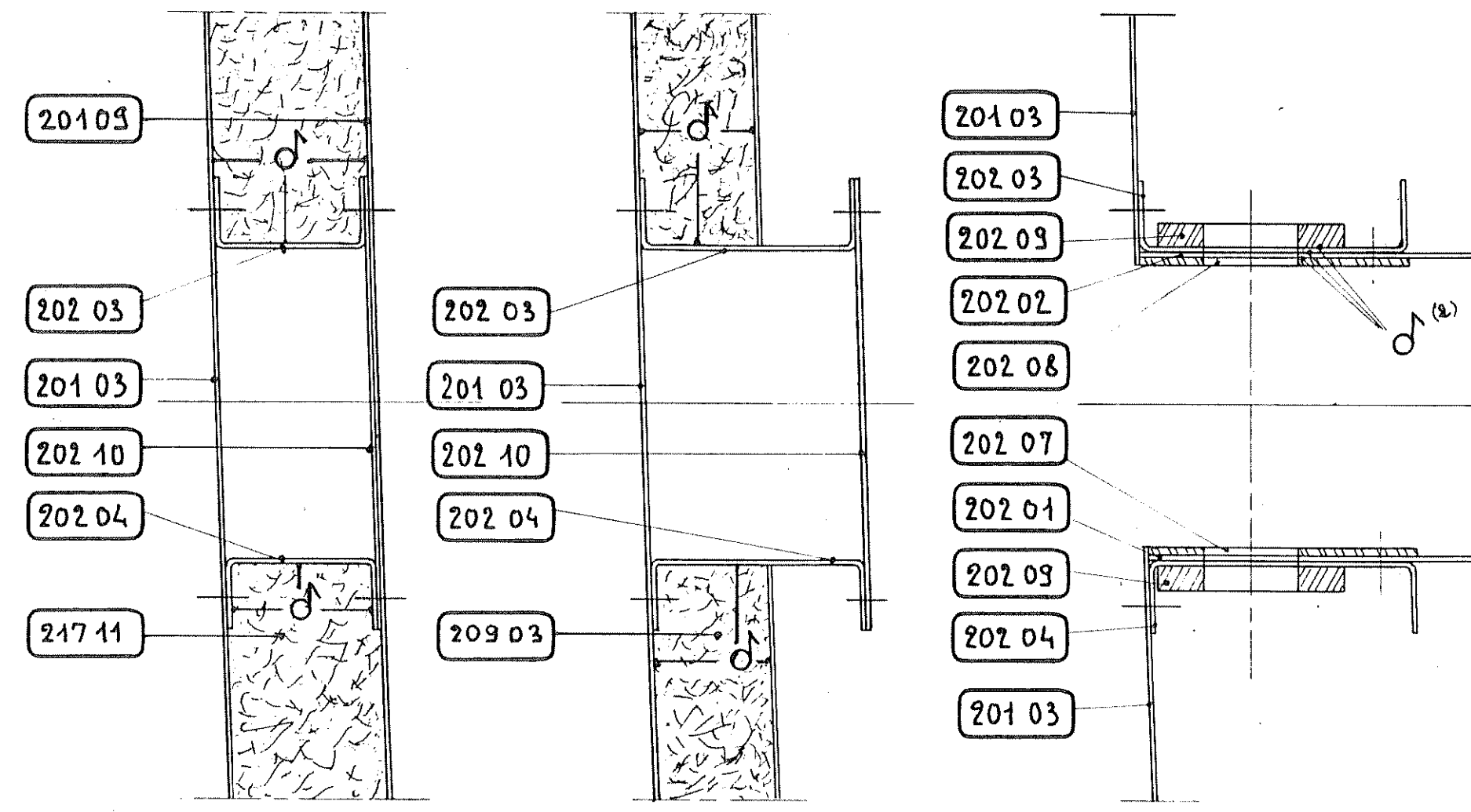
- BONDING:**
- ALL STACKED PARTS NEAR WING PIN HOLES Ø 16
 - LOWER COVER 202 06
 - JOINTS OF UPPER AND SIDE COVERS
- ∅ (1) BONDING TO HOLD LOWER COVER 202 06 IN PLACE PENDING FINAL ASSEMBLY WITH THE FUSELAGE.
- ∅ (2) STACK OF 4 PARTS TO BOND AT THE MOMENT OF RIVETING, TO FACILITATE BORING HOLES Ø 16 HOLES AFTERWARD.



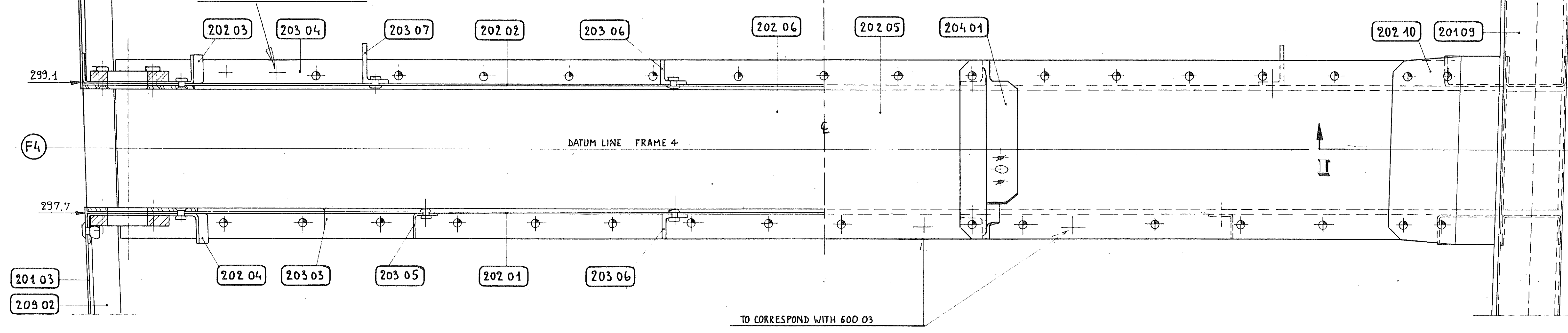
VIEW THROUGH III-III



SECTION DD SECTION CC SECTION BB



VIEW THROUGH BB-BB



TOP VIEW

(3) INTERNAL DIMENSION CORRESPONDING TO TOTAL THICKNESS OF SPAR. SEE PART 2 OF MANUAL FOR DETAILS OF ASSEMBLY.

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
204 02 2		ANCHOR NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø L ISO	420,000	
204 04 2		SEAT SUPPORT BRACKET	2024 T3		70 x 65 x 1	63,000	

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: FRAME 4 - FRONT FACE

Scale: 1/1

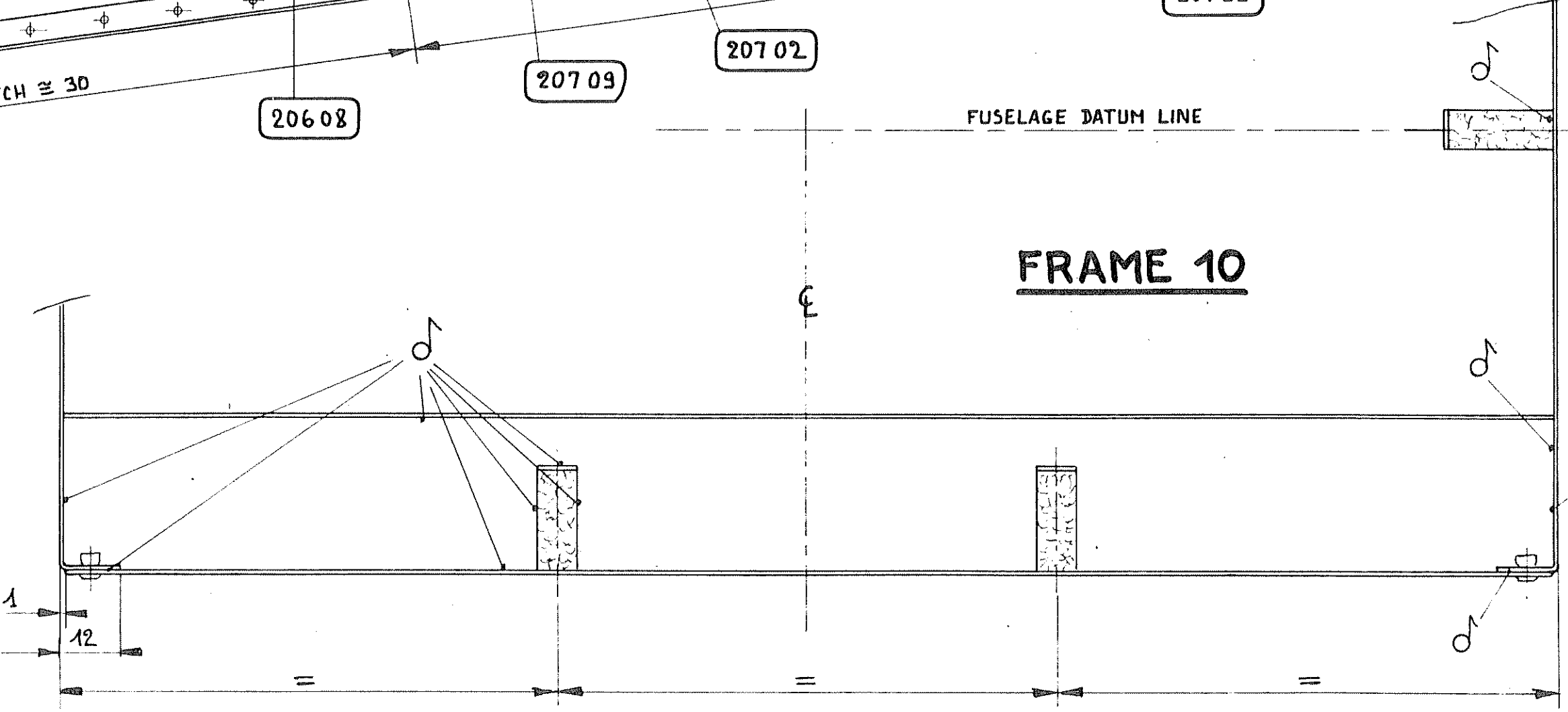
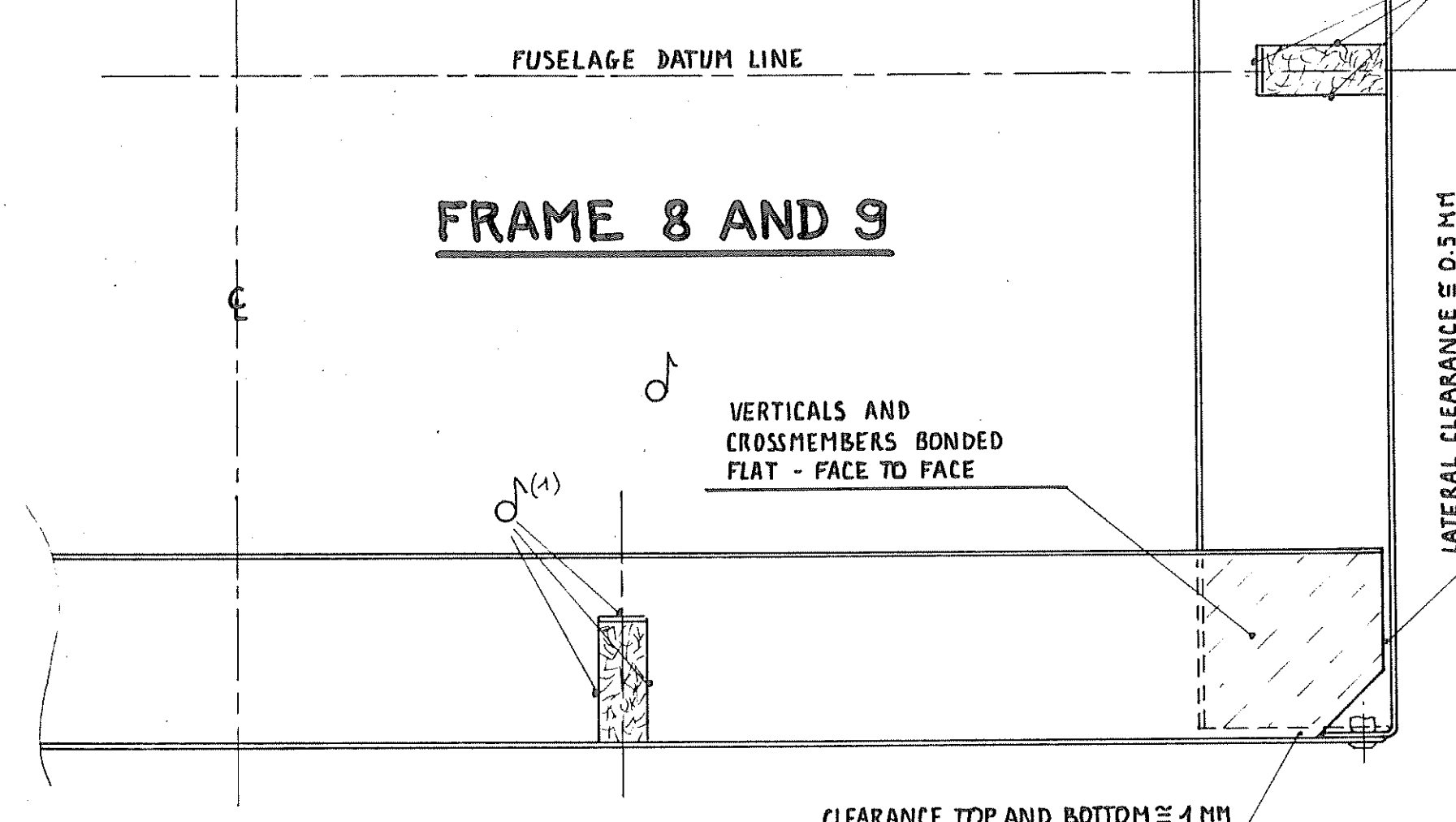
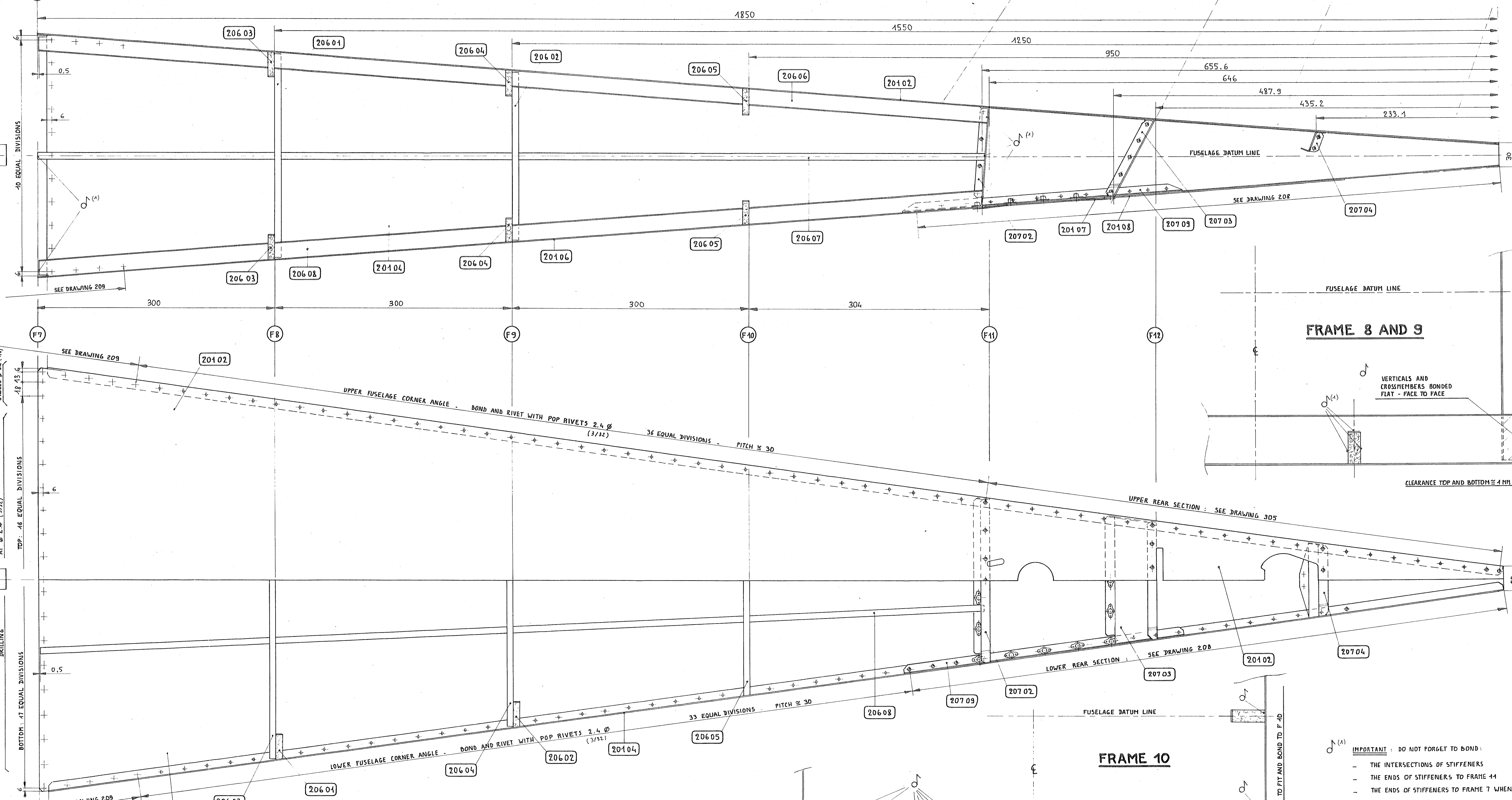
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Drawn by: Colomban Date: May 1981

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EQUIVALENT THICKNESS: 4 MM ± 0.040"

RIGHT SIDE - VIEW THROUGH CENTERLINE



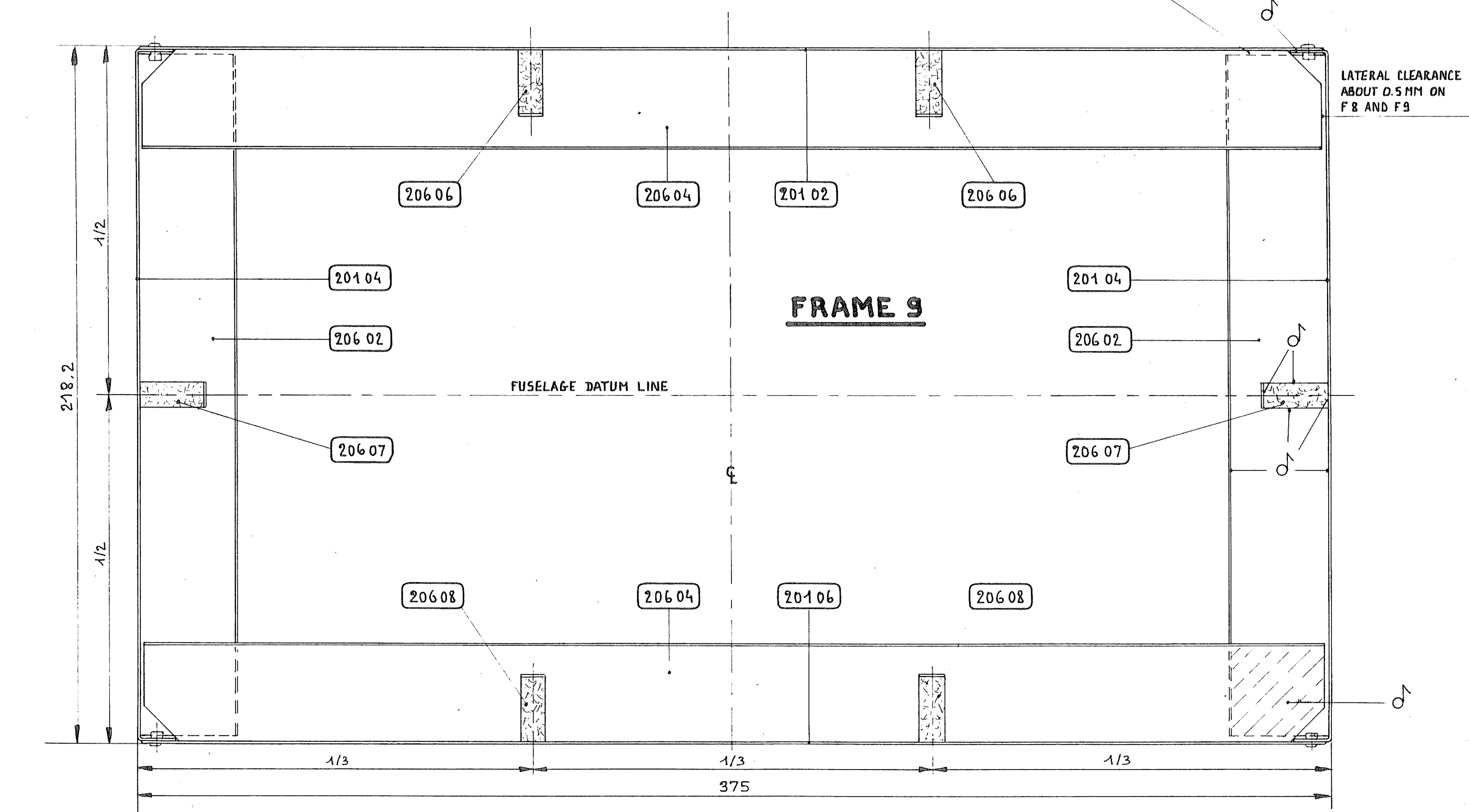
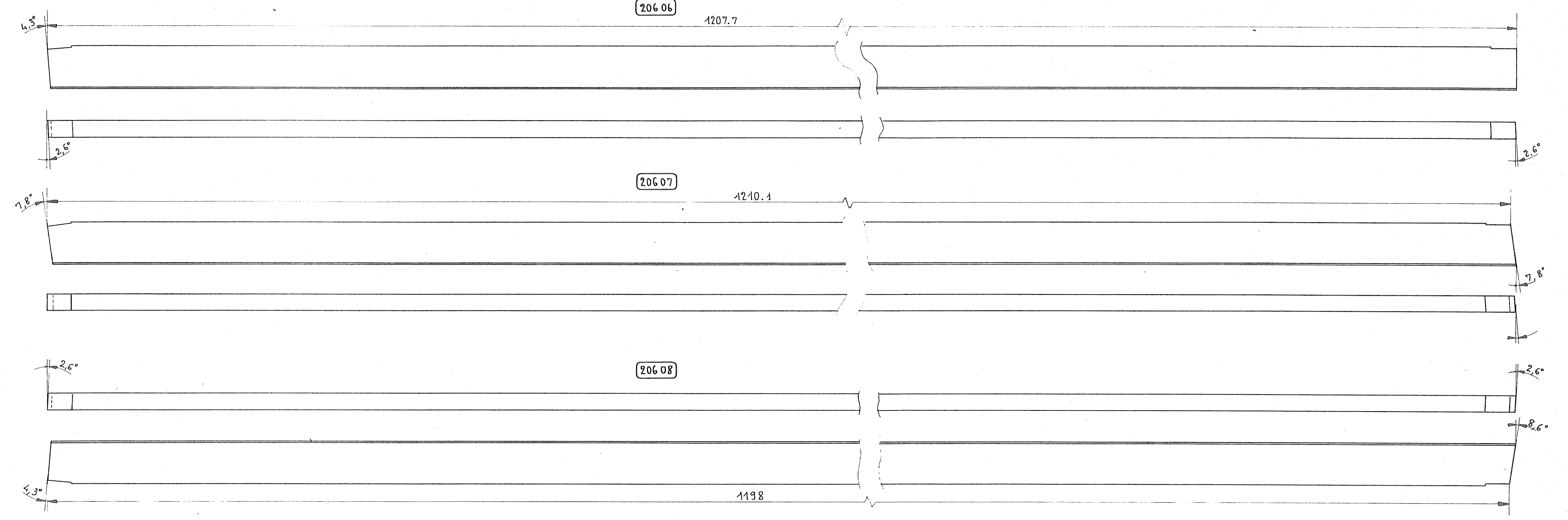
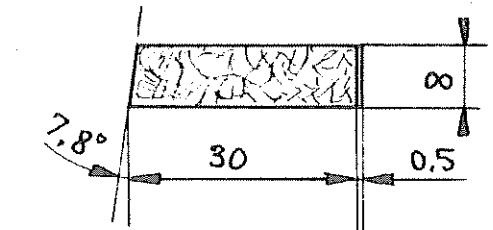
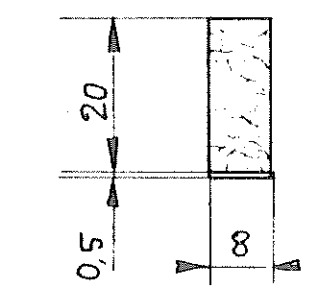
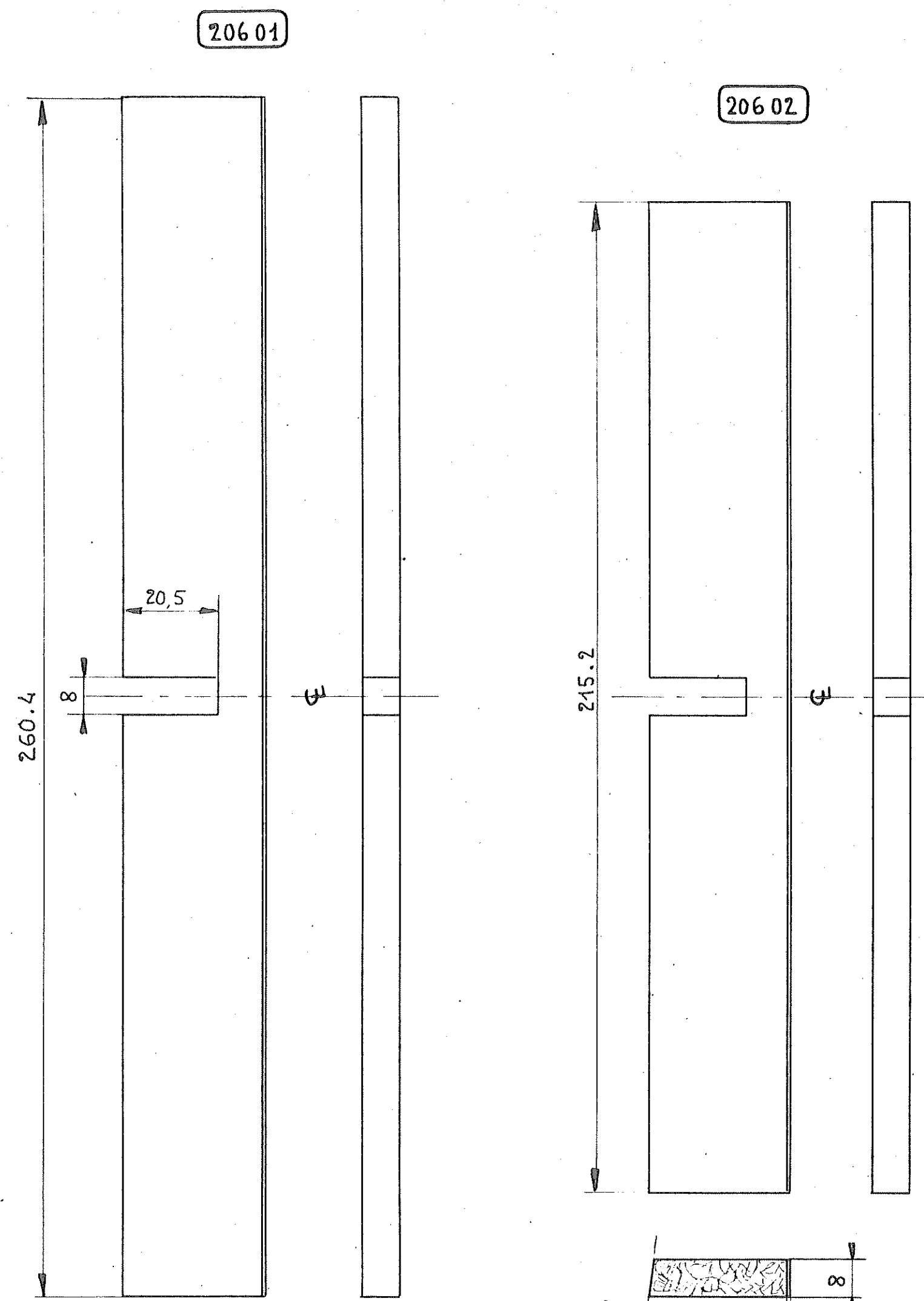
TOP VIEW - LEFT SIDE OF TOP SKIN NOT SHOWN



BONDING:
 FUSELAGE CORNER ANGLE
 STIFFENERS, ON THE EDGE AND ENDS
 JOINT OF SKINS ON FRAME 7

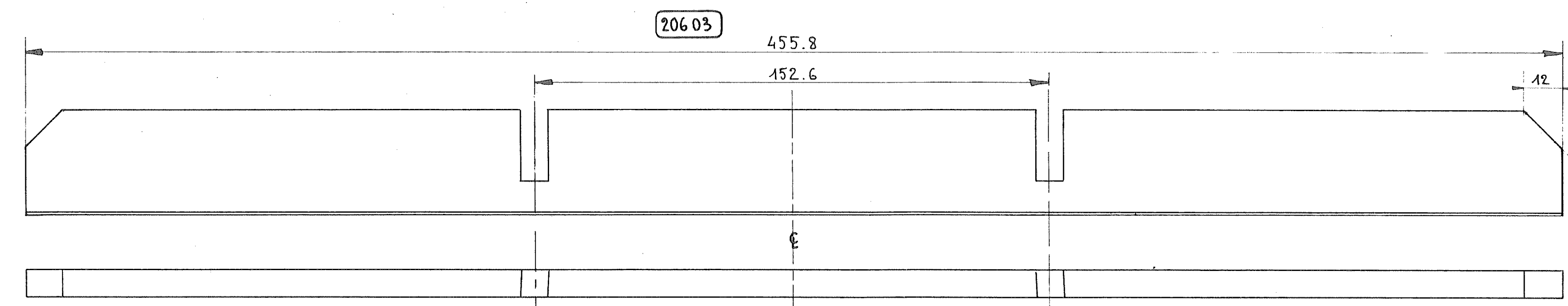
- IMPORTANT: DO NOT FORGET TO BOND:**
- THE INTERSECTIONS OF STIFFENERS
 - THE ENDS OF STIFFENERS TO FRAME 11
 - THE ENDS OF STIFFENERS TO FRAME 7 WHEN ASSEMBLING

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist	Comments
AVIONS							
COLOMBAN							
		CRICRI MC 15					
		TITLE: FUSELAGE - AFT PORTION RIVETING - STRINGERS					
Scale: 1/2 - 1/1		Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN					
Drawn by: Colomban		This sheet is one of a set for the CRICRI MC 15 airplane intended for use by an amateur builder holding a valid license for construction of a single example of this aircraft. Any other use of this plan, in whole or in part, will be deemed fraudulent.					
Date: May 1981							



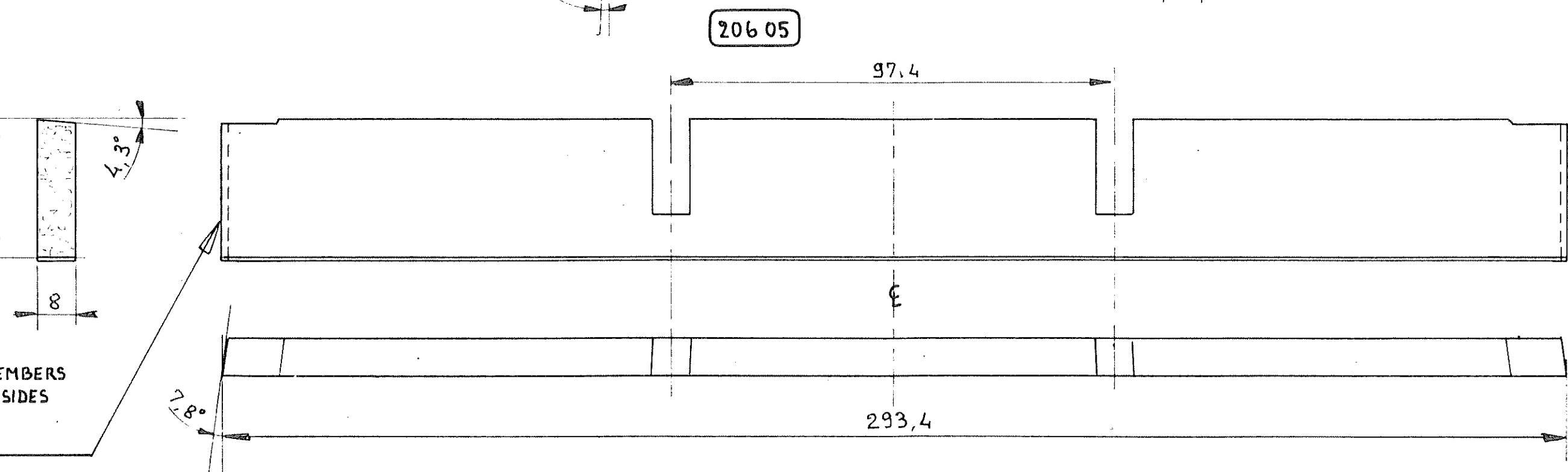
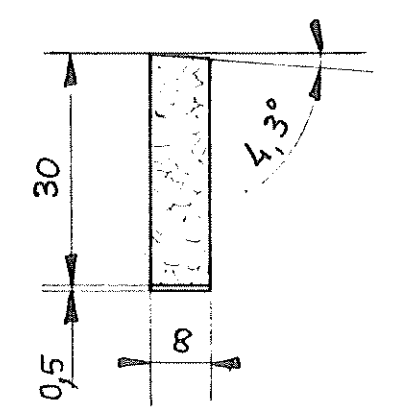
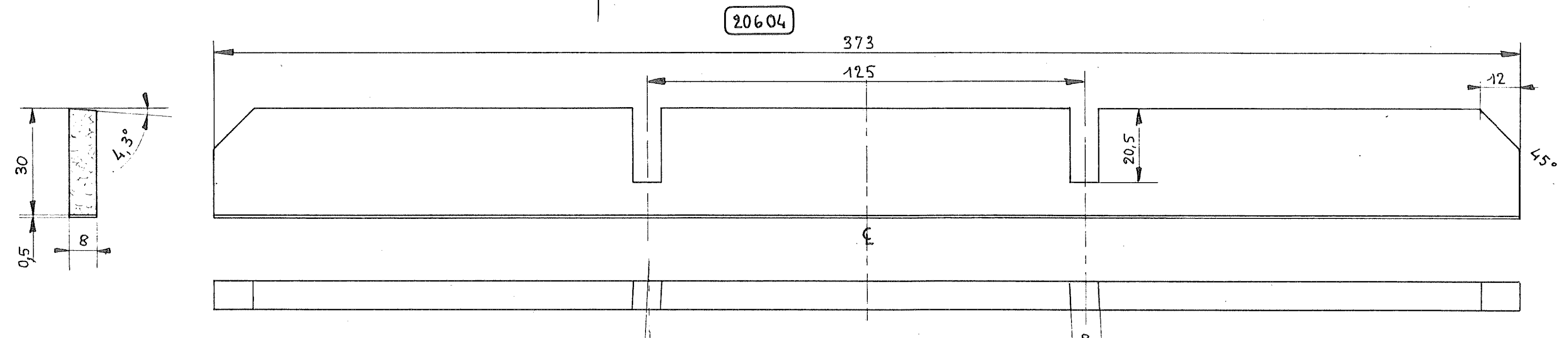
CLEARANCE TOP AND BOTTOM ABOUT 1MM ON FRAMES 8 AND 9

LATERAL CLEARANCE ABOUT 0.5MM ON F 8 AND 9



(1) ALL STIFFENERS ARE MADE UP OF:

- A WEB OF KLEGECELL 75 (OR CONTICELL 60) 20x8 OR 30x8, IN ONE OR SEVERAL PIECES JOINED BY SIMPLE BONDING
- A CAP IN 2024 T3 OF 0.50 THICKNESS IN A SINGLE PIECE BONDED TO THE KLEGECELL. THEY ARE BONDED AGAINST THE SKINS AND ON THE ENDS FOR THE LONGITUDINALS AND CROSSMEMBERS F-10



ENDS OF FRAME 10 CROSSMEMBERS TO FIT BETWEEN FUSELAGE SIDES AND TO BE BONDED OVER ENTIRE SURFACE

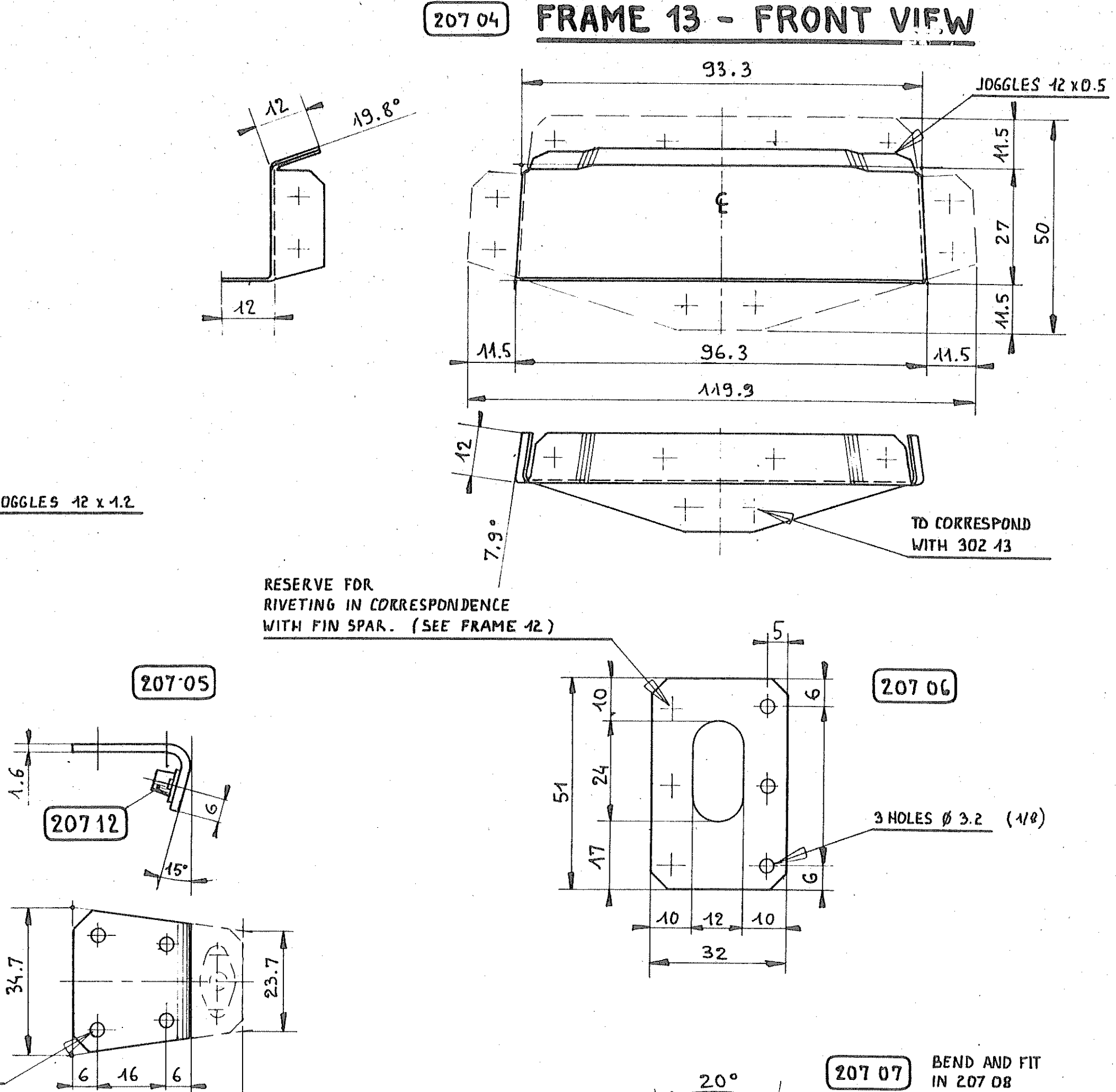
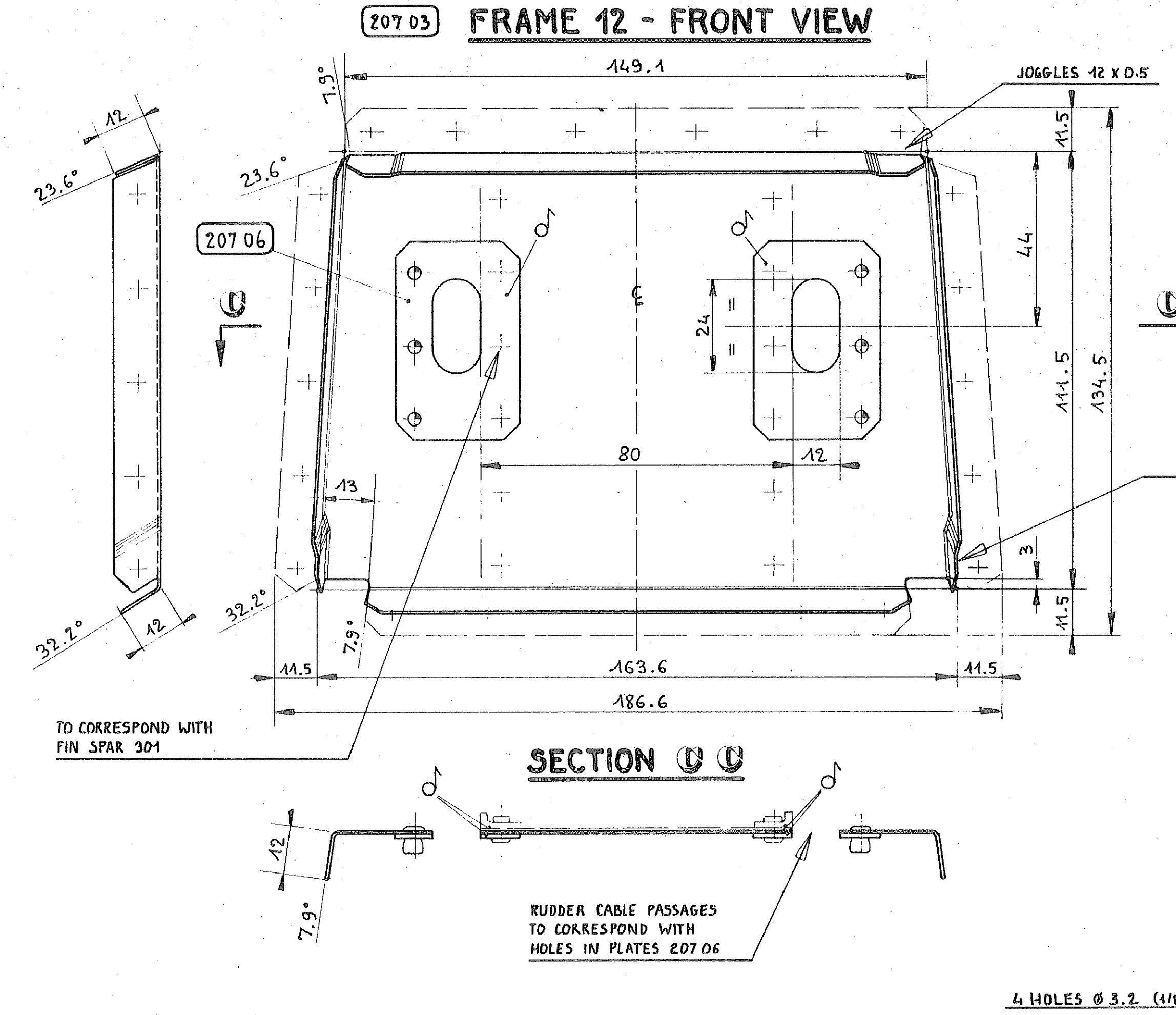
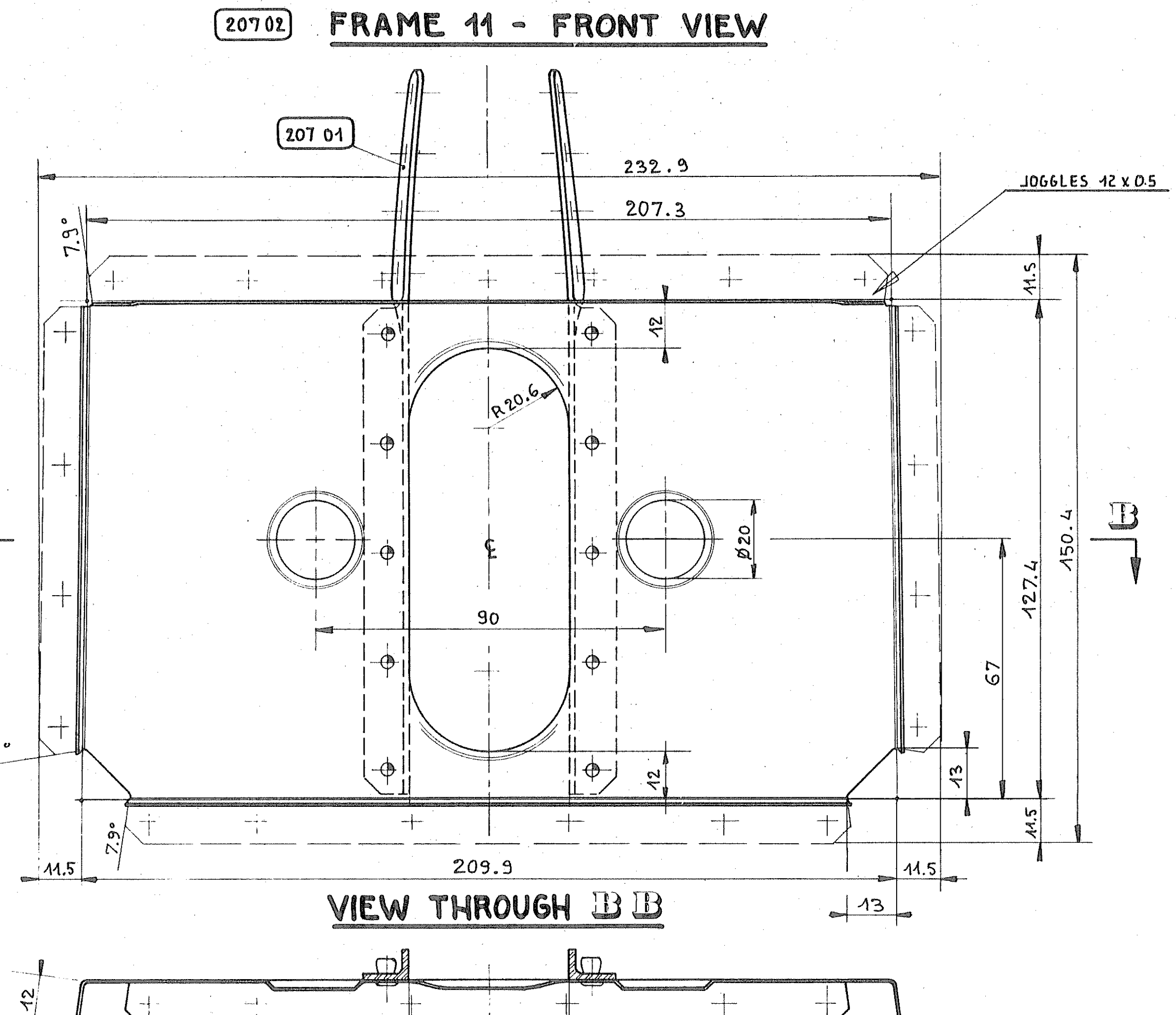
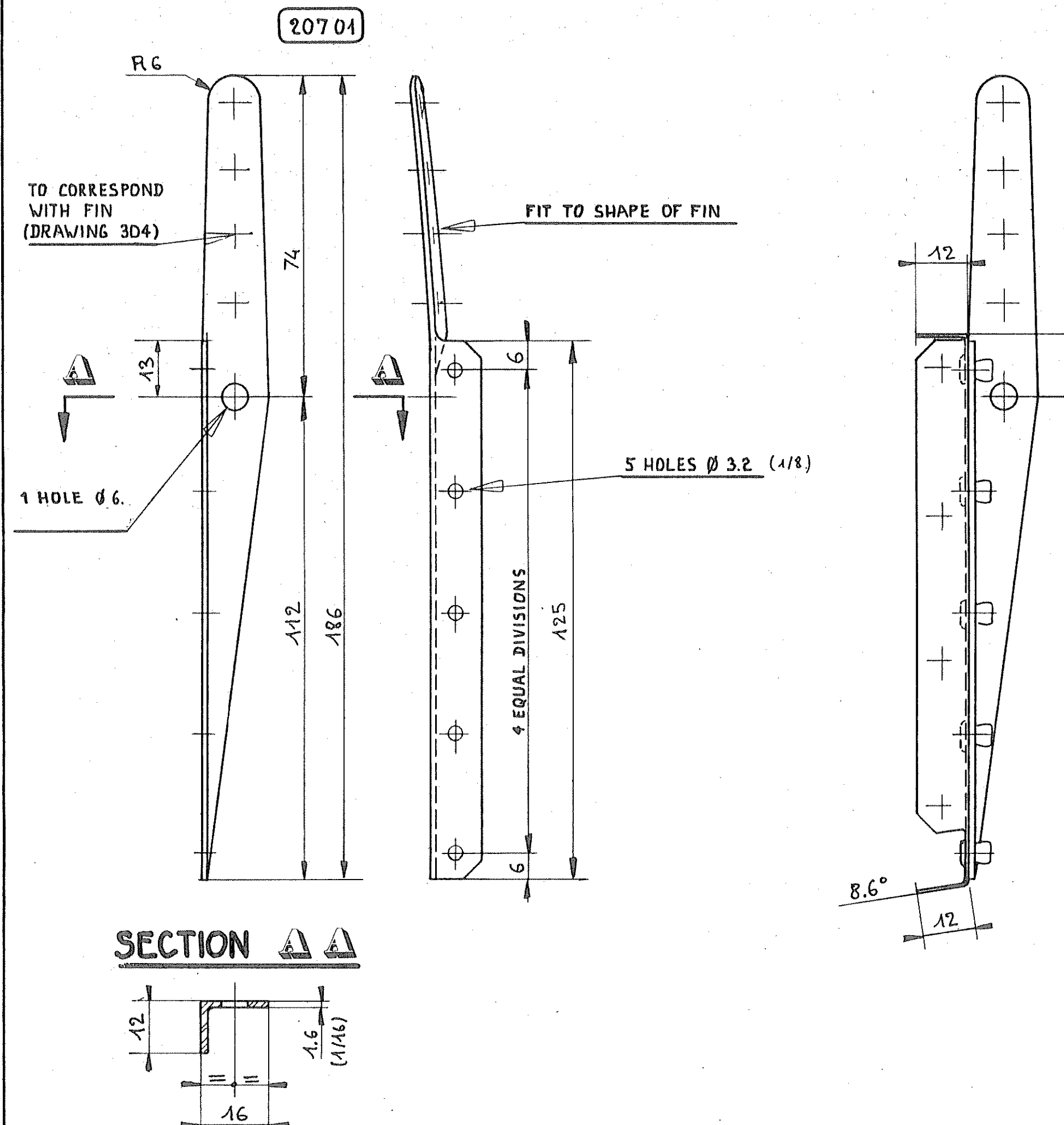
ALL THE LENGTH DIMENSIONS ARE VALID FOR A PERFECTLY MADE FUSELAGE. IN PRACTICE, IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO CHECK AND FIT AS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN THE END CLEARANCES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
206 08	2	STIFFENER - BOTTOM	KLEGECELL	75	12.15 x 20 x 8		(1)
206 07	2	STIFFENER - SIDE	KLEGECELL	75	12.15 x 20 x 8		(1)
206 06	2	STIFFENER - TOP	KLEGECELL	75	12.15 x 20 x 8		(1)
206 05	2	TRANSVERSE - F 10	KLEGECELL	75	295 x 30 x 8		(1)
206 04	2	TRANSVERSE - F 9	KLEGECELL	75	375 x 30 x 8		(1)
206 03	2	TRANSVERSE - F 8	KLEGECELL	75	460 x 30 x 8		(1)
206 02	2	VERTICAL - FRAME 9	KLEGECELL	75	220 x 30 x 8		(1)
206 01	2	VERTICAL - FRAME 8	KLEGECELL	75	265 x 30 x 8		(1)

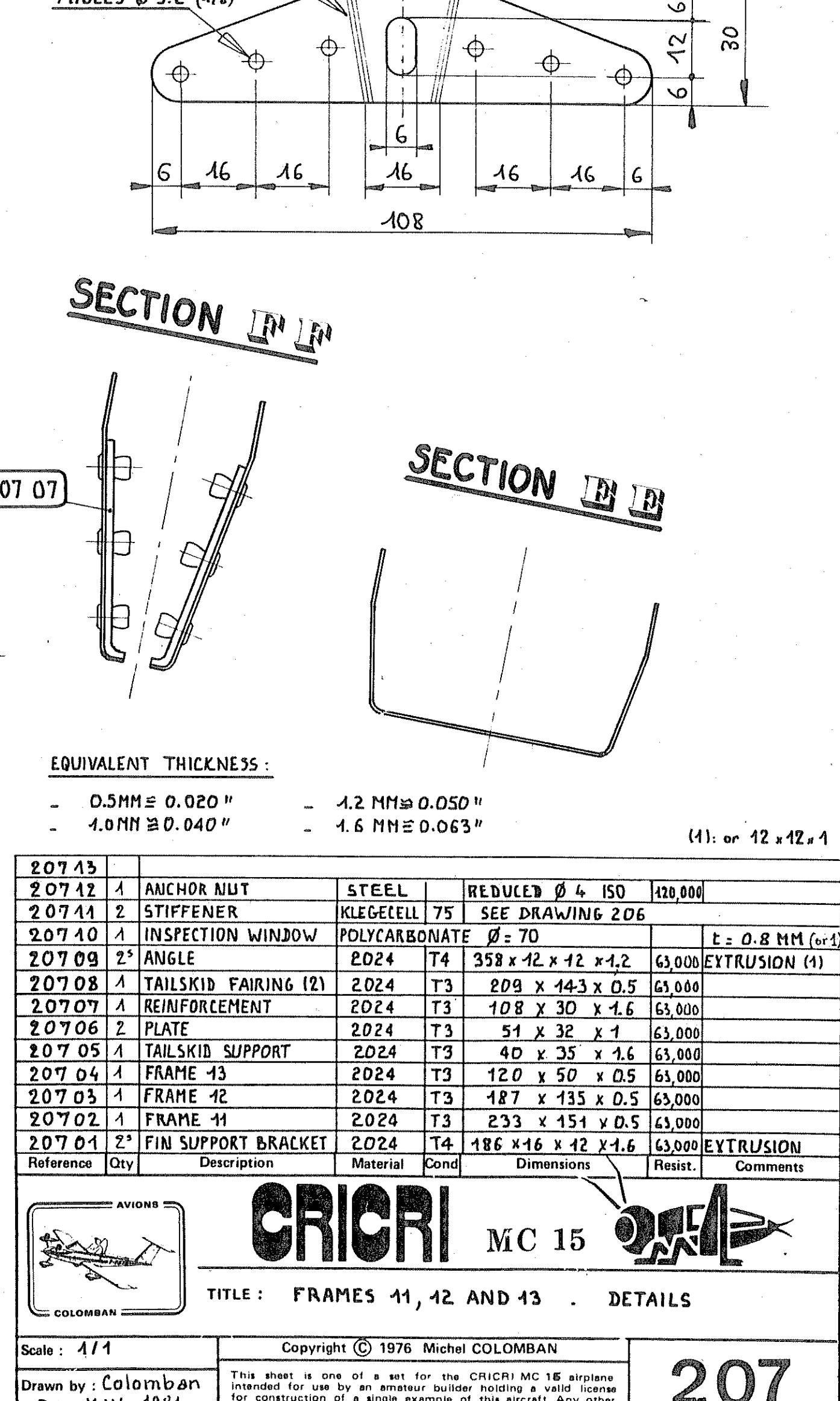
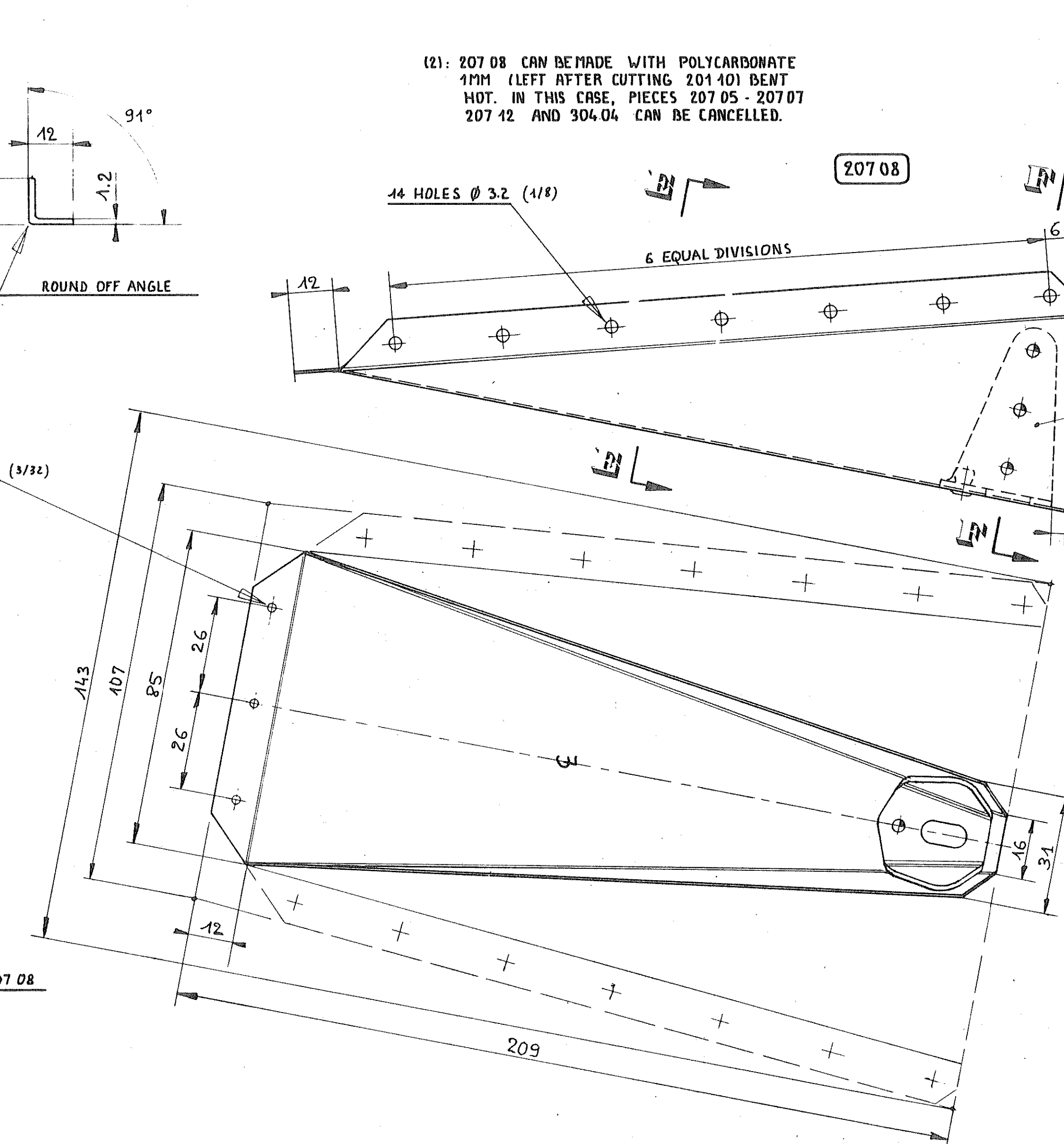
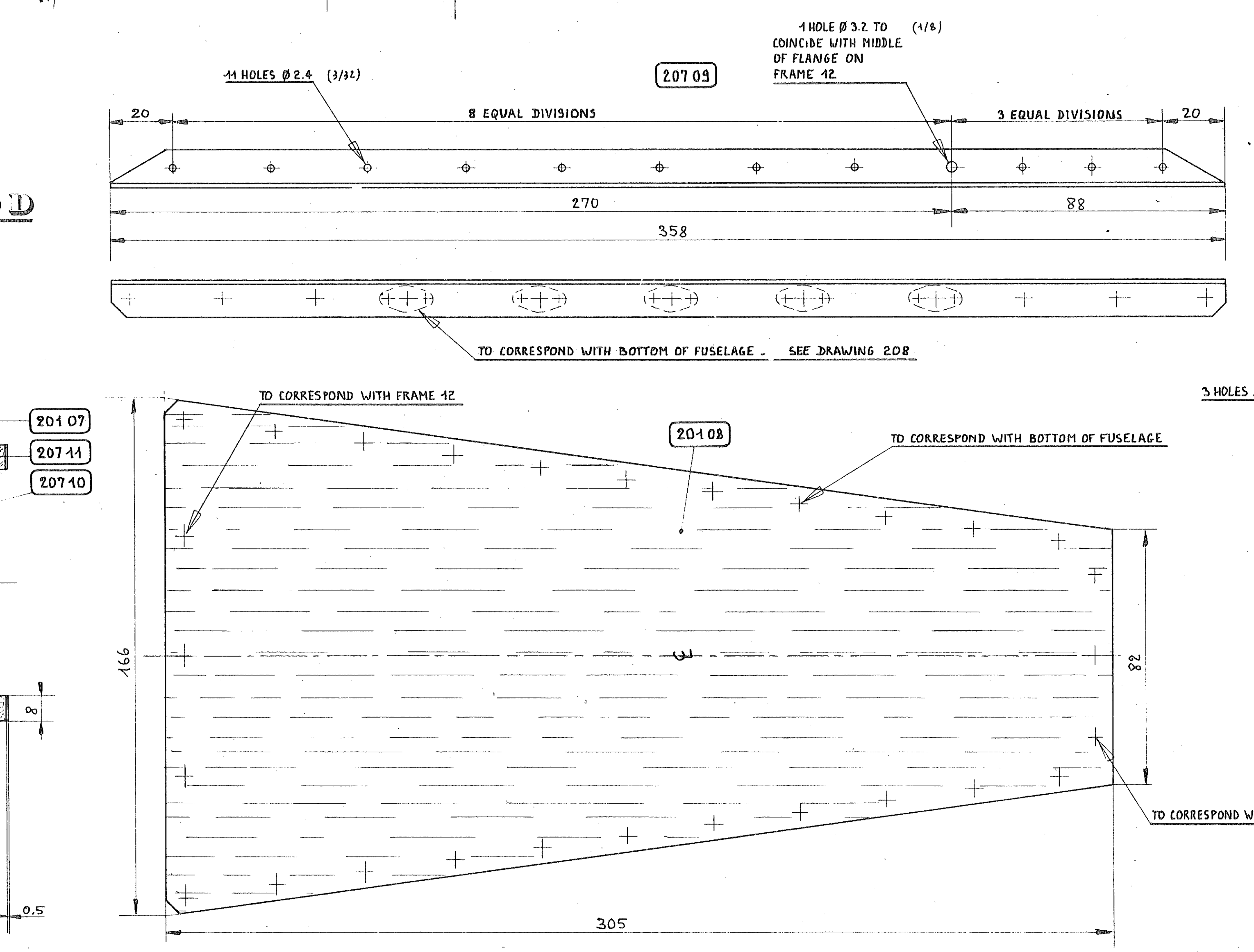
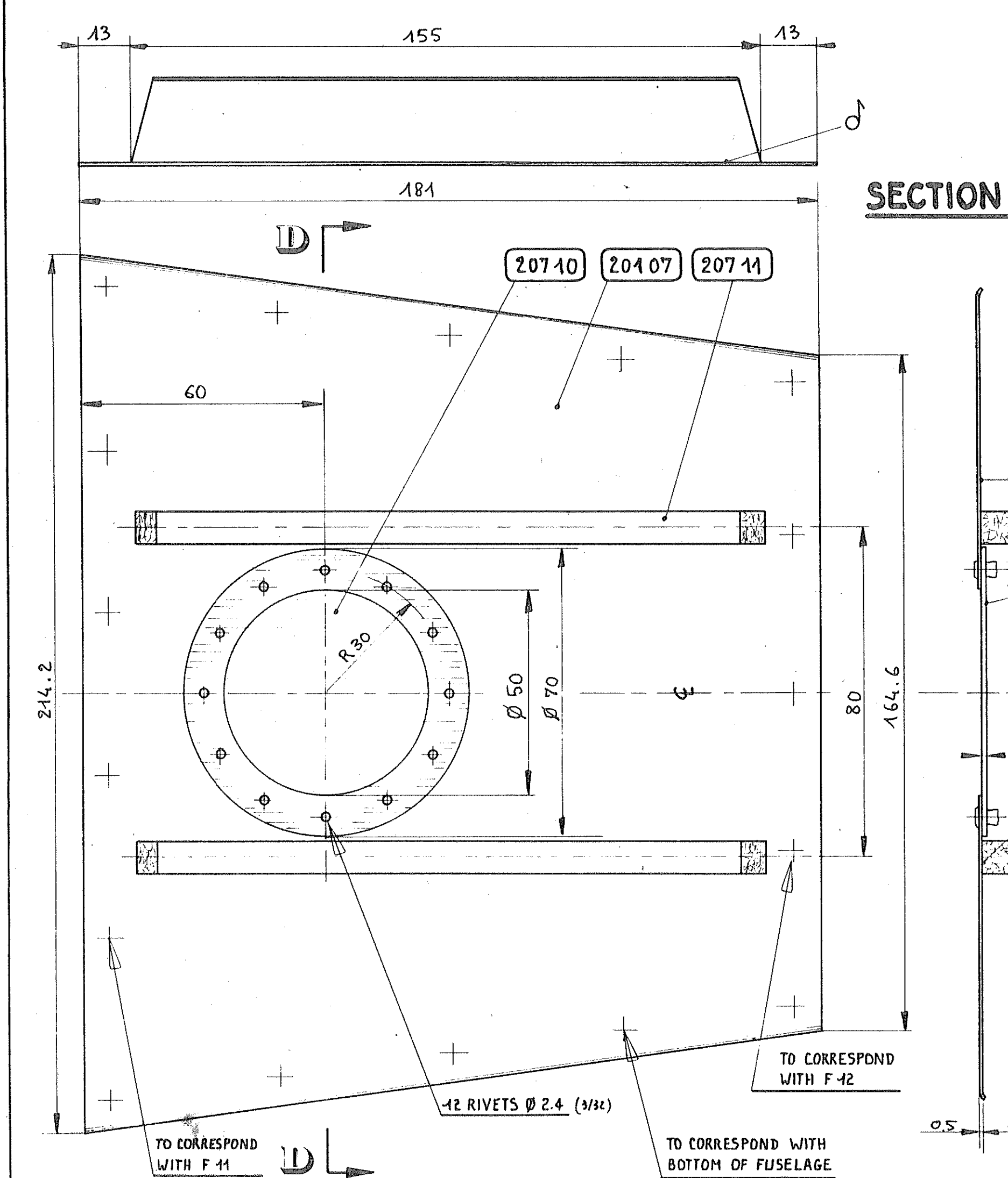
AVIONS
COLOMBAN

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: STIFFENERS - AFT PORTION OF FUSELAGE



ACCESS PANEL F11-F12 ASSEMBLED



(2): 207 08 CAN BE MADE WITH POLYCARBONATE 1MM (LEFT AFTER CUTTING 201 10) BENT HOT. IN THIS CASE, PIECES 207 05 - 207 07 207 12 AND 304 04 CAN BE CANCELLED.

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:

0.5MM \approx 0.020"	1.2 MM \approx 0.050"
1.0MM \approx 0.040"	1.6 MM \approx 0.063"

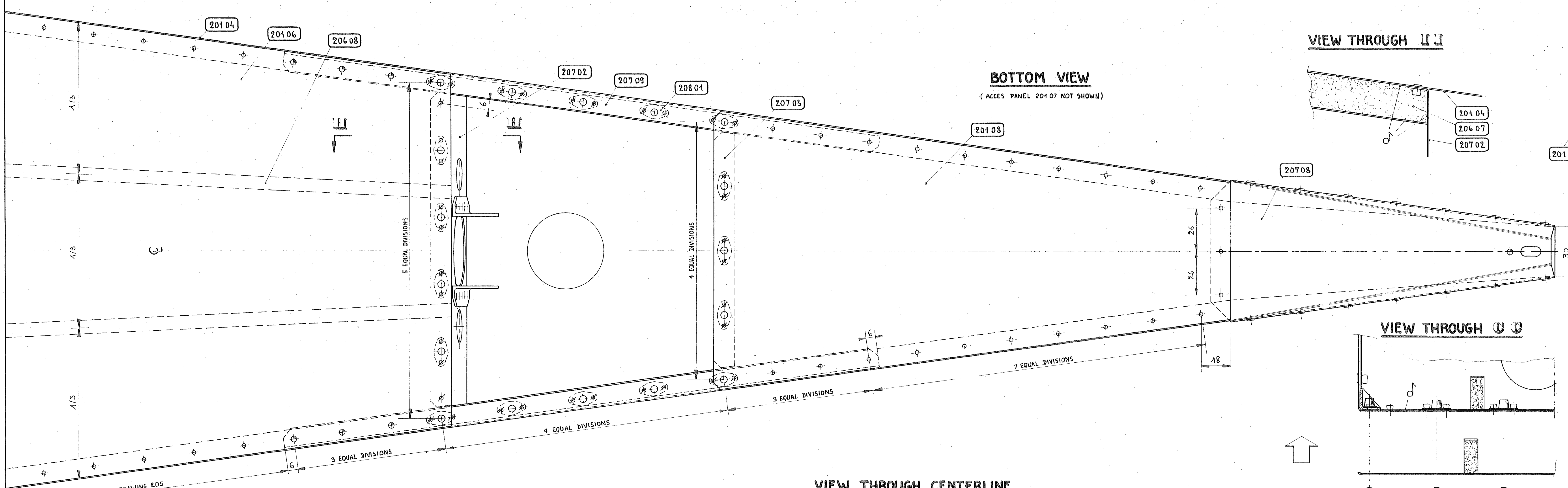
(1) or 42 x 42 x 4

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
207 13	4	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL		REDUCED $\varnothing 4$ ISO	120,000	
207 12	4	STIFFENER	ALUMINUM 75		SEE DRAWING 206		
207 11	2	INSPECTION WINDOW	POLYCARBONATE		$\varnothing 270$		\pm 0.8 MM (cor)
207 09	2	ANGLE	2024 T4		358 x 12 x 12 x 1.2	63,000	EXTRUSION (1)
207 08	1	TAILSKID FAIRING (2)	2024 T3		209 x 44.3 x 0.5	63,000	
207 07	1	REINFORCEMENT	2024 T3		108 x 30 x 1.6	63,000	
207 06	2	PLATE	2024 T3		51 x 32 x 1	63,000	
207 05	1	TAILSKID SUPPORT	2024 T3		40 x 35 x 1.6	63,000	
207 04	1	FRAME 13	2024 T3		12.0 x 50 x 0.5	63,000	
207 03	1	FRAME 12	2024 T3		147 x 135 x 0.5	63,000	
207 02	1	FRAME 11	2024 T3		233 x 151 x 0.5	63,000	
207 01	2	FIN SUPPORT BRACKET	2024 T4		186 x 16 x 42 x 1.6	63,000	EXTRUSION

AVIONE
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CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: FRAMES 11, 12 AND 13 - DETAILS



VIEW THROUGH A A

SECTION A A

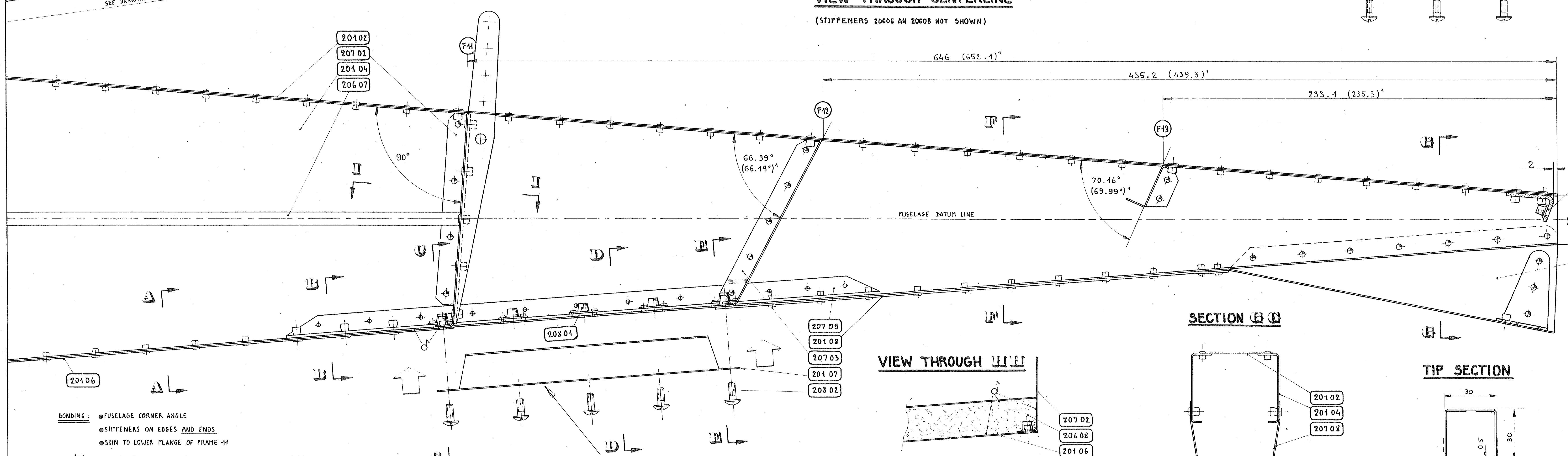
SECTION B B

VIEW THROUGH CENTERLINE
(STIFFENERS 206 06 AN 206 08 NOT SHOWN)

VIEW THROUGH C C

SECTION D D

VIEW THROUGH D D



SECTION E E

SECTION G G

TIP SECTION

- BONDING:**
- FUSELAGE CORNER ANGLE
 - STIFFENERS ON EDGES AND ENDS
 - SKIN TO LOWER FLANGE OF FRAME 11

(1) THE DIMENSIONS AND ANGLES IN PARENTHESIS ARE TO BE USED ON THE ACTUAL FUSELAGE SIDE SKINS. THE OTHERS ARE PROJECTED ON THE SYMMETRY (SAME FOR DRAWINGS 200 AND 205), HENCE THE DIFFERENCE.

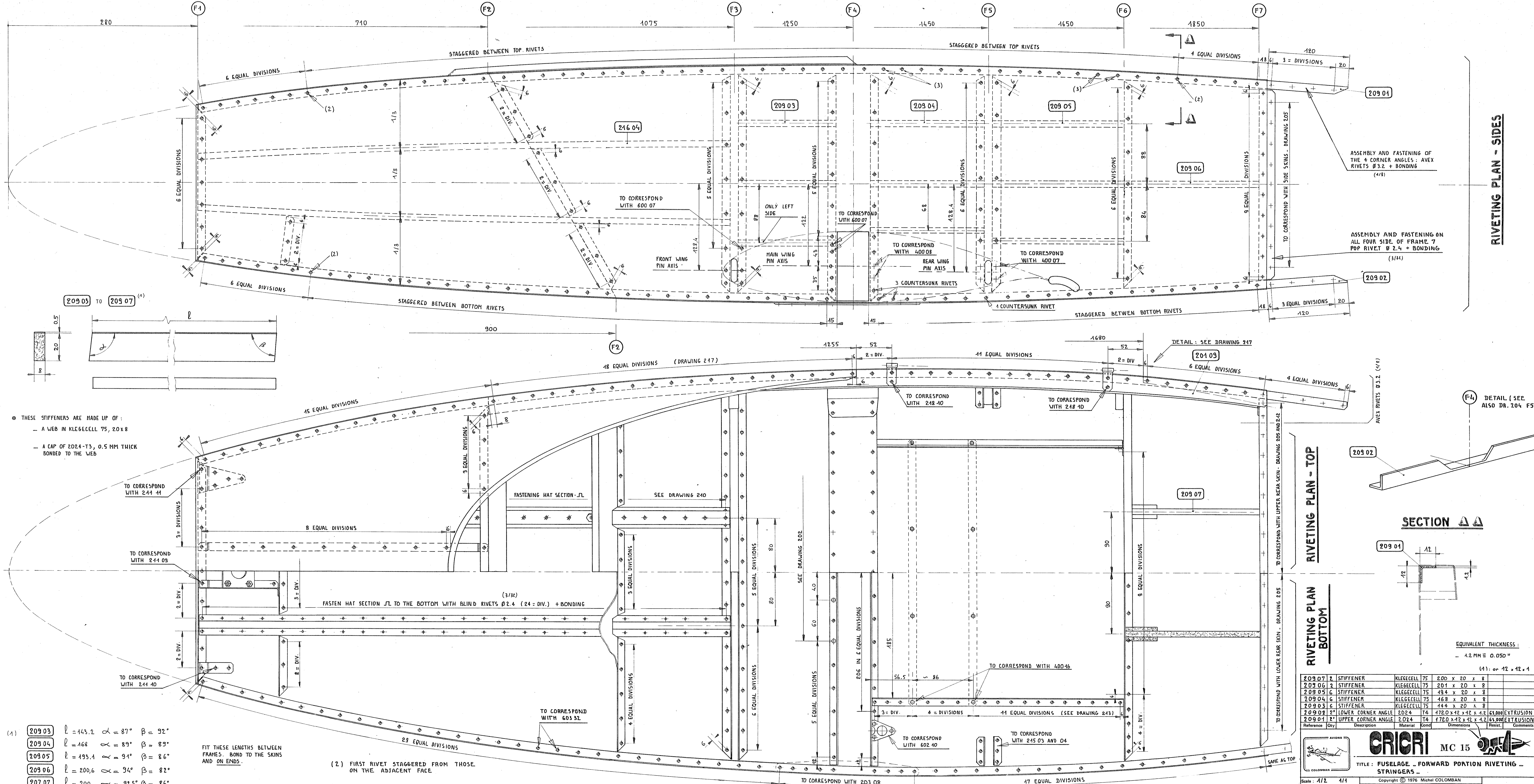
ASSEMBLED ACCESS PANEL: SEE DRAWING 207
DO NOT JOGGLE. THIS PANEL IS SUFFICIENTLY FLEXIBLE TO BEAR AGAINST THE BOTTOM WITH THE SCREWS.

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
208 02	17	SCREW	STEEL		ROUND HD. 4x40 ISO 4000		
208 01	17	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 4 ISO 4000		

AVIONS
COLUMBAN

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: FUSELAGE - AFT PORTION - ASSEMBLY



RIVETING PLAN - SIDES

ASSEMBLY AND FASTENING OF THE 4 CORNER ANGLES: AVEV RIVETS Ø 3.2 + BONDING (4/8)

ASSEMBLY AND FASTENING ON ALL FOUR SIDE OF FRAME 7: POP RIVET Ø 2.4 + BONDING (3/32)

DETAIL (SEE ALSO DR. 204 F5)

SECTION $\Delta\Delta$

RIVETING PLAN - TOP

RIVETING PLAN - BOTTOM

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:
- 4.2 MM \pm 0.050"

(1): or 12 x 12 x 1

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
209 07	2	STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 75		200 x 20 x 8		
209 06	2	STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 75		201 x 20 x 8		
209 05	6	STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 75		494 x 20 x 8		
209 04	6	STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 75		469 x 20 x 8		
209 03	6	STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 75		444 x 20 x 8		
209 02	2	LOWER CORNER ANGLE	2024 T4		472.0 x 42 x 42 x 4.2	65.000	EXTRUSION (1)
209 01	2	UPPER CORNER ANGLE	2024 T4		472.0 x 42 x 42 x 4.2	65.000	EXTRUSION (1)

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: FUSELAGE - FORWARD PORTION RIVETING - STRINGERS

Scale: 1/2 1/1
 Drawn by: Colomban
 Date: May 1981
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- THESE STIFFENERS ARE MADE UP OF:
 - A WEB IN KLEGECELL 75, 20 x 8
 - A CAP OF 2024-T3, 0.5 MM THICK BONDED TO THE WEB

- (1)
- | | | | |
|--------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 209 03 | l = 143.2 | $\alpha = 87^\circ$ | $\beta = 92^\circ$ |
| 209 04 | l = 168 | $\alpha = 89^\circ$ | $\beta = 83^\circ$ |
| 209 05 | l = 193.1 | $\alpha = 94^\circ$ | $\beta = 86^\circ$ |
| 209 06 | l = 200.6 | $\alpha = 94^\circ$ | $\beta = 82^\circ$ |
| 207 07 | l = 200 | $\alpha = 92.5^\circ$ | $\beta = 86^\circ$ |

FIT THESE LENGTHS BETWEEN FRAMES. BOND TO THE SKINS AND ON ENDS.

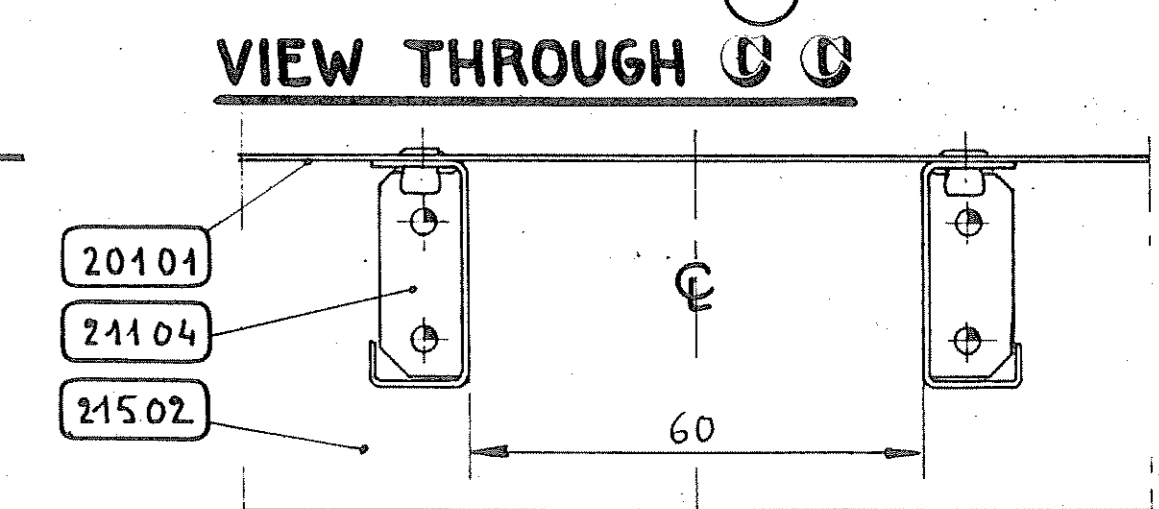
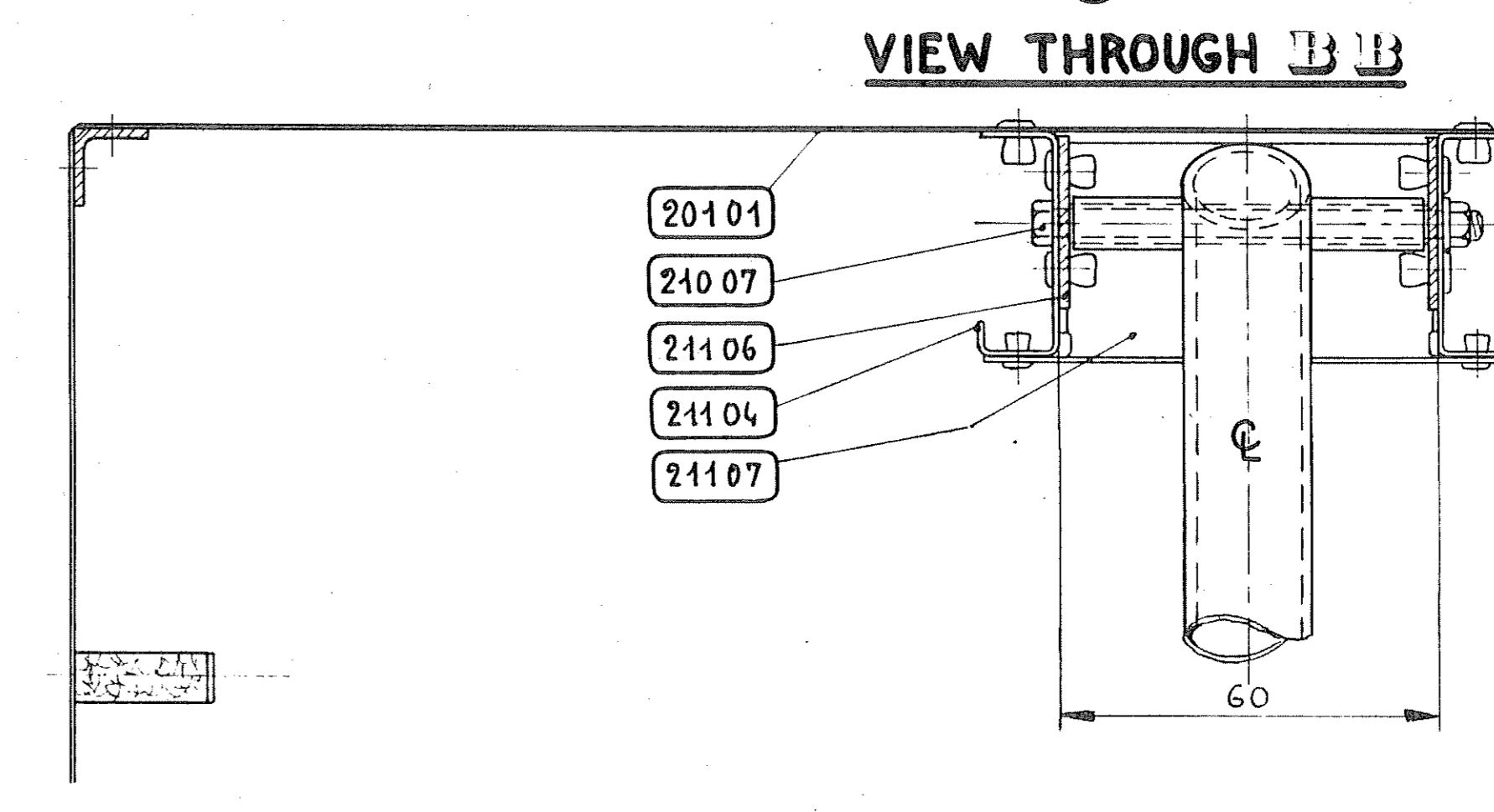
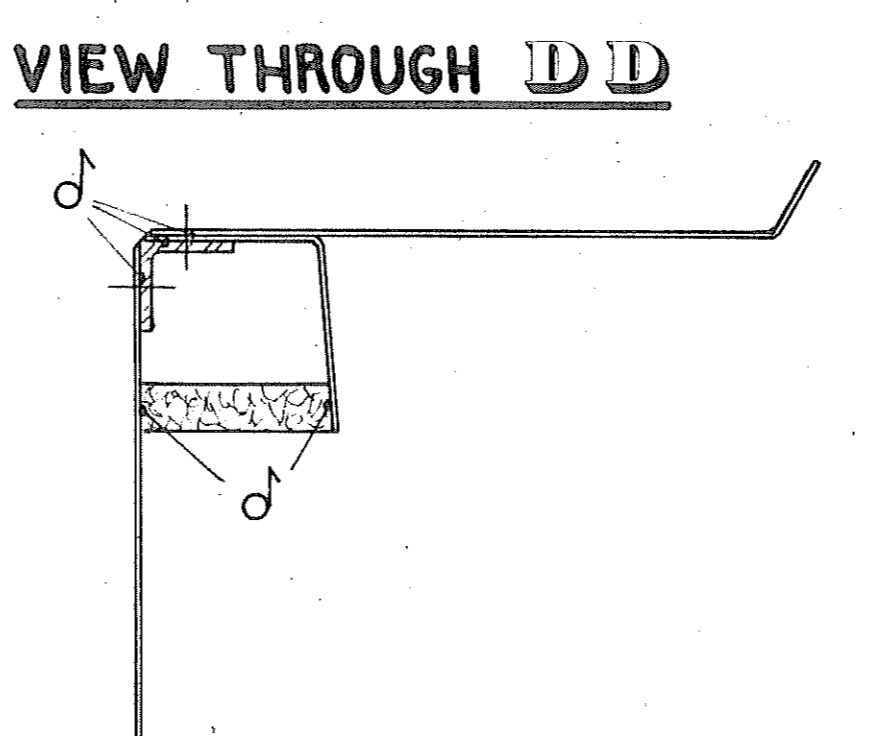
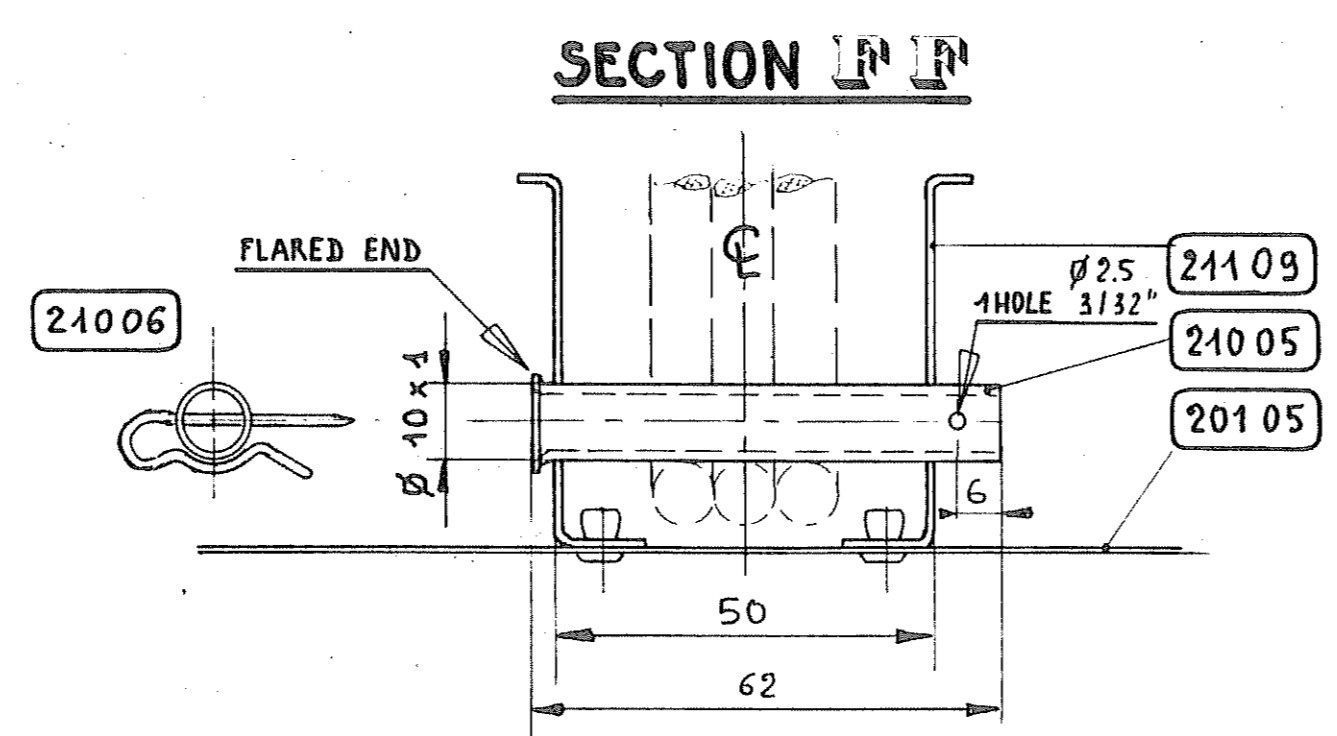
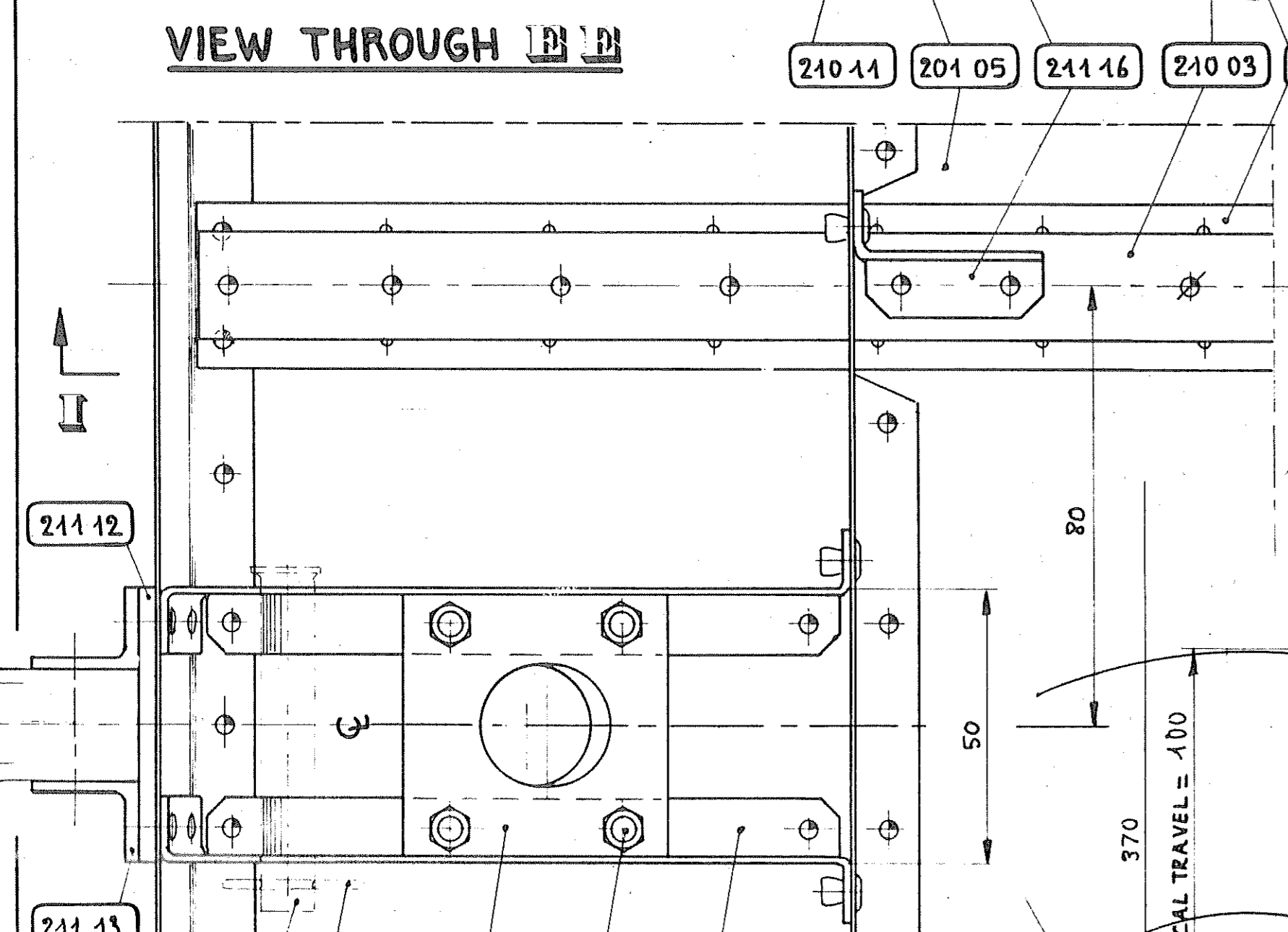
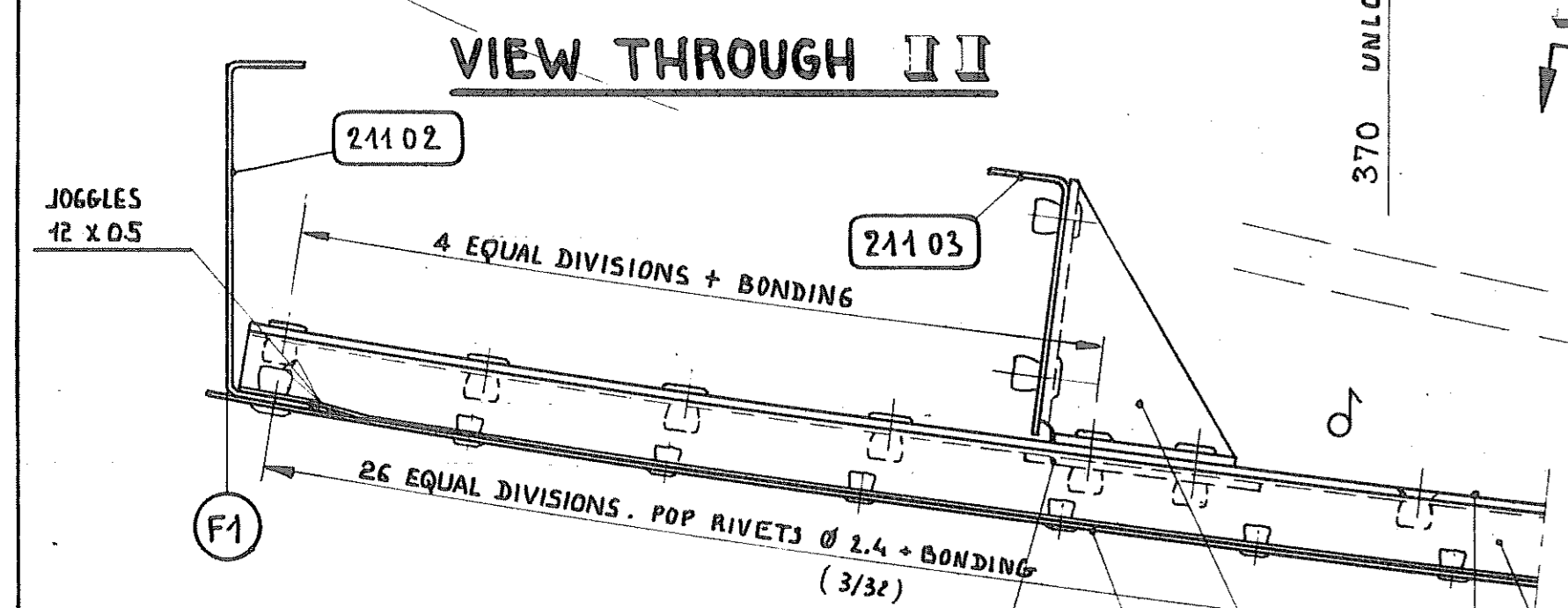
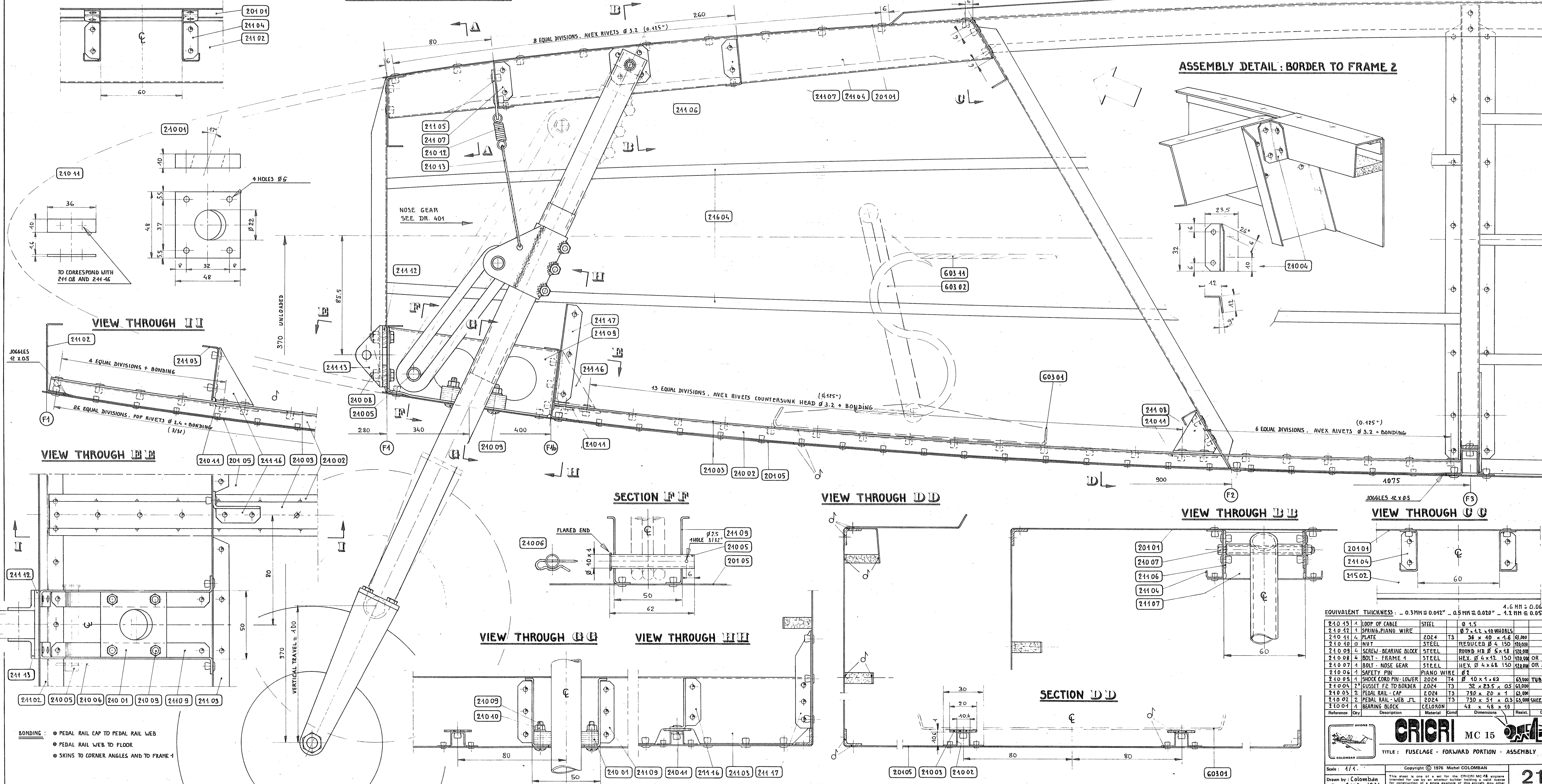
(2) FIRST RIVET STAGGERED FROM THOSE ON THE ADJACENT FACE

(3) TO CORRESPOND WITH 248 09 (RIGHT AND SIDE)

VIEW THROUGH AA

VIEW THROUGH CENTERLINE

ASSEMBLY DETAIL: BORDER TO FRAME 2



BONDING:

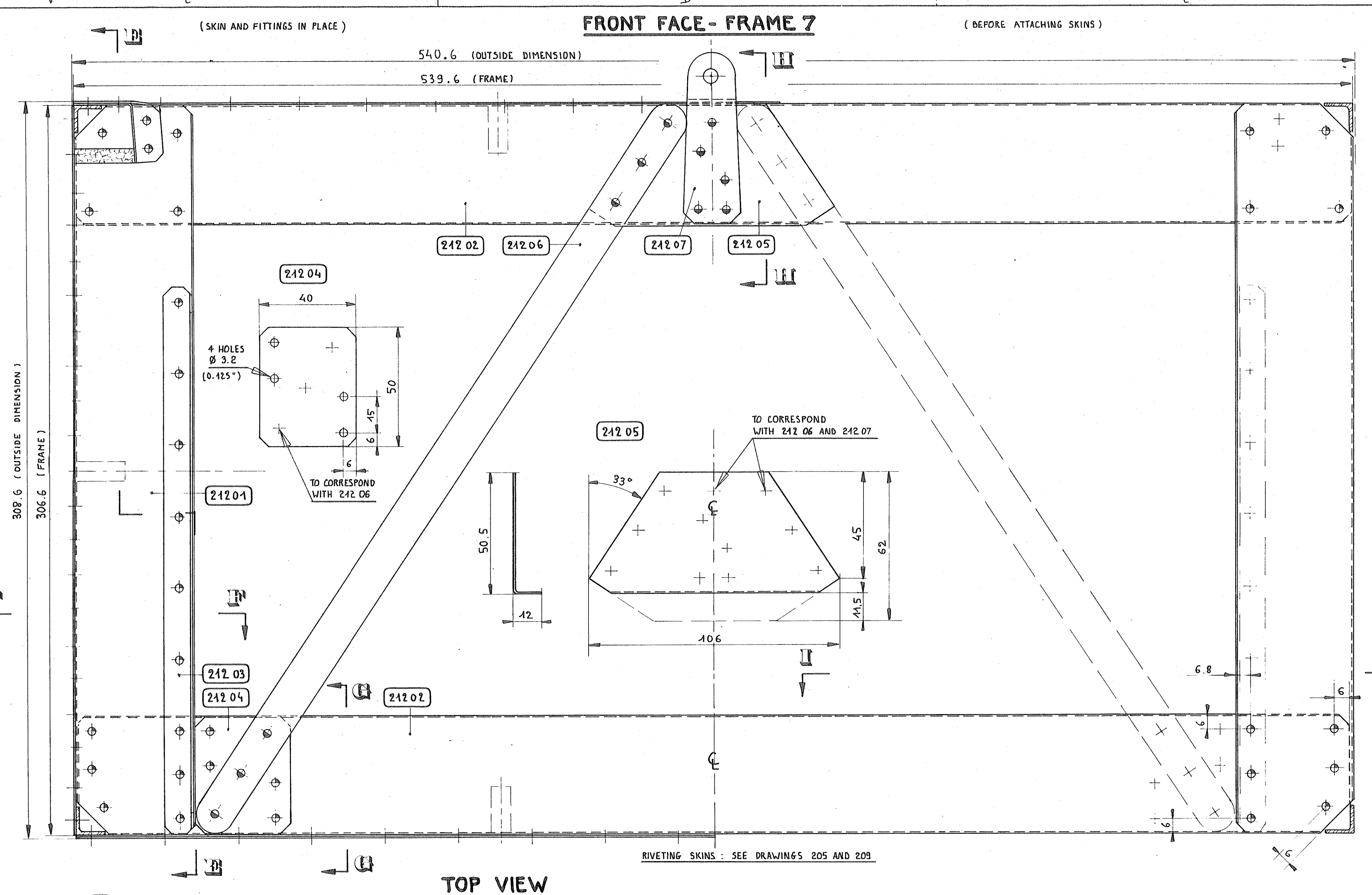
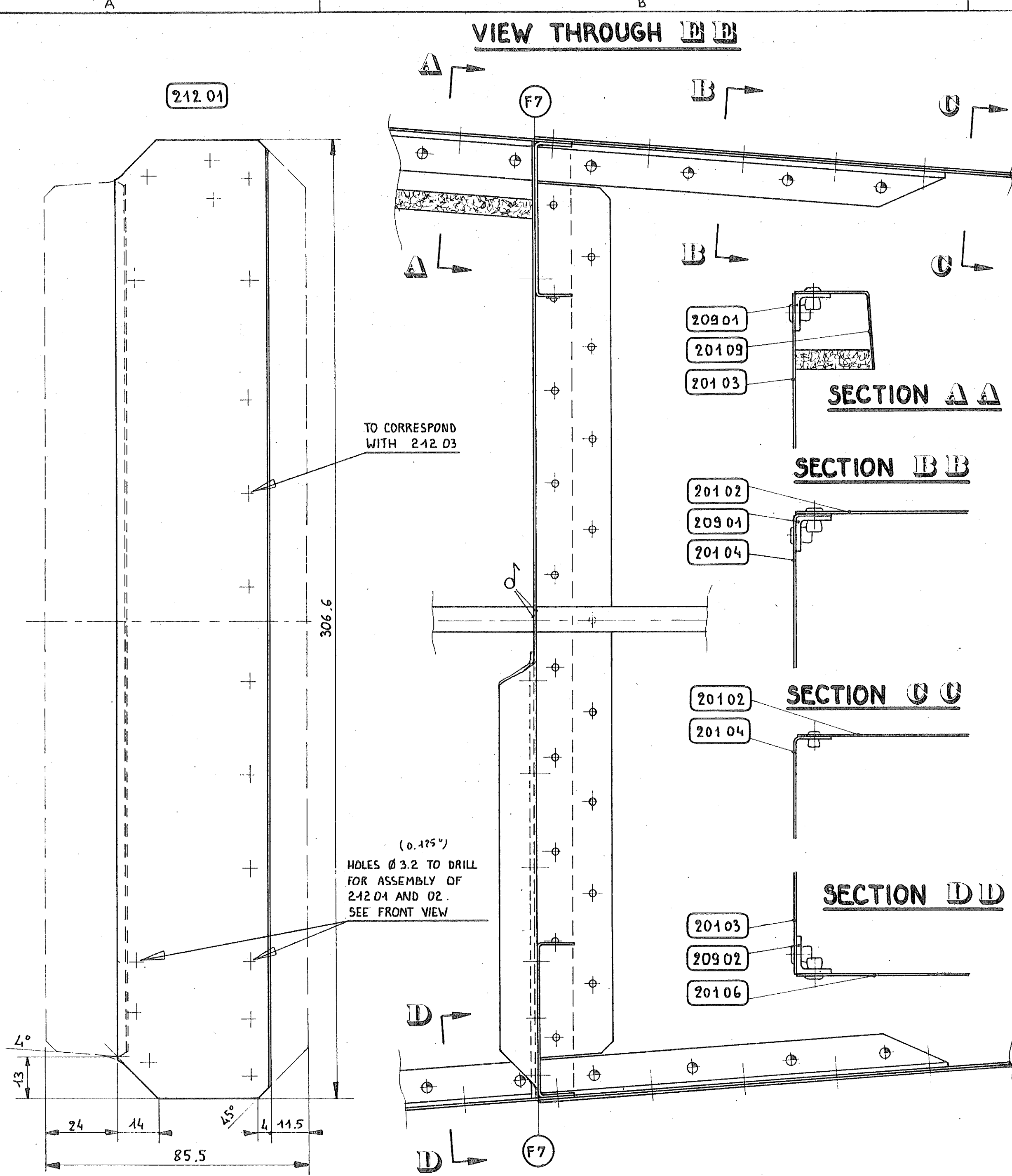
- PEDAL RAIL CAP TO PEDAL RAIL WEB
- PEDAL RAIL WEB TO FLOOR
- SKINS TO CORNER ANGLES AND TO FRAME 1

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS: - 0.3MM ± 0.012" - 0.5MM ± 0.020" - 4.6MM ± 0.063" - 1.2MM ± 0.05"

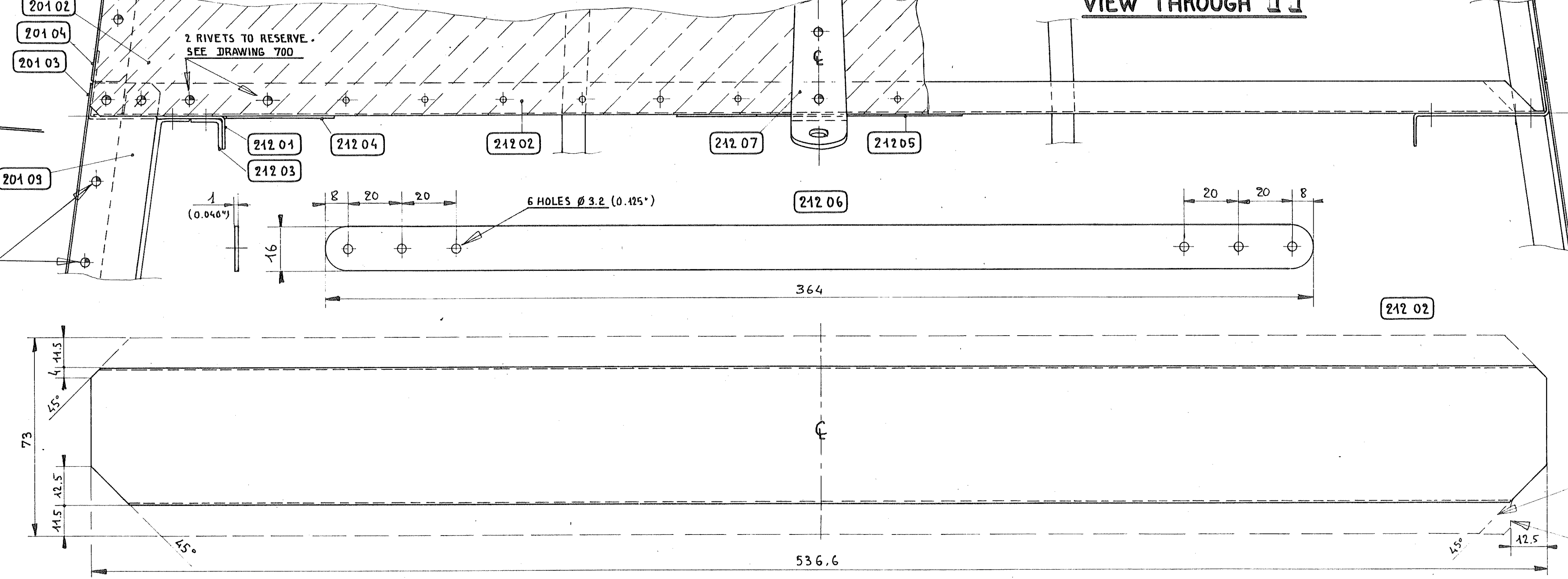
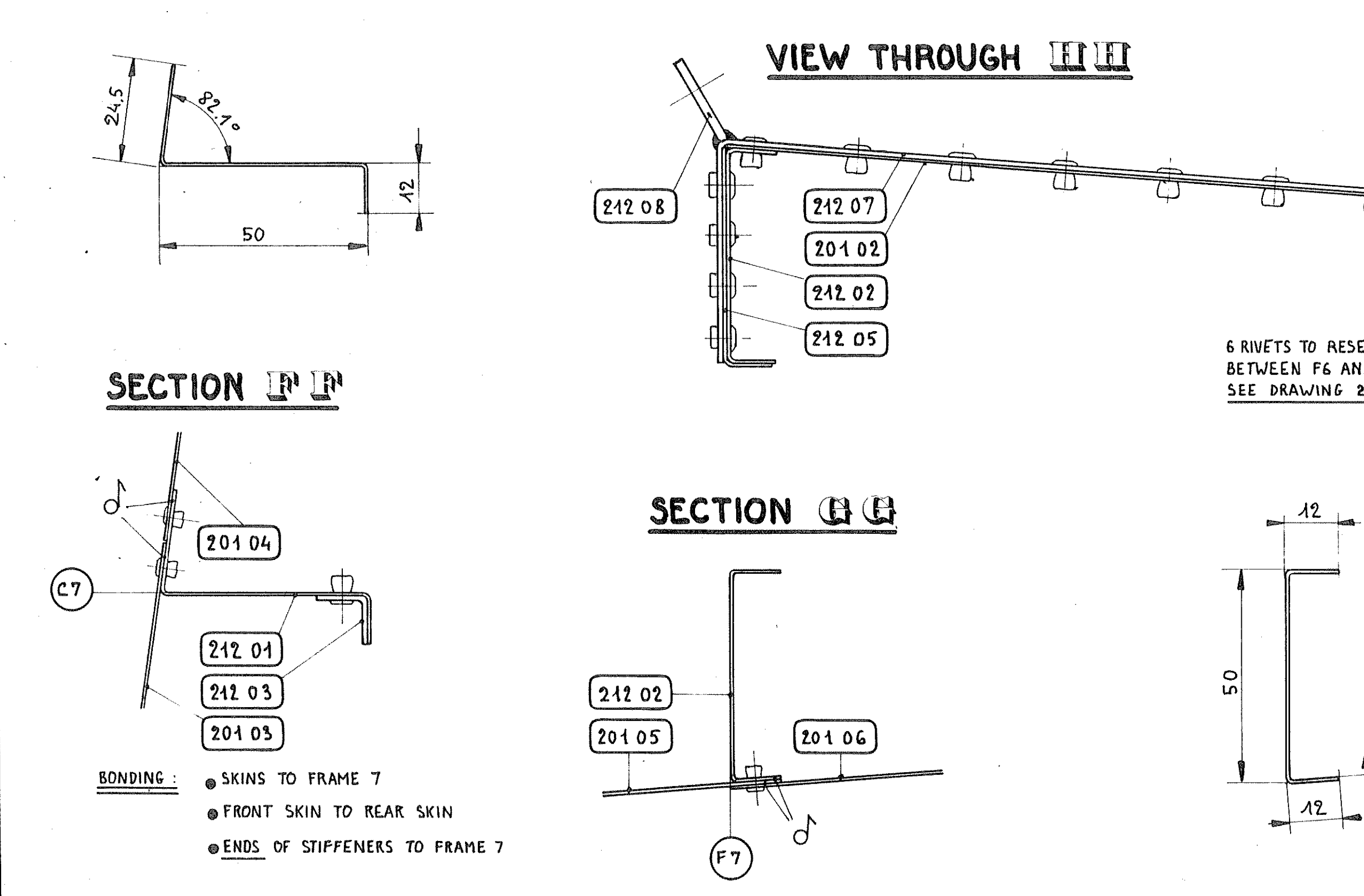
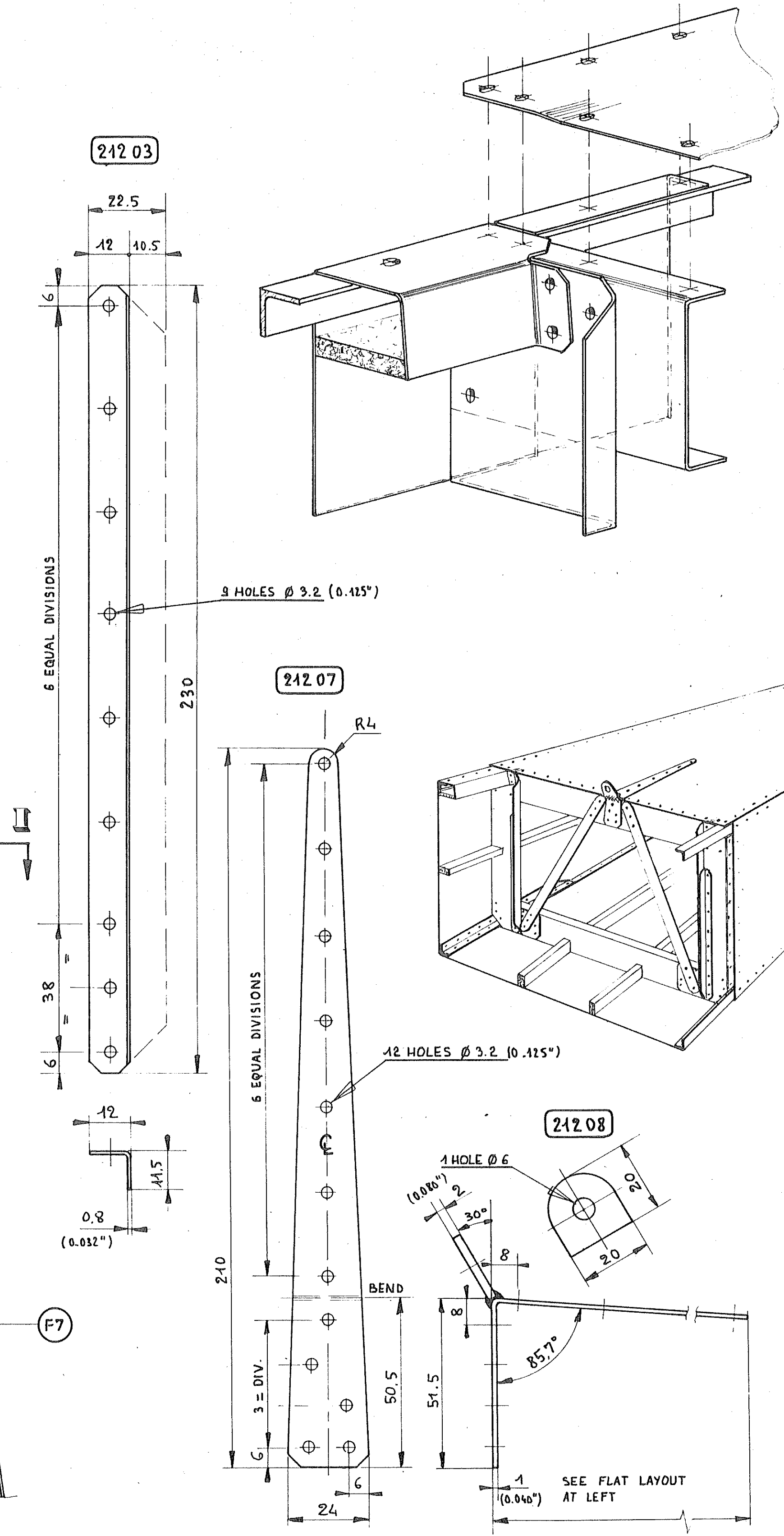
Part No.	Description	Material	Cond.	Dimensions	Rest.	Comments
210 19	LOOP OF CABLE	STEEL		Ø 1.5		
210 12	1 SPRING-PIANO WIRE	2024	T3	Ø 7 x 1.2 x 10 WHORLS		
210 14	4 PLATE	2024	T3	36 x 40 x 1.6	63,000	
210 40	9 NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 4 150	120,000	
210 09	4 SCREW-BEARING BLOCK	STEEL		ROUND HD Ø 5 x 18	120,000	
210 08	4 BOLT - FRAME 1	STEEL		HEX Ø 4 x 12 150	120,000 OR ALLEN	
210 07	1 BOLT - NOSE GEAR	STEEL		HEX Ø 4 x 68 150	120,000 OR ALLEN	
210 06	1 SAFETY PIN	PIANO WIRE		Ø 1		
210 05	1 SHOCK CORD PIN-LOWER	2024	T4	Ø 10 x 1 x 63	63,000	TUBING
210 04	2 GUSSET FT TO BORDER	2024	T3	32 x 23.5 x 0.5	63,000	
210 03	2 PEDAL RAIL - CAP	2024	T3	730 x 20 x 1	63,000	
210 02	2 PEDAL RAIL - WEB FL	2024	T3	730 x 51 x 0.3	63,000	SHEET 0.3 or 0.4
210 01	1 BEARING BLOCK	CELORON		48 x 48 x 10		

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: FUSELAGE - FORWARD PORTION - ASSEMBLY



ASSEMBLY DETAILS - BORDER TO FRAME 7



EQUIVALENT THICKNESS: - 0.5 MM ± 0.020" - 0.8 MM ± 0.032" - 1 MM ± 0.040" - 2 MM ± 0.080"

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Posist.	Comments
242.08	1	HARNES MOUNT	45CDV6		20 x 20 x 2	110.000	
242.07	1	HARNES BRACKET	45CDV6		240 x 24 x 1	110.000	
242.06	2	TIE STRAP	2024		364 x 16 x 1	65.000	
242.05	1	REINFORCEMENT	2024		106 x 62 x 0.5	65.000	
242.04	2	REINFORCEMENT	2024		40 x 50 x 0.5	65.000	
242.03	2	ANGLE	2024	T3	230 x 22.5 x 0.8	45.000	BENT SHEET
242.02	2	TRANSVERSE MEMBER	2024	T3	536.6 x 73 x 0.5	65.000	
242.01	2	VERTICAL MEMBER	2024	T3	306.6 x 85.5 x 0.5	65.000	

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: **FRAME 7**

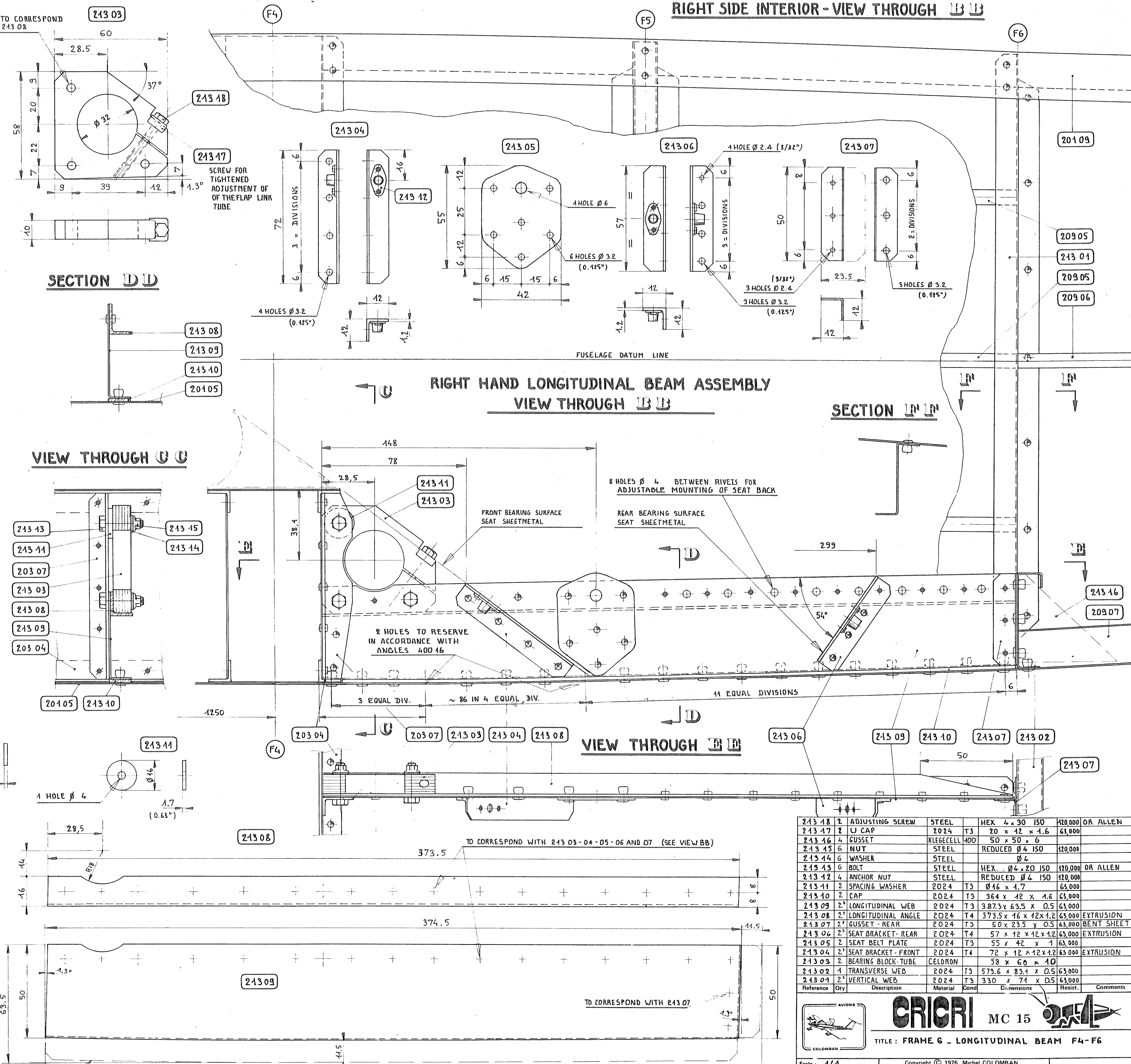
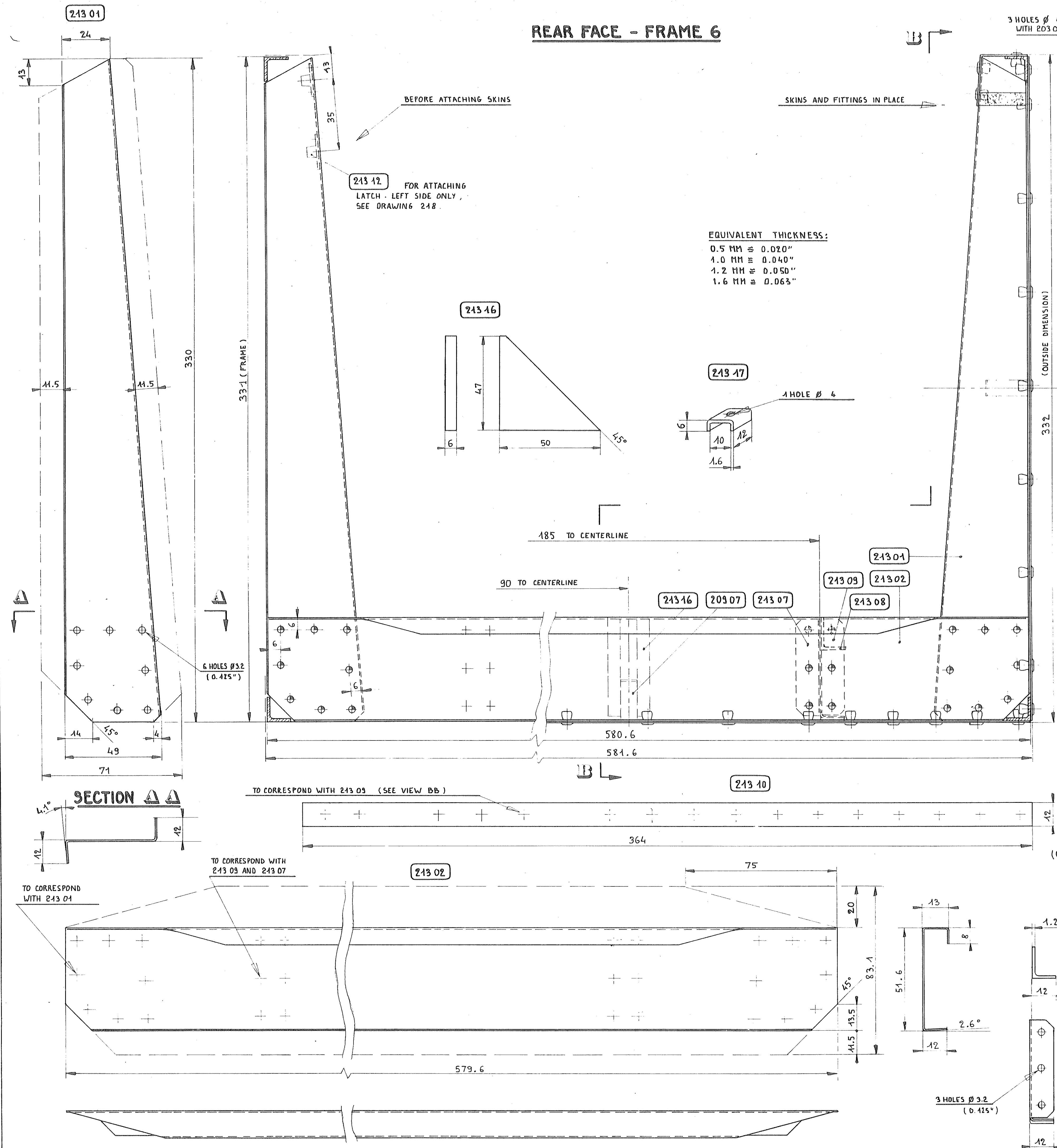
Scale: 1/4

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Drawn by: Colombar

Date: May 1974

This sheet is one of a set for the CRICRI MC 15 airplane intended for use by an amateur builder holding a valid license for construction of a single example of the aircraft. Any other use of this plan, in whole or in part, will be deemed fraudulent.

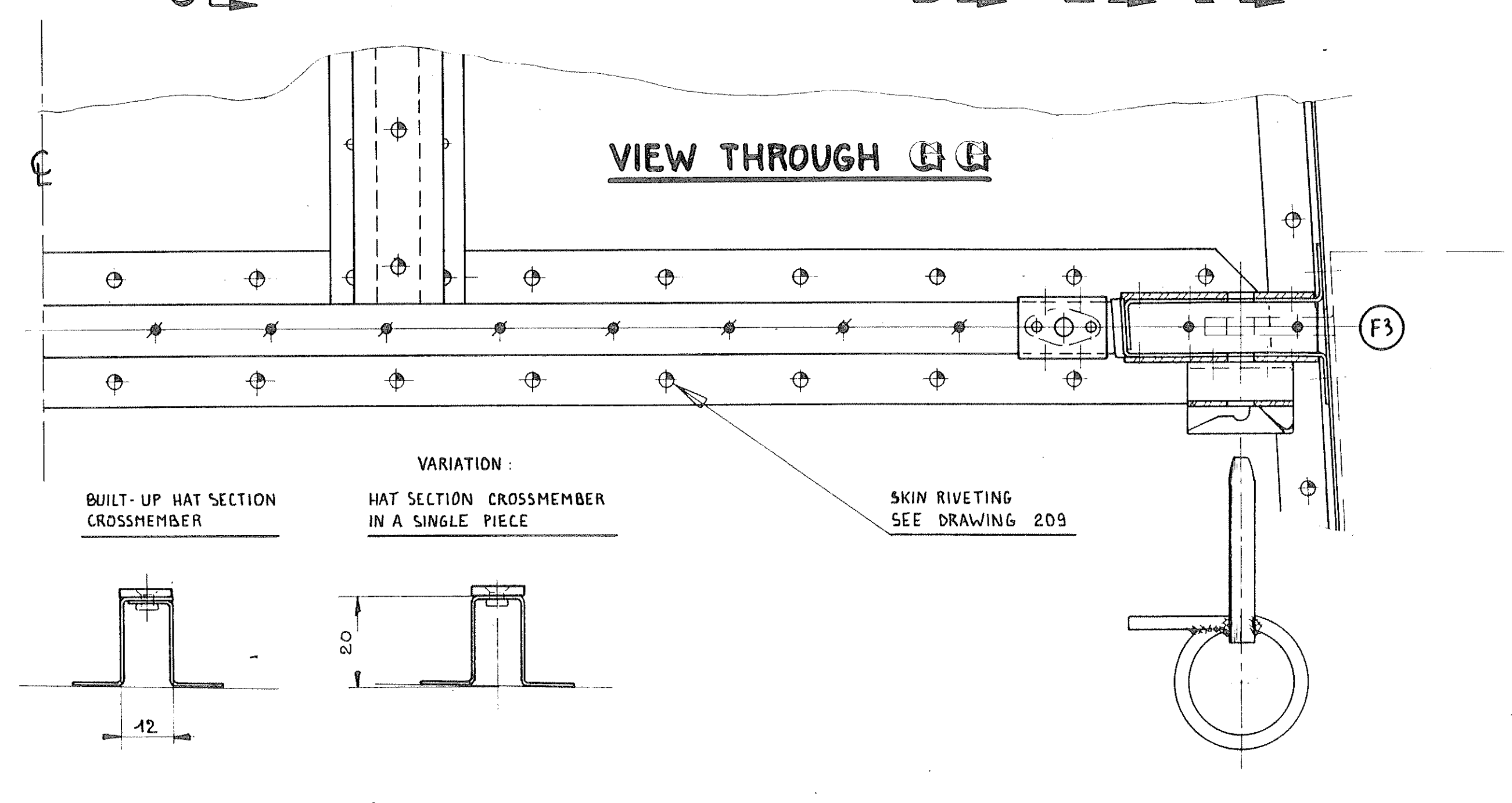
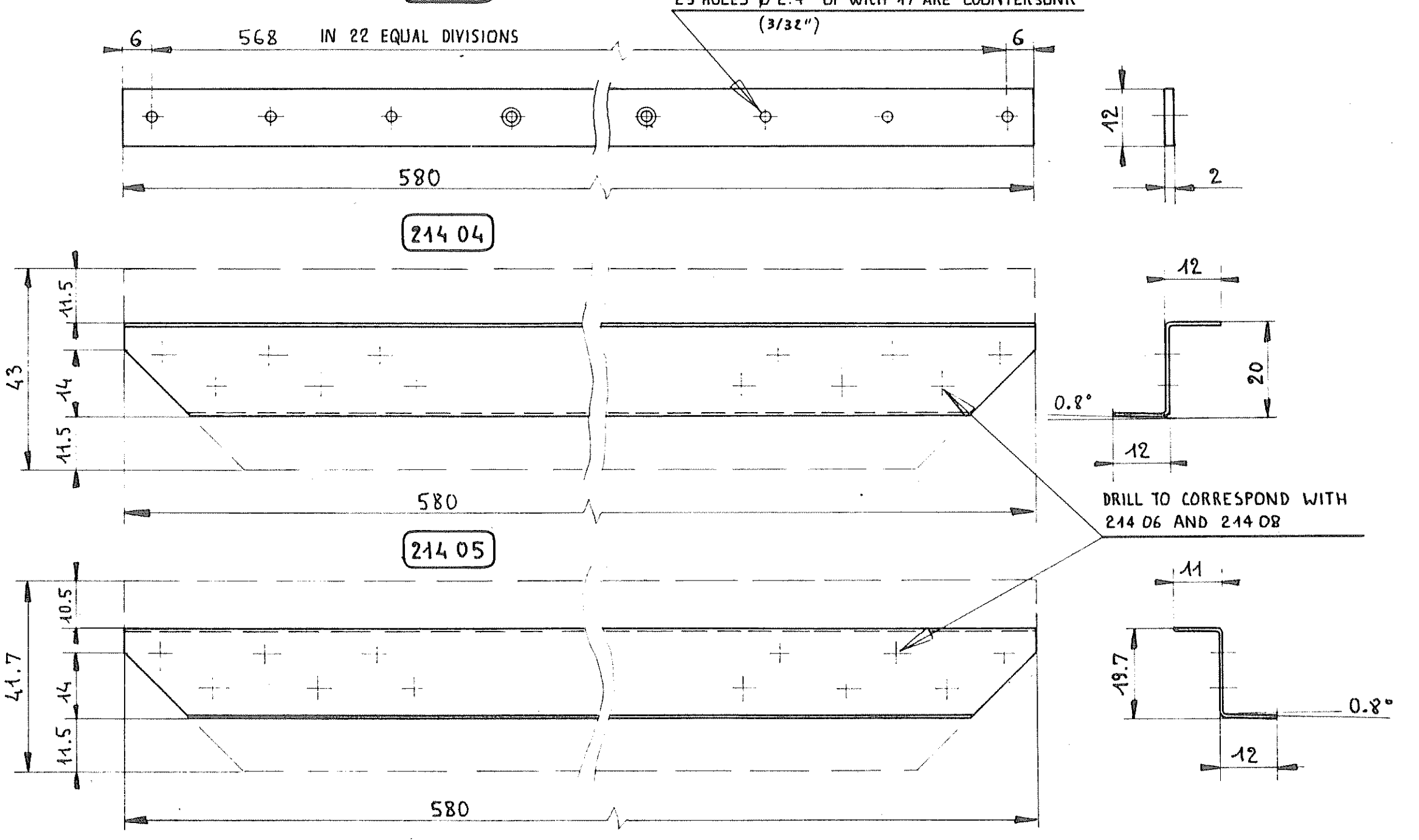
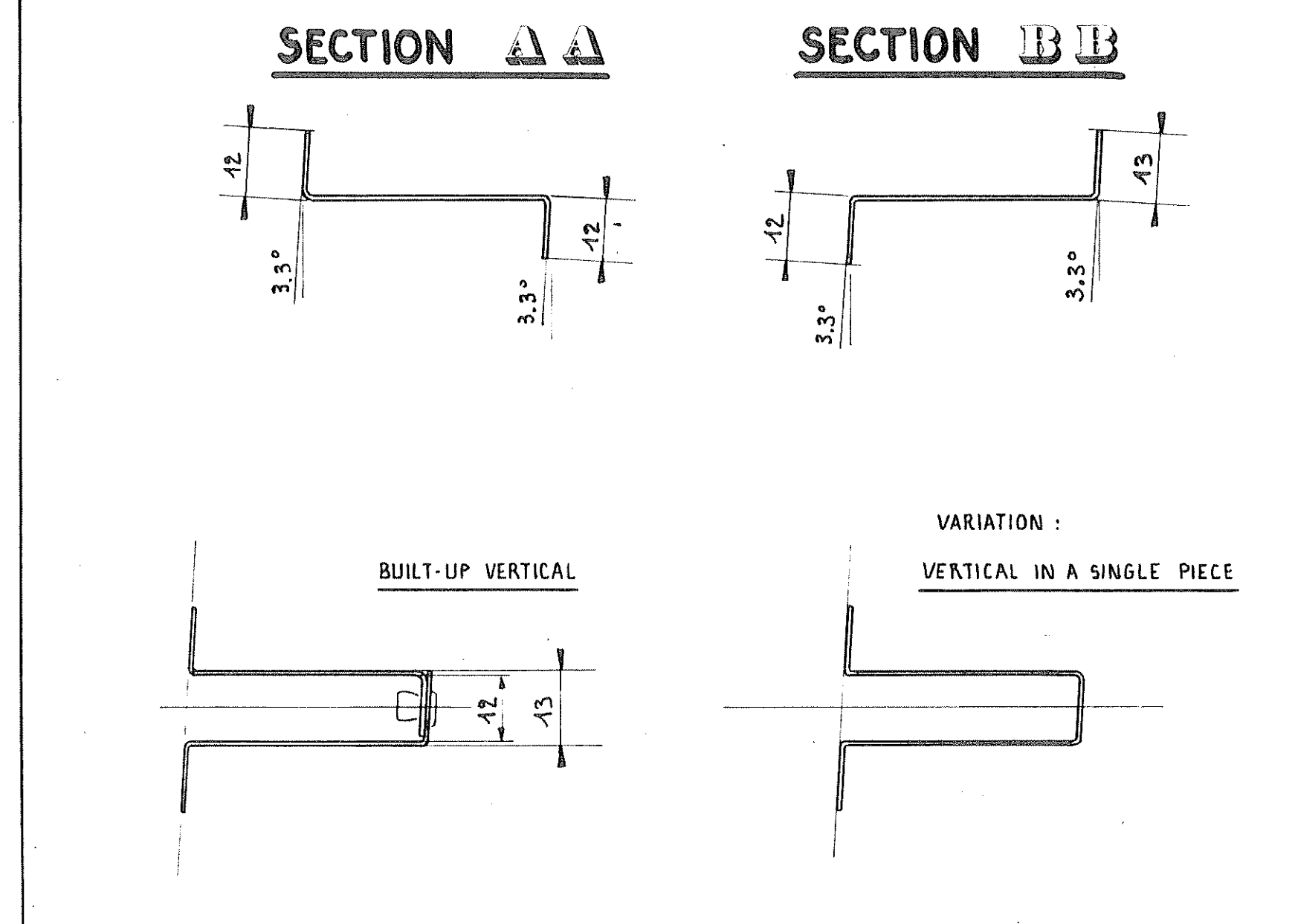
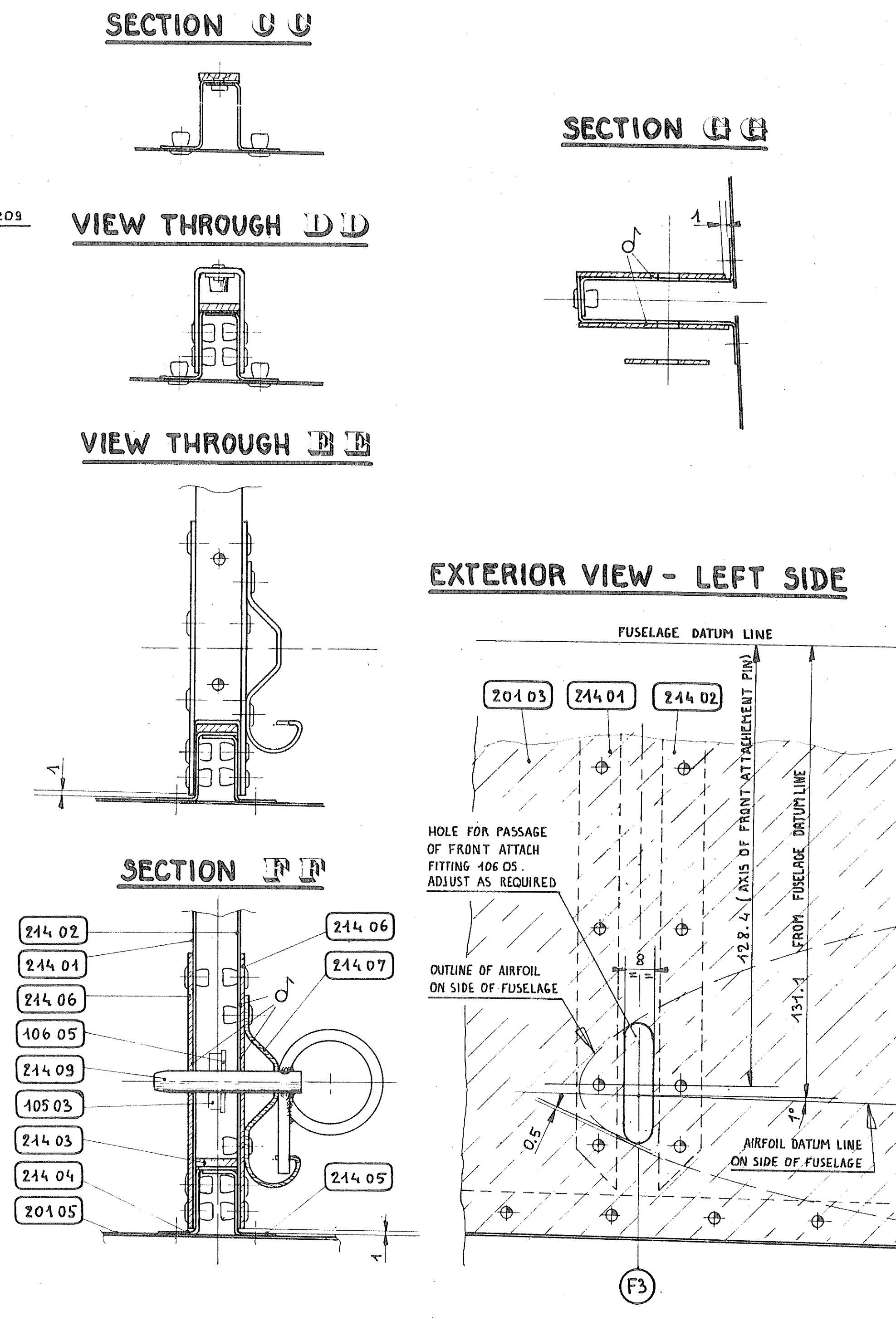
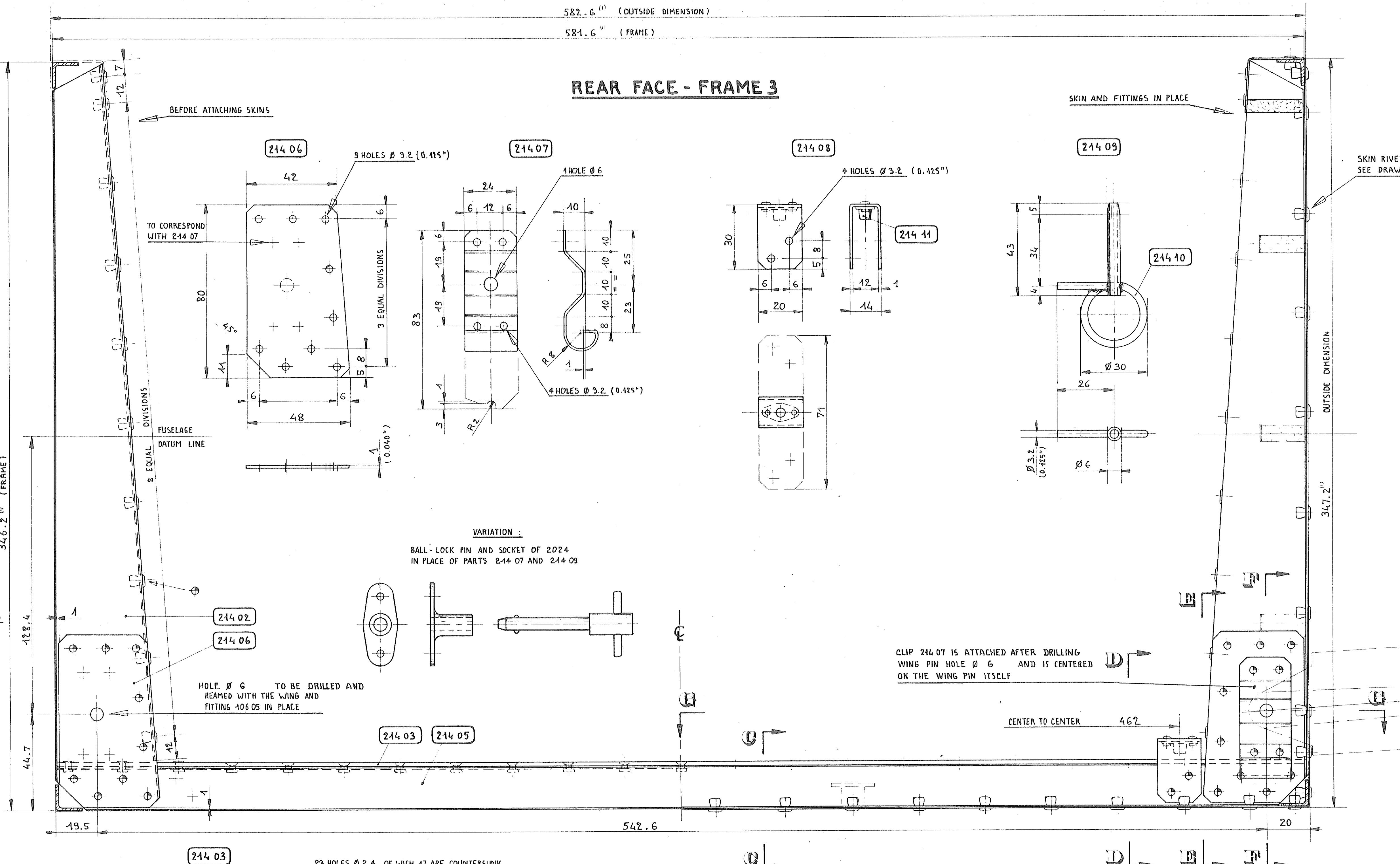
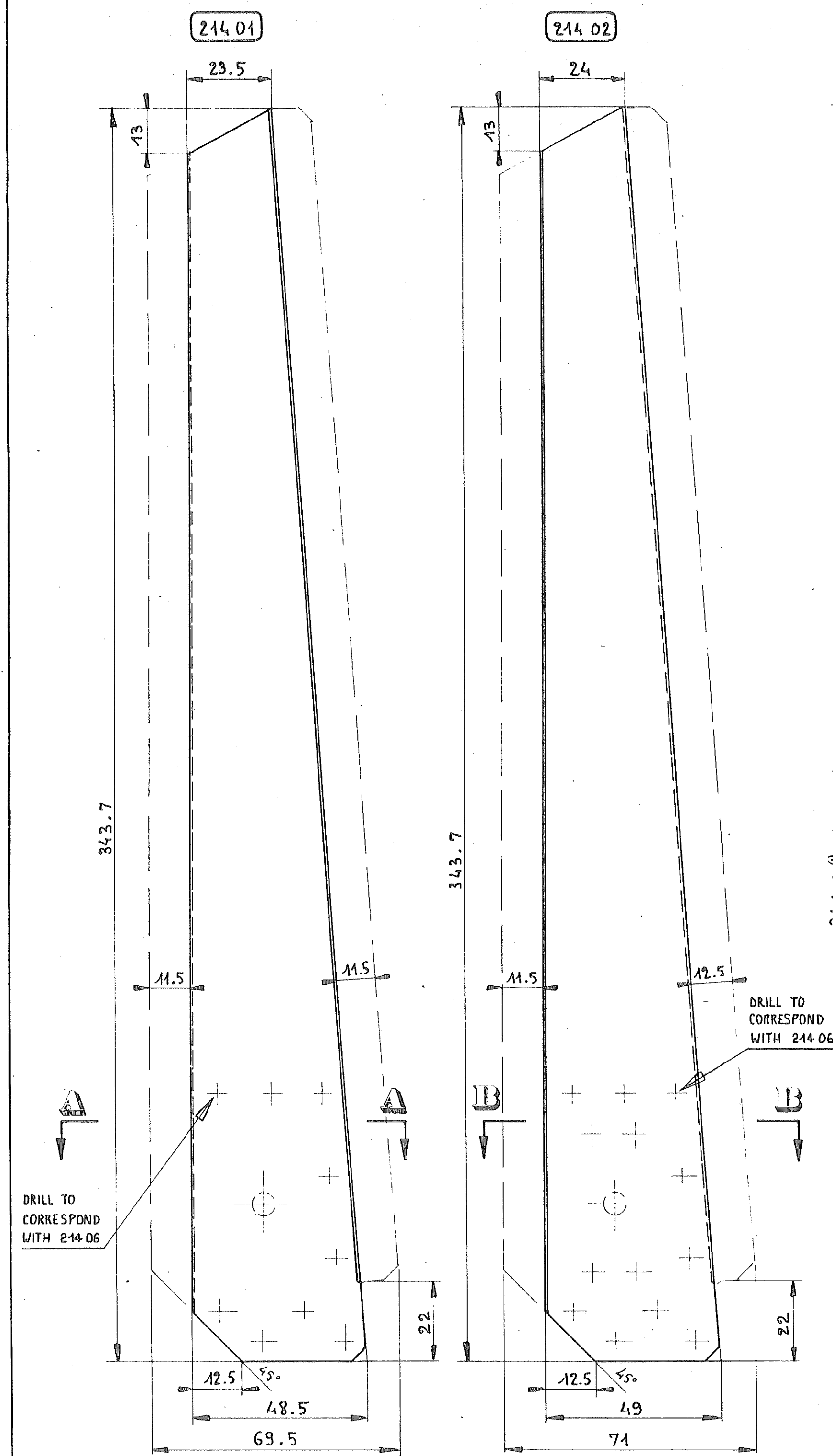


Part No.	Qty	Description	Material	Dimensions	Notes
213 18	2	ADJUSTING SCREW	STEEL	HEX 4 x 30 ISO	120,000 OR ALLEN
213 17	2	U CAP	2024 T3	20 x 42 x 1.6	63,000
213 16	4	GUSSET	ALUMINUM	50 x 50 x 6	
213 15	6	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120,000
213 14	4	WASHER	STEEL	Ø 4	
213 13	6	BOLT	STEEL	HEX Ø 4 x 20 ISO	120,000 OR ALLEN
213 12	4	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120,000
213 11	2	SPACING WASHER	2024 T3	Ø 16 x 1.7	63,000
213 10	2	CAP	2024 T3	364 x 42 x 1.6	63,000
213 09	2	LONGITUDINAL WEB	2024 T3	3873 x 63.5 x 0.5	63,000
213 08	2	LONGITUDINAL ANGLE	2024 T4	373.5 x 46 x 42 x 1.2	63,000 EXTRUSION
213 07	2	GUSSET - REAR	2024 T3	50 x 23.5 x 0.5	63,000 BENT SHEET
213 06	2	SEAT BRACKET - REAR	2024 T4	57 x 12 x 12 x 1.2	63,000 EXTRUSION
213 05	2	SEAT BELT PLATE	2024 T3	55 x 42 x 1	63,000
213 04	2	SEAT BRACKET - FRONT	2024 T4	72 x 12 x 12 x 1.2	63,000 EXTRUSION
213 03	2	BEARING BLOCK - TUBE	CELORON	58 x 60 x 10	
213 02	4	TRANSVERSE WEB	2024 T3	579.6 x 83.1 x 0.5	63,000
213 01	2	VERTICAL WEB	2024 T3	330 x 74 x 0.5	63,000


CRICRI MC 15 

TITLE: FRAME 6 - LONGITUDINAL BEAM F4-F6

Scale: 1/1
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 Drawn by: Colomban
 Date: May 1981



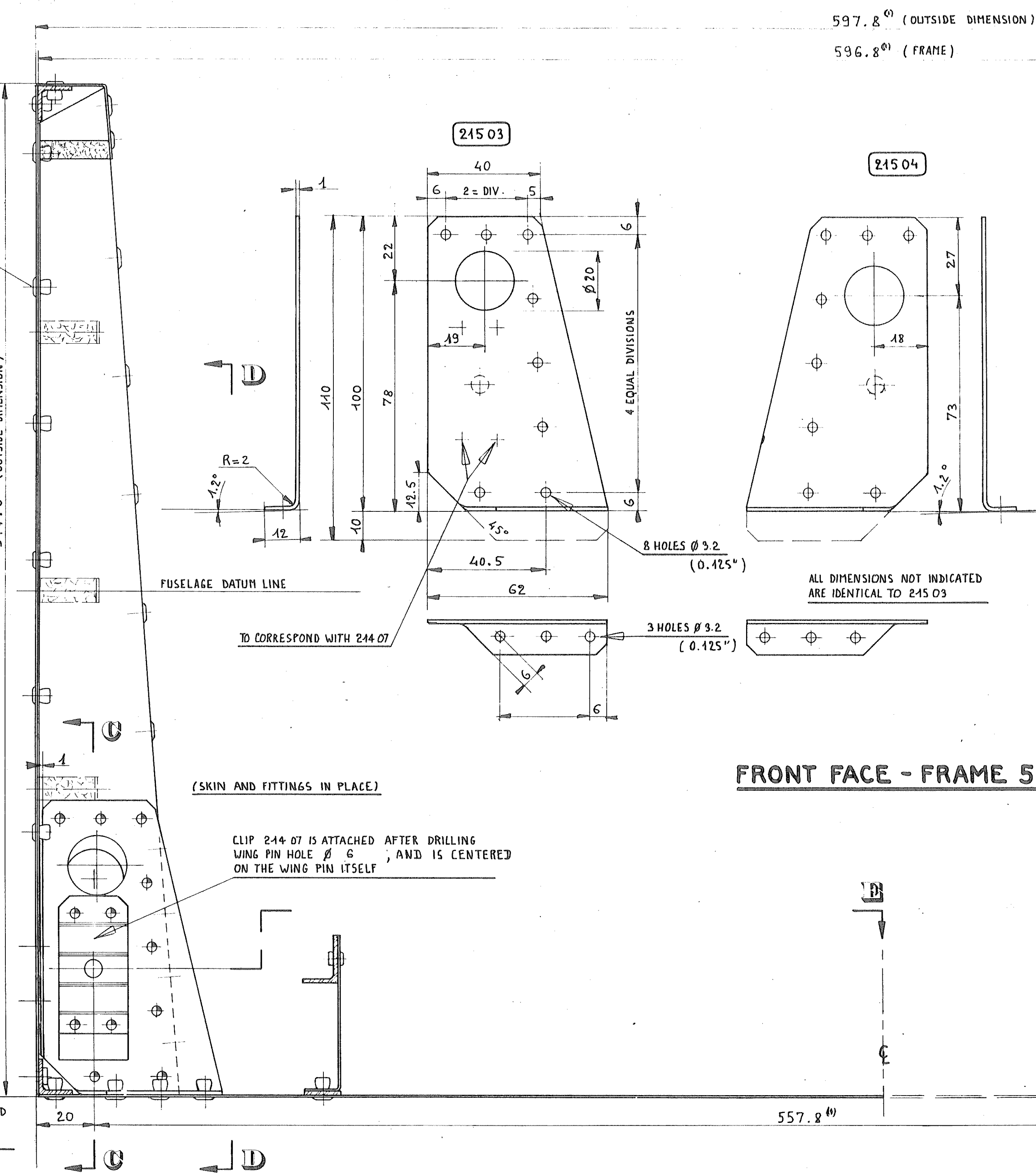
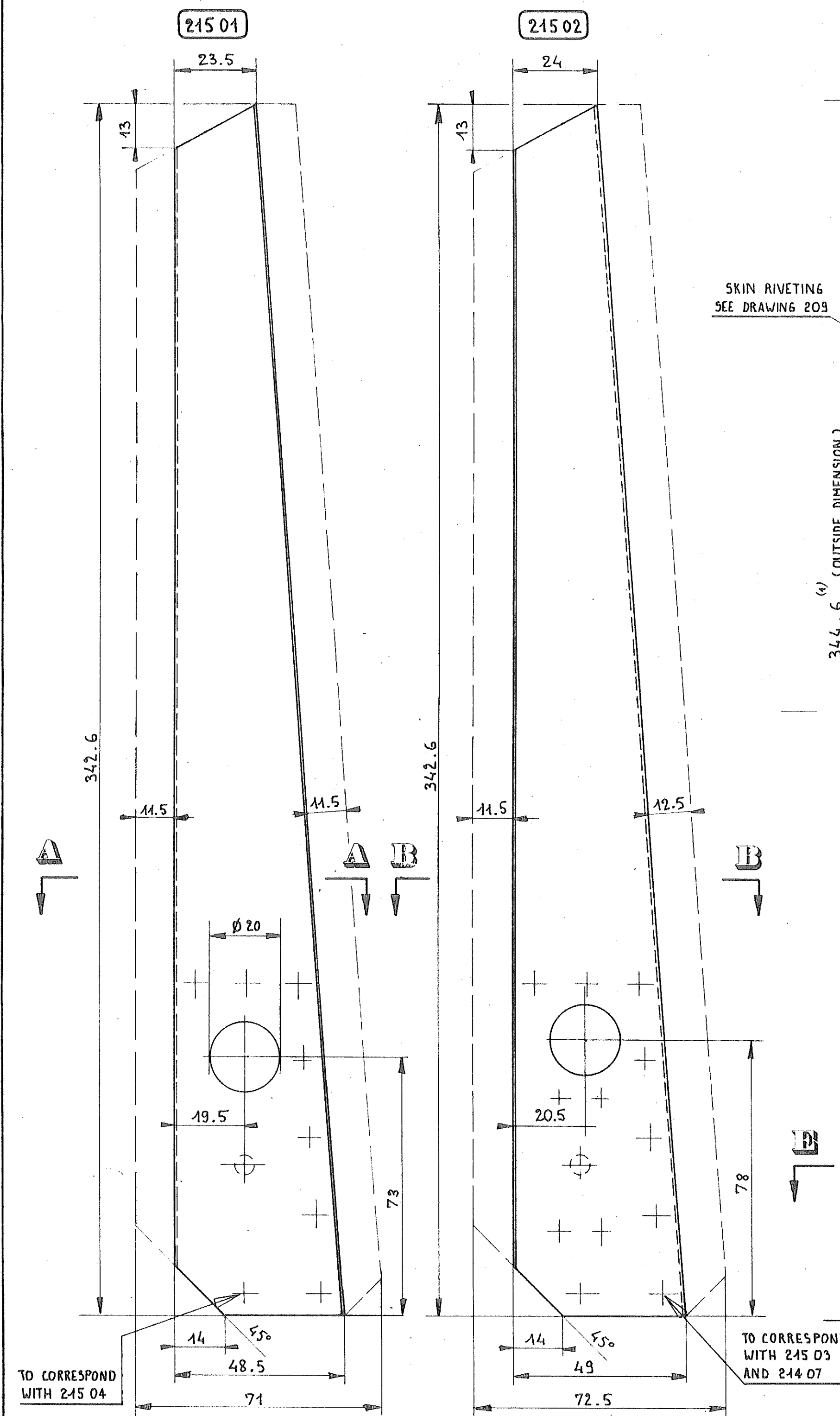
BONDING: ● PLATES 214 06 FRONT AND REAR

(1) IN THE PLANE OF FRAME 3 DATUM LINE

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:

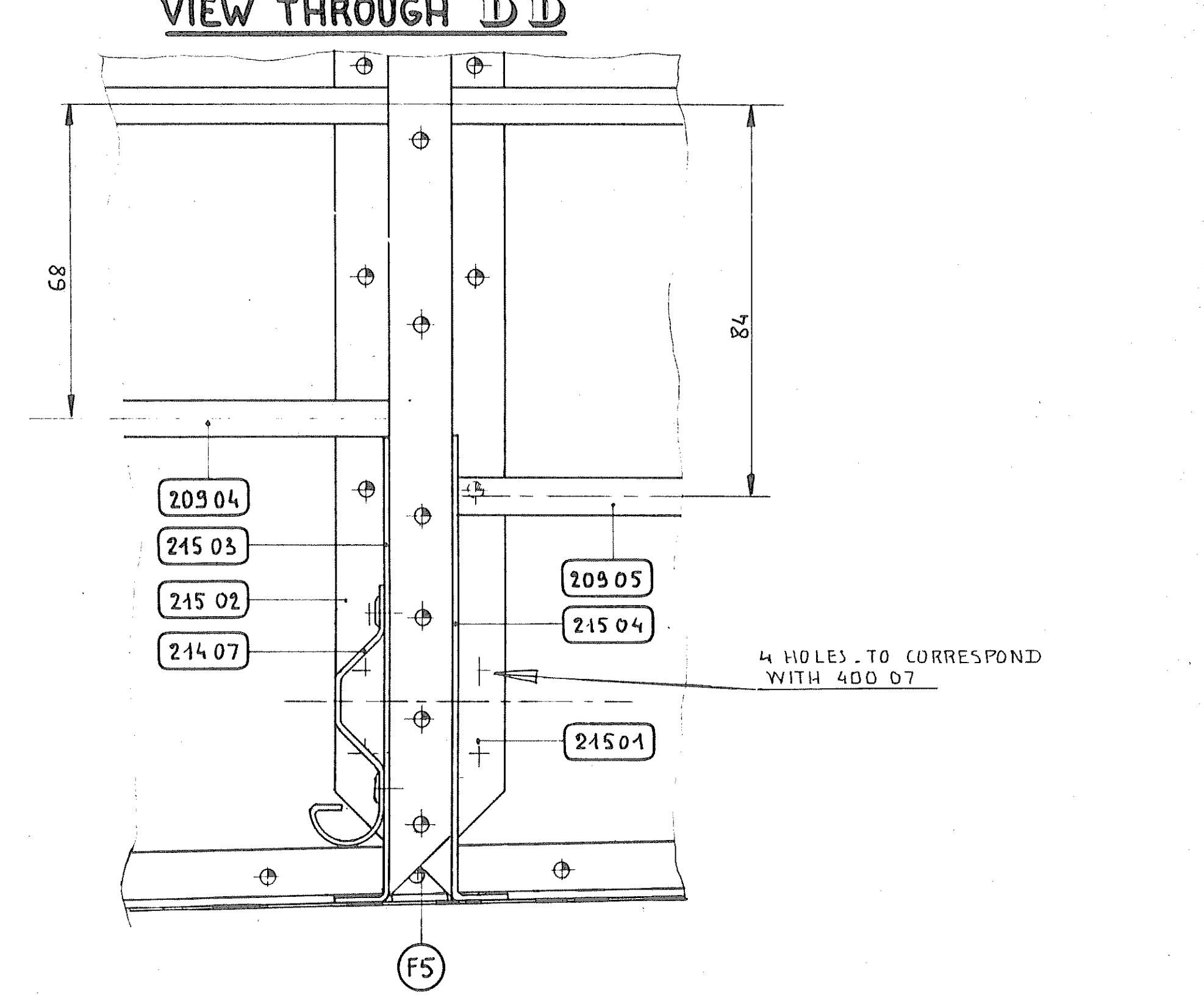
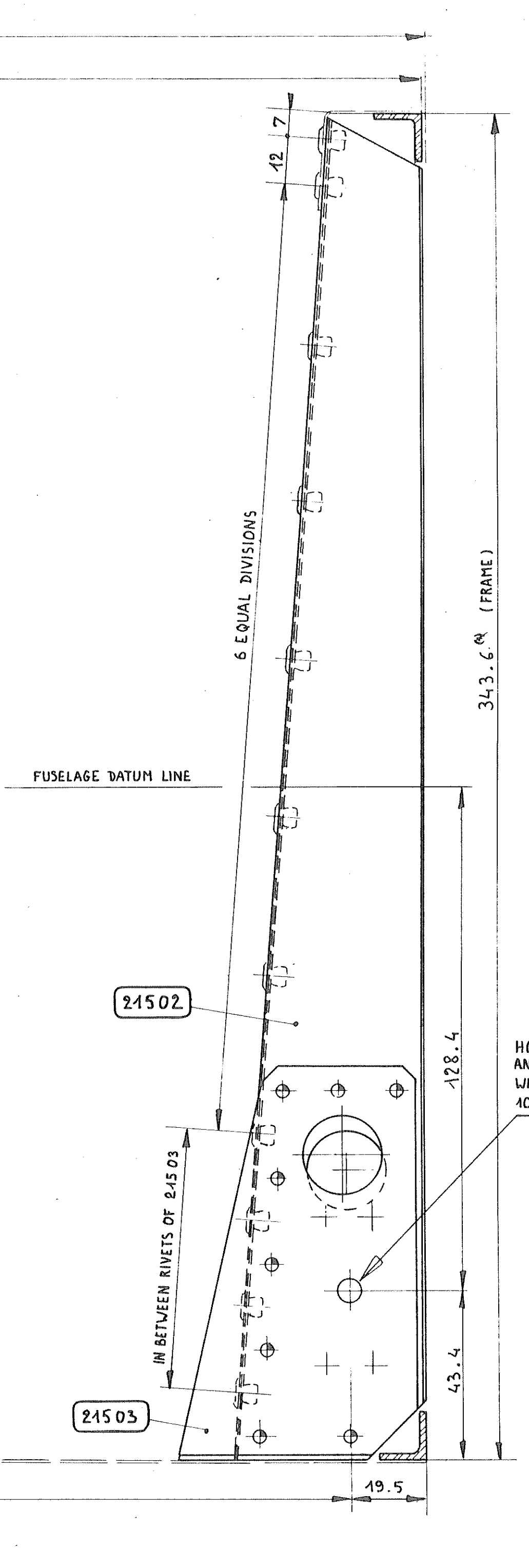
- 0.5 MM ± 0.020"
- 1 MM ± 0.040"
- 2 MM ± 0.080"

Part No.	Description	Material	Dimensions	Qty	Resist.	Comments
214 12	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	100 000		
214 11	RING	STEEL	Ø 3 x 40	120 000		2 FOR FRAME 5
214 10	ATTACHING PIN	15CDVG	T Ø 6 x 4.43	160 000		TUBING
214 09	FUEL TANK BRACKET	2024	T3 74 x 20 x 1	63 000		
214 08	SAFETY CLIP	2024	T3 8.8 x 2.8 x 1	63 000		2 FOR FRAME 5
214 07	SAFETY CLIP	2024	T3 8.0 x 4.8 x 1	63 000		
214 06	REINFORCEMENT PLATE	2024	T3 8.0 x 4.8 x 1	63 000		
214 05	HALF CROSSMEMBER-REAR	2024	T3 580 x 44.7 x 0.5	63 000		
214 04	HALF CROSSMEMBER-FRONT	2024	T3 580 x 43 x 0.5	63 000		
214 03	TRANSVERSE CAP	2024	T3 580 x 12 x 2	63 000		
214 02	HALF VERTICAL - REAR	2024	T3 343.7 x 74 x 0.5	63 000		
214 01	HALF VERTICAL - FRONT	2024	T3 343.7 x 69.5 x 0.5	63 000		

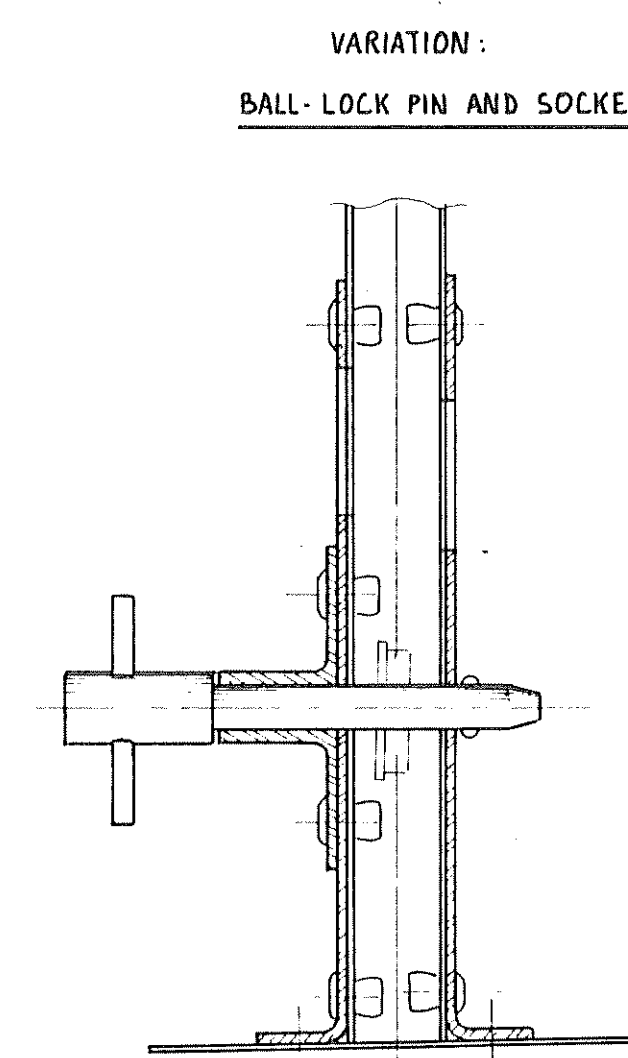
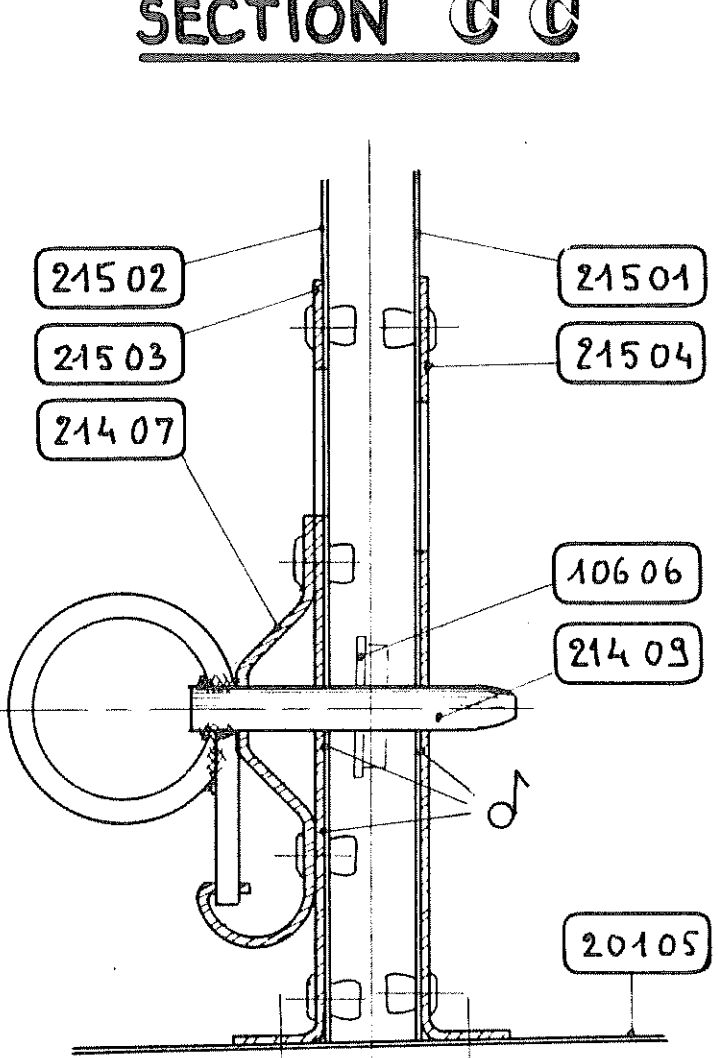
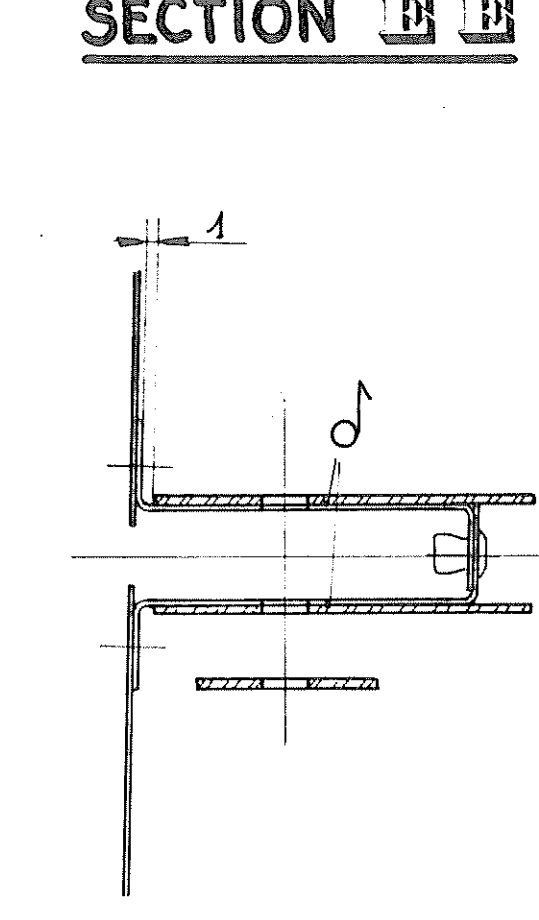
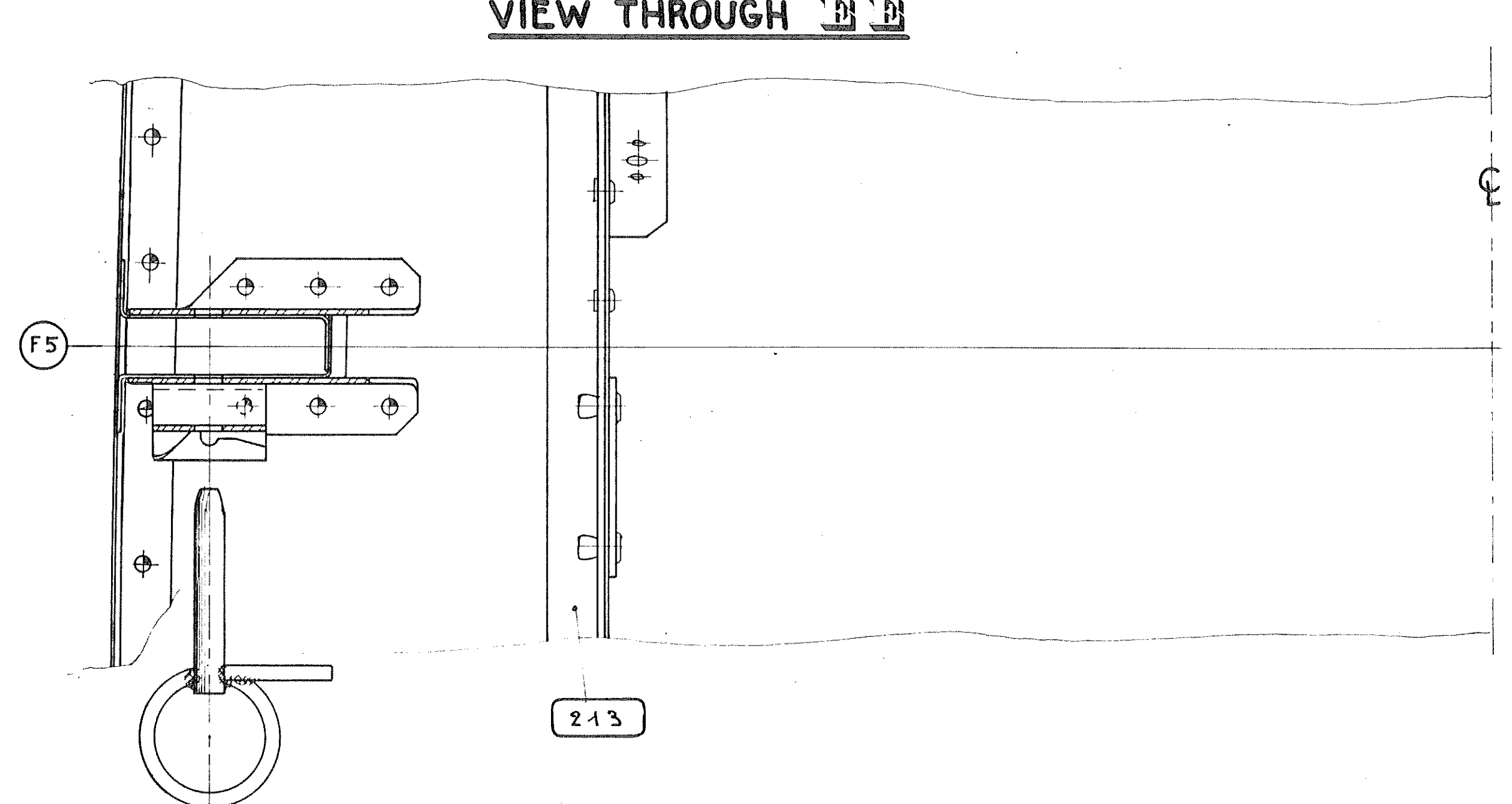
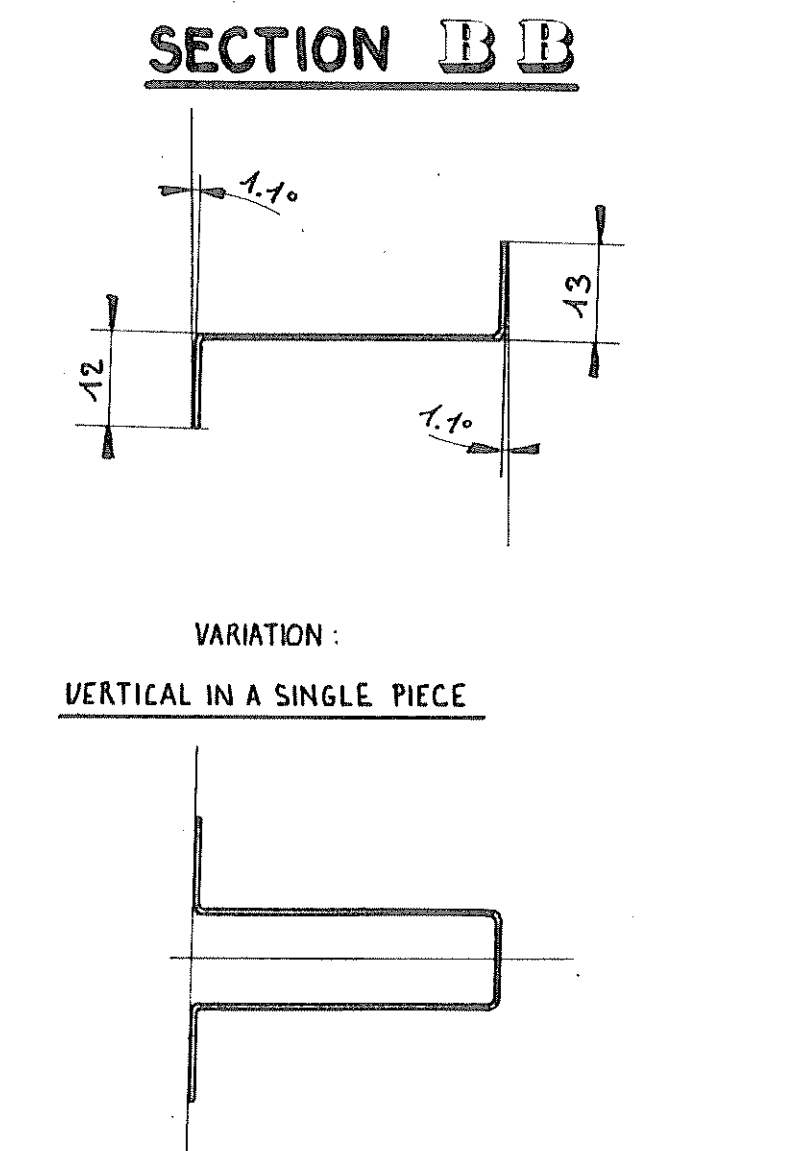
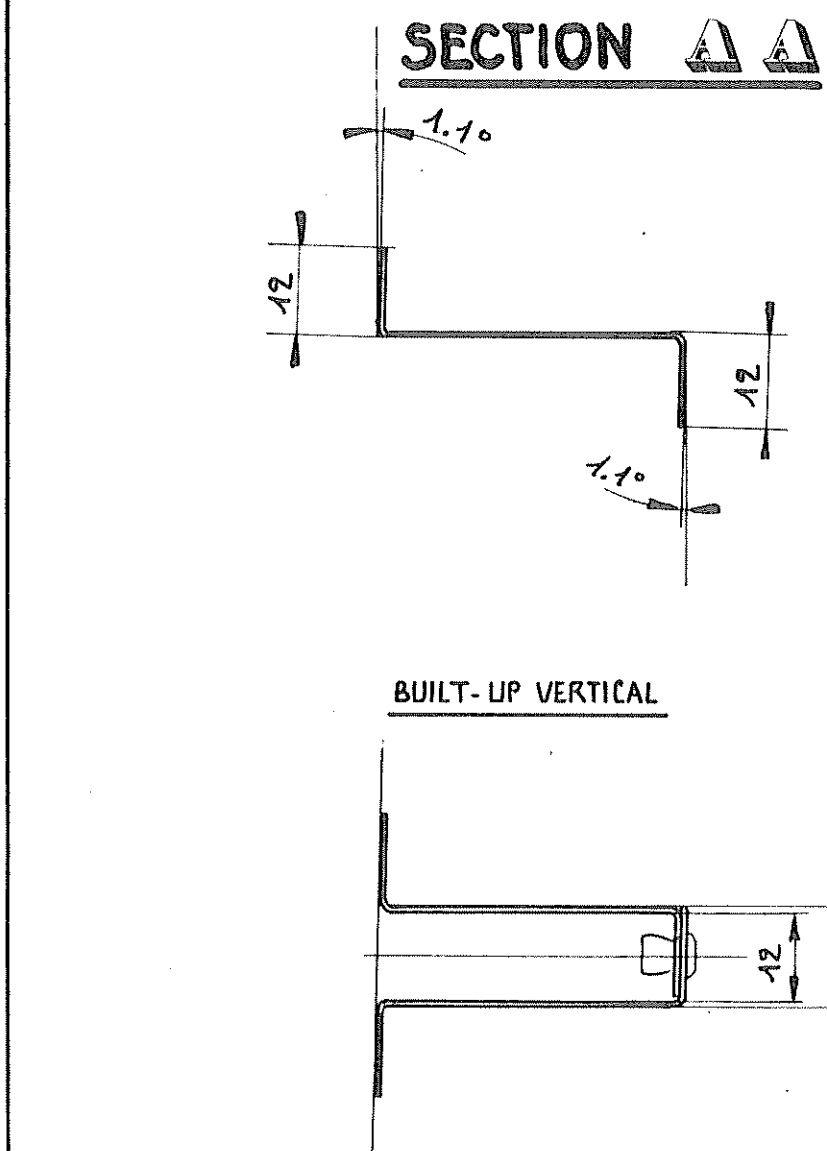
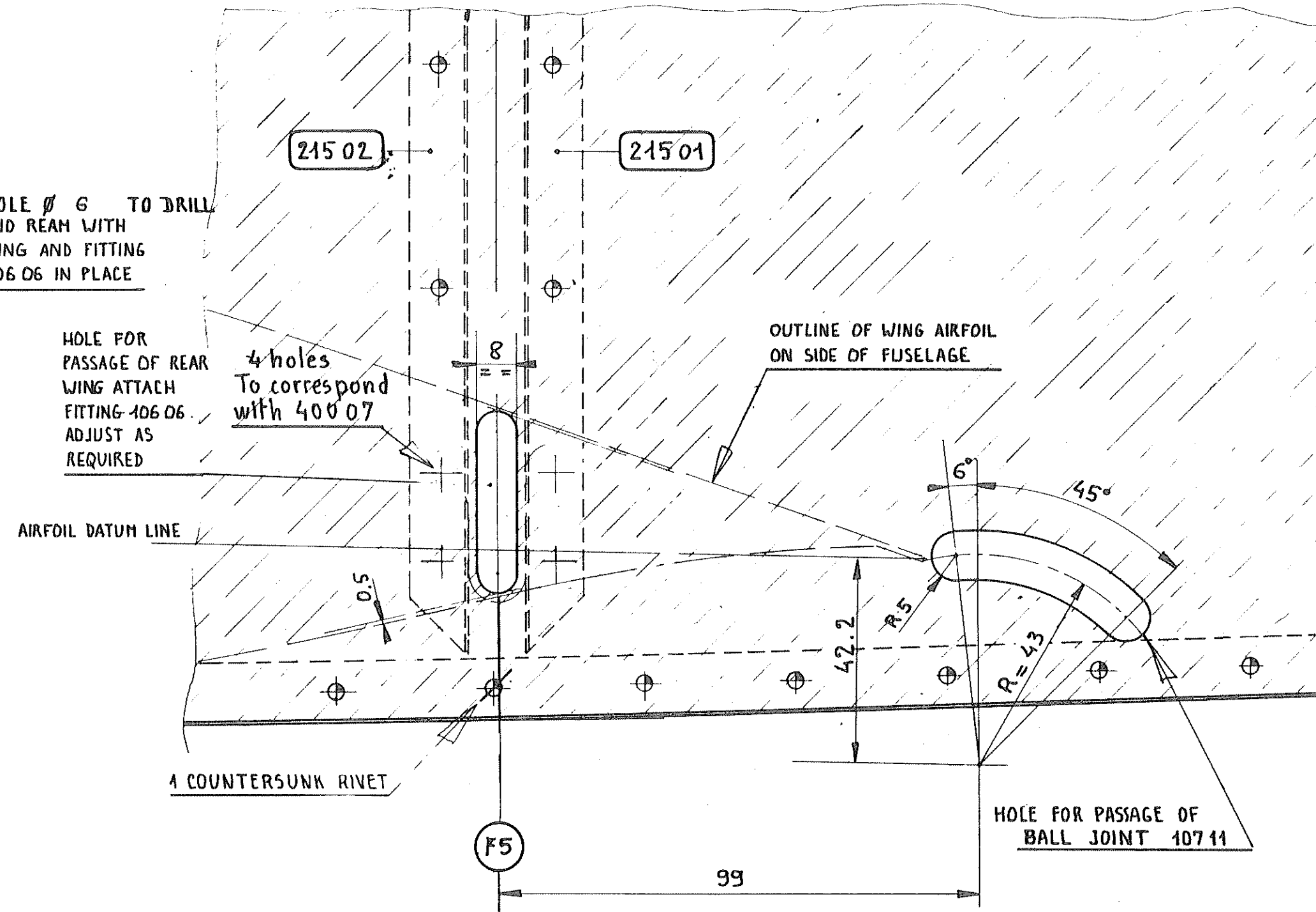


FRONT FACE - FRAME 5

(BEFORE ATTACHING SKIN)



EXTERIOR VIEW - LEFT



BONDING: ● PLATES 215 03 AND 215 04, AT LEAST IN LINE WITH HOLES TO BE DRILLED LATER FOR CLIP 214 07 AND PIN 6

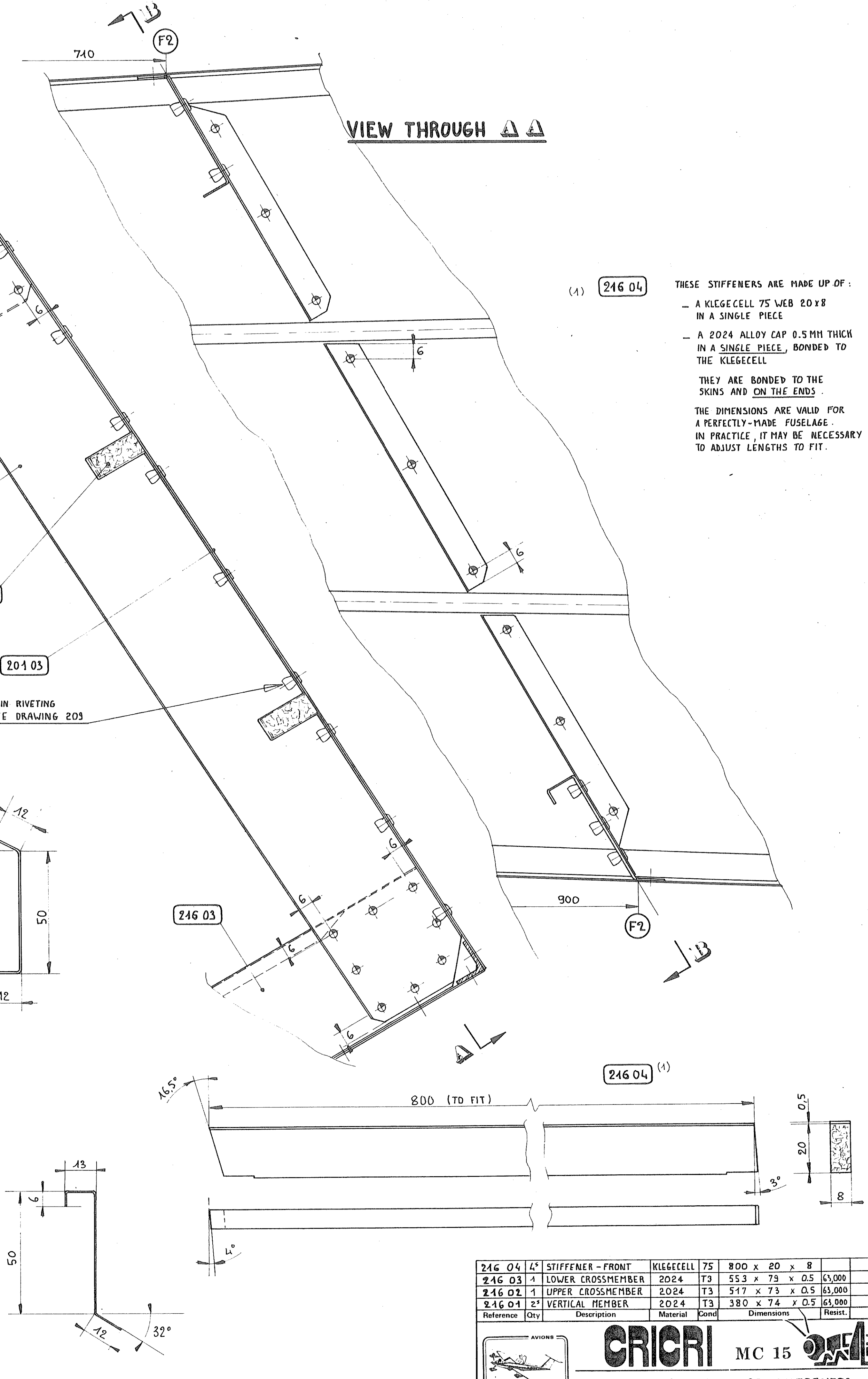
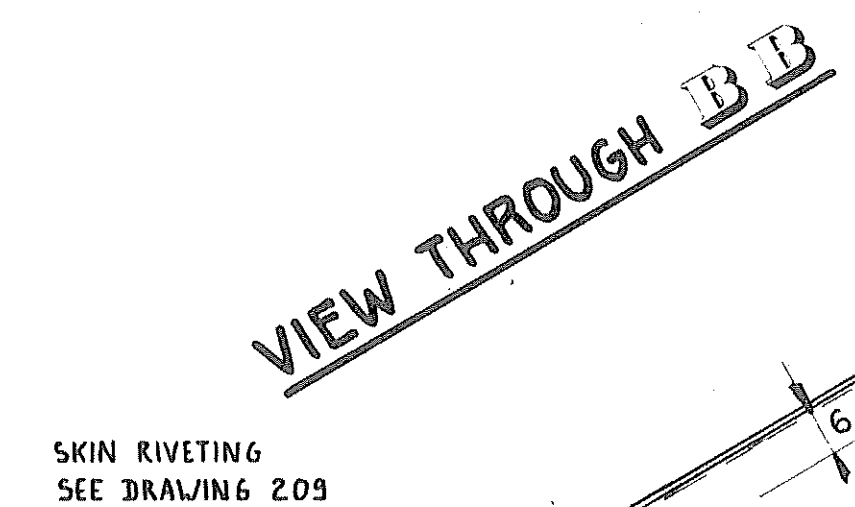
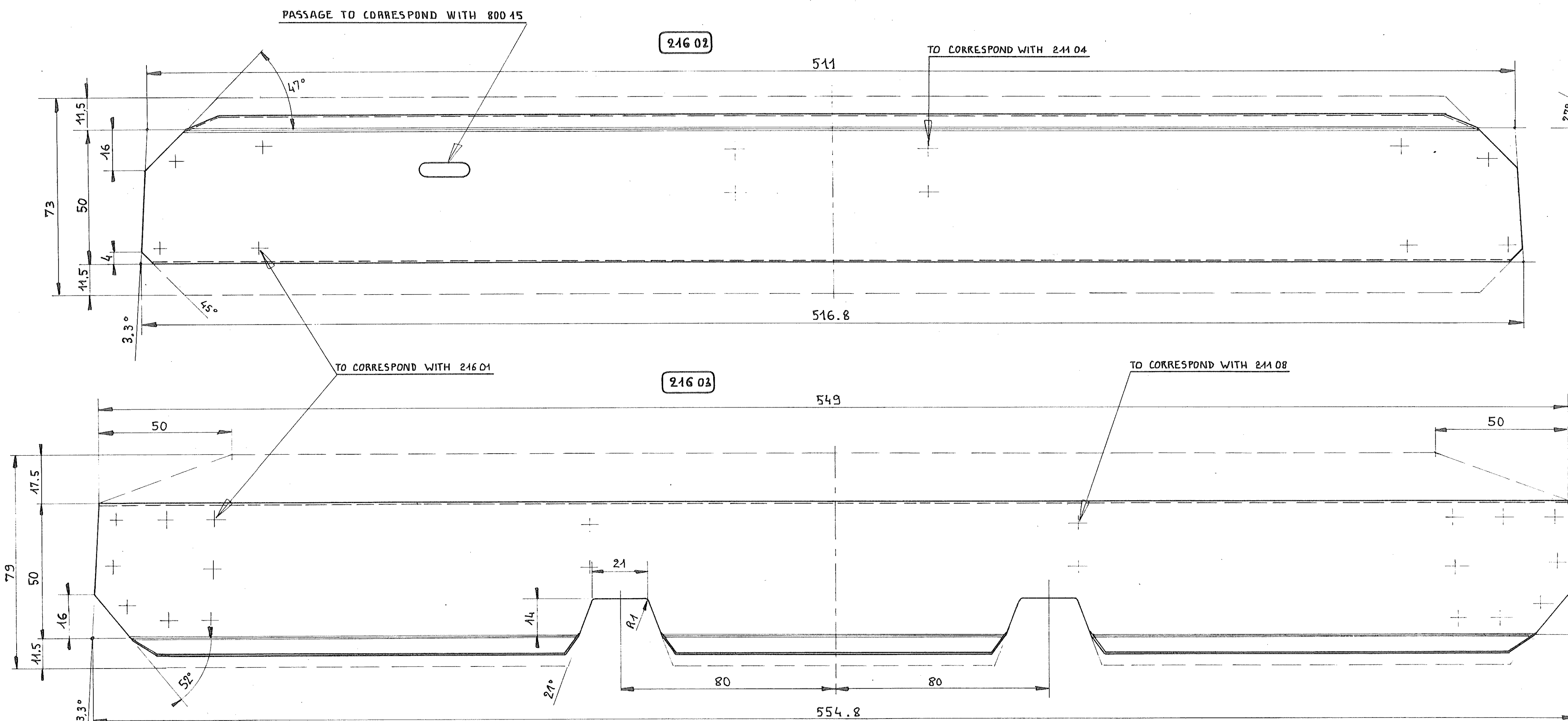
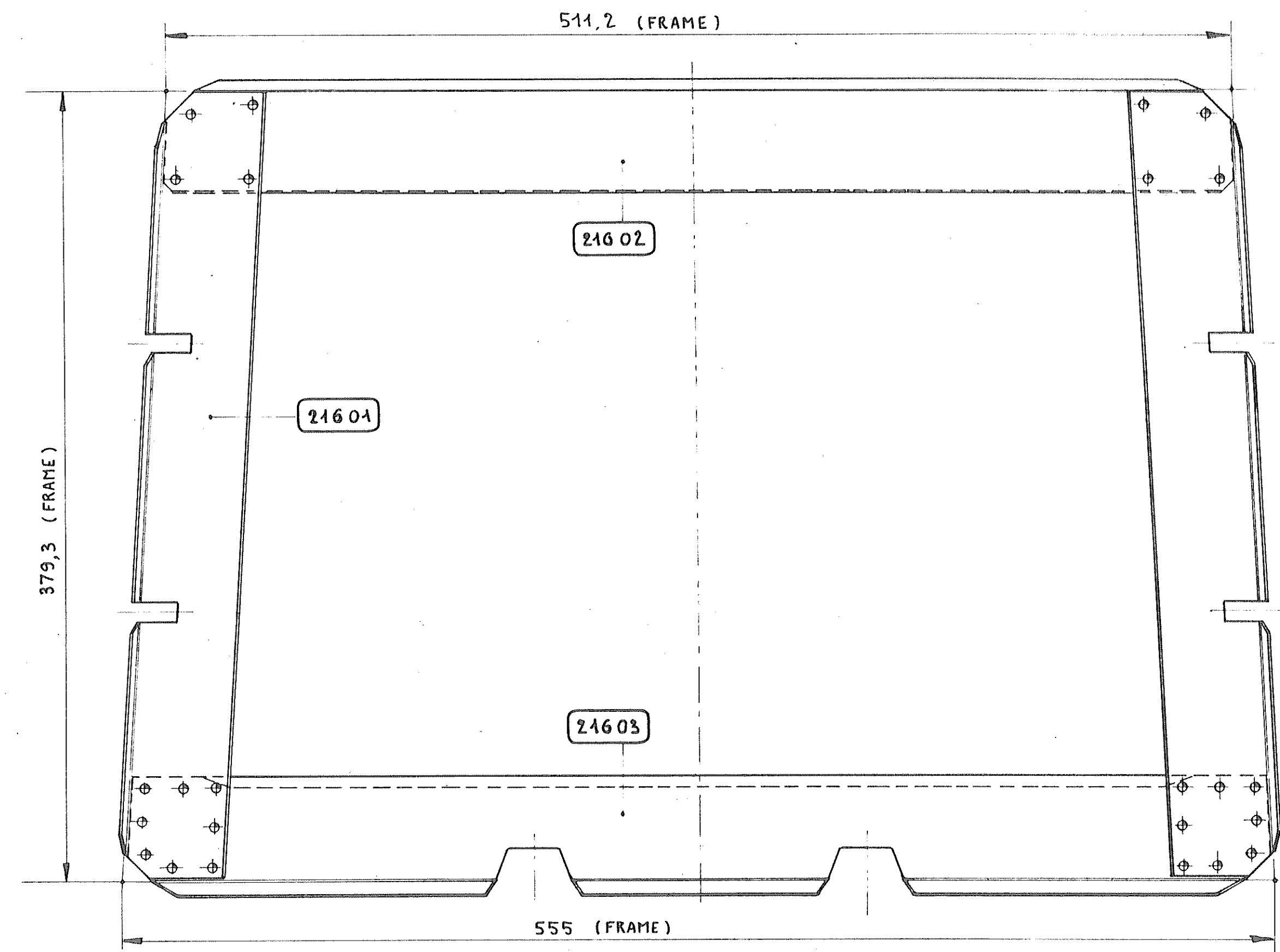
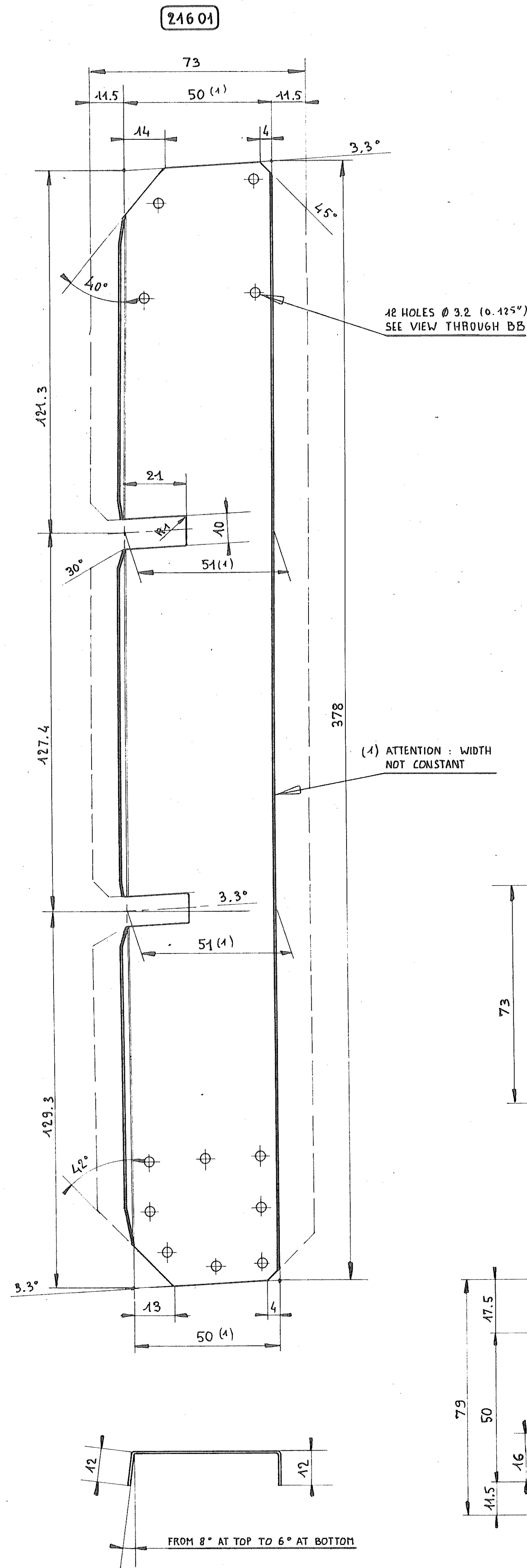
EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:
 - 0.5MM ± 0.020"
 - 1 MM ± 0.040"
 - 2 MM ± 0.080"

Part No.	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
215 07						
215 06						
215 05						
215 04	2" REINFORCEMENT PLATE-REAR	2024	T3	110 x 62 x 1	63,000	
215 03	2" REINFORCEMENT PLATE-FRONT	2024	T3	440 x 62 x 1	63,000	
215 02	2" HALF VERTICAL - FRONT	2024	T3	342.6 x 72.5 x 0.5	63,000	
215 01	2" HALF VERTICAL - REAR	2024	T3	342.6 x 71 x 0.5	63,000	

AVIONS
CRICRI MC 15
 COLOMBAN
 TITLE: **FRAME 5**

REAR FACE - FRAME 2

(HALF - SIZE)



(1) 246 04 THESE STIFFENERS ARE MADE UP OF :

- A KLEGECELL 75 WEB 20 x 8 IN A SINGLE PIECE
- A 2024 ALLOY CAP 0.5 MM THICK IN A SINGLE PIECE, BONDED TO THE KLEGECELL

THEY ARE BONDED TO THE SKINS AND ON THE ENDS .

THE DIMENSIONS ARE VALID FOR A PERFECTLY-MADE FUSELAGE . IN PRACTICE , IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO ADJUST LENGTHS TO FIT .

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
246 04	1	STIFFENER - FRONT	KLEGECELL 75		800 x 20 x 8		
246 03	1	LOWER CROSSMEMBER	2024 T3		553 x 73 x 0.5	63,000	
246 02	1	UPPER CROSSMEMBER	2024 T3		517 x 73 x 0.5	63,000	
246 01	2	VERTICAL MEMBER	2024 T3		380 x 74 x 0.5	63,000	

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE : FRAME 2 - FORWARD STIFFENERS

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS :
- 0.5 MM \approx 0.020"

SECTION AA

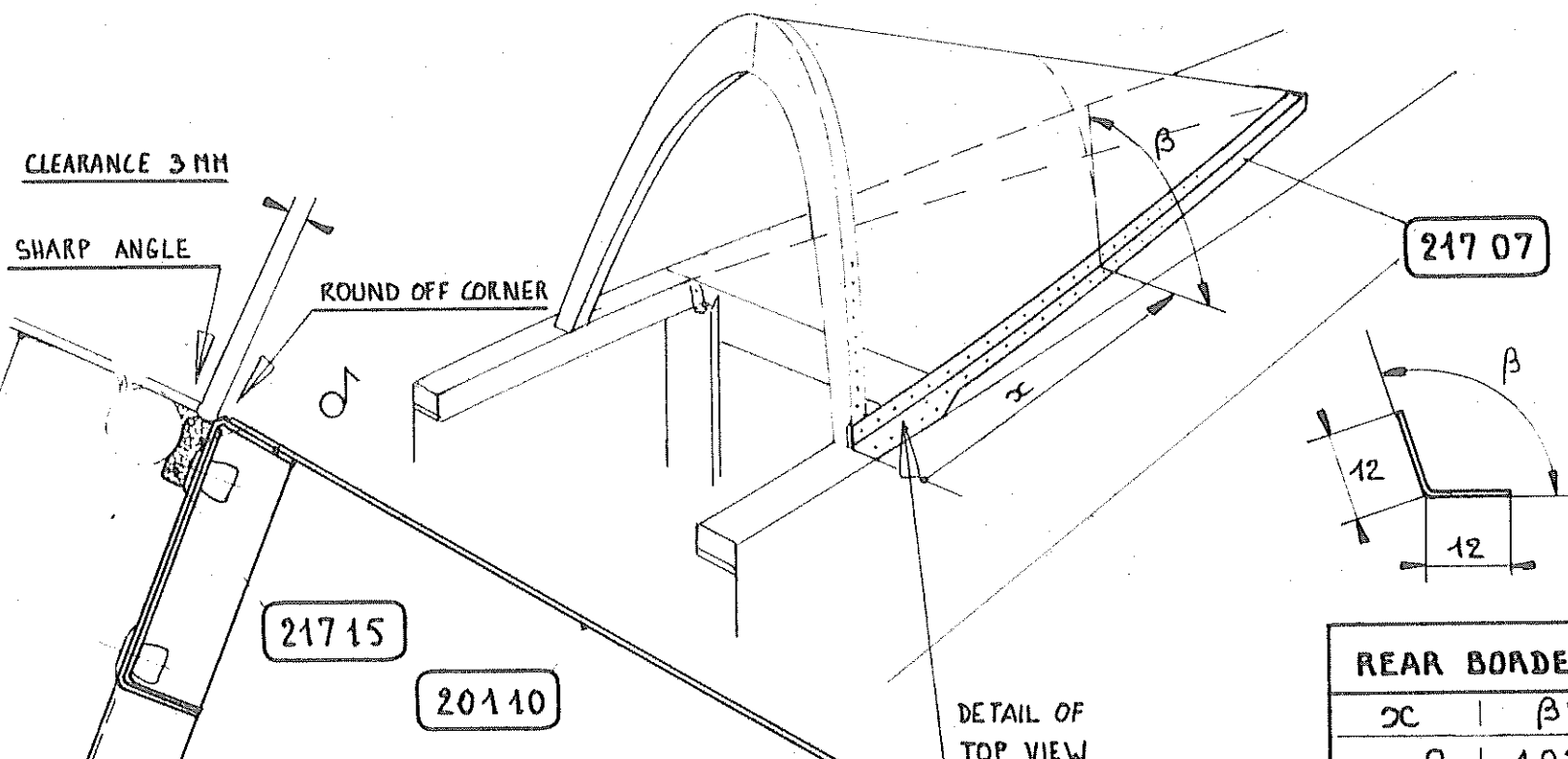
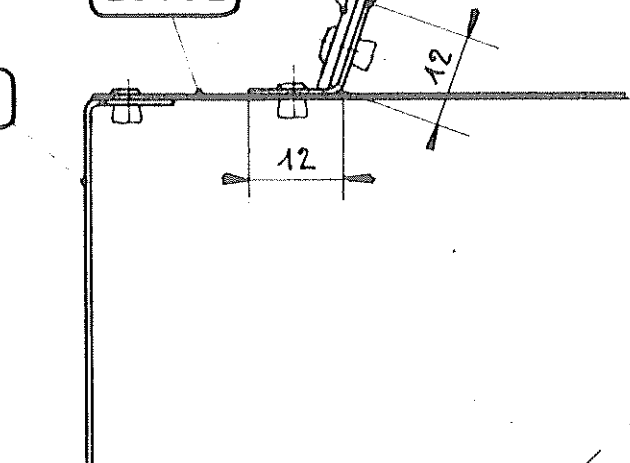
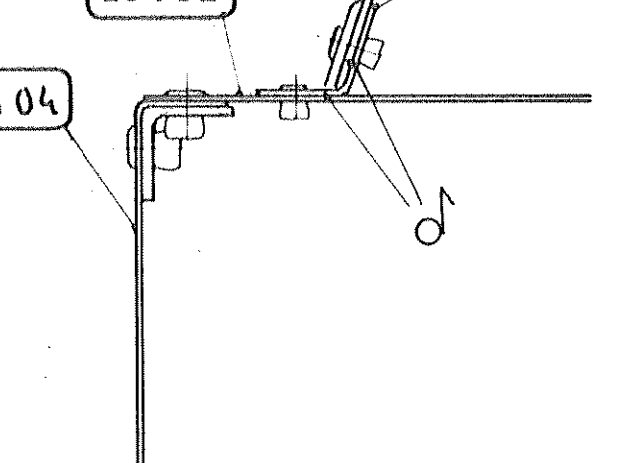
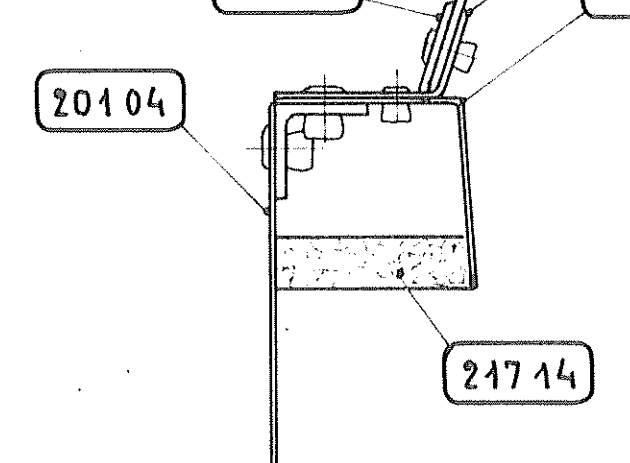
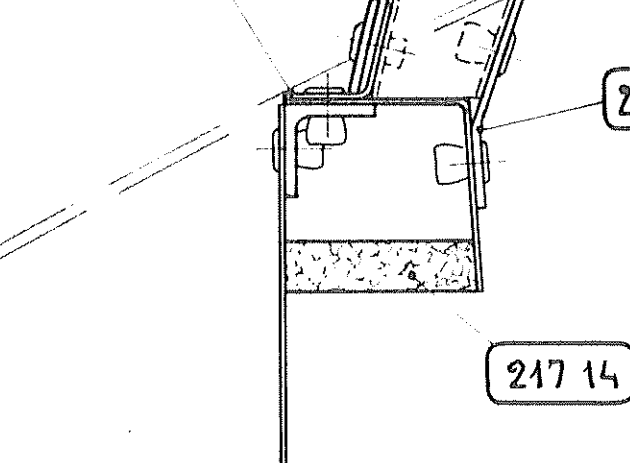
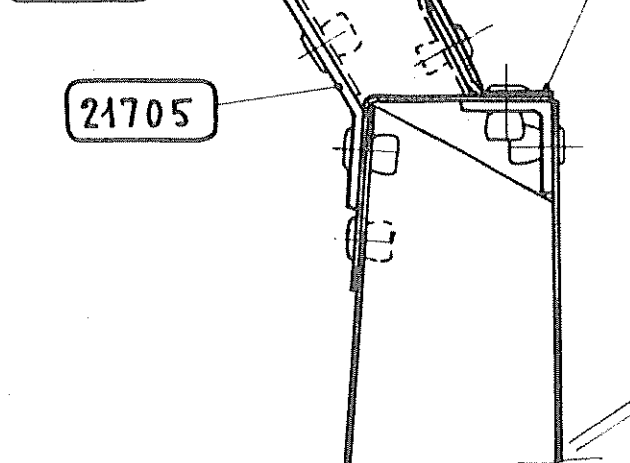
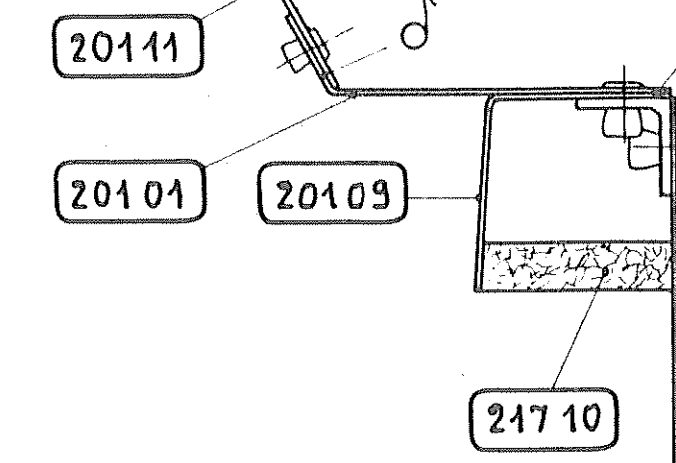
SECTION BB

SECTION CC

SECTION DD

SECTION EE

SECTION FF



RC	RA
0	102
200	106
400	109
600	111
800	113
1000	114
1090	114

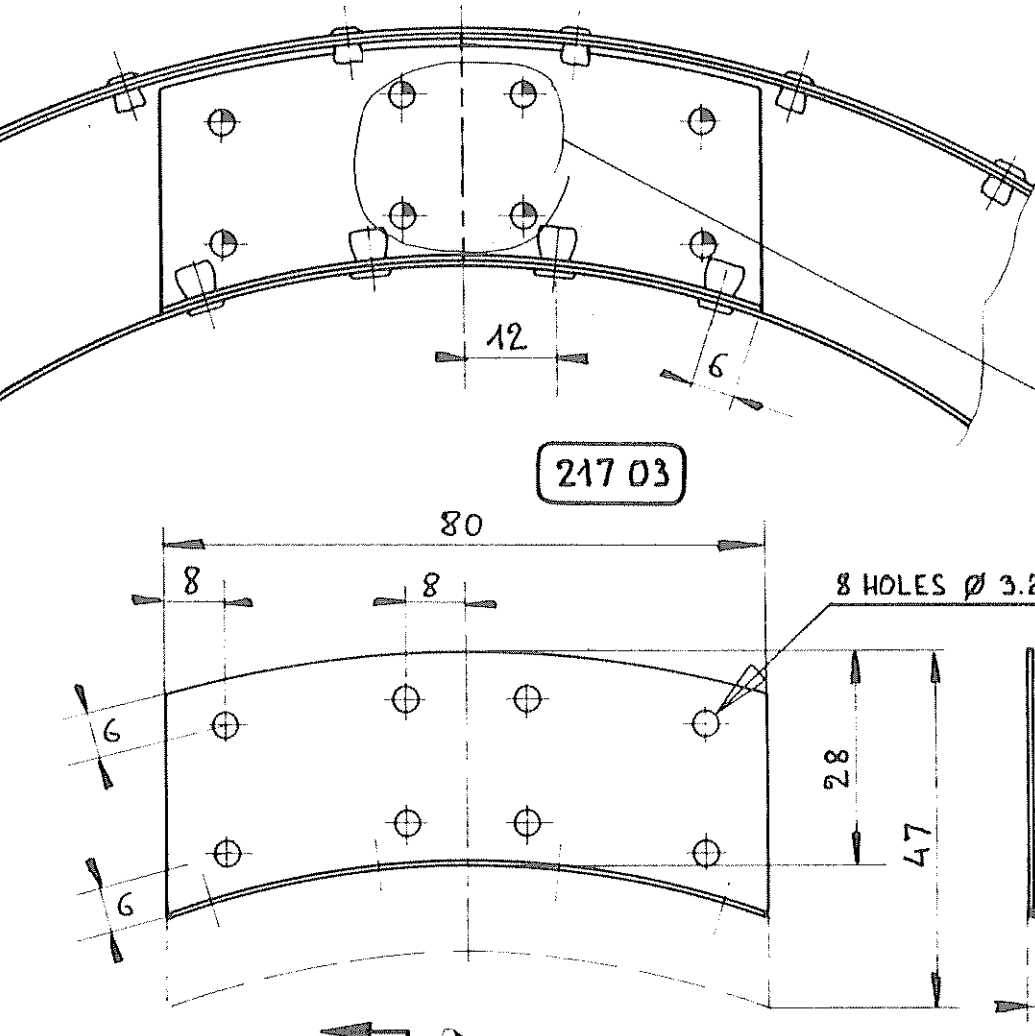
CO-ORDINATES FRONT CANOPY BOW

X _{fo}	Y _{fo}	L _{fo}	α _{fo} °
0	0	30	99
5	37.5	30	
10	53.3	30	
20	73.0	30	
50	112.0	30	100
100	154.4	29	
150	184.4	28	
200	213.6	27	101
250	237.0	25	
300	257.4	23	102
350	275.4	20	
390.1	288.7	16	103

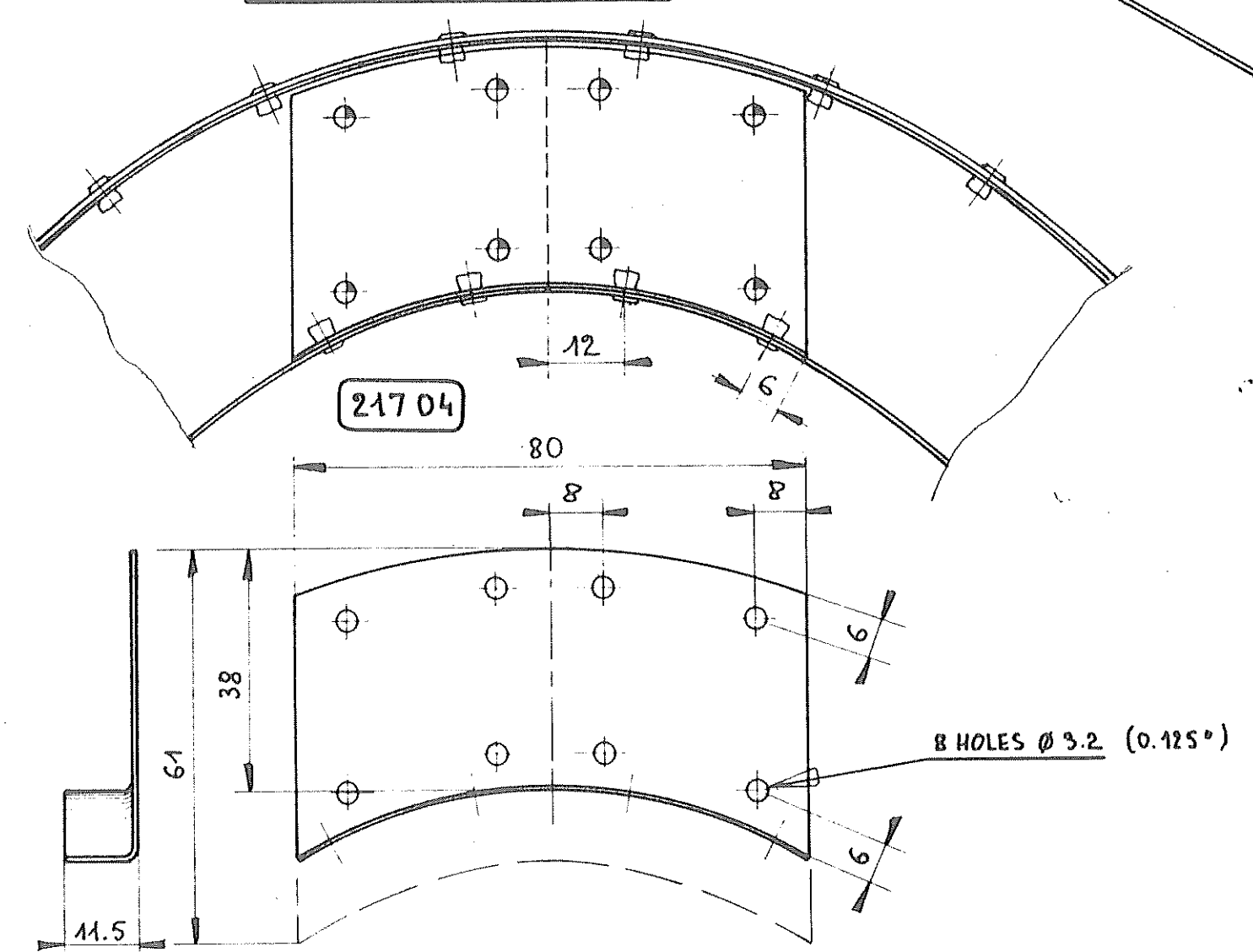
CO-ORDINATES REAR CANOPY BOW

X _{af}	Y _{af}	L _{af}	α _{af} °
0	0	40	79.5
5	33.5	40	
10	47.3	40	
20	65.0	39	
50	98.6	38	80.1
100	136.1	36	80.6
150	164.6	34	
200	188.5	31.5	81.7
250	209.6	29.0	
300	228.3	26.5	82.7
350	245.0	23.5	
400	260.0	20.5	83.7
450	273.0	17.5	
472.1	278.6	16.0	84.5

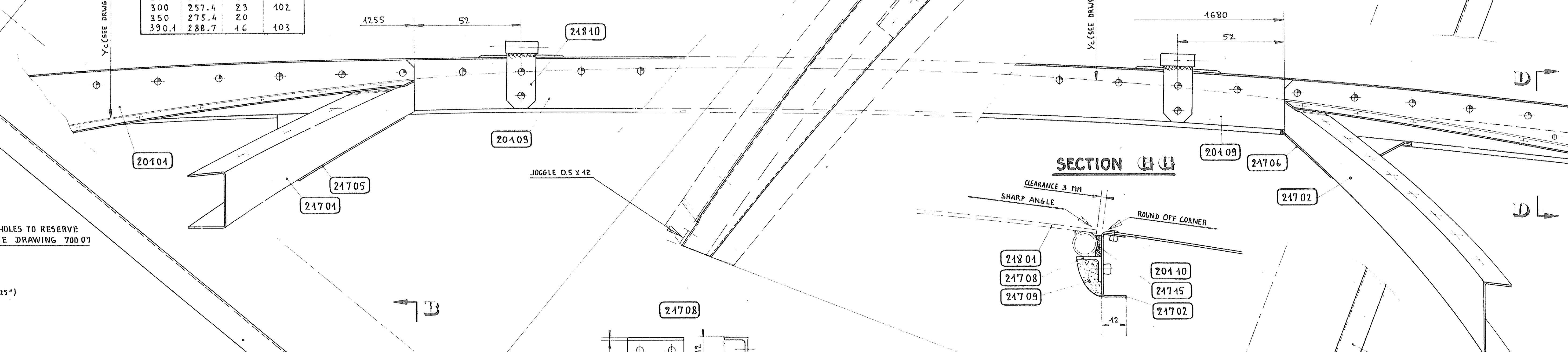
FRONT CANOPY BOW JOINT FRONT VIEW



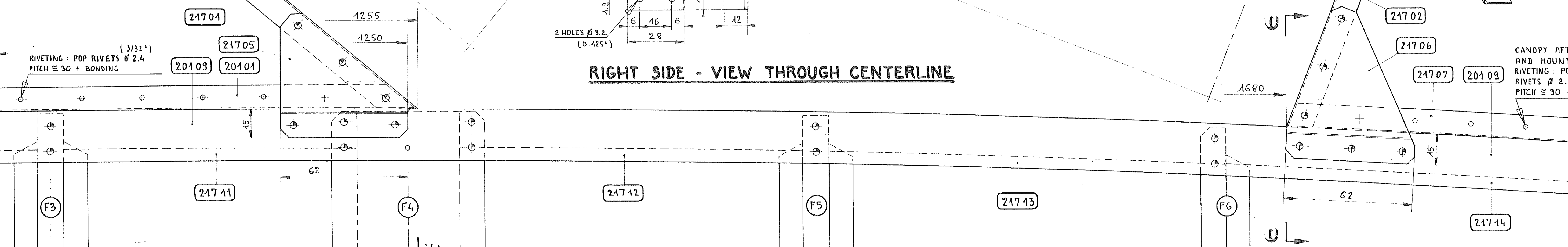
REAR CANOPY BOW JOINT REAR VIEW



TOP VIEW



RIGHT SIDE - VIEW THROUGH CENTERLINE



EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:

- 0.5 MM ± 0.020" - 1.2 MM ± 0.050"
- 0.8 MM ± 0.032" - 1.2 MM ± 0.050"

Part No.	Description	Material	Cond.	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
217 46	2" MOUNTING BAND	2024	T3	4090 x 12 x 0.5	65,000	
217 45	CANOPY SEAL	FLEXIBLE FOAM		10 FT		GLUED
217 44	2" STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 400		202 x 25.5 x 6		
217 43	2" STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 400		495 x 25.5 x 6		
217 42	2" STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 400		468 x 25.5 x 6		
217 41	2" STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 400		444 x 25.5 x 6		
217 40	2" STIFFENER	KLEGECELL 400		350 x 25.5 x 6		
217 09	TRIM	KLEGECELL 75	TO FIT			
217 08	CLIPS	2024	T4	28 x 12 x 12 x 1.2	65,000	or EXTRUSION
217 07	BORDER - REAR	2024	T3	1090 x 34 x 0.5	65,000	
217 04	2" GUSSET - REAR	2024	T3	80 x 62 x 0.8	65,000	ID. DW.
217 05	2" GUSSET - FRONT	2024	T3	70 x 62 x 0.8	65,000	ID. DW.
217 04	1" SPLICE PLATE - REAR	2024	T3	80 x 61 x 0.5	65,000	
217 03	1" SPLICE PLATE - FRONT	2024	T3	80 x 47 x 0.5	65,000	
217 02	2" HALF-BOW - REAR	2024	T3	555 x 103 x 0.5	65,000	or S051 E:0.8
217 01	2" HALF-BOW - FRONT	2024	T3	494 x 100 x 0.5	65,000	or S051 E:0.8

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: CANOPY FRAMING

Scale: 1/1

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Drawn by: Colomban

Date: May 49 74

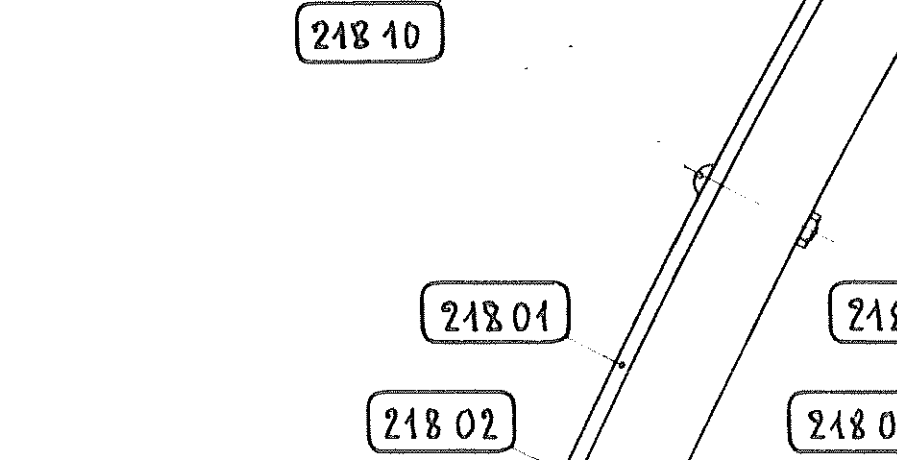
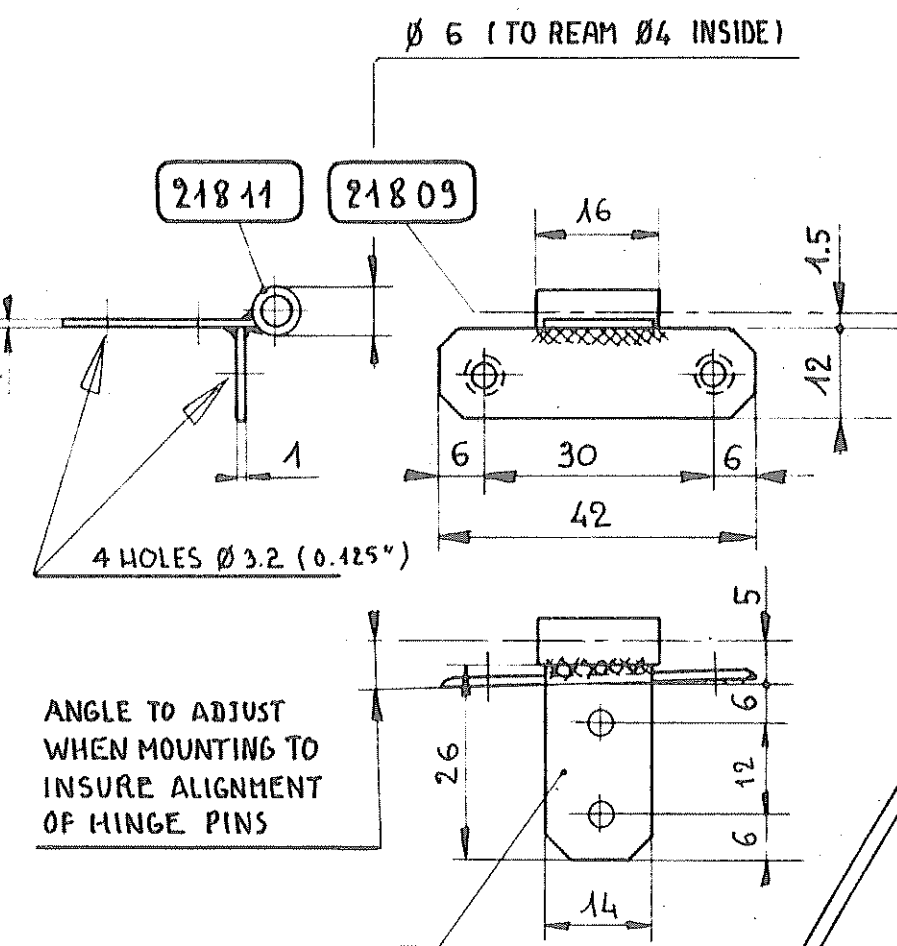
BONDING: ● PLEXIGLAS TO BOW OVER THE ENTIRE PERIMETER. BEFOREHAND, ROUGH THE PLEXIGLAS WITH FINE EMERY CLOTH.
NOTE: IF BONDED WITH PRC GLUE, REF. PR 1422 B SCREW 218 49 ARE NOT REQUIRED.

VIEW THROUGH AA

VIEW THROUGH BB

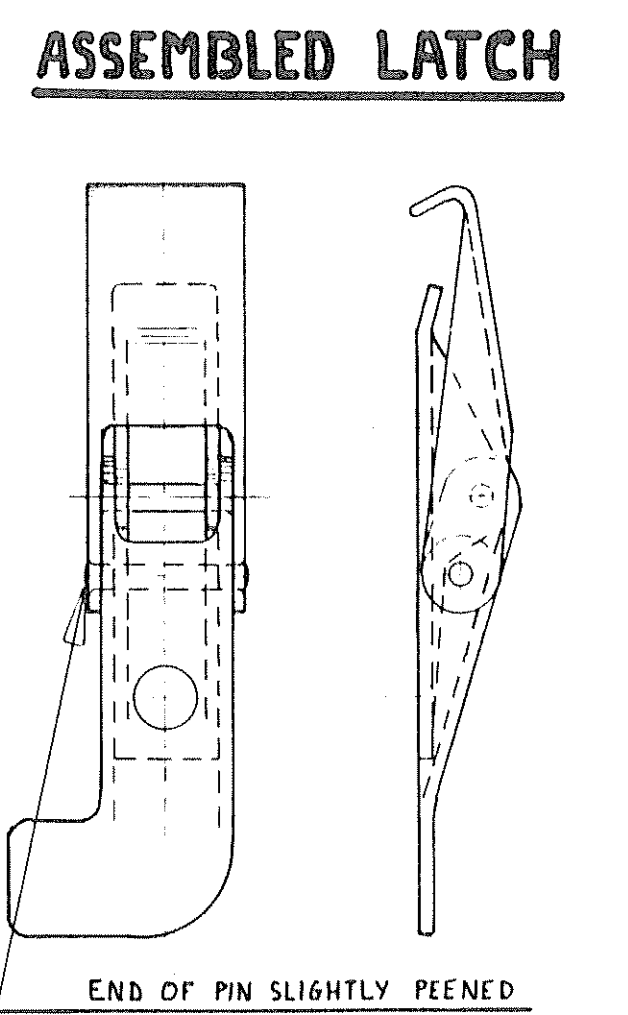
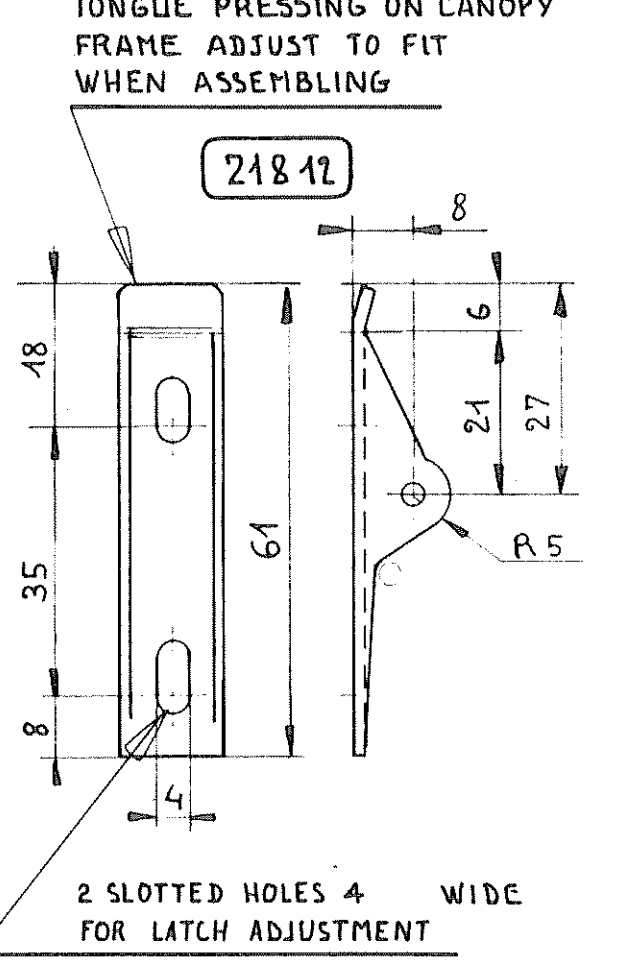
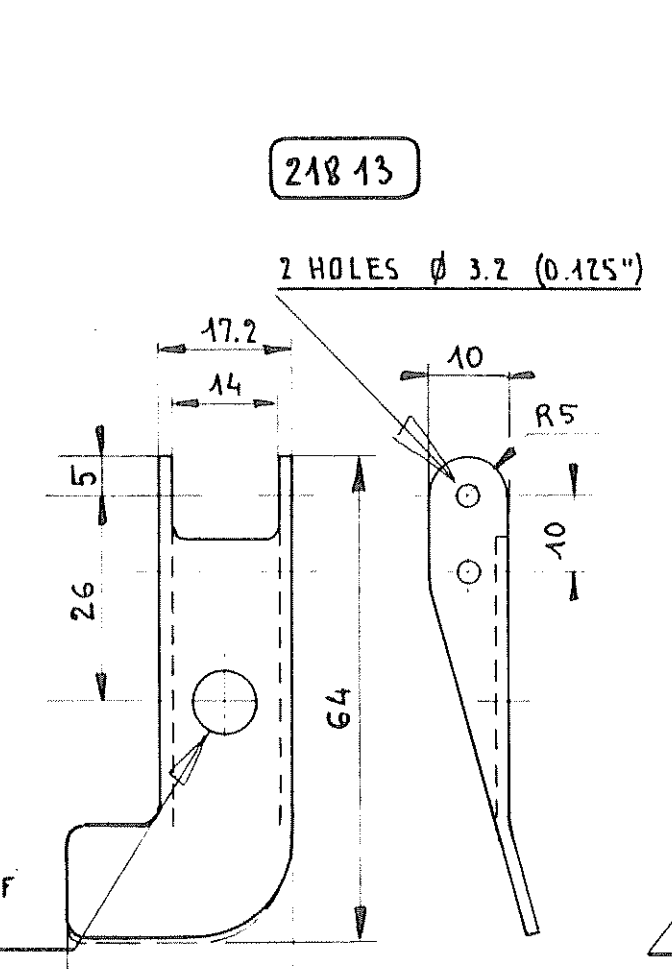
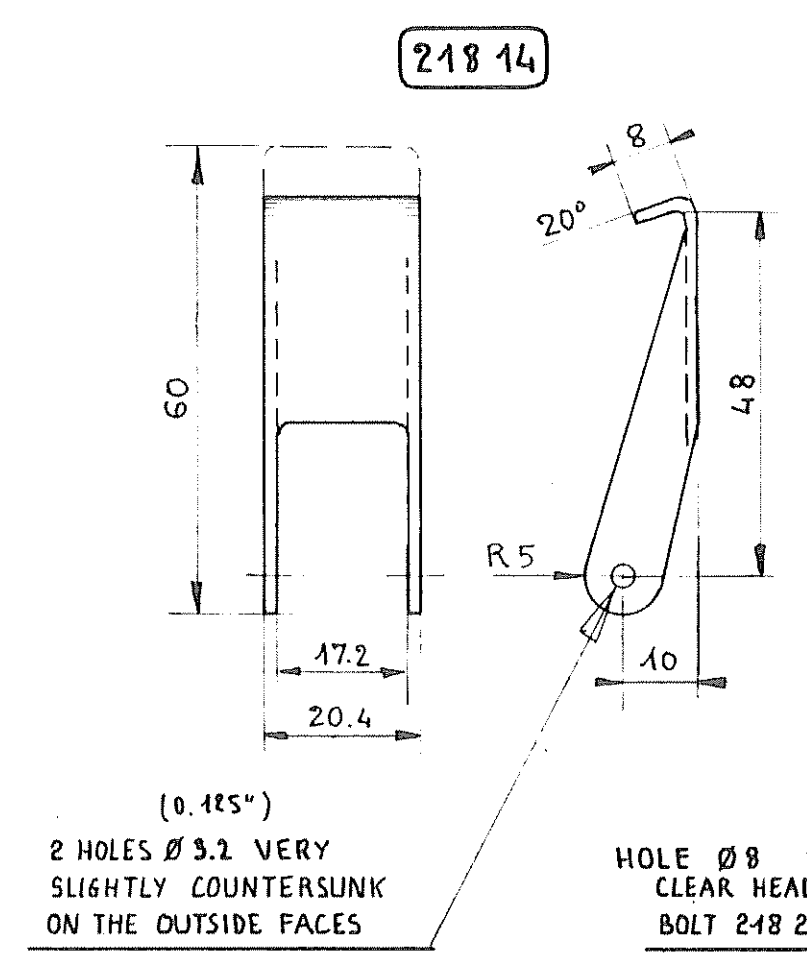
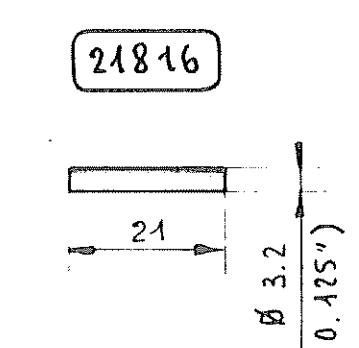
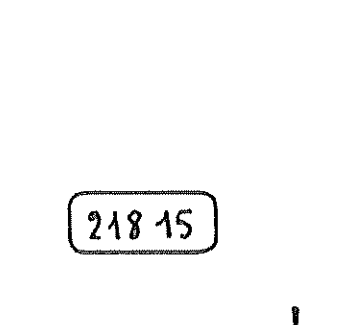
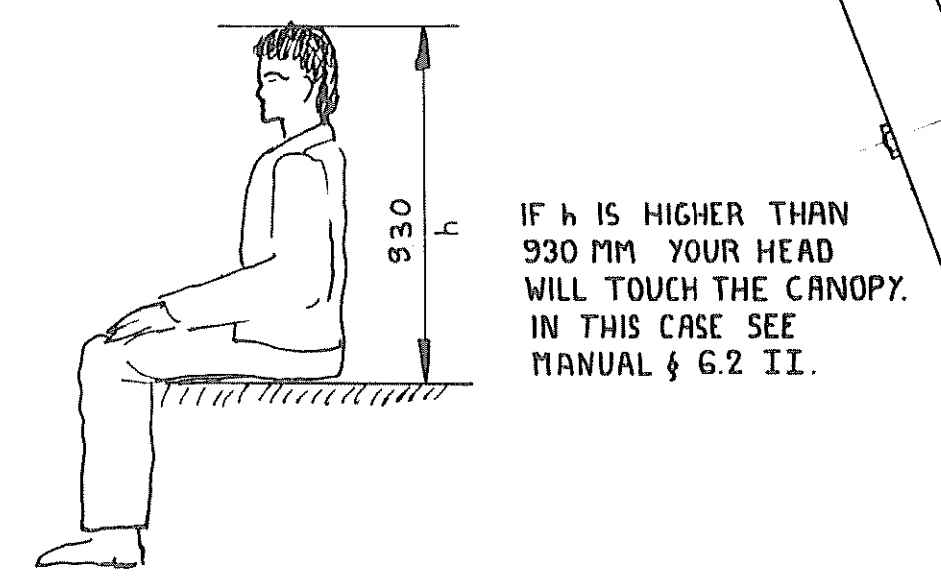
CANOPY BUBBLE SIDE VIEW

CANOPY BUBBLE TOP VIEW

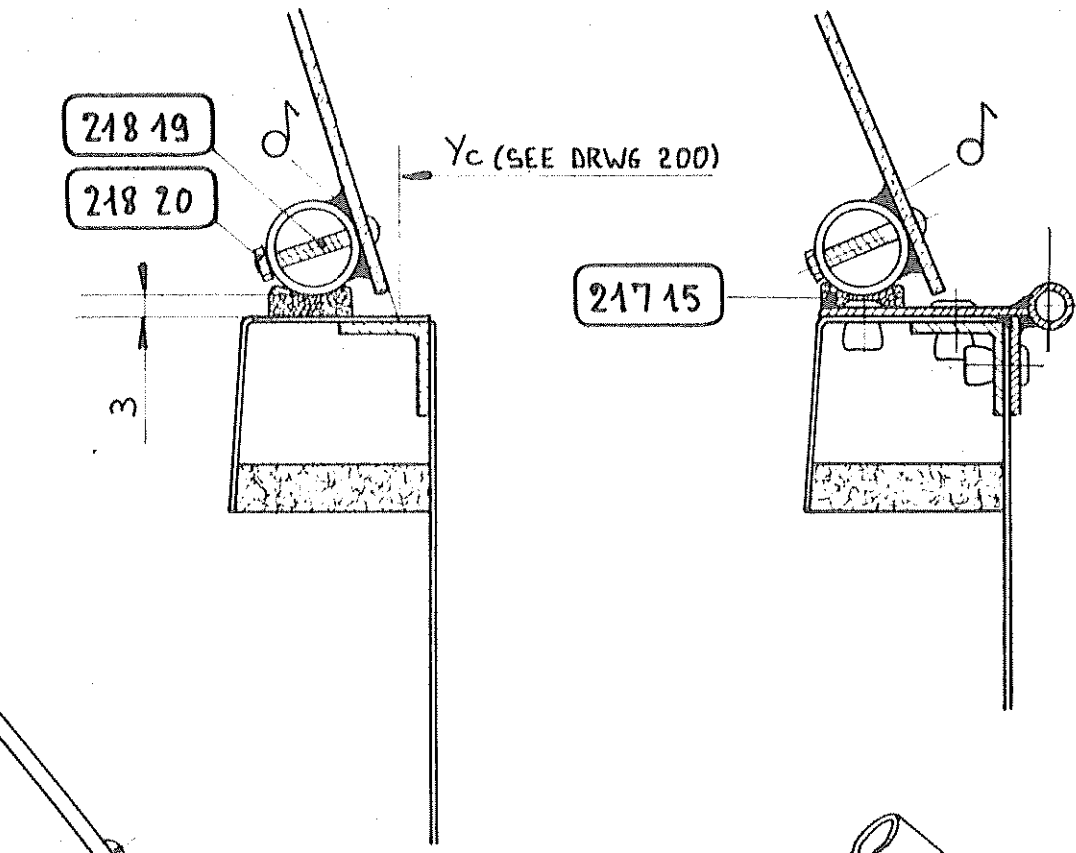


ADJUST TO FIT CURVES OF CANOPY BOWS 217 01 AND 217 02

REDUCE AND ROUND OFF THE SCREW HEAD. TIGHTEN THE NUT MODERATELY, JUST ENOUGH TO PULL THE PLEXIGLAS INTO CONTACT WITH THE TUBE. SEE BONDING NOTE.



SECTION CC SECTION DD



CLEARANCE = 3MM

SEE NOTE FOR REAR HINGE FITTING

INTERIOR VIEW - LEFT

INTERIOR VIEW - RIGHT

TOP VIEW

VIEW TH. CC

VIEW TH. DD

VIEW TH. EE

VIEW THROUGH FF

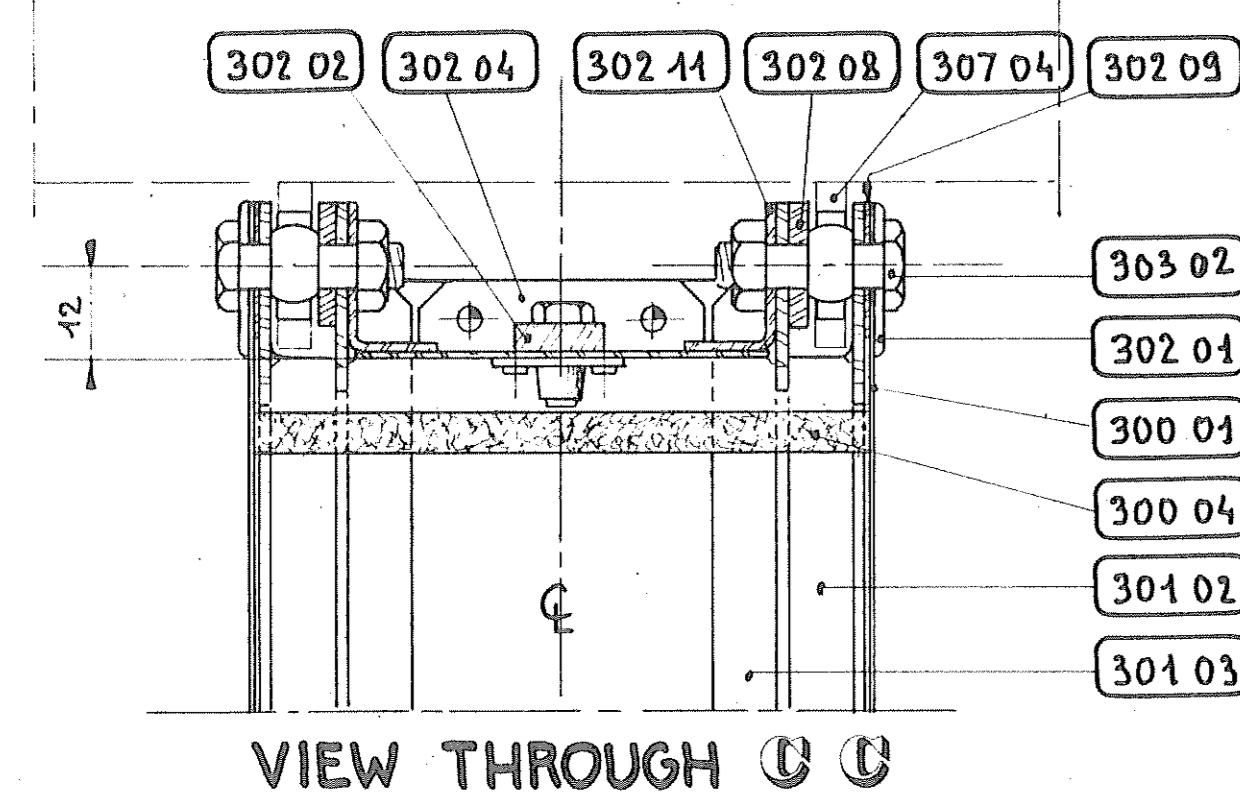
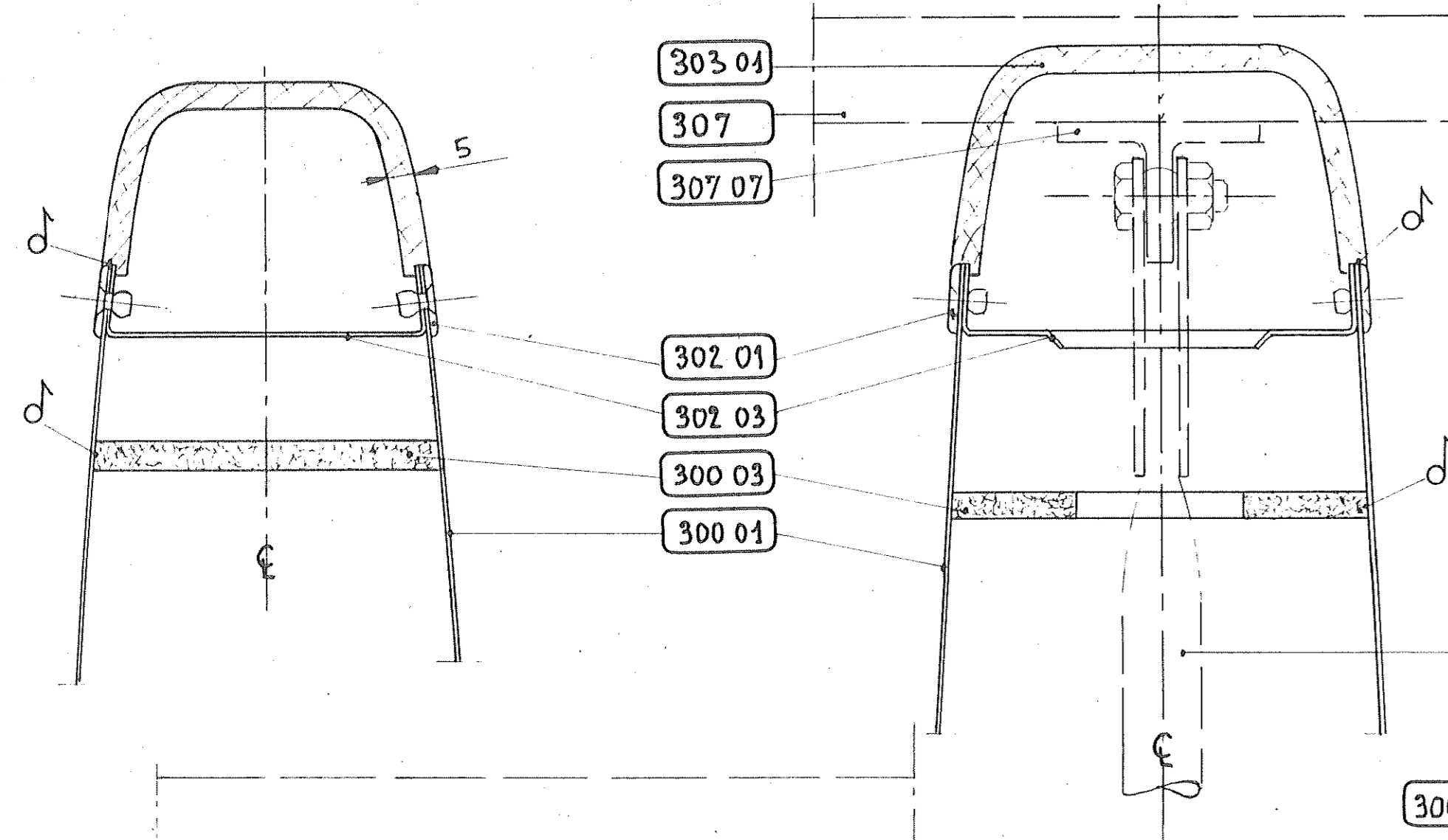
EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:
 - 1 MM ≅ 0.040"
 - 1.6 MM ≅ 0.063"
 - 2 MM ≅ 0.080"
 - 3.2 MM ≅ 0.125"

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond.	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
218 24	4	BOLT	STEEL	HEX HD. Ø 6.42 ISO	120.000		
218 20	36	NUT	STEEL	Ø 2	60.000		
218 49	36	SCREW	STEEL	ROUND HD. Ø 2.16	60.000		
218 48	2	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 6 ISO	120.000		
218 47	2	MACHINE SCREW	STEEL	R. HD. Ø 4.45 ISO	120.000		
218 46	2	PIN	STEEL	Ø 3 x 24	120.000		
218 45	2	PIN	STEEL	Ø 3 x 17.2	120.000		
218 44	2	LATCH	2024	T3	60 x 46 x 4.6	63.000	BENT SHEET
218 43	2	LATCH	2024	T3	64 x 33 x 4.6	63.000	BENT SHEET
218 42	2	LATCH	2024	T3	55 x 35 x 4.6	63.000	BENT SHEET
218 41	4	HINGE	15CDV6	T	Ø 5 x 4 x 16	160.000	TO REAM
218 40	2	HINGE	15CDV6	T	Ø 6 x 14 x 4	120.000	
218 09	2	HINGE	15CDV6	T	42 x 12 x 4	120.000	
218 08	4	HINGE FITTING	15CDV6	T	402 x 35 x 2	120.000	
218 07	4	HINGE FITTING	15CDV6	T	115 x 33 x 2	120.000	
218 06	4	LATCH PLATE GUSSET	2024	T3	110 x 50 x 4.6	63.000	
218 05	1	LATCH PLATE GUSSET	2024	T3	155 x 38 x 4.6	63.000	
218 04	2	SIDE FRAME	6061	T6	Ø 42 x 4 x 425	15.000	TUBING
218 03	1	REAR BOW	6061	T6	Ø 12 x 1 x 1200	15.000	TUBING
218 02	1	FRONT BOW	6061	T6	Ø 12 x 1 x 1050	15.000	TUBING
218 01	1	BUBBLE	PLEXIGLAS		1200 x 1200 x 2		

CRICRI MC 15
TITLE: CANOPY

SECTION AA

SECTION BB



SKIN TRIM LINE

601 45
300 05
300 03

302 02
302 01
300 01
300 04
301 02
301 03

303 04

302 03 303 04 302 41 302 04 303 04 302 01

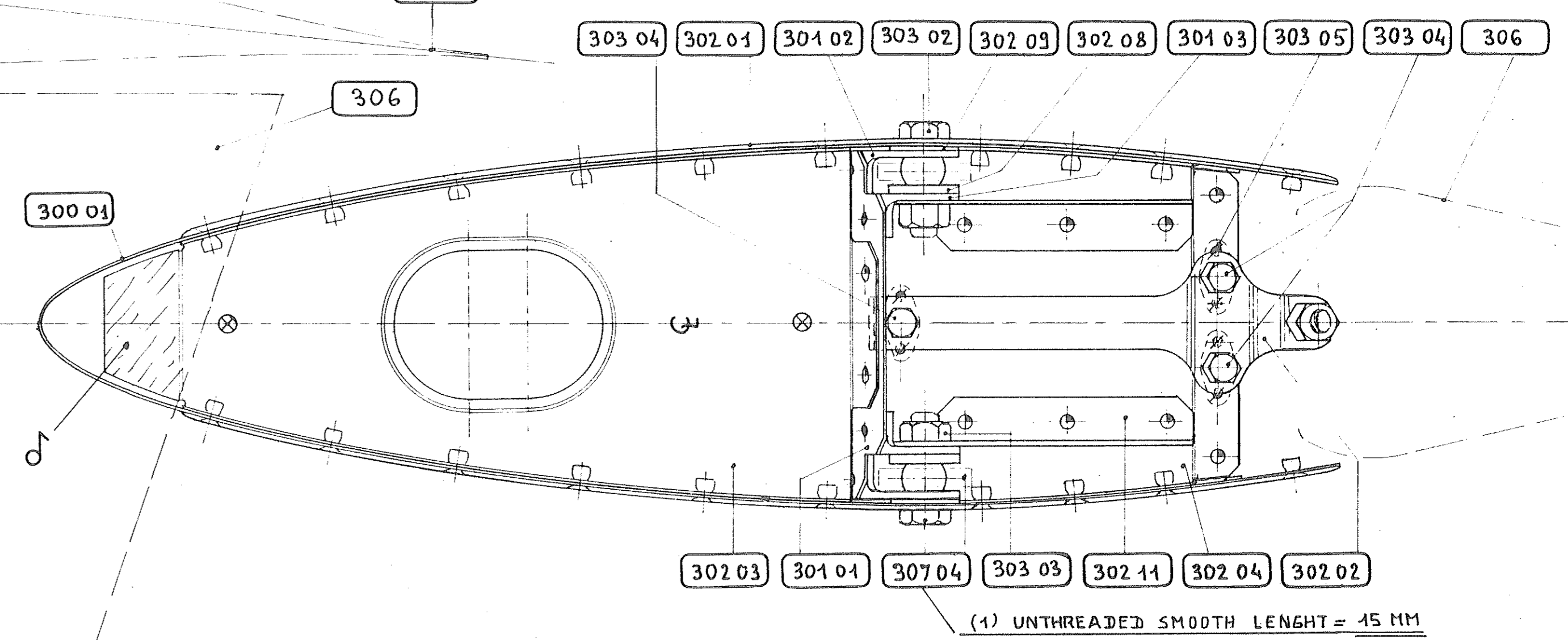
LEFT SIDE
SKIN NOT SHOWN

5 SAFETY RIVETS Ø 2.4 (3/32")
EACH SIDE

TRIM SKIN TO CORRESPOND WITH 302 04
CLEARANCE WITH HORIZONTAL TAIL ≤ 3 MM

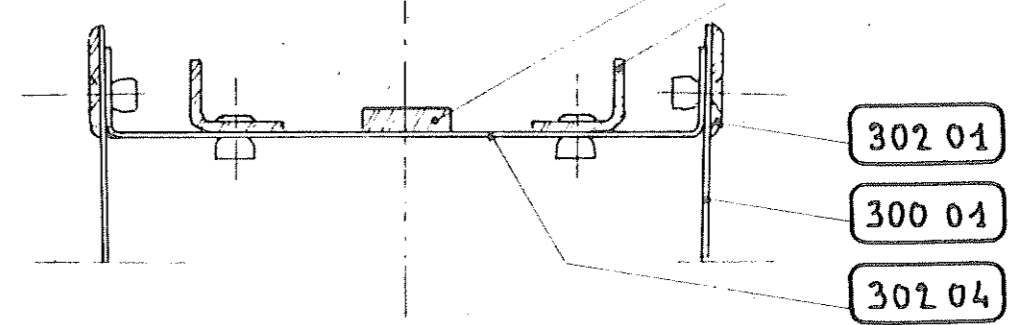
BONDING: ● SKIN TO RIBS AND FALSE SPAR
● TIP FAIRING
● KLEEGECELL RIBS AND POPLAR SPACERS TO SPAR

TOP VIEW



(1) UNTHREADED SMOOTH LENGTH = 45 MM

SECTION DD



303 07	1	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 5 ISO	120.000		
303 06	4	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120.000		
303 05	3	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 4 x 12 ISO	120.000	OR ALLEN (1)	
303 03	2	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 6 ISO	120.000		
303 02	2	BOLT - STAB - ATTACH	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 6 x 25 ISO	120.000		
303 01	4	FIN TIP FAIRING	BALSA	405 x 73 x 44 x 5			
Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments

AVIONS **CRICRI** MC 15

TITLE: FIN - UPPER PORTION

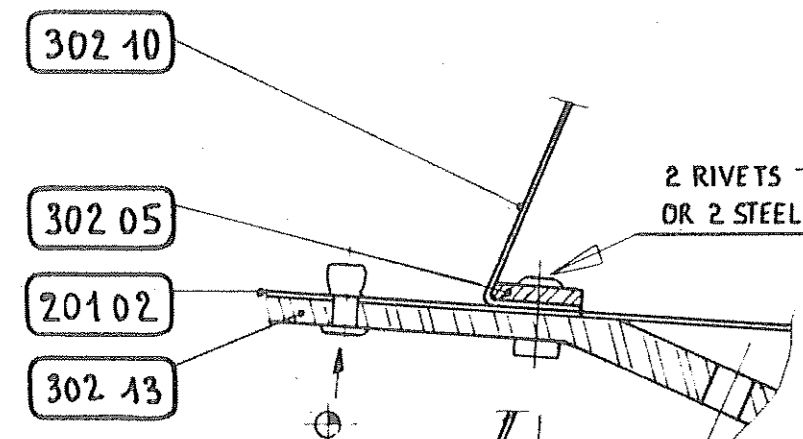
Scale: 4/4 Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN

Drawn by: Colomban Date: Sept 1984

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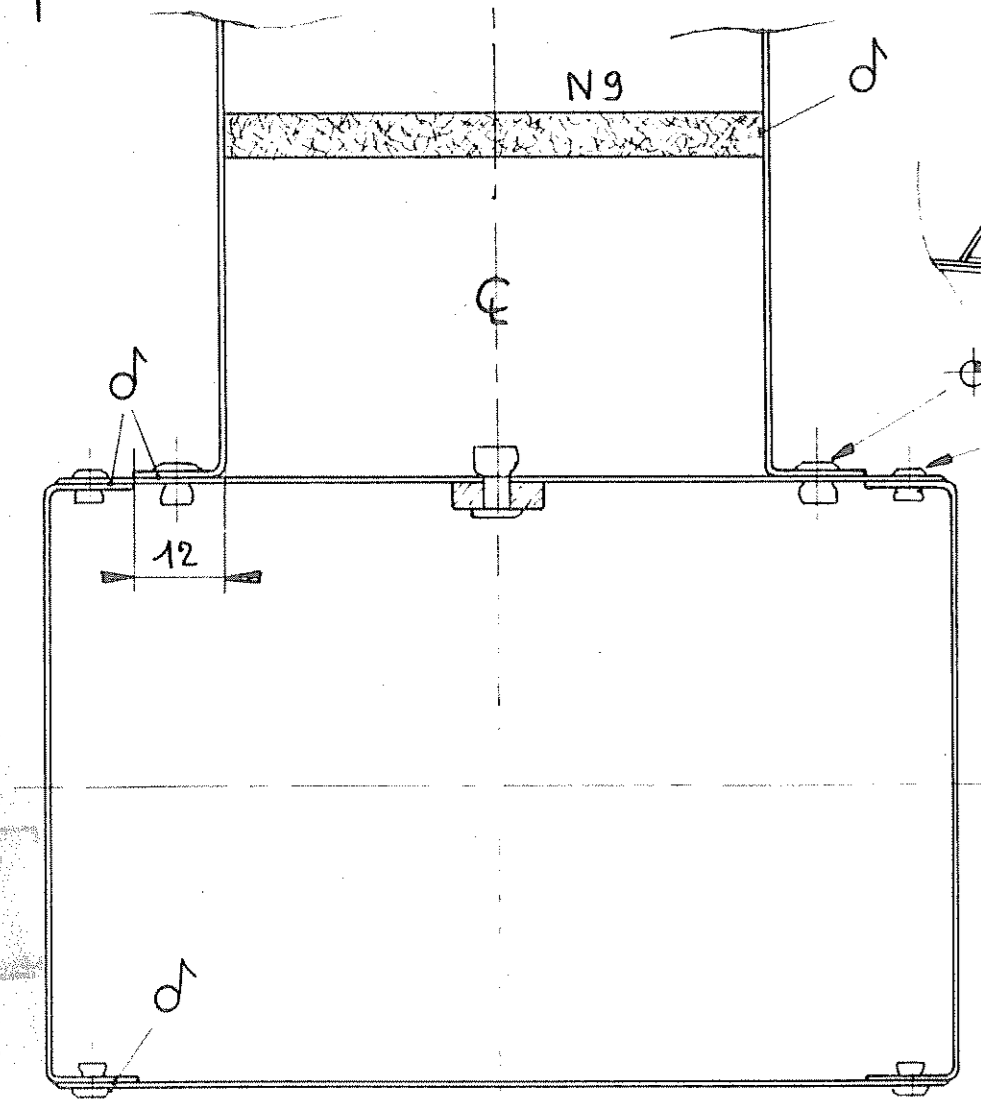
303

DETAIL B



2 RIVETS Ø 3
OR 2 STEEL BOLTS Ø 3

SECTION AA

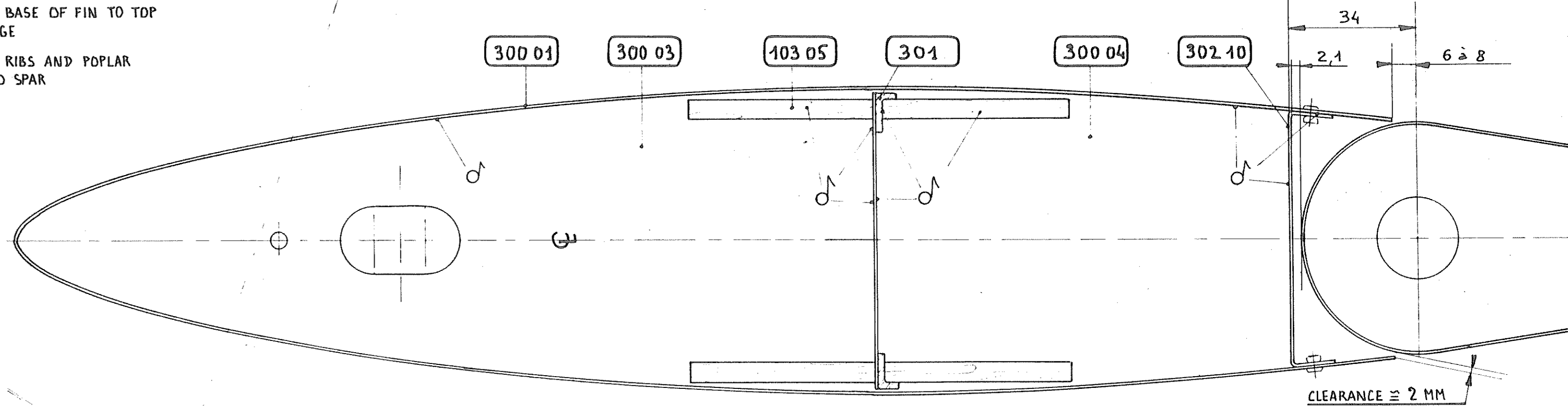


52
3 DIVISIONS

207 02
207 01

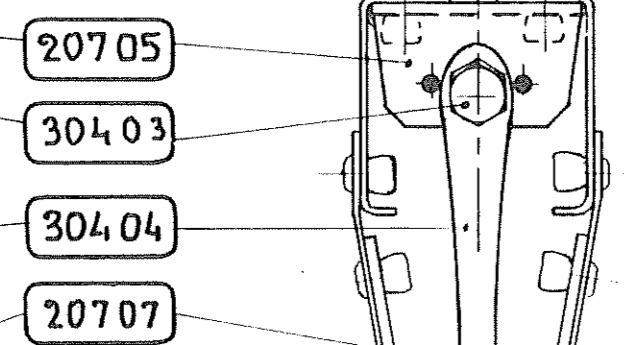
BONDING: ● SKIN TO RIBS AND FALSE SPAR
● FLANGE AT BASE OF FIN TO TOP OF FUSELAGE
● KLEEGECELL RIBS AND POPLAR SPACERS TO SPAR

RIB 9 - TOP VIEW



COUNTERSINK 2 INTERIOR RIVETS
CLEARANCE 3 MM

REAR VIEW



LEFT SIDE - SKIN NOT SHOWN

201 06 601 14 201 07 208 02 600 15 601 15 208 01 207 09 201 08
207 03 301 603 12 302 43 302 12 304 05 207 04 207 08

304 05	3	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. 4 x 25 ISO	120.000		
304 04	4	TAIL SWID	PIANO WIRE	Ø 4.5 x 250	120.000		
304 03	4	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. 4 x 12 ISO	120.000		
304 02	4						
304 01	4						
Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments

AVIONS **CRICRI** MC 15

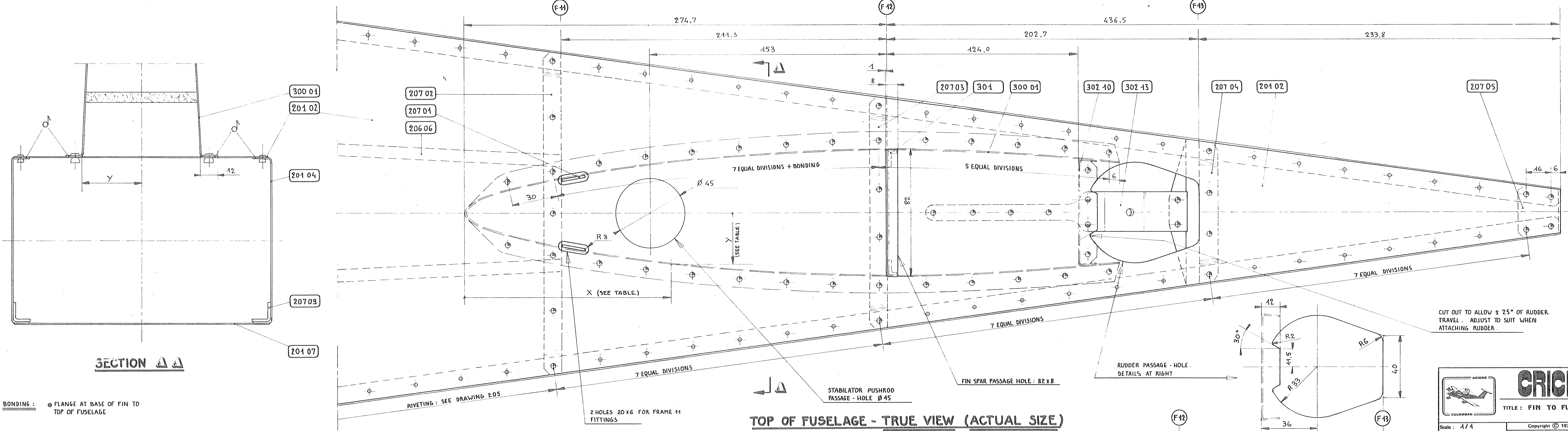
TITLE: FIN - LOWER PORTION

Scale: 4/4 Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN

Drawn by: Colomban Date: Sept 1984

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304



FIN AIRFOIL CO-ORDINATES AT FUSELAGE

X	Y
0	0
3.2	5.36
4.8	6.57
8.3	8.48
17.1	12.01
35.0	17.00
52.7	20.86
70.5	24.12
105.8	29.48
140.6	33.66
175.0	36.84
208.8	39.18
242.1	40.55
274.7	40.99
307.0	40.57
339.0	39.31
371.0	37.34
403.0	34.73
434.0	31.48

SECTION A-A

BONDING : ● FLANGE AT BASE OF FIN TO TOP OF FUSELAGE

TOP OF FUSELAGE - TRUE VIEW (ACTUAL SIZE)

CUT OUT TO ALLOW ± 25° OF RUDDER TRAVEL. ADJUST TO SUIT WHEN ATTACHING RUDDER.

RUDDER PASSAGE - HOLE DETAILS AT RIGHT

STABILATOR PUSHROD PASSAGE - HOLE Ø 45

FIN SPAR PASSAGE HOLE: 82 x 8

2 HOLES 20 x 6 FOR FRAME 11 FITTINGS

RIVETING : SEE DRAWING 2.05

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE : **FIN TO FUSELAGE ATTACHMENT**

Scale : 1/14 Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN

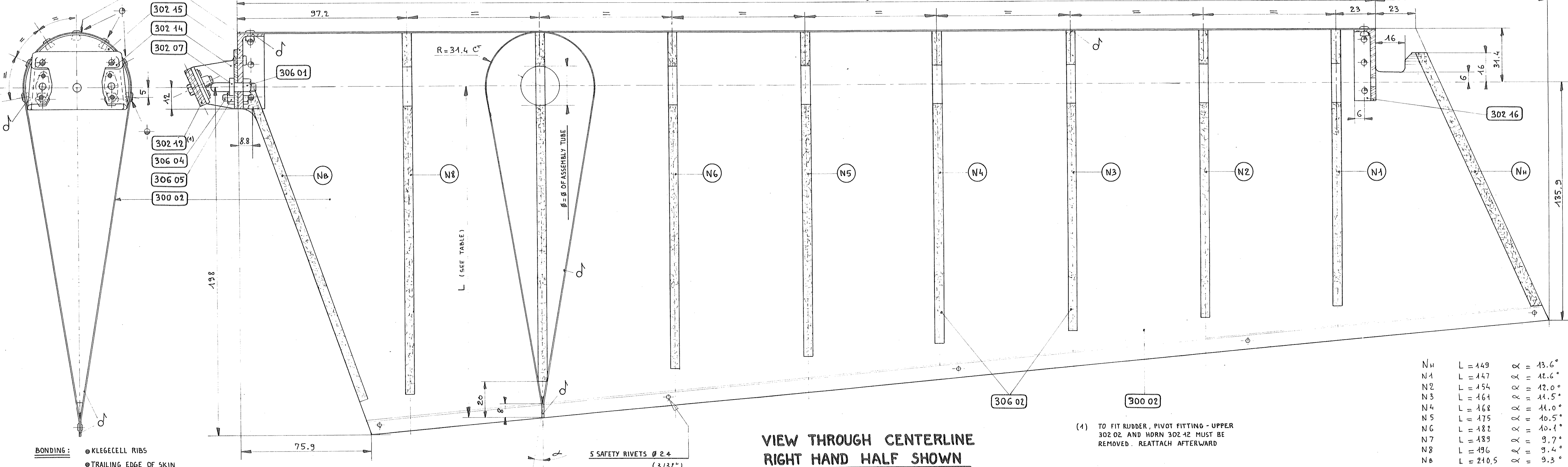
Drawn by : **Colomban** Date : **Sept 1931**

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305

BOTTOM VIEW

(WITHOUT RUDDER HORN 302 42)

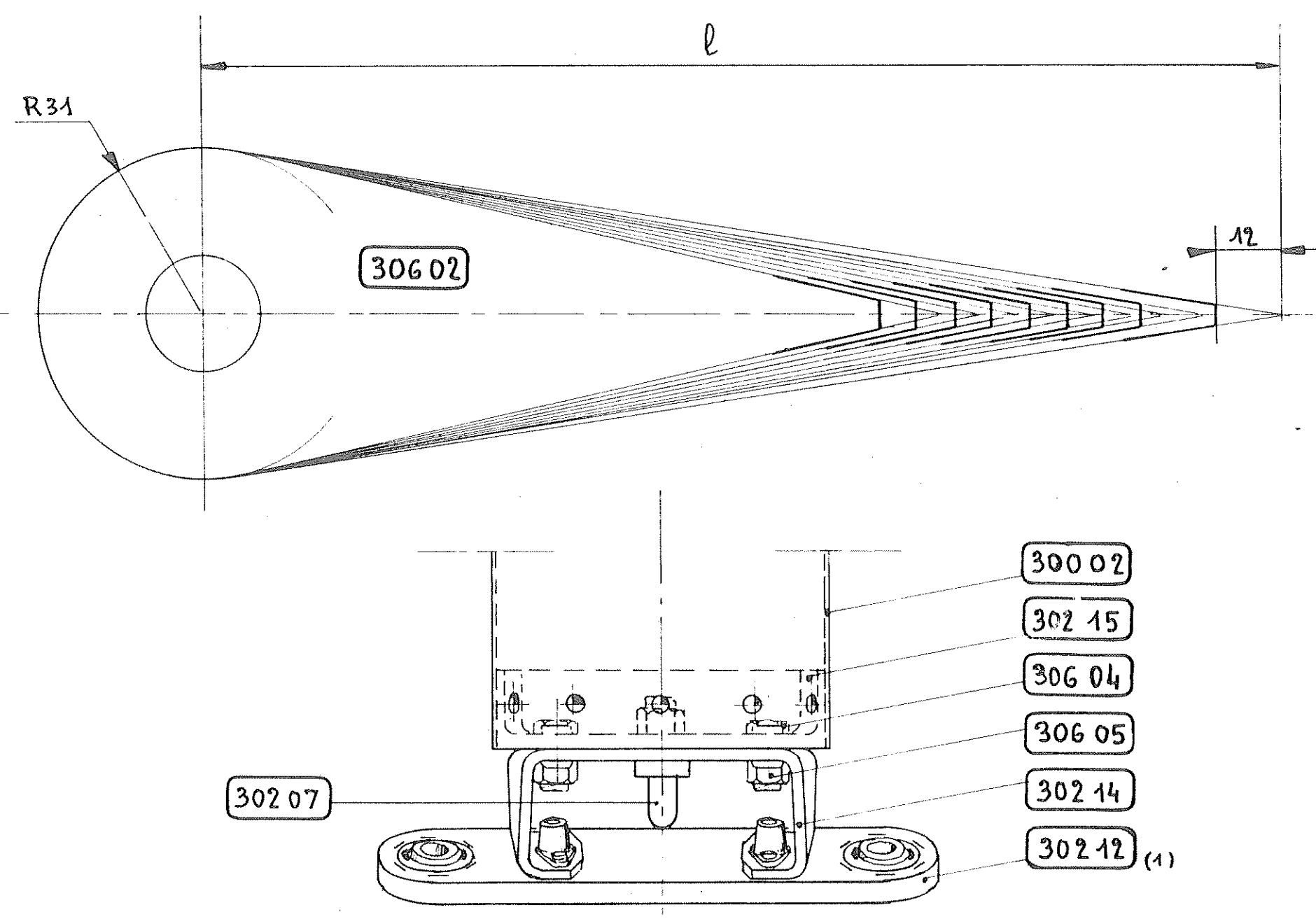


VIEW THROUGH CENTERLINE RIGHT HAND HALF SHOWN

(1) TO FIT RUDDER, PIVOT FITTING - UPPER 302 02 AND HORN 302 42 MUST BE REMOVED. REATTACH AFTERWARD

N11	L = 149	Ø = 43.6°	Ø = 144
N1	L = 147	Ø = 42.6°	Ø = 139
N2	L = 154	Ø = 42.0°	Ø = 146
N3	L = 161	Ø = 41.5°	Ø = 153
N4	L = 168	Ø = 41.0°	Ø = 160
N5	L = 175	Ø = 40.5°	Ø = 167
N6	L = 182	Ø = 40.1°	Ø = 174
N7	L = 189	Ø = 39.7°	Ø = 181
N8	L = 196	Ø = 39.4°	Ø = 188
N11	L = 210.5	Ø = 39.3°	Ø = 202.5

BONDING : ● KLEGECELL RIBS
● TRAILING EDGE OF SKIN
● BEARING PLATE LOWER 302 45



LOWER PART - FRONT VIEW

306 05	2	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	110.000	
306 04	2	BOLT	STEEL	HEX HD Ø 4 x 25 ISO	110.000	
306 03						
306 02	10	RIB	KLEGECELL	100 THICKNESS = 6MM		OR CONTICELL 80
306 01	1	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 5 ISO	110.000	
Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist. Comments

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE : **RUDDER**

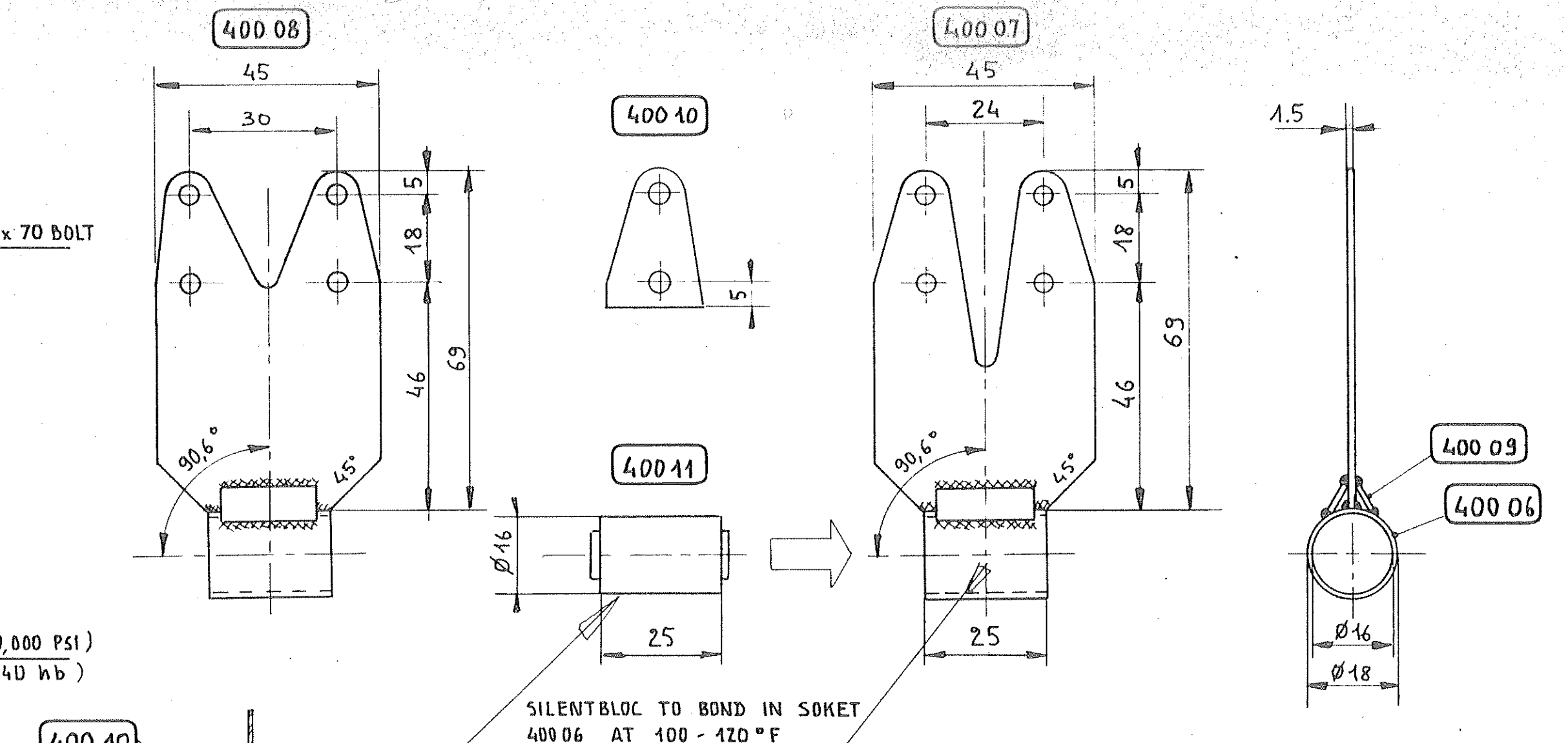
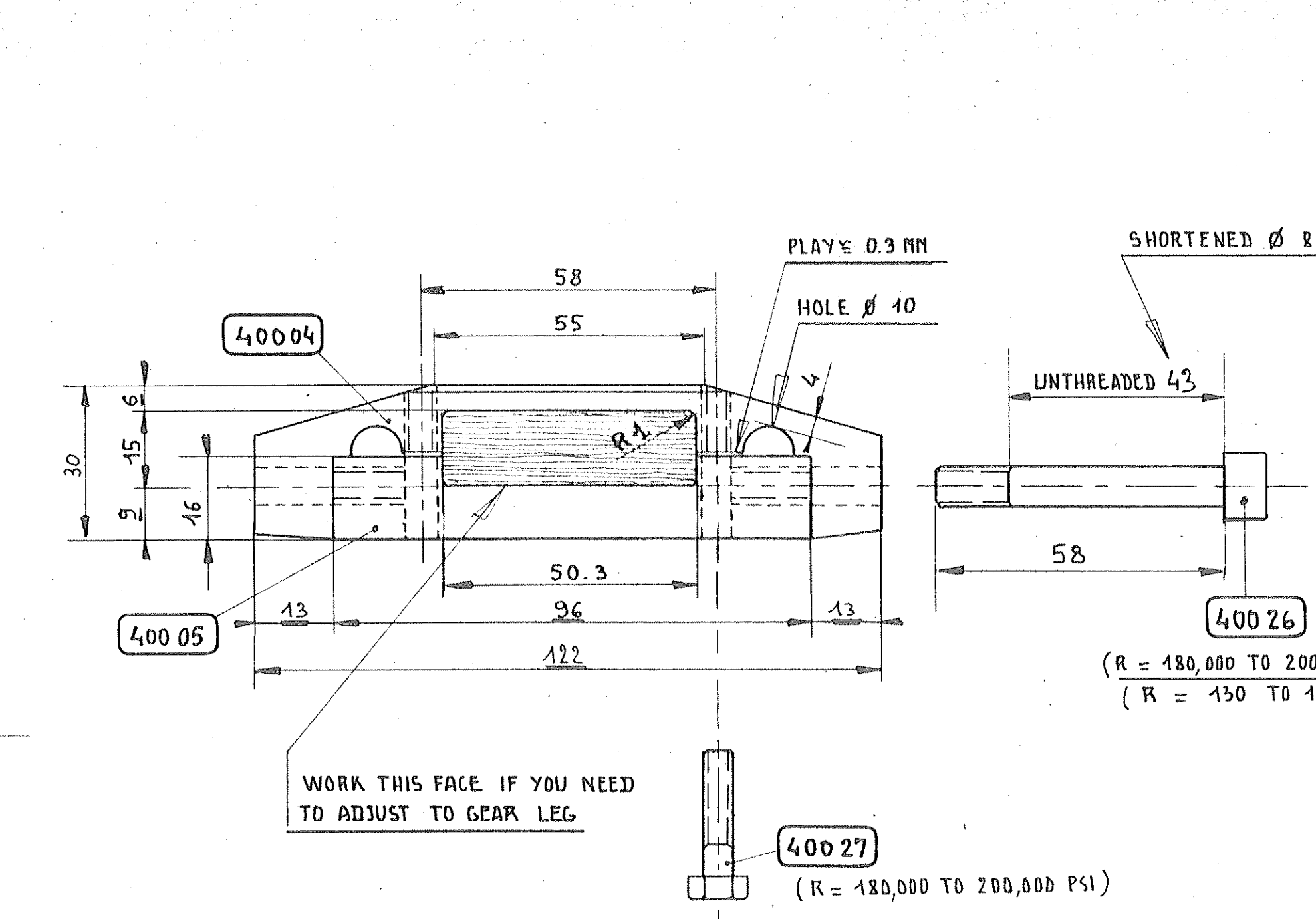
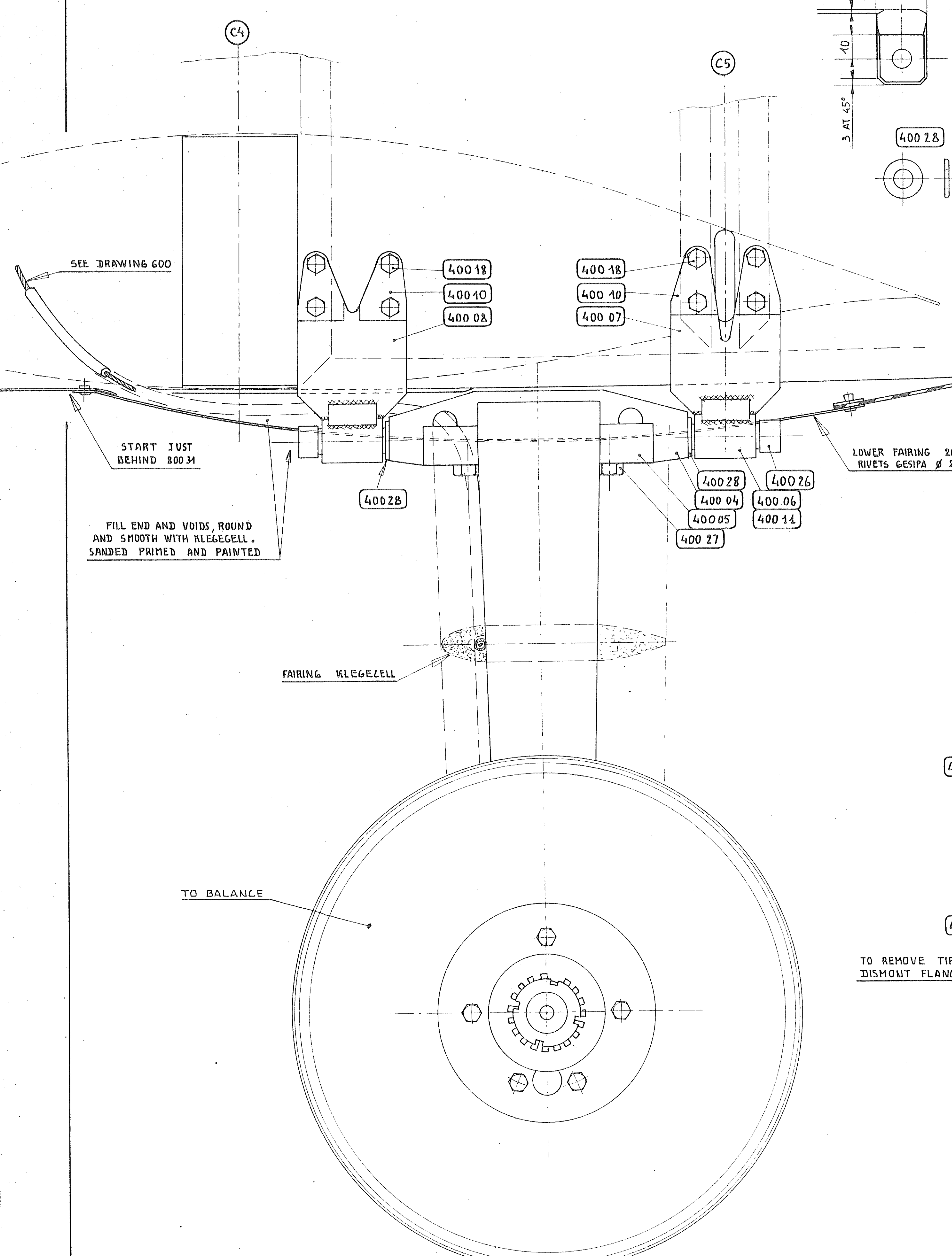
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Drawn by : **Colomban** Date : **Sept 1931**

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LEFT EXTERIOR VIEW

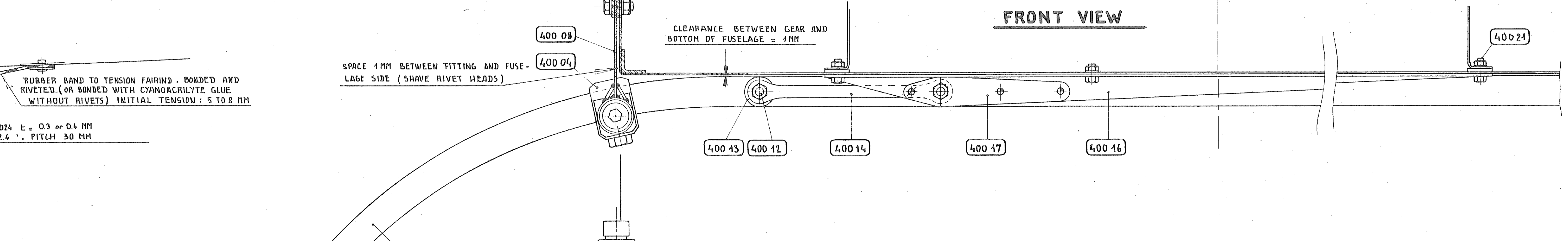


Part No.	Quantity	Description	Material	Dimensions	Notes
40004	4	COMPOSITE GEAR LEG	MC/AS-15-50 VE		
40007	2	HUB-AXLE ASSEMBLY	MC/16 42 T6		
40003	2	TIRE AND INNER TUBE	REF. 2.5 x 3 CANVAS		
40004	2	UPPER CLAMP	2024 T4	42 x 30 x 20	OR T3
40005	2	LOWER CLAMP	2024 T4	96 x 20 x 16	OR T3
40006	4	SOCKET	45CDV6 T	ϕ 48 x 1 x 25	TUBING
40007	2	FITTING	45CDV6 T	69 x 45 x 45	
40008	2	FITTING	45CDV6 T	69 x 45 x 45	
40009	8	REINFORCEMENT	STEEL	20 x 8 x 1	
40010	16	SPACER	2024	28 x 20 x 1	
40011	4	SILENTBLOC PAULSTRA	REF: 861 403 (TO BOND IN 40006)		
40012	4	PIN	STEEL	ϕ 4 x 85	
40013	2	SPACER	2024	ϕ 15 x 4 x 5	
40014	2	ROD	2024	40.5 x 42 x 5	
40015	4	SPACER	2024	ϕ 6 x 4 x 5.3	TUBING
40016	2	ANGLE	2024 T4	39x46x12x4.6	EXTRUSION
40017	2	REINFORCEMENT	2024 T3	25 x 14 x 2	
40018	46	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. ϕ 4 x 25	
40019	20	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED ϕ 4 ISO	
40020	2	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. ϕ 4 x 30	
40021	8	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. ϕ 3 x 22	
40022	8	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED ϕ 3 ISO	
40023	8	WASHER	STEEL	ϕ 4	
40024	8	BOLT	STEEL	CTR. HD. ϕ 5.30 ISO	
40025	8	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED ϕ 5 ISO	
40026	4	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. ϕ 8 x 70	
40027	4	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD. ϕ 6 x 25	
40028	4	WASHER	STEEL	ϕ 8	

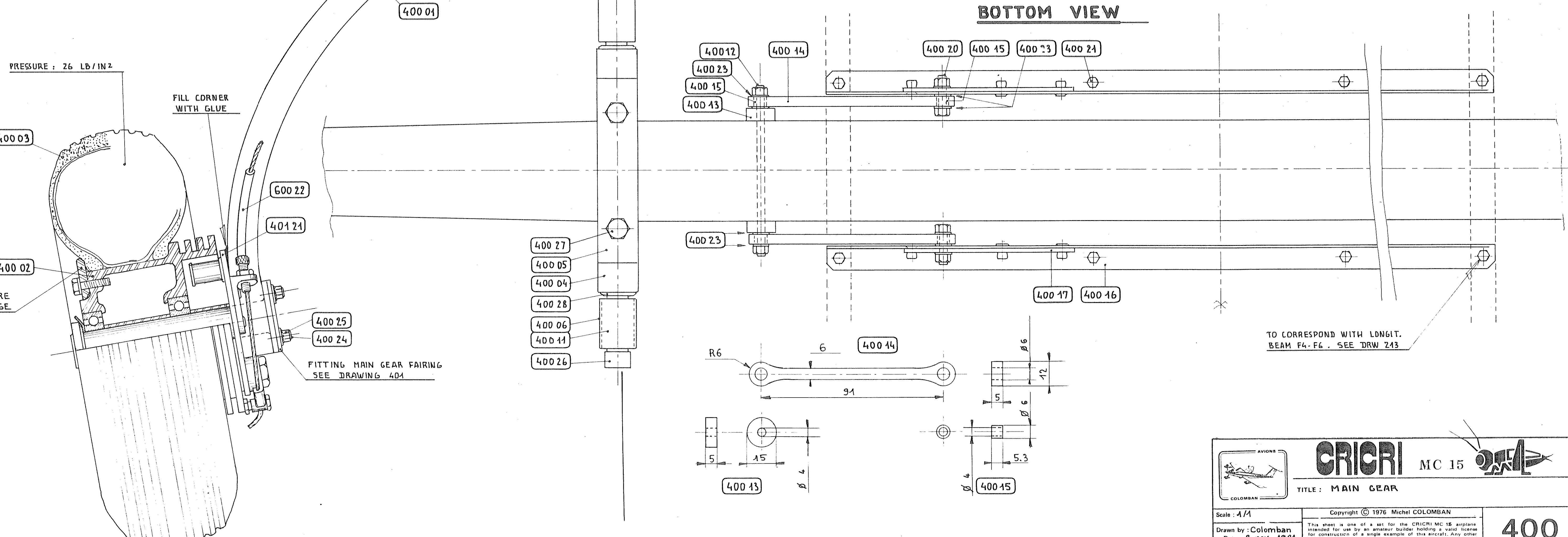
EQUIVALENT THICKNESS : - 1 MM = 0.040" - 2 MM = 0.080"
 - 4 MM = 0.16" - 5 MM = 0.20"

BONDING : SILENTBLOCS 40011 IN SOCKET 40006 AT 100-120°F

FRONT VIEW

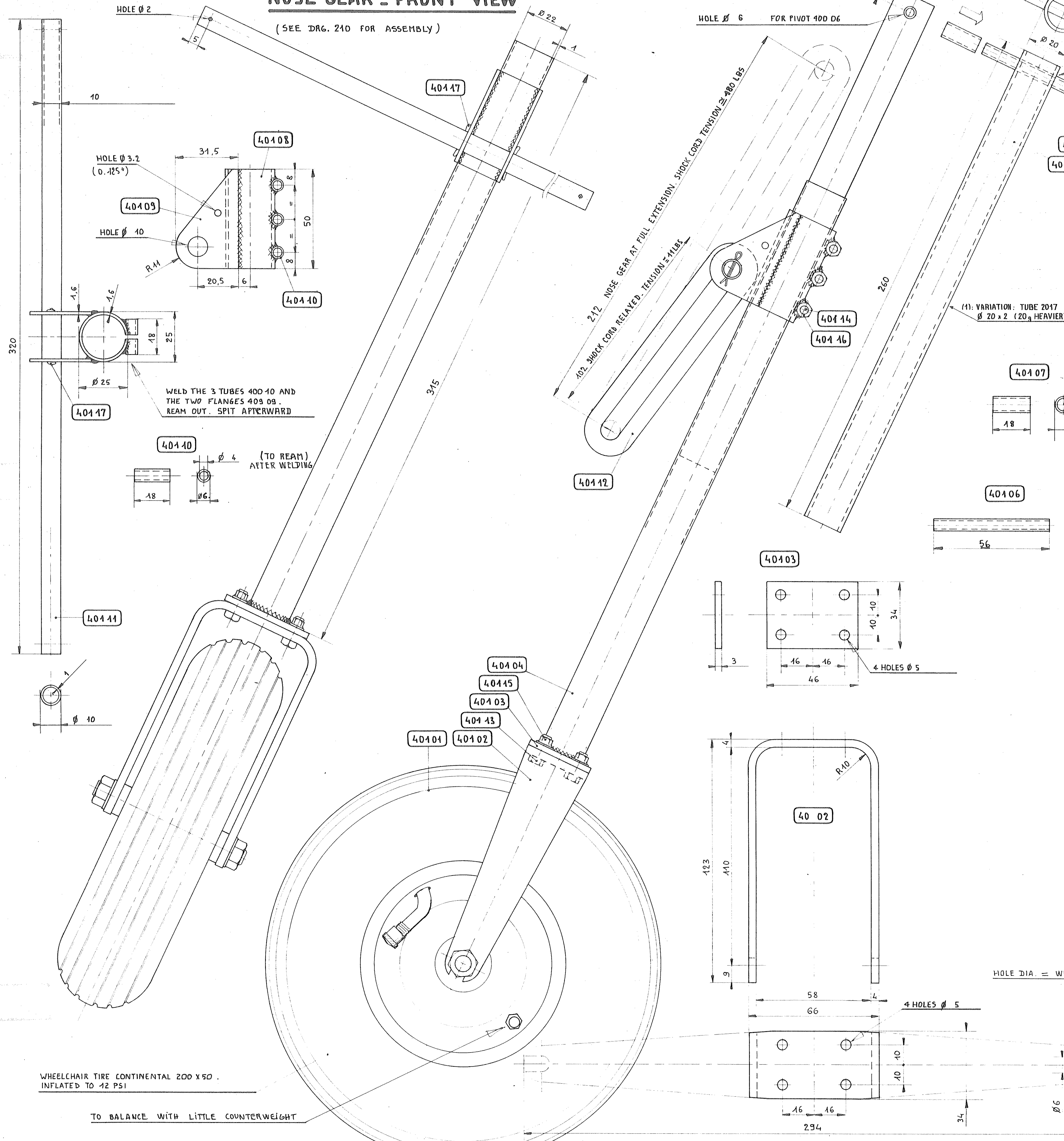


BOTTOM VIEW

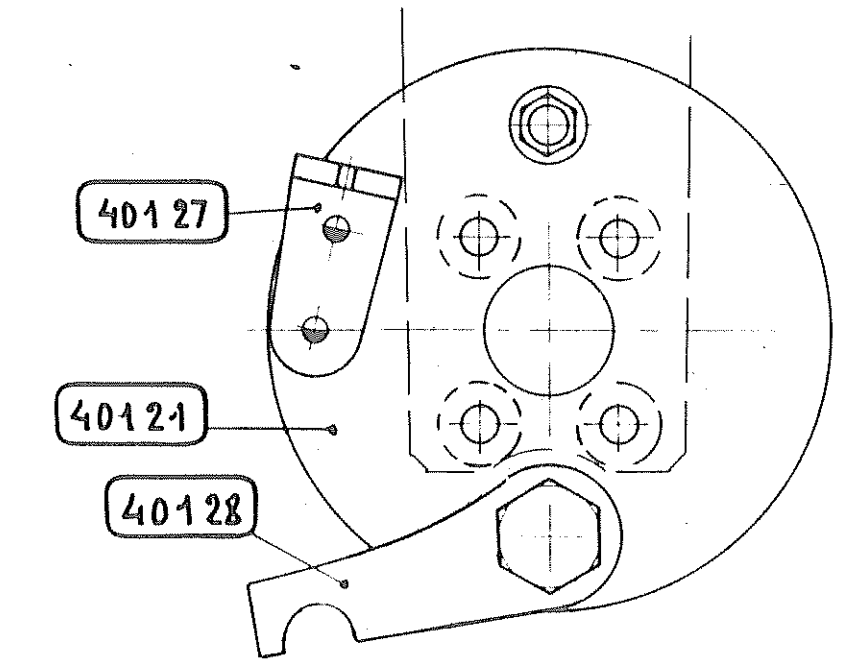


NOSE GEAR - FRONT VIEW

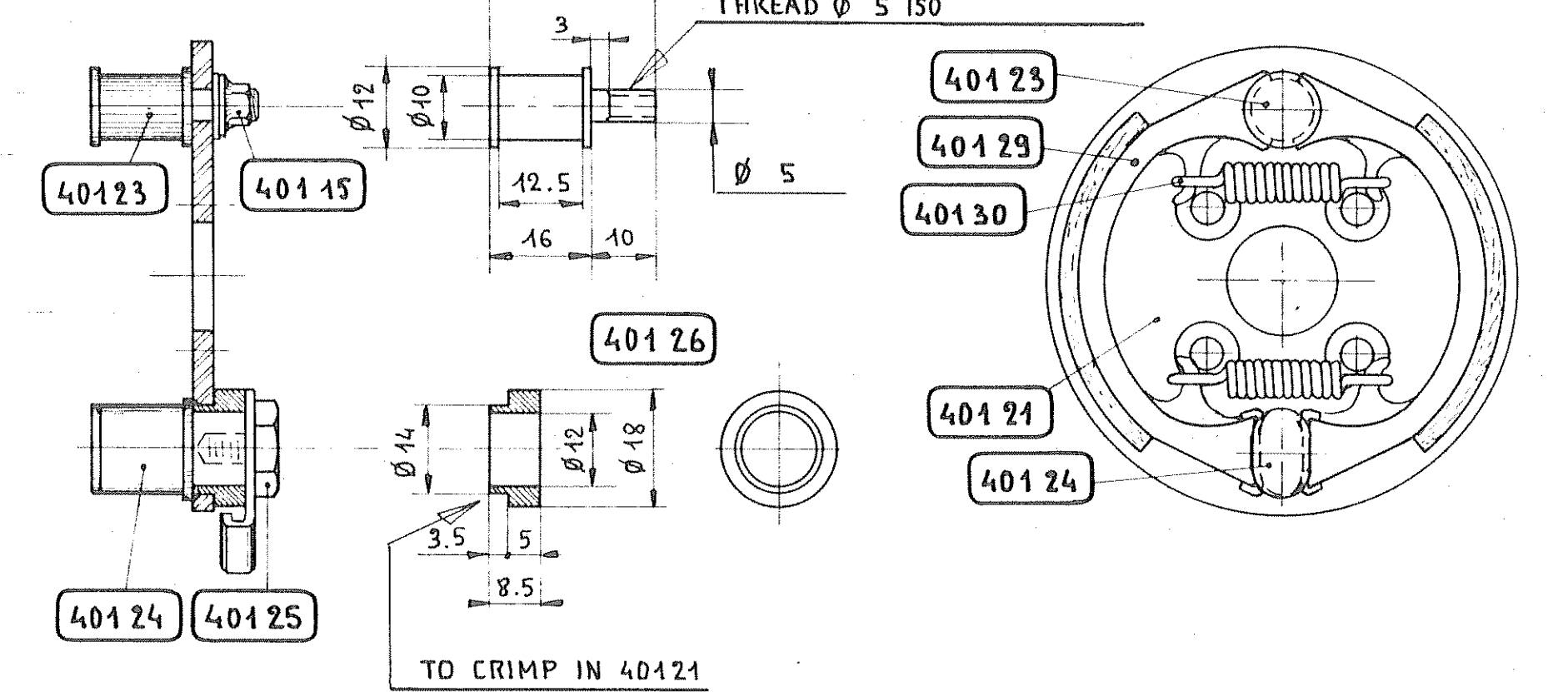
(SEE DRG. 210 FOR ASSEMBLY)



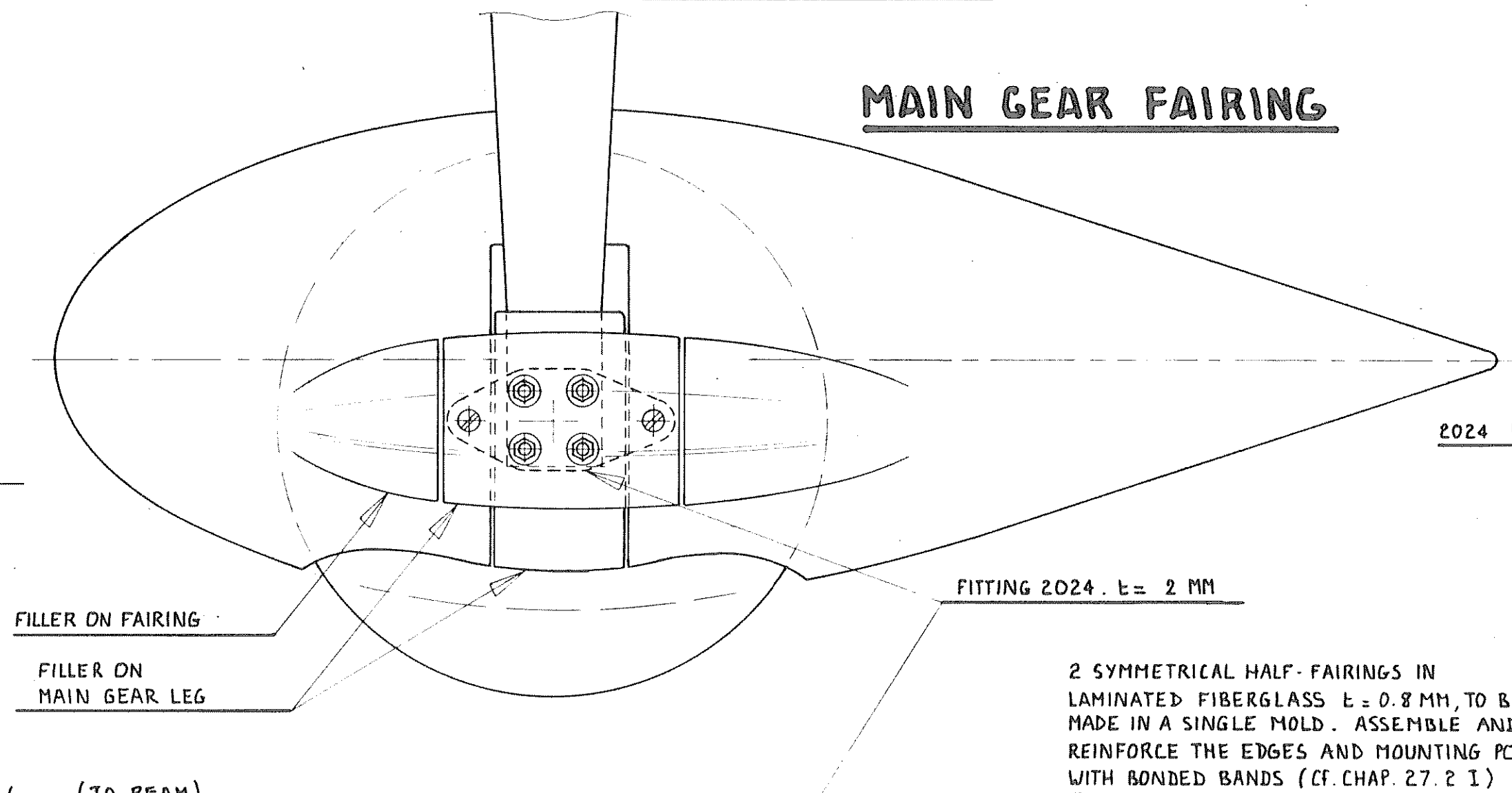
BACKING PLATE ASSEMBLY EXTERIOR VIEW



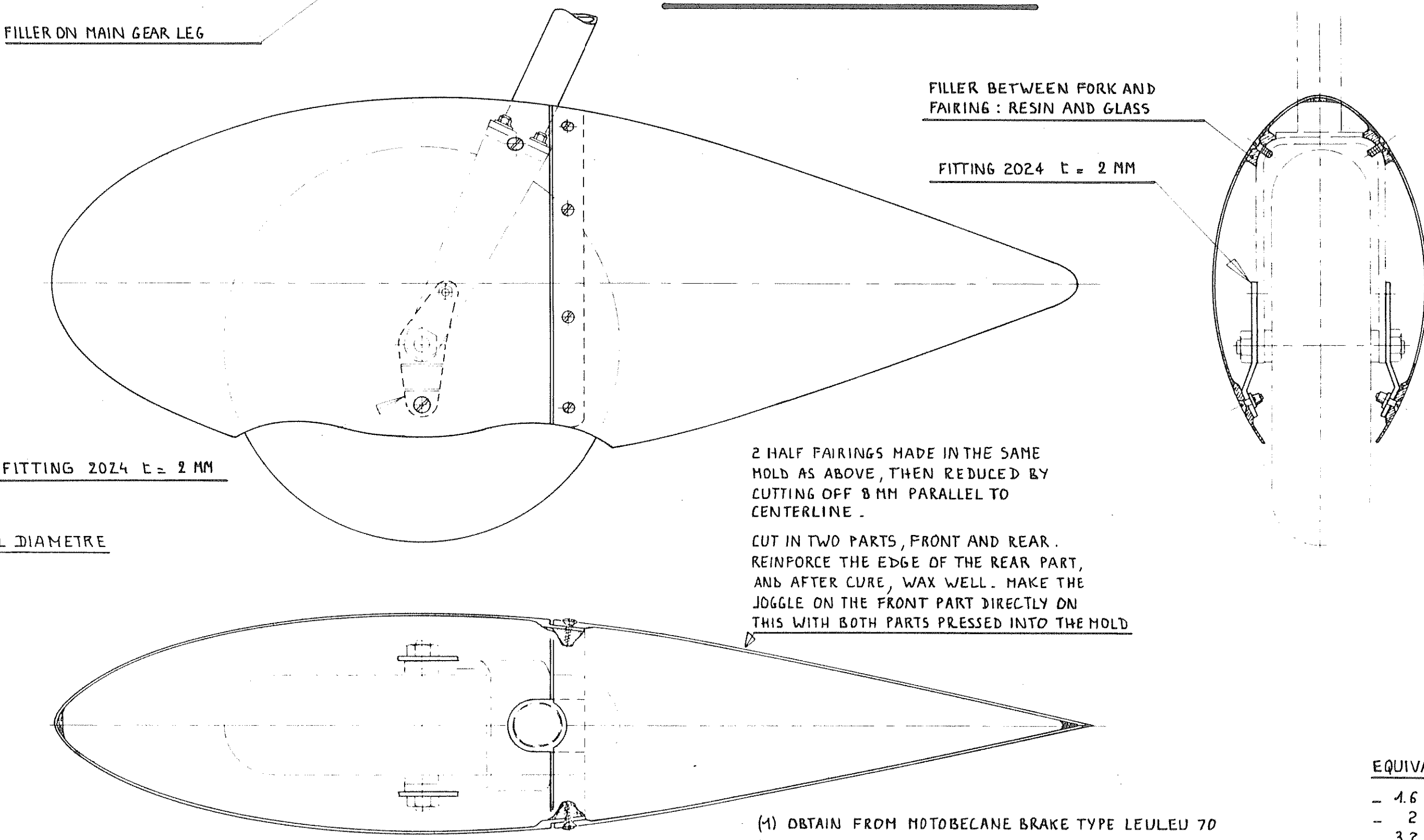
BACKING PLATE ASSEMBLY INTERIOR VIEW



MAIN GEAR FAIRING



NOSE WHEEL FAIRING



WHEELCHAIR TIRE CONTINENTAL 200 X 50. INFLATED TO 12 PSI

TO BALANCE WITH LITTLE COUNTERWEIGHT

2 HALF FAIRINGS MADE IN THE SAME MOLD AS ABOVE, THEN REDUCED BY CUTTING OFF 8 MM PARALLEL TO CENTERLINE.
CUT IN TWO PARTS, FRONT AND REAR. REINFORCE THE EDGE OF THE REAR PART, AND AFTER CURE, WAX WELL. MAKE THE JOGGLE ON THE FRONT PART DIRECTLY ON THIS WITH BOTH PARTS PRESSED INTO THE MOLD.

(1) OBTAIN FROM MOTOBECANE BRAKE TYPE LEULEU 70
(2) BICYCLE ACCESSORIES

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Part	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments
401 34	2	CABLE CLAMP					(2) SEE DRWG. 400
401 33	2	CABLE ADJUSTER					(2) SEE DRWG. 400
401 32	4	CABLE GUIDE	KLECECELL	100	15 x 15 x 10		SEE DRWG. 400
401 31	4	SPRING					(4)
401 30	4	BRAKE SHOES					(4)
401 28	2	LEVER	STEEL		70 x 19 x 15	120000	(1)
401 27	2	BRACKET	2024 T4		28 x 15 x 14 x 3	63000	WING ANGLE
401 26	2	SHOULDER WASHER	STEEL		Ø 18 x 8.5	120000	TO CRIMP ON 40124 (A)
401 25	2	BOLT					(A)
401 24	2	CAM					(A)
401 23	2	ANCHOR PIN	STEEL		Ø 12 x 26	120000	
401 22	2						
401 21	2	BRAKE BACK PLATE	2024 T3		74 x 74 x 3	63000	
401 19							
401 18							
401 17	2	COTTER PIN	STEEL		Ø 2 x 20		
401 16	3	NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120000	
401 15	6	NUT	STEEL		Ø 5 ISO	120000	
401 14	3	BOLT	STEEL		Ø 2 x 25 ISO	120000	
401 13	4	BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD Ø 2 x 12 ISO	120000	
401 12	4	SUSPENSION	SHOCK CORD		Ø 8		AERO OR Ø 10 INDUST.
401 11	1	STEERING TUBE	2024 T4		Ø 10 x 1 x 370	63000	TUBING
401 10	2	TUBE	5056		Ø 6 x 1 x 18	63000	TUBING (1/4)
401 09	2	FLANGE	5056		50 x 31.5 x 16	63000	
401 08	1	CLAMPING TUBE	5056		Ø 25 x 15 x 50	63000	TUBING
401 07	2	SPACER	2024 T4		Ø 8 x 1 x 18	63000	TUBING
401 06	1	AXIS	15CDV6 T		Ø 6 x 1 x 56	120000	TUBING T-REAM
401 05	1	INNER TUBE	2024 T4		Ø 20 x 1.5 x 260	63000	TUBING (1)
401 04	1	OUTER TUBE	15CDV6 TA		Ø 22 x 1 x 315	120000	TUBING
401 03	1	BASE PLATE	15CDV6		46 x 34 x 3	120000	
401 02	1	FORK	2024 T3		294 x 34 x 4	63000	
401 01	1	NOSEWHEEL ASSY			Ø 200 x 50		

EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:
- 4.6 MM = 0.063"
- 2 MM = 0.030"
- 3.2 MM = 0.125"
- 4 MM = 0.160"

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: NOSE GEAR - BRAKES - WHEEL FAIRING

Scale: 1/4 and 1/2

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Drawn by: COLOMBAN
Date: Oct. 1984

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401

TOP VIEW

- JOIN 501 07 TO 50046 WITH RUBBER BANDS ROLLED FLAT.
- QUANTITY: 6 TO 7 GRAMS (0.25 OZ) PER ATTACHMENT
- TENSION ± 100 %

RUBBER SPACER IN ORDER TO LIMIT THE LINKING BAR 501 07 VIBRATIONS PLAY 1 TO 2 MM

AVOID WELDING IN THE UPPER CENTRAL PART OF TUBE OVER 12 MM WIDTH (BETTER FATIGUE LIFE!)

A PVC AIR INTAKE IS RECOMMENDED TO GET THE BEST RUNNING.

STARTER OPENING: ARRANGE AN OPENING 20 x 40 IN THE FAIRING AT THE PLACE WHERE CORD COMES OUT

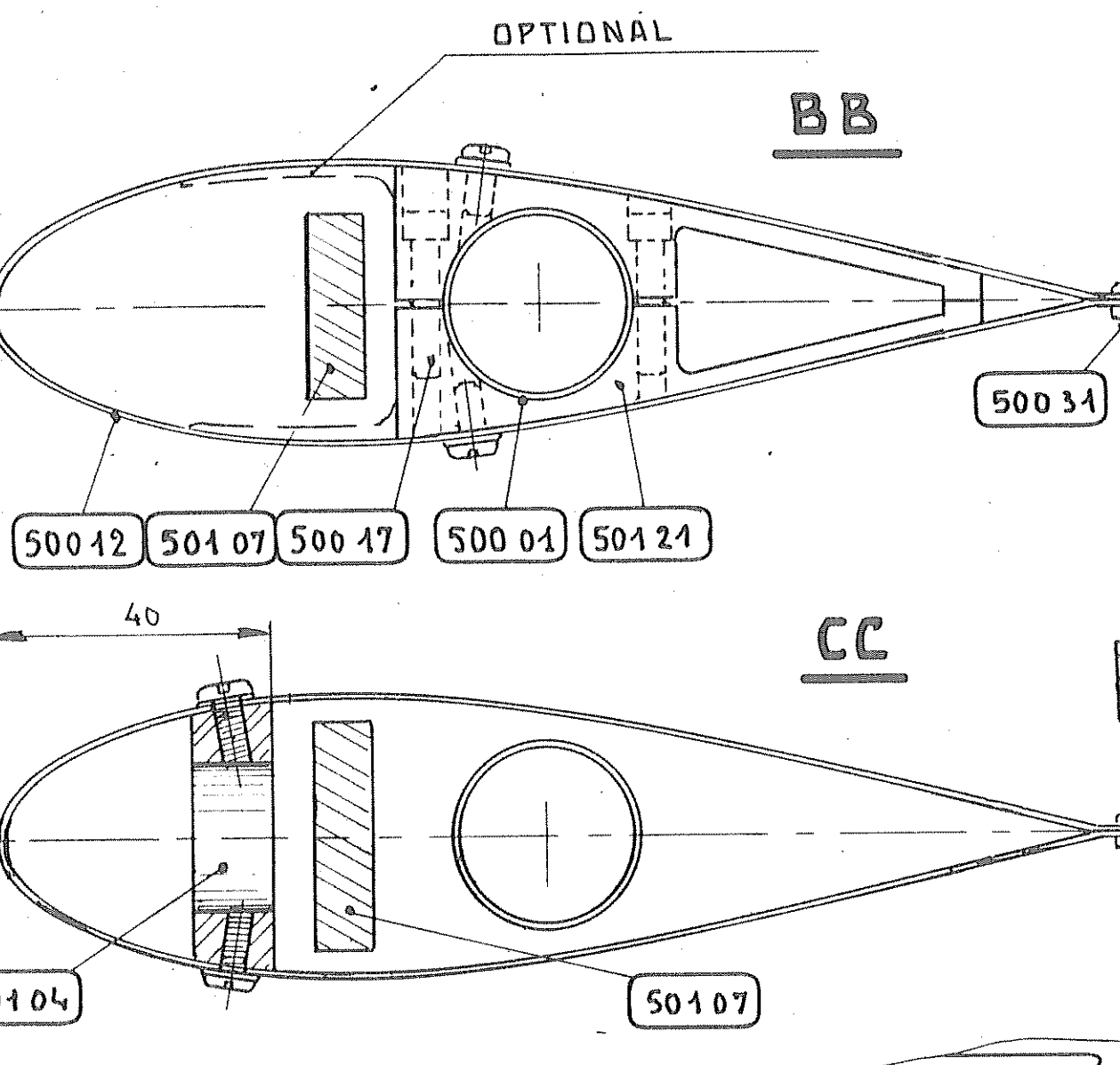
GENERAL THICKNESS 0.6 TO 0.8 MM (0.025" TO 0.032") TO BE REINFORCED AT ATTACH POINTS

ENGINE FAIRING

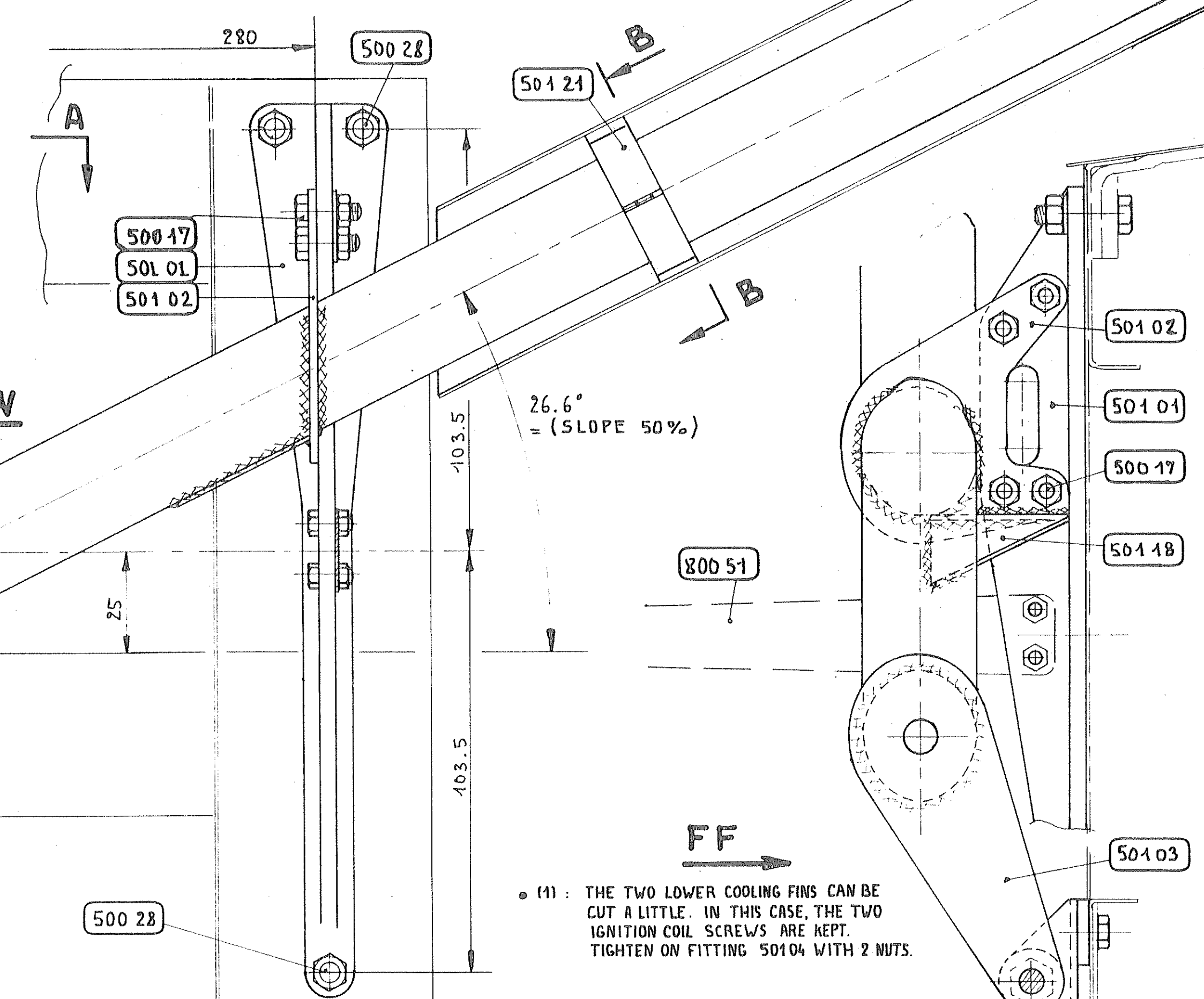
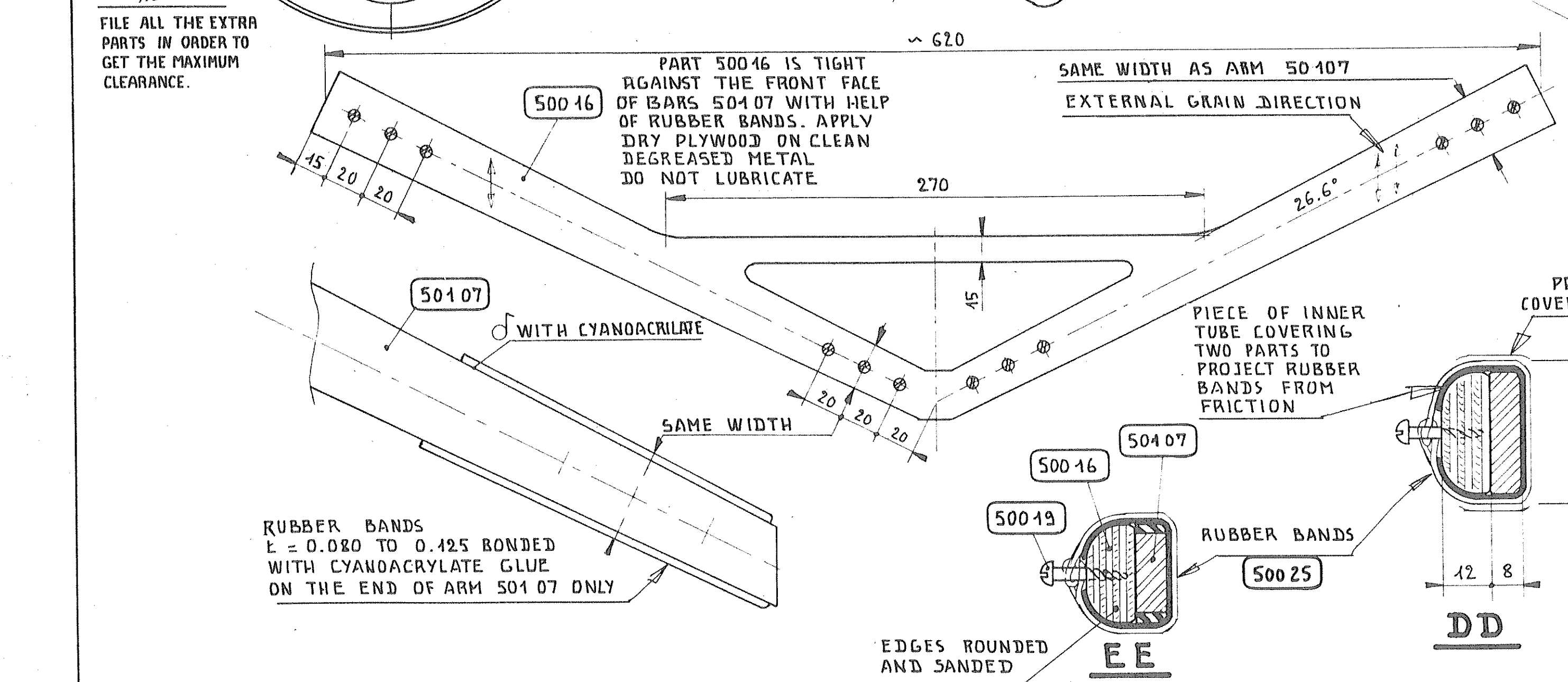
X	R
50	50
100	64.4
150	71.8
196	74
250	75.2
300	74
350	69.5
400	59.5
450	46
575	10

SIDE VIEW

FRONT VIEW



REAR VIEW (IGNITION REMOVED)



Part No.	Qty	Description	Material	Dimensions	Comments		
500 37	6						
500 36	8	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 5 x 150	120,000		
500 35	48	NUT	STEEL	Ø 5 x 150	120,000		
500 34	4	NUT	STEEL	Ø 8 x 150	120,000		
500 33	8	NUT	STEEL	Ø 8 x 150	120,000		
500 32	2	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 8 x 150	120,000		
500 31	10	SCREW	STEEL	R. HD. Ø 4 x 40	120,000		
500 30	60	SCREW	STEEL	R. HD. Ø 4 x 40	120,000		
500 29	42	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. 5 x 45	120,000 or CHC		
500 28	18	SCREW CHC	STEEL	Ø 5 x 20	120,000		
500 27	2	SCREW CHC	STEEL	CYL. HD. Ø 12 x 30	120,000 low head if possible		
500 26							
500 25		FLAT RUBBER BANDS					
500 24	48	SCREW CHC (JPX)	STEEL	CYL. HD. Ø 8 x 30	100,000 low head		
500 23							
500 22	4	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. 5 x 35	120,000 or CHC (4)		
500 21							
500 20	46	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 5 x 45	120,000		
500 19	12	WOOD SCREW	STEEL	R. HD. Ø 3 x 20			
500 18	4	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 6 x 50	120,000 or CHC X		
500 17	42	SCREW CHC	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 4 x 25	120,000 X		
500 16	1	LINKAGE PIECE	PLYWOOD	640 x 480 x 42	vertical grain direction		
500 15	12	WASHERS	2024	Ø 15 x 5.3	63,000		
500 14	2	SPACER	2024 T4	Ø 14 x 6 x 9.5	63,000		
500 13	2	ENGINE FAIRING REINFORCED PLASTIC	E = 0.6	Ø 6.08			
500 12	2	MOUNT FAIRING	2024 T3	E = 0.5 ov. 0.4	63,000		
500 11	2	SPINNER	5724	MC Ø 141 x 143			
500 10	2	PROPELLER MC/AS 695 - 200 - 103					
500 09	4	MAGNETIC FLYWHEEL					
500 08	2	SPARK PLUG "NGK B9 EV"					
500 07	2	INLET ELBOW (JPX)					
500 06	2	TILLOTSON CARBURETOR TYPE HL 322 A OR HL 309 A					
500 05	2	IGNITION COIL					
500 04	2	ENGINE "JPX" "PUL 212"					
500 03	4	TUBE	15CDV6 T	Ø 41 x 1 x 40	160,000		
500 02	4	TUBE	15CDV6 T	Ø 28 x 1 x 9.20	160,000		
500 01	1	MOTOR MOUNT					
Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Resist.	Comments

AVIONS

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: POWER PLANT GROUP - ENSEMBLE

Scale: 1/4 and 1/2

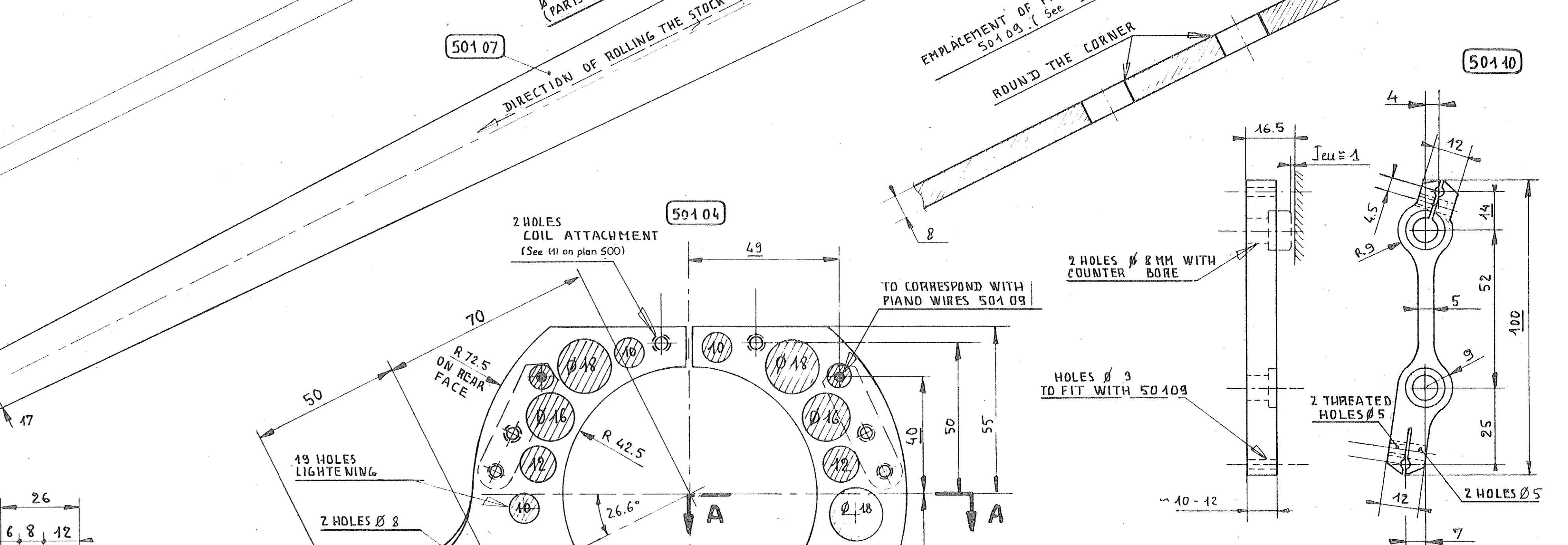
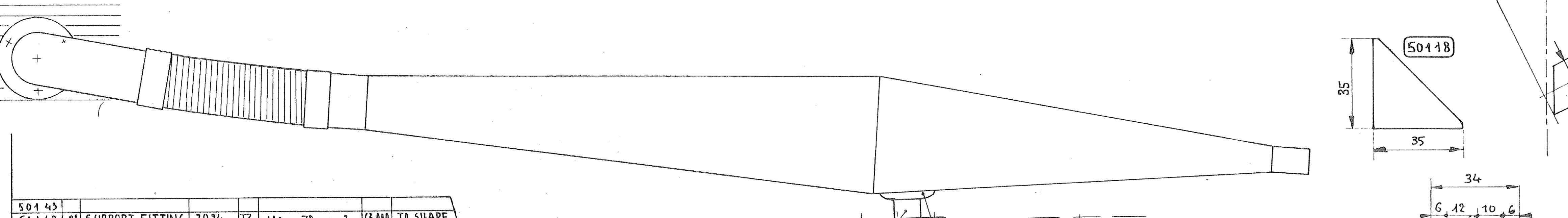
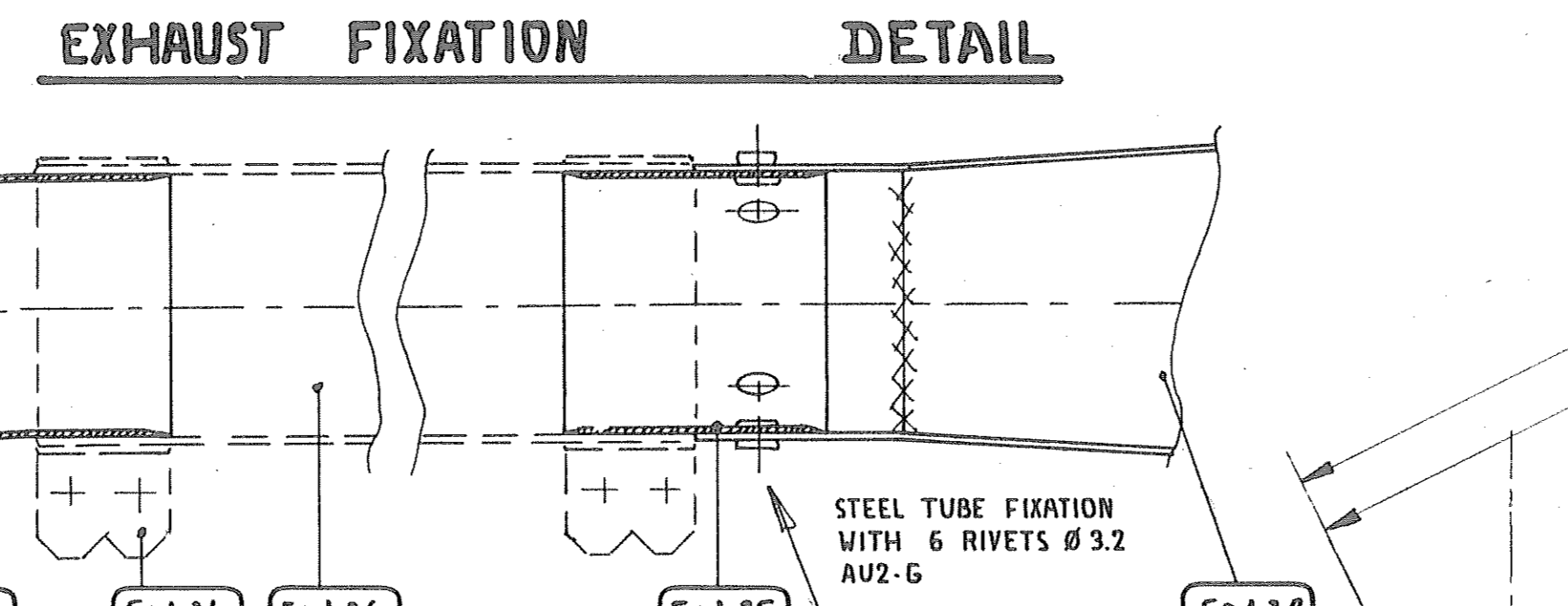
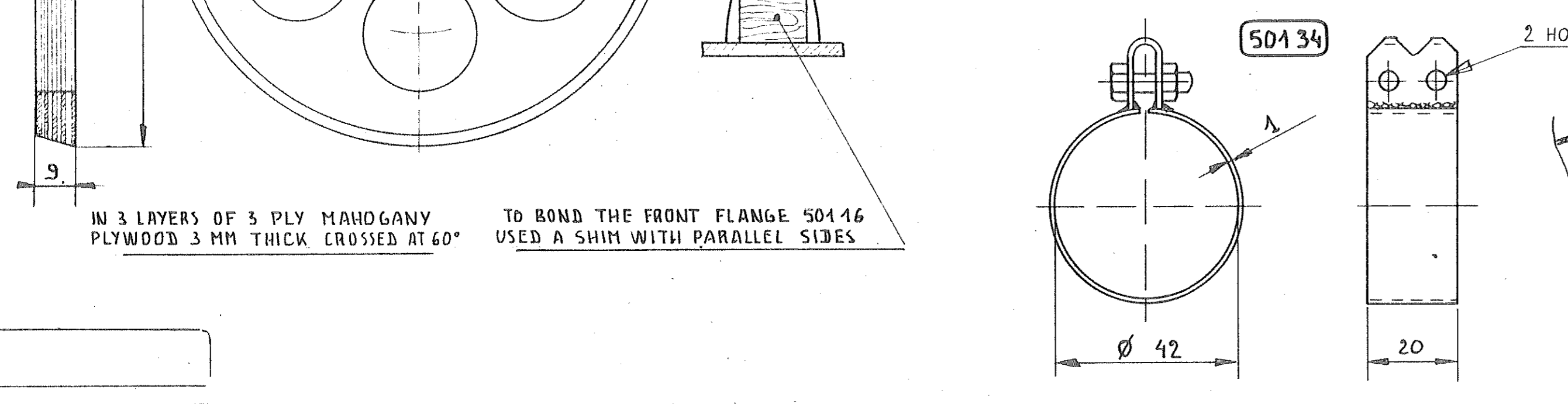
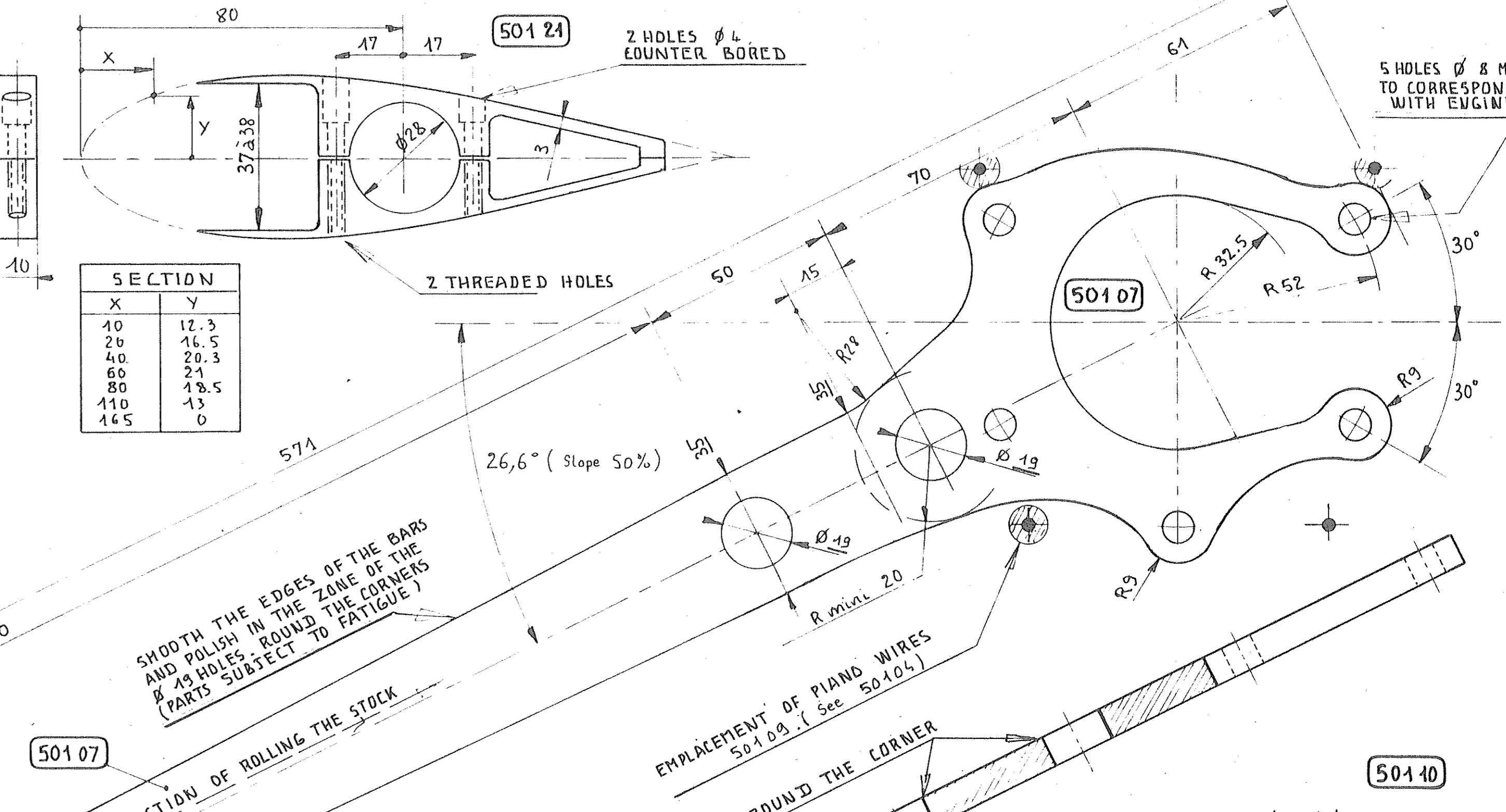
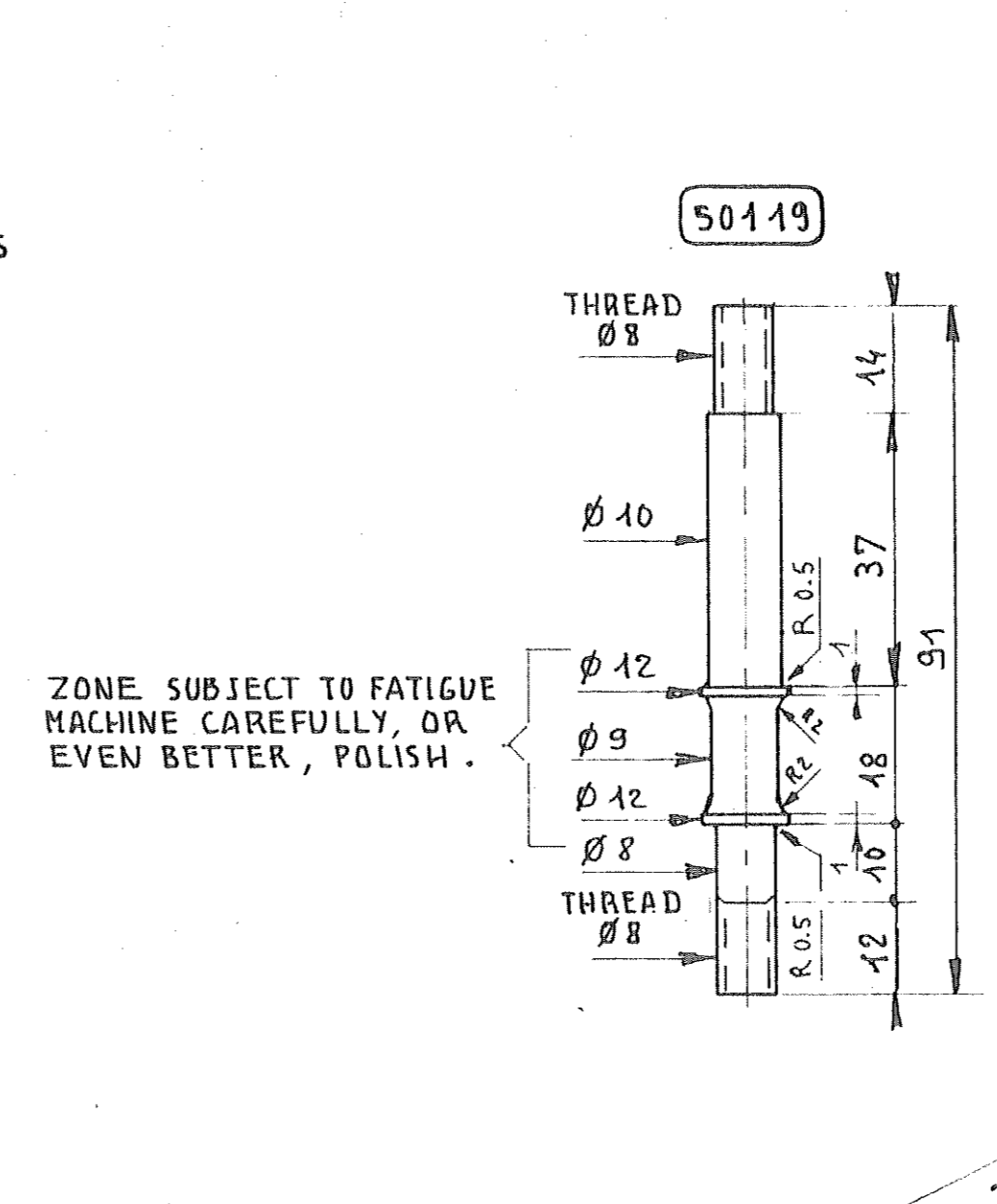
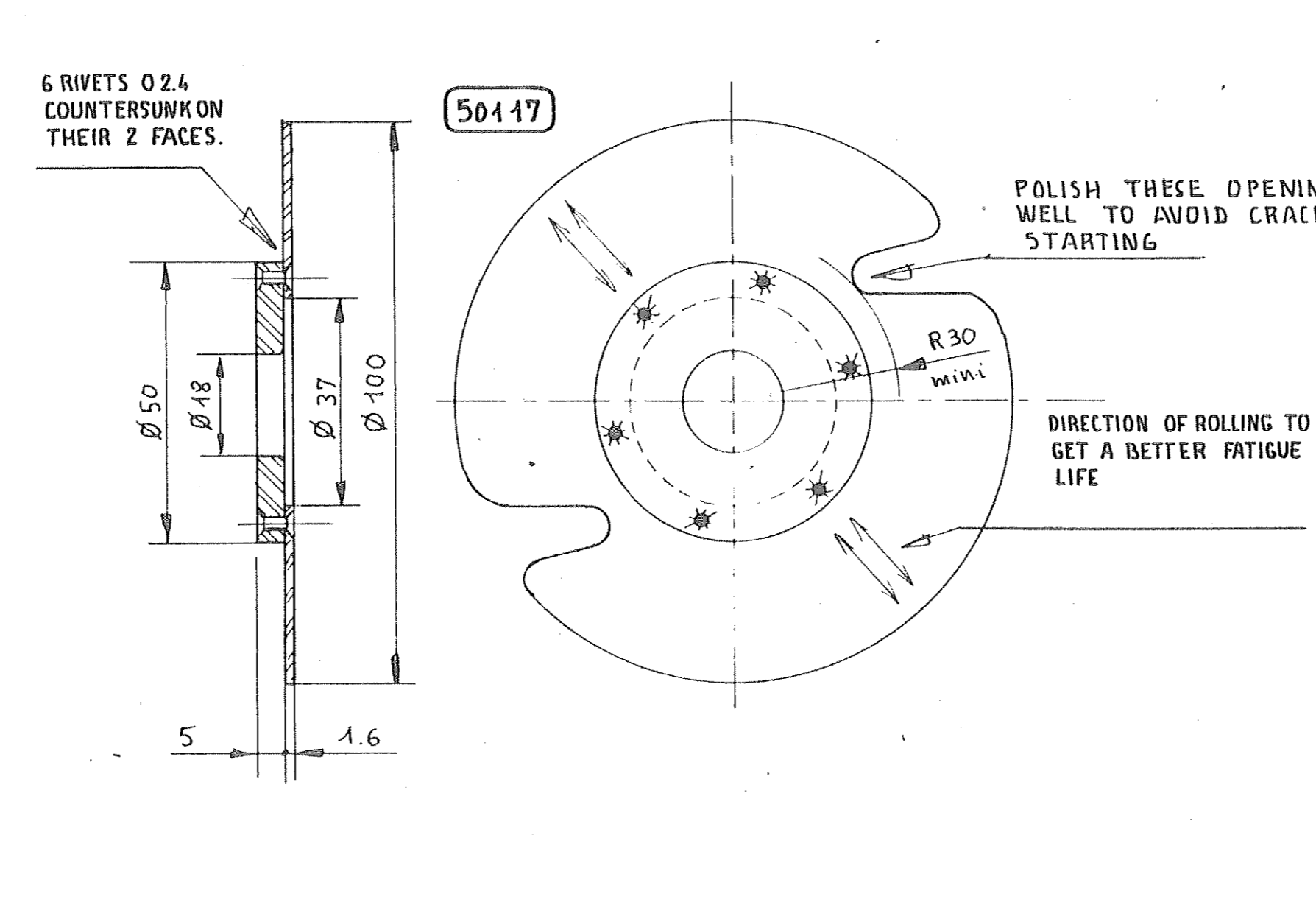
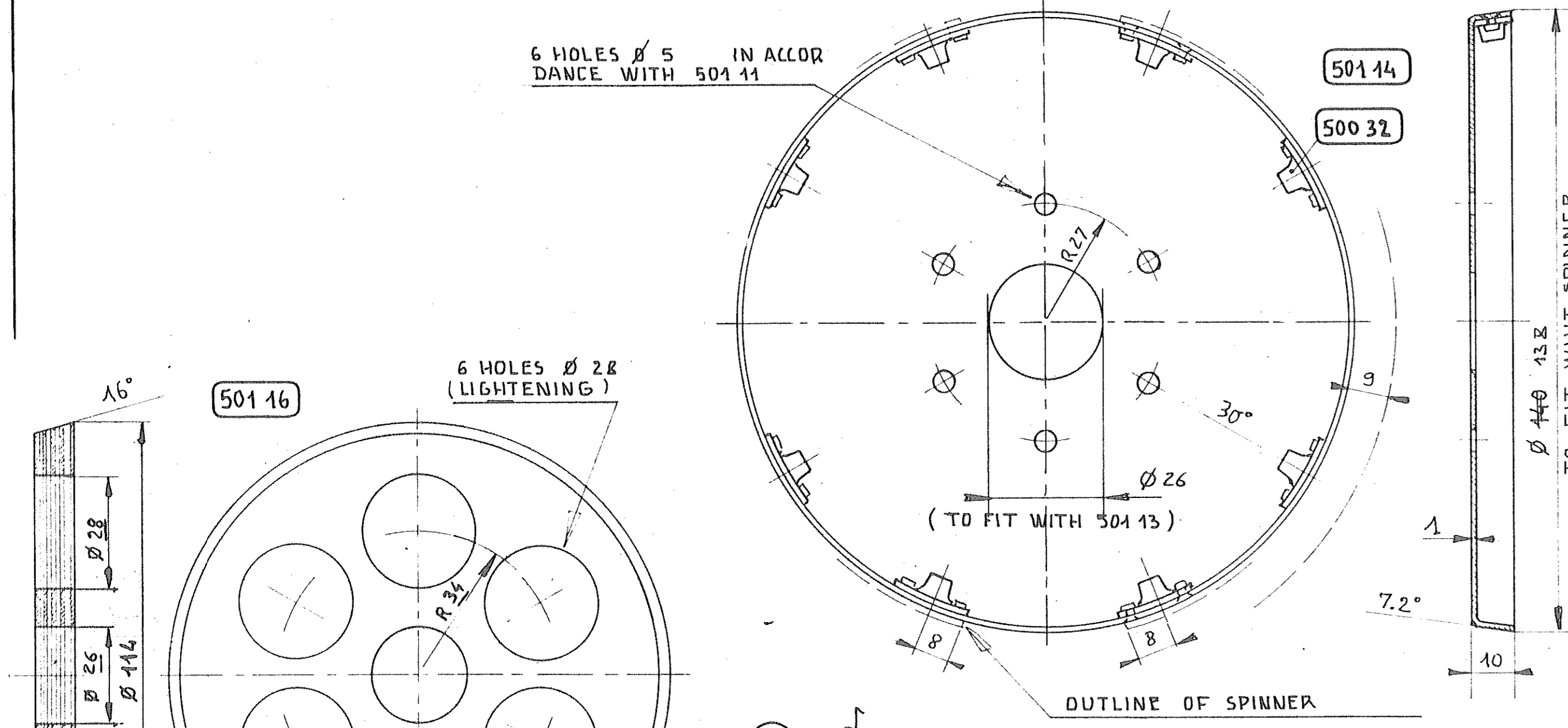
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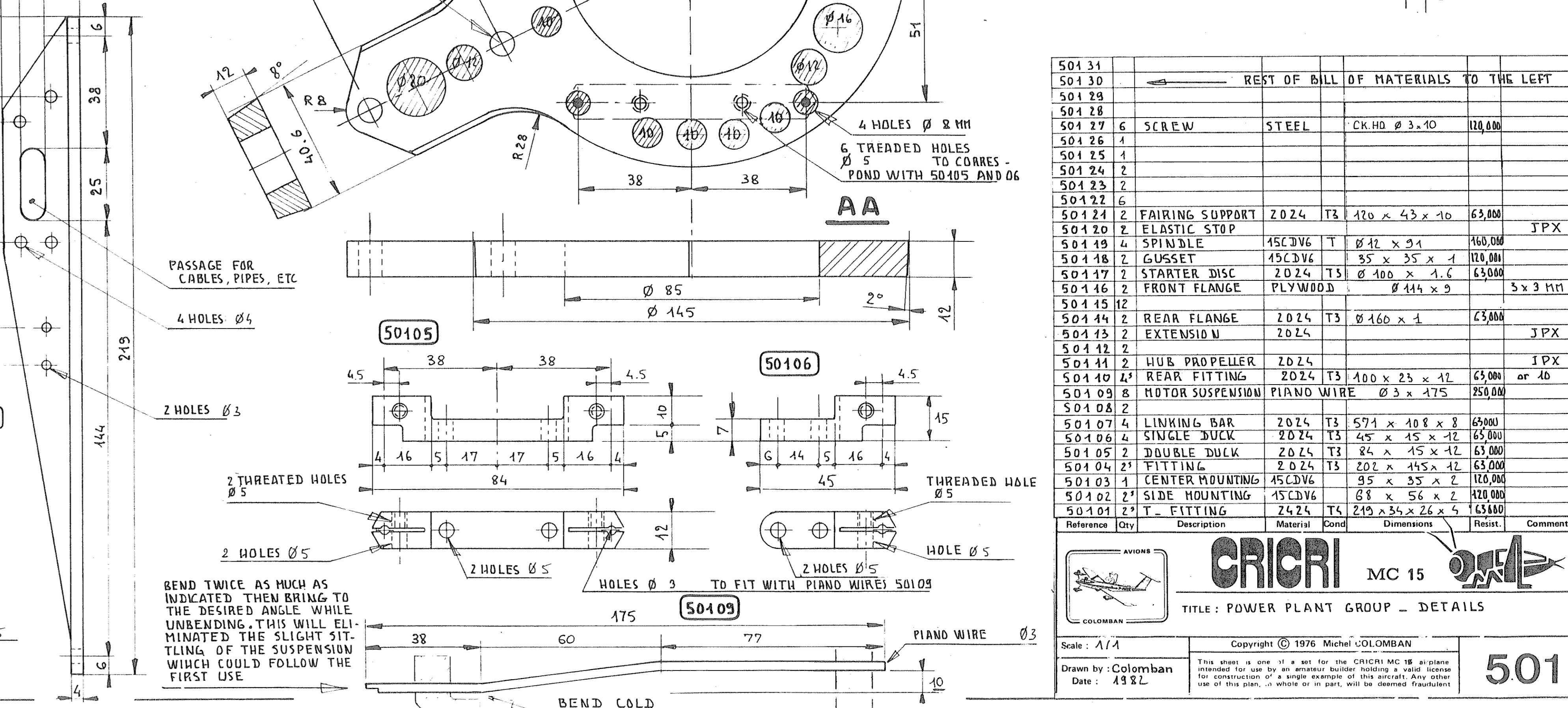
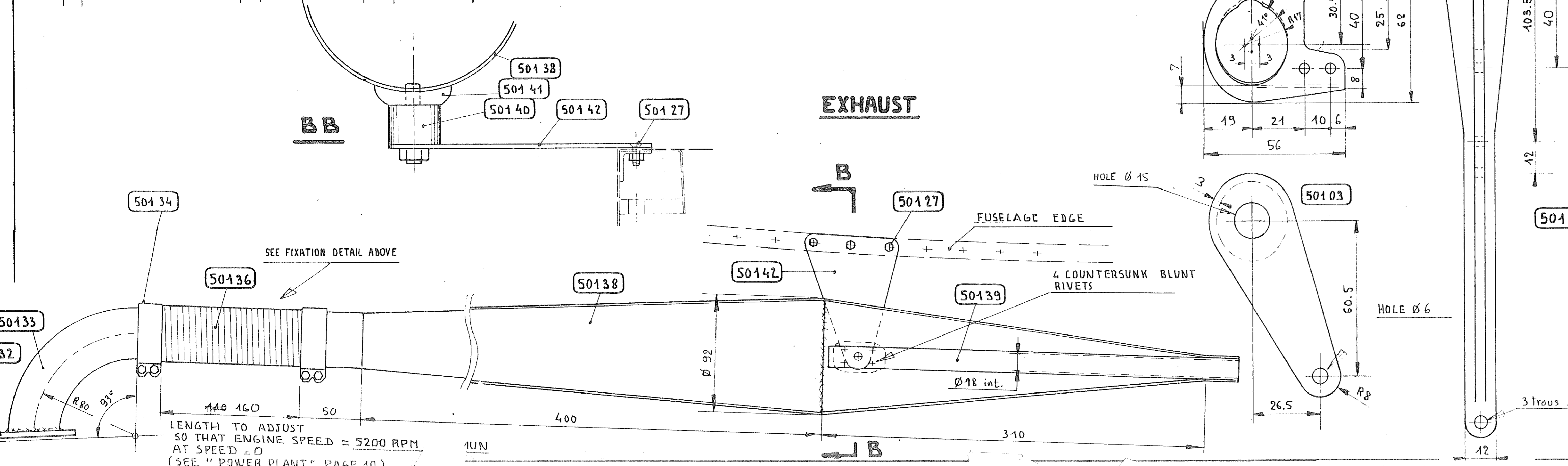
Drawn by: Colomban 1982

Date: 1982

500



50443	2	SUPPORT FITTING	Z024	T3	440 x 72 x 2	63.000	TO SHAPE
50442	2	BASE PLATE	Z024	T3	40 x 24 x 6	63.000	TO SHAPE
50440	2	SILENT BLOC "PAULSTRA"	REF: 521 245				
50439	2	EXHAUST PIPE	5056		$\varnothing 20 \times 1.640$	50.000	"JPX"
50438	2	RESONATEUR	5056		L = 1	50.000	"JPX"
50437	2						
50436	2	FLEX PIPE			$\varnothing 40$ MM IN.		(JPX)
50435	4	SLEEVE	STEEL		$\varnothing 40 \times 1.40$		
50434	2	COLLAR	STEEL		$\varnothing 44 \times 1.20$		
50433	2	OUTLET ELBOW	STEEL		$\varnothing 40$ EXT.		"JPX"
50432	2	BASE PLATE	STEEL				JPX



50431	REST OF BILL OF MATERIALS TO THE LEFT						
50430							
50429							
50428							
50427	6	SCREW	STEEL	CK HD $\varnothing 3 \times 10$	110.000		
50426	4						
50425	4						
50424	2						
50423	2						
50422	6						
50421	2	FAIRING SUPPORT	Z024	T3	120 x 43 x 10	63.000	
50420	2	ELASTIC STOP					
50419	4	SPINDLE	45CDV6	T	$\varnothing 42 \times 94$	160.000	
50418	2	GUSSET	15C3V6	T	35 x 35 x 4	110.000	
50417	2	STARTER DISC	Z024	T3	$\varnothing 100 \times 1.6$	63.000	
50416	2	FRONT FLANGE	PLYWOOD		$\varnothing 144 \times 9$	5 x 3 MM	
50415	2						
50414	2	REAR FLANGE	Z024	T3	$\varnothing 160 \times 1$	63.000	
50413	2	EXTENSION	Z024				
50412	2						
50411	2	HUB PROPELLER	Z024	T3	100 x 23 x 12	63.000	
50410	4	REAR FITTING	Z024	T3	100 x 23 x 12	63.000 or 40	
50409	8	MOTOR SUSPENSION	PIANO WIRE		$\varnothing 3 \times 175$	250.000	
50408	2						
50407	4	LINKING BAR	Z024	T3	574 x 10 x 8	63.000	
50406	4	SINGLE DUCK	Z024	T3	45 x 45 x 12	63.000	
50405	2	DOUBLE DUCK	Z024	T3	24 x 45 x 12	63.000	
50404	2	FITTING	Z024	T3	20 x 45 x 12	63.000	
50403	1	CENTER MOUNTING	45CDV6	T	95 x 35 x 2	120.000	
50402	2	SIDE MOUNTING	15C3V6	T	88 x 56 x 2	120.000	
50401	2	T-FITTING	Z024	T3	249 x 54 x 26 x 5	63.000	

AVIONS

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: POWER PLANT GROUP - DETAILS

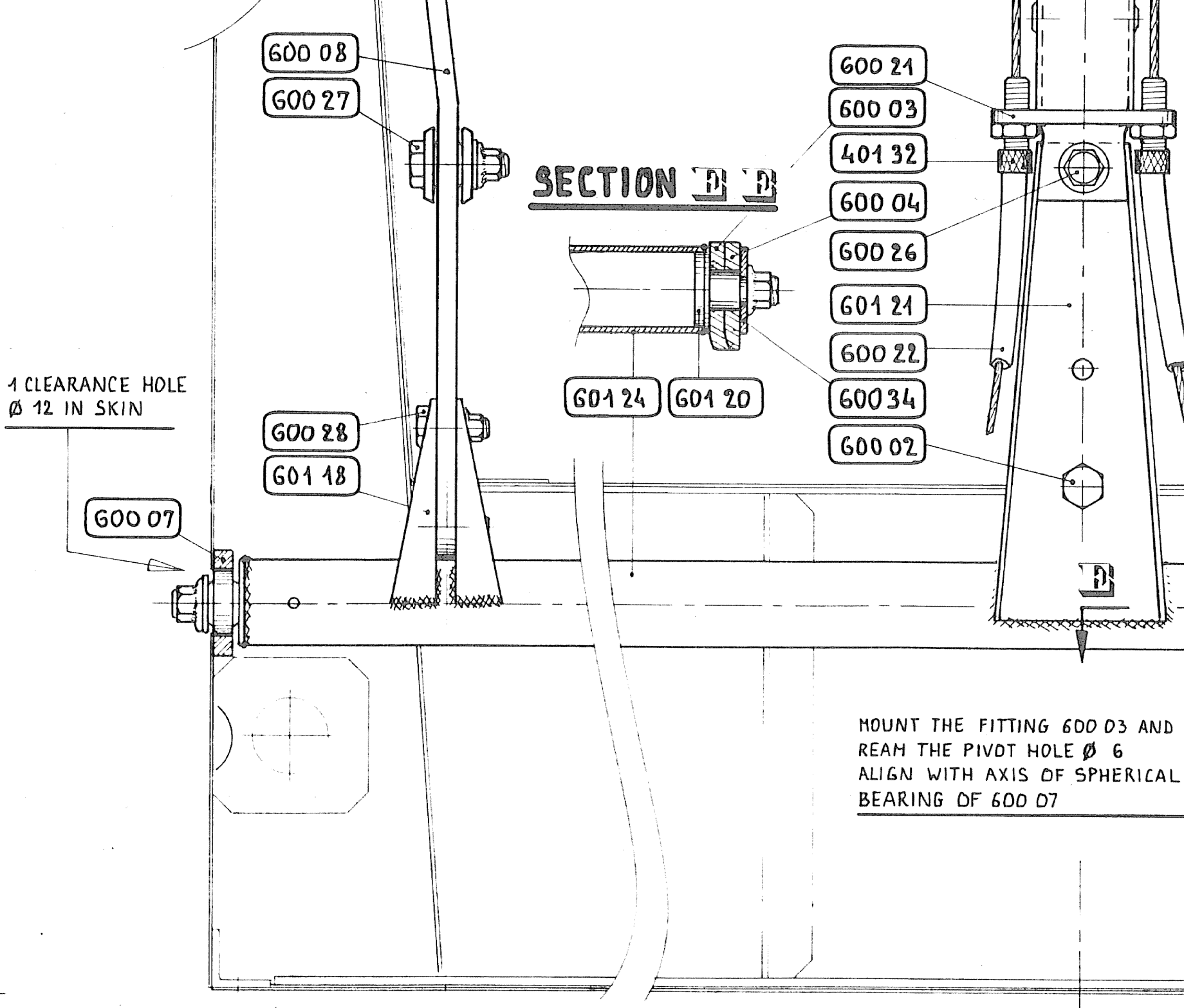
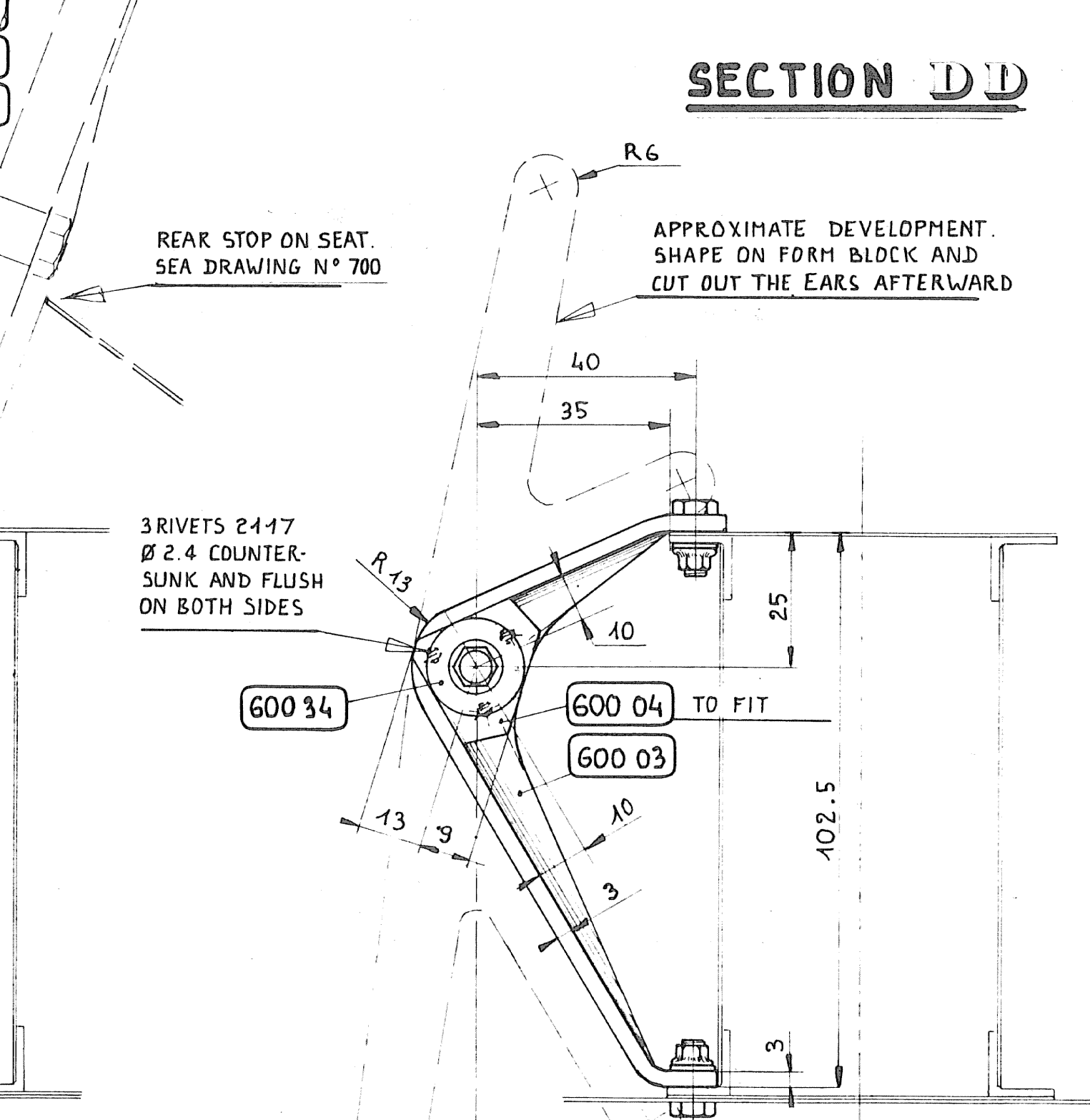
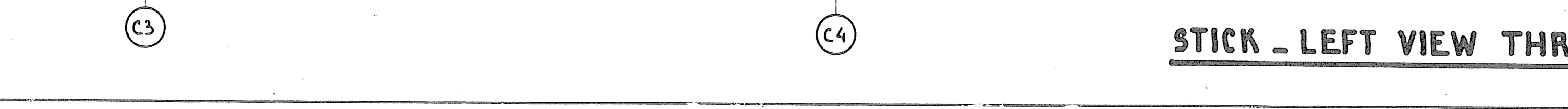
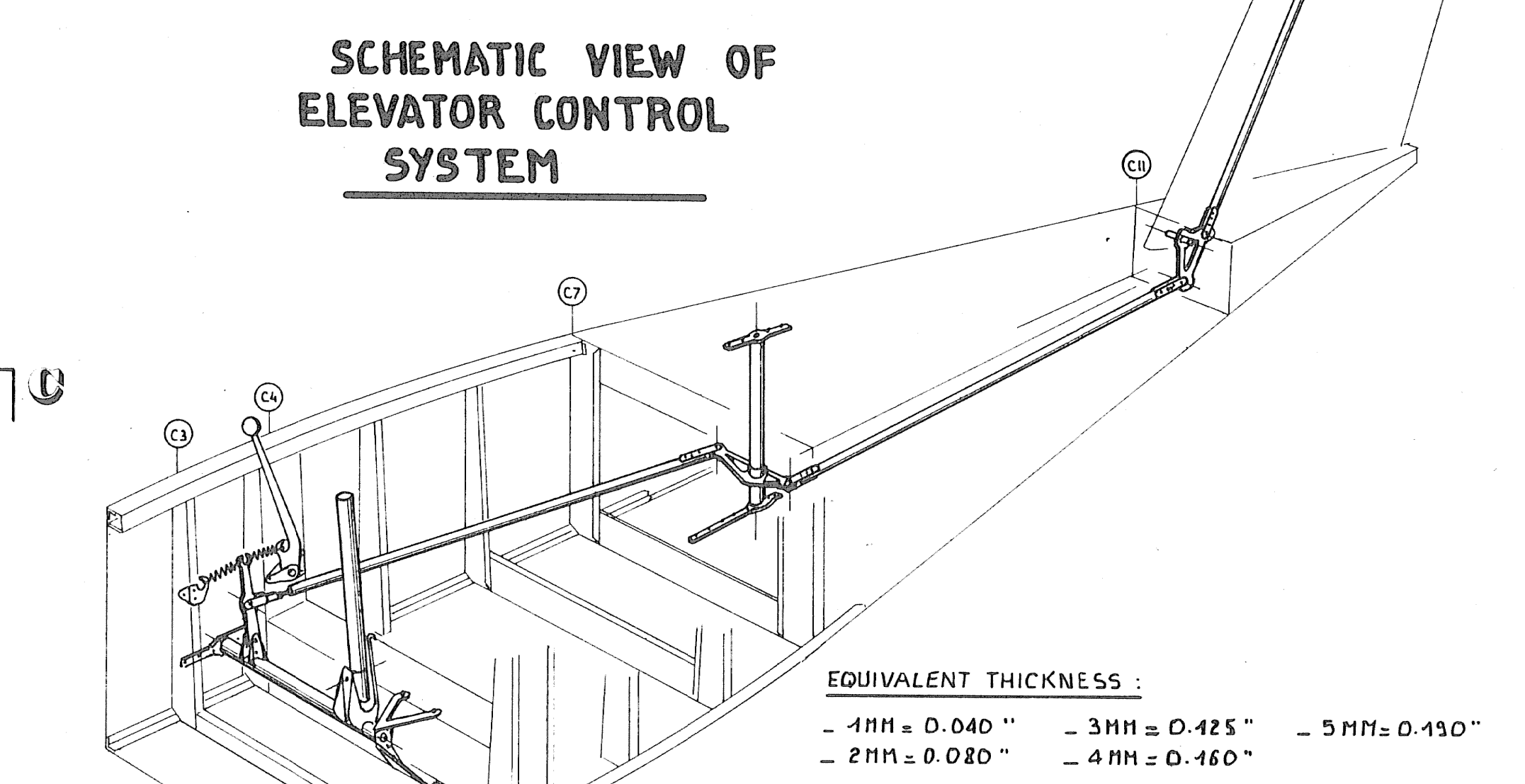
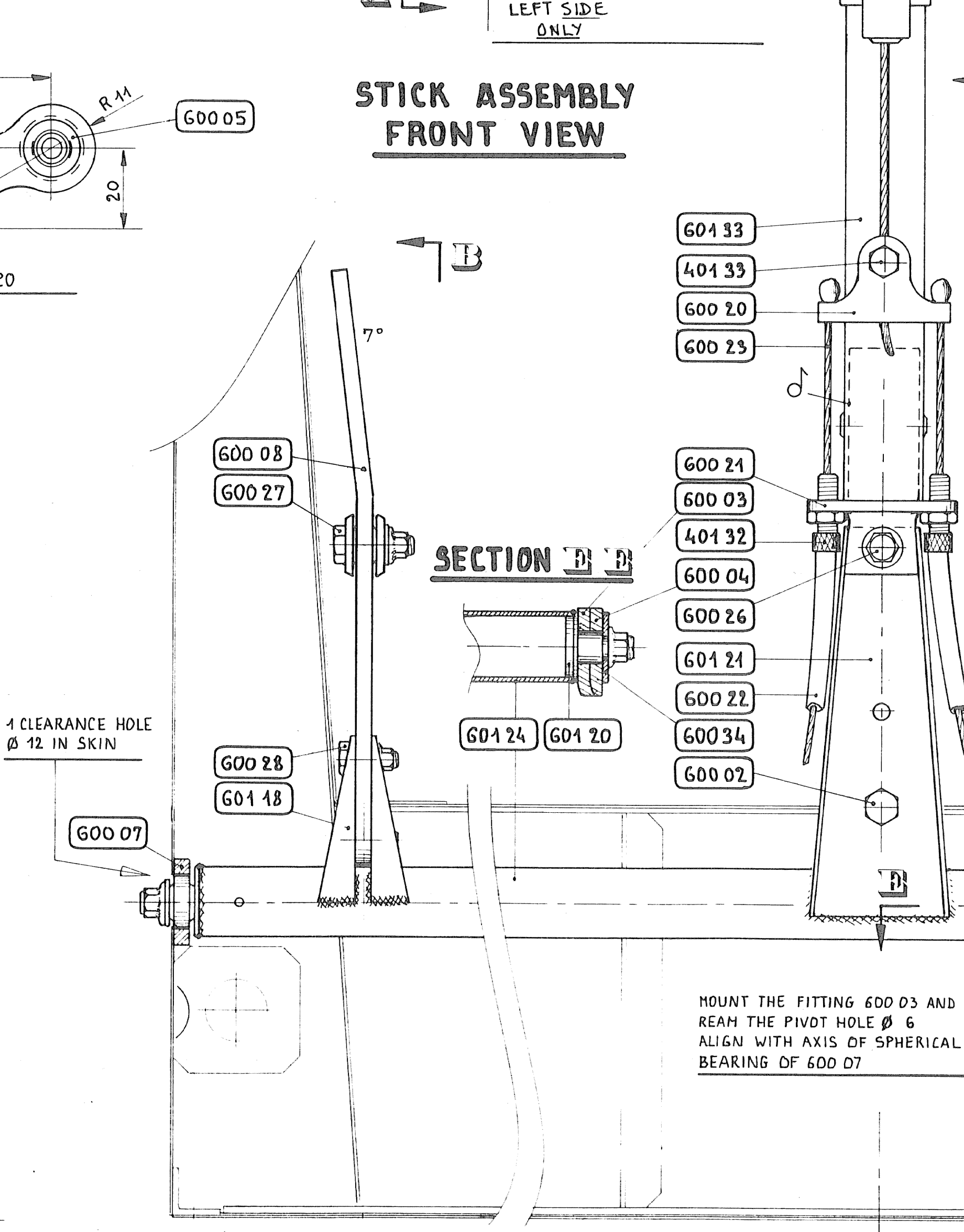
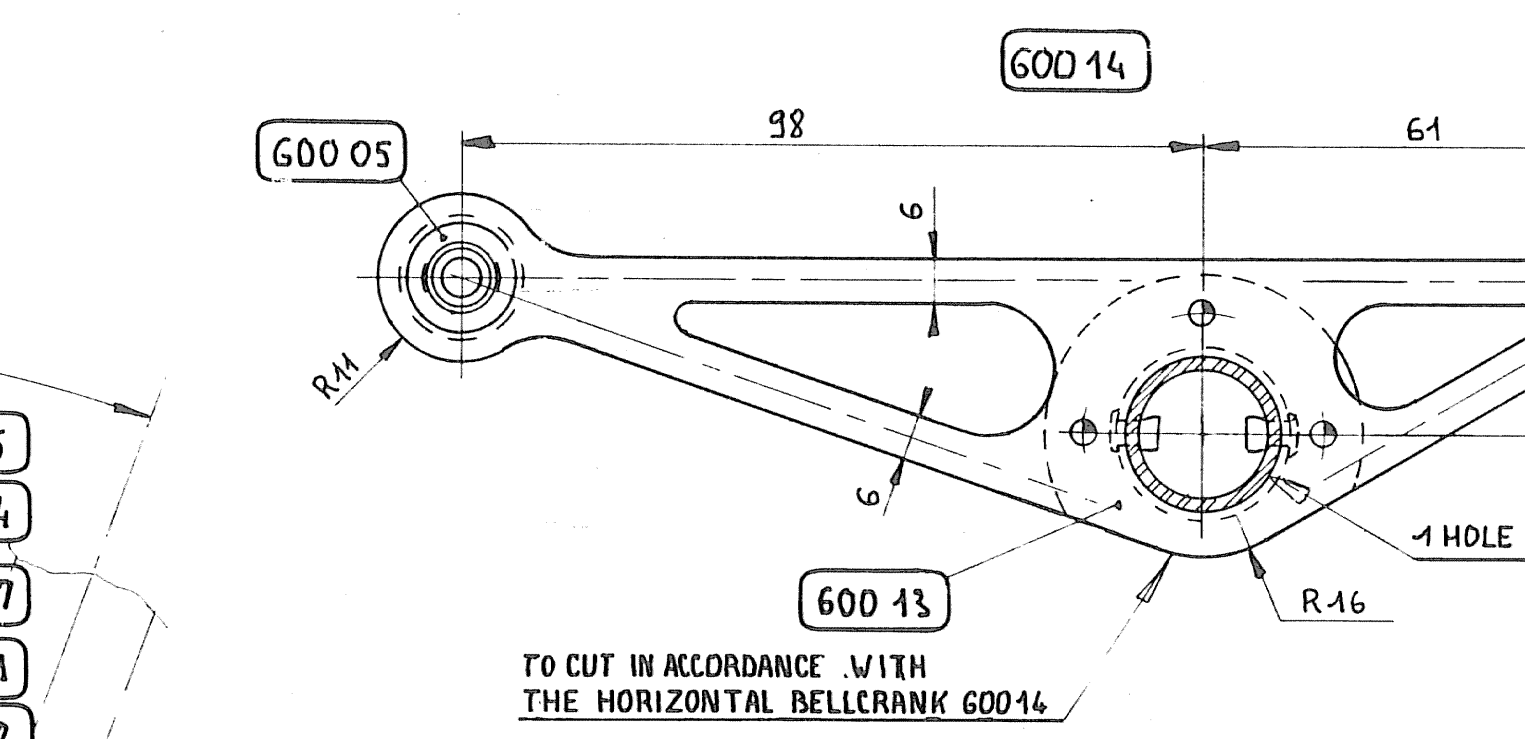
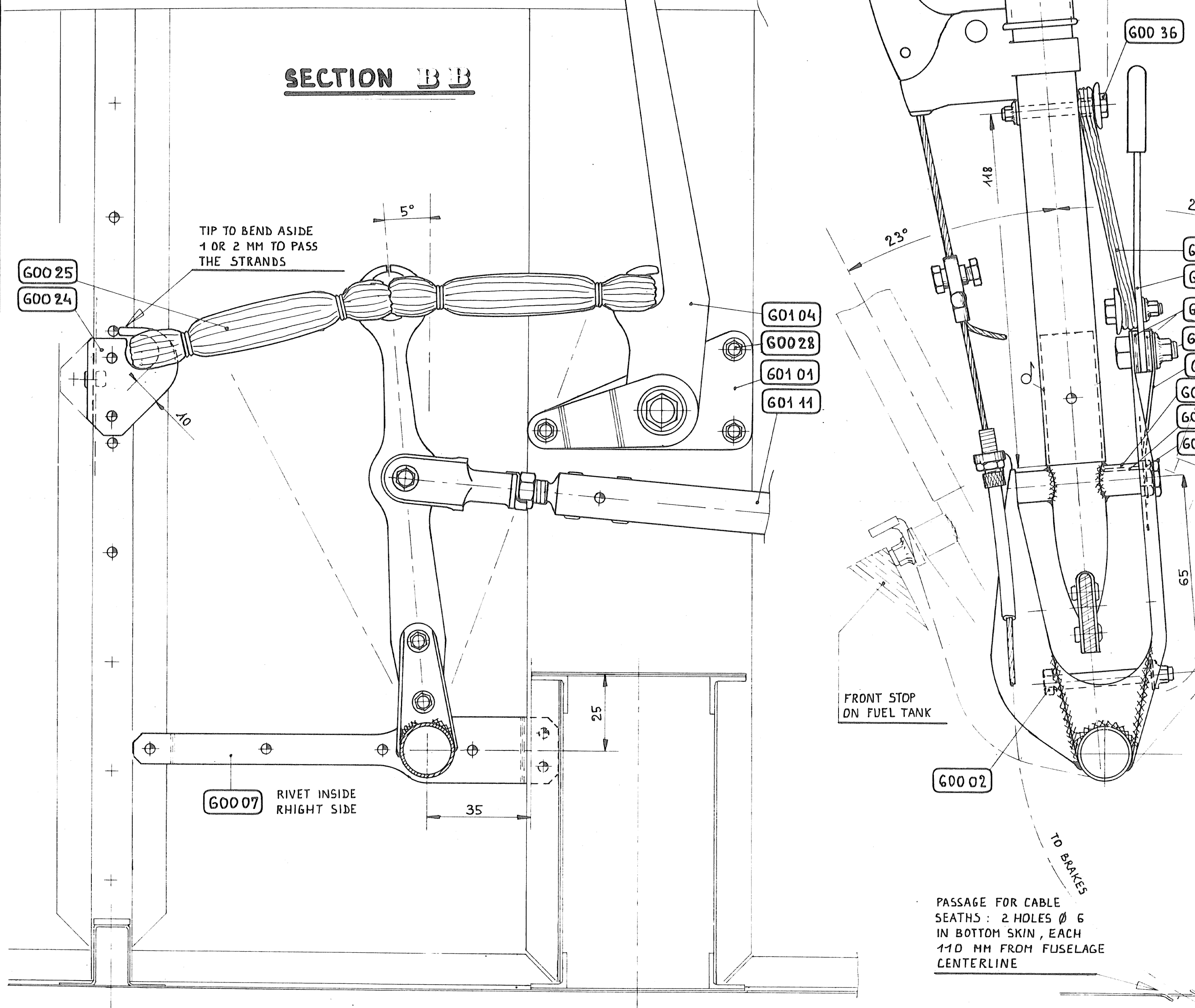
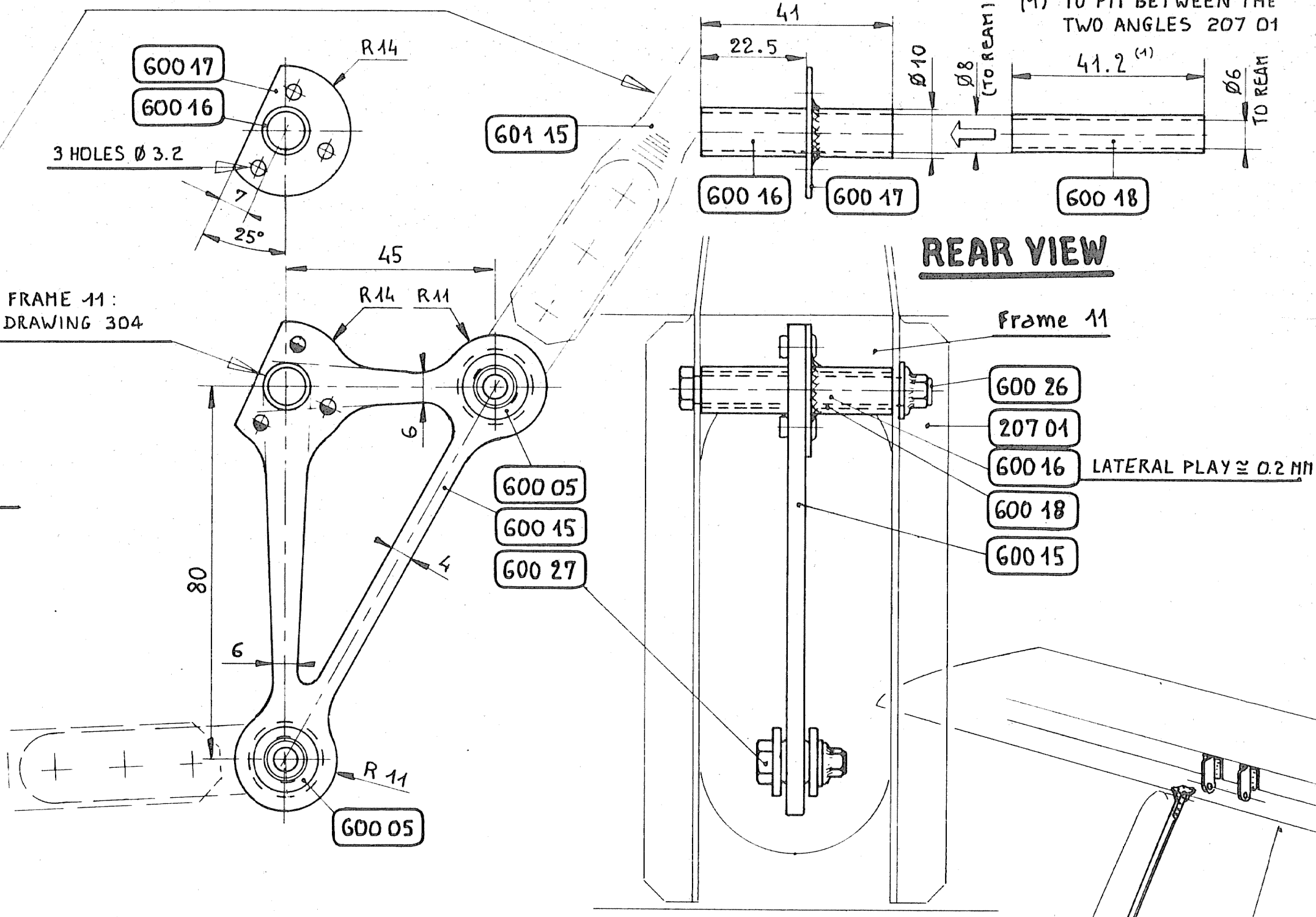
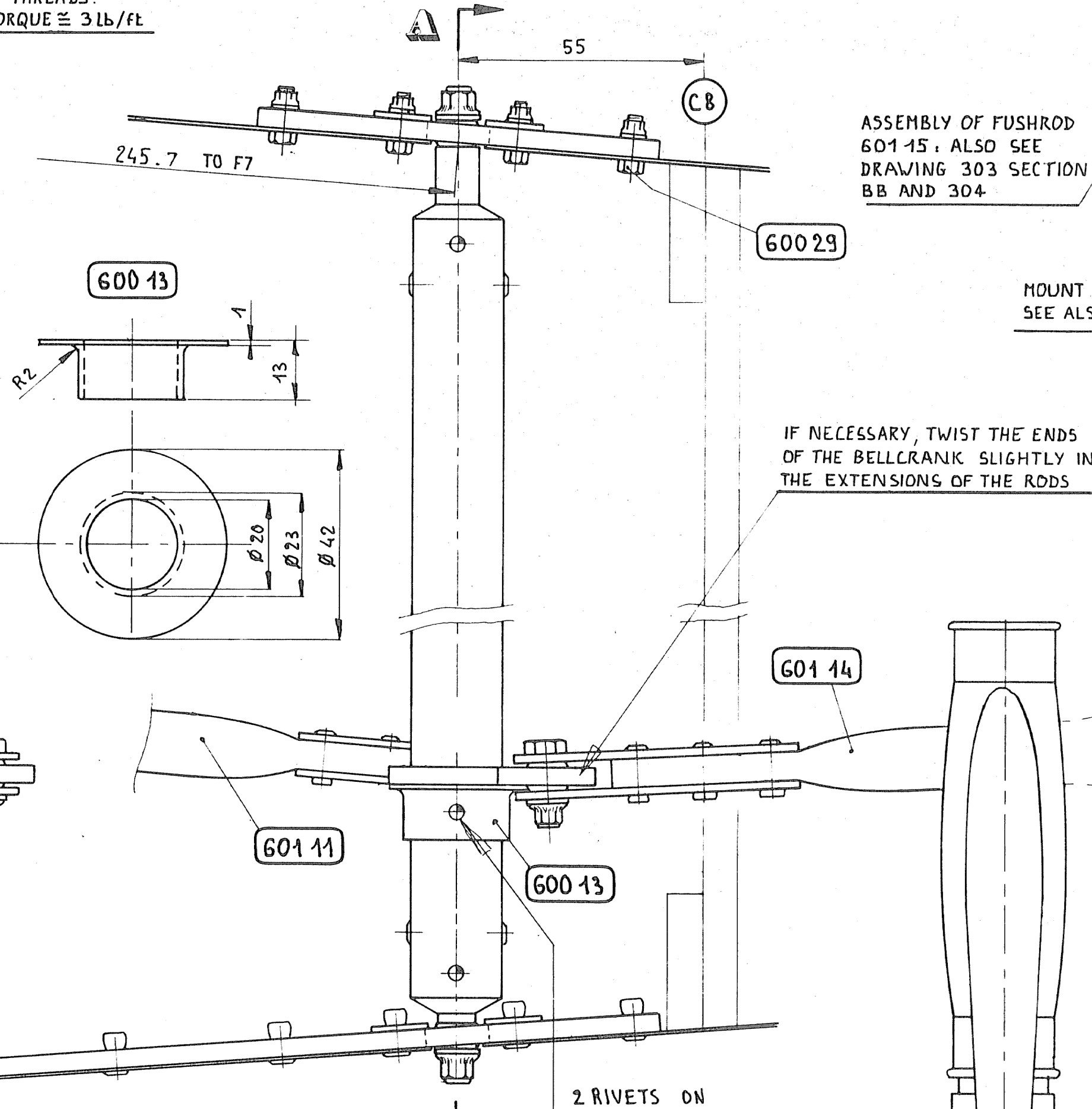
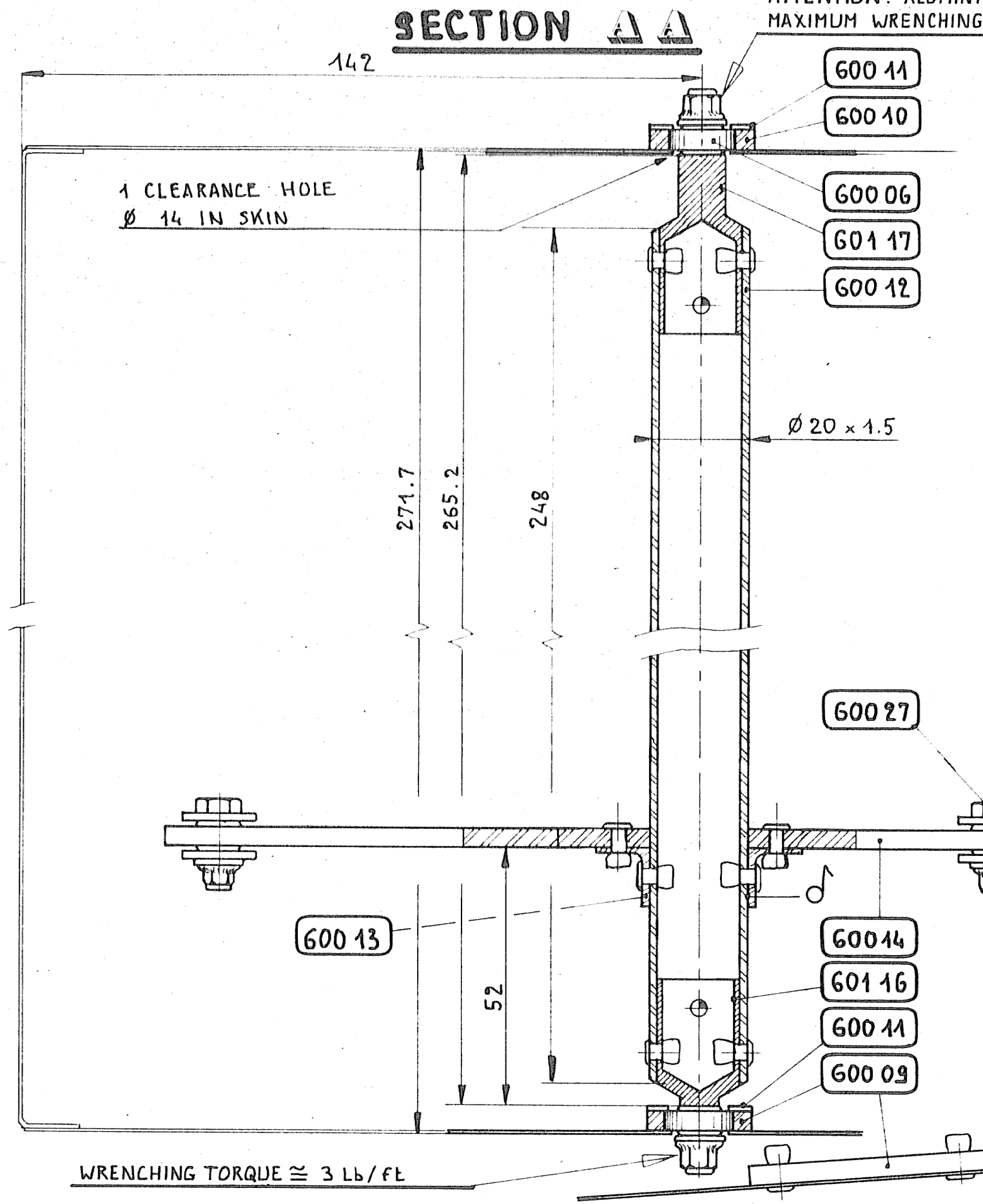
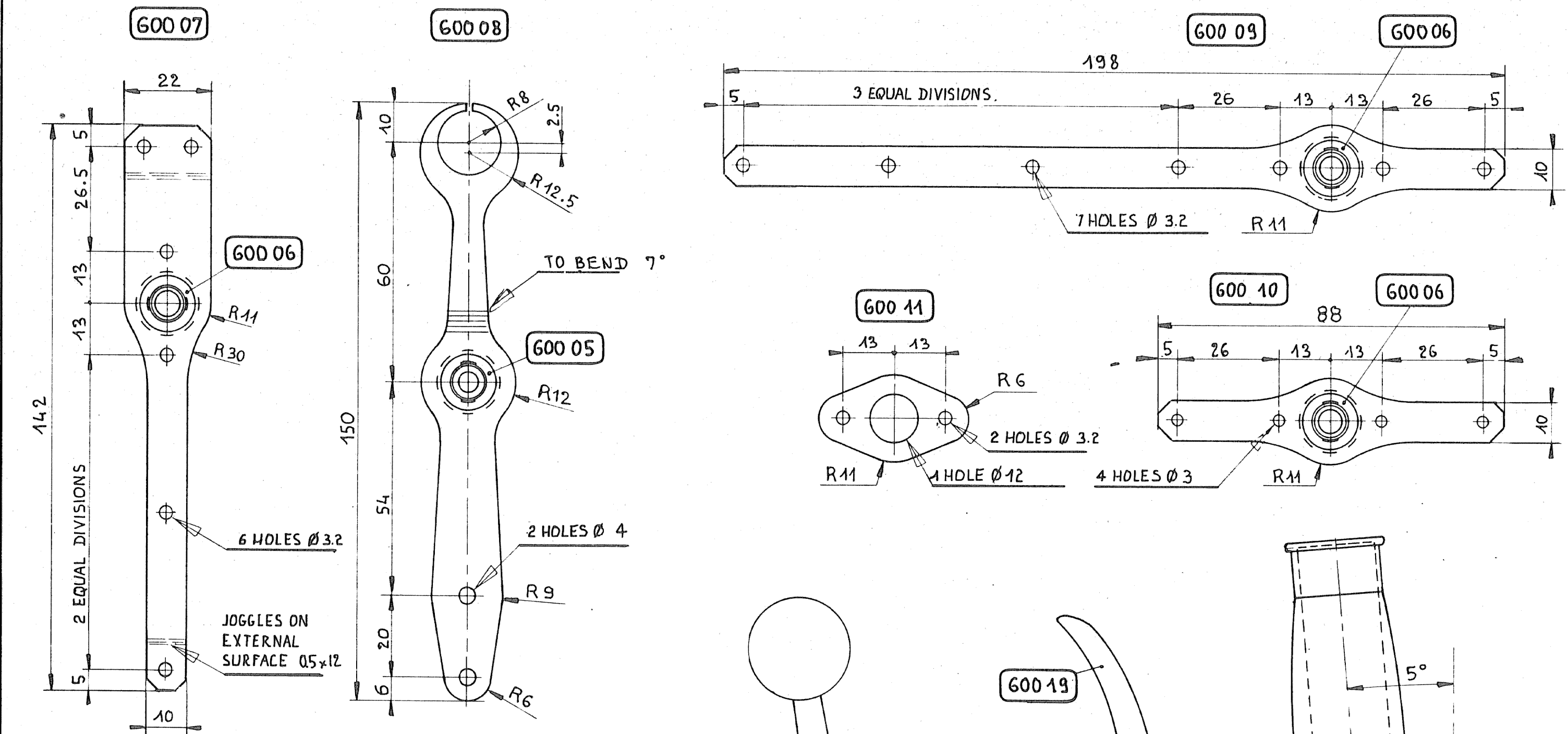
Scale: 1/14

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Drawn by: Colomban

Date: 1972

501



EQUIVALENT THICKNESS:

- 1MM = 0.040"
- 2MM = 0.080"
- 3MM = 0.125"
- 4MM = 0.160"
- 5MM = 0.190"

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Result	Comments
60036	4	BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD. Ø 4 x 35 ISO 10000		
60035	1	ARTIFICIAL FEEL	STEEL		SEE MANUAL FOR EXPLANATION		
60034	4	BEARING WASHER	STEEL		Ø 18 x 4	100000	
60033	4	NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 3 ISO 10000		
60032	10	NUT	STEEL		Ø 6 ISO 10000		
60031	7	NUT	STEEL		Ø 5 ISO 10000		
60030	7	NUT	STEEL		REDUCED Ø 6 ISO 10000		
60029	4	BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD. Ø 3 x 10 ISO 10000		
60028	9	BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD. Ø 4 x 25 ISO 10000		
60027	6	BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD. Ø 5 x 30 ISO 10000		
60026	2	BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD. Ø 6 x 70 ISO 10000		
60025	1	ARTIFICIAL FEEL	SHOCK CORD		SEE MANUAL FOR EXPLANATION		
60024	4	FEEL ATTACH PLATE	2024 T3		38 x 30 x 2	13000	
60023	2	BRAKE CABLE	STEEL		Ø 2 x 1000		BICYCLE
60022	2	CABLE SEATH			Ø 38 x 800		CHAIN SAW
60021	4	CABLE STOP PLATE	STEEL		38 x 20 x 3	100000	
60020	4	BALANCE BAR	2024 T3		34 x 22 x 5	130000	
60019	4	BRAKE HANDLE			USE LIGHTWEIGHT RACING BICYCLE PART		
60018	4	PIVOT SPACER	STEEL		Ø 8 x 1 x 41.2	110000	TO REAR
60017	2	PIVOT PLATE	15CDV6		Ø 28 x 1	120000	
60016	2	PIVOT TUBE	15CDV6 T		Ø 10 x 1 x 41	140000	TO REAR
60015	1	VERTICAL BELLCRANK	2024 T3		105 x 67 x 4	130000	
60014	1	HORIZ. BELLCRANK	2024 T3		181 x 67 x 4	130000	
60013	2	LOCKING COLLAR	2024 T4		Ø 42 x 13	130000	
60012	1	VERTICAL TUBE	2024 T4		Ø 20 x 4.5 x 242	130000	
60011	2	SAFETY PLATE	2024 T3		38 x 22 x 1	130000	
60010	1	UPPER PIVOT PLATE	2024 T3		90 x 22 x 4	130000	
60009	1	LOWER PIVOT PLATE	2024 T3		280 x 22 x 4	130000	
60008	1	BELLCRANK	2024 T3		150 x 25 x 4	130000	
60007	1	LATERAL BRACKET	2024 T3		142 x 22 x 4	130000	
60006	3	SPHERICAL BEARING	TYPE: ADR GLD 6			150000	
60005	5	SPHERICAL BEARING	TYPE: ADR GLD 5			150000	
60004	1	REINFORCEMENT	2024 T3		22 x 21 x 3	130000	
60003	1	SUPPORT BRACKET	2024 T3		220 x 60 x 3	130000	
60002	1	LATERAL STOP BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD. Ø 5 x 5 ISO 100000		
60001	1	TRIM LOCKING BOLT	STEEL		HEX. HD. Ø 6 x 30 ISO 100000		

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: ELEVATOR CONTROL SYSTEM - ASSEMBLY - DETAILS

Scale: 1/1

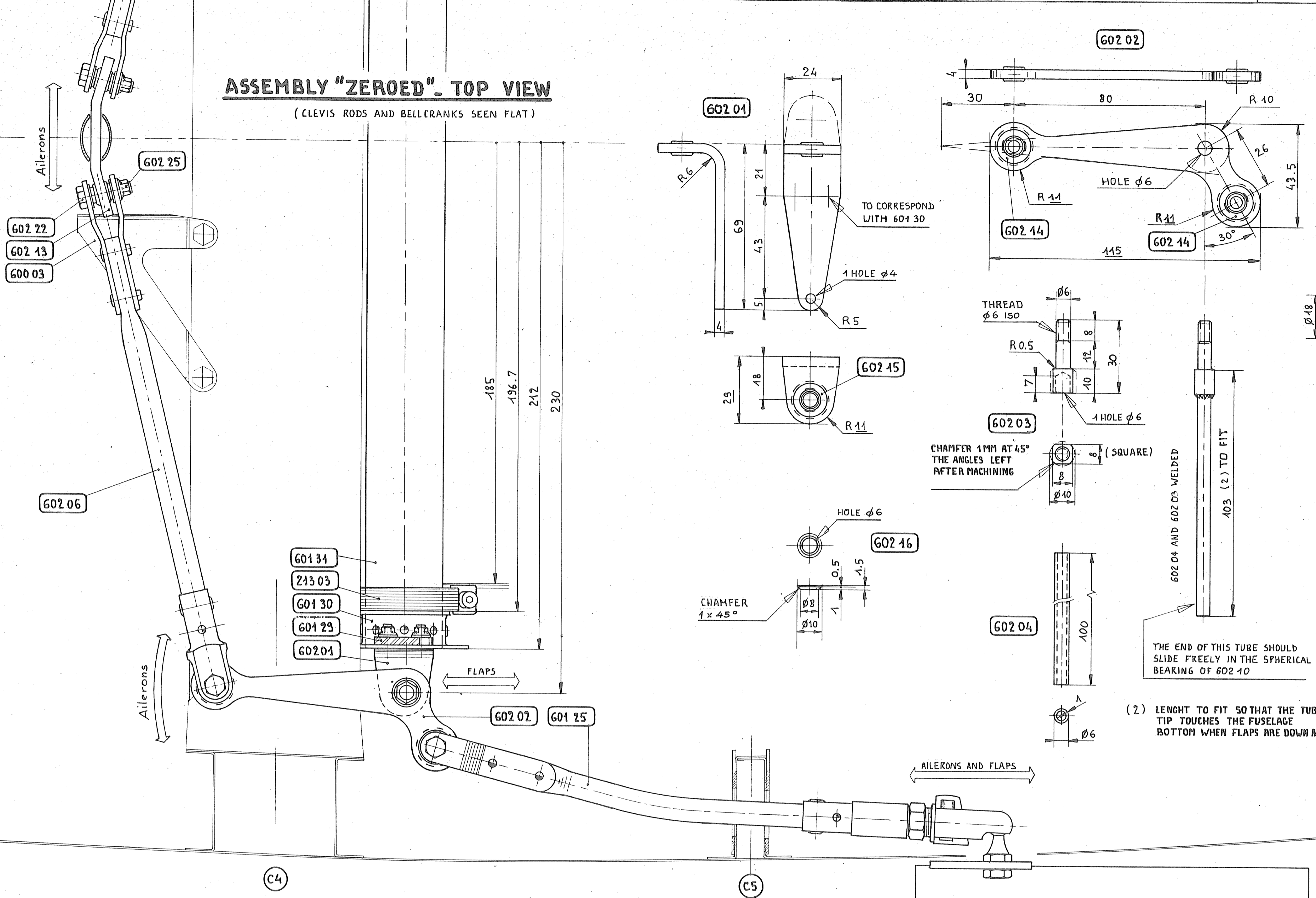
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Drawn by: Colomban

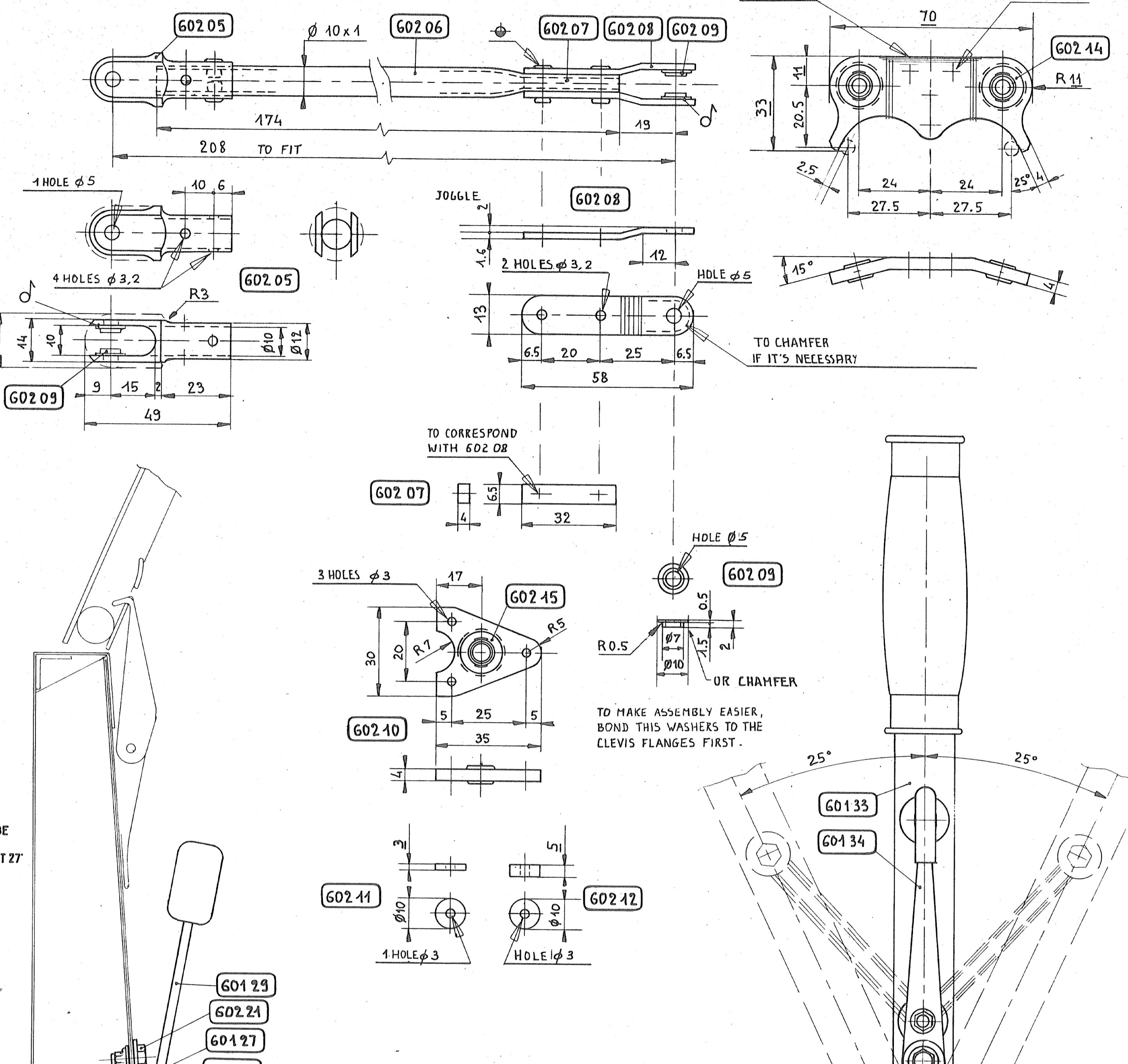
Date: Nov. 1981

600

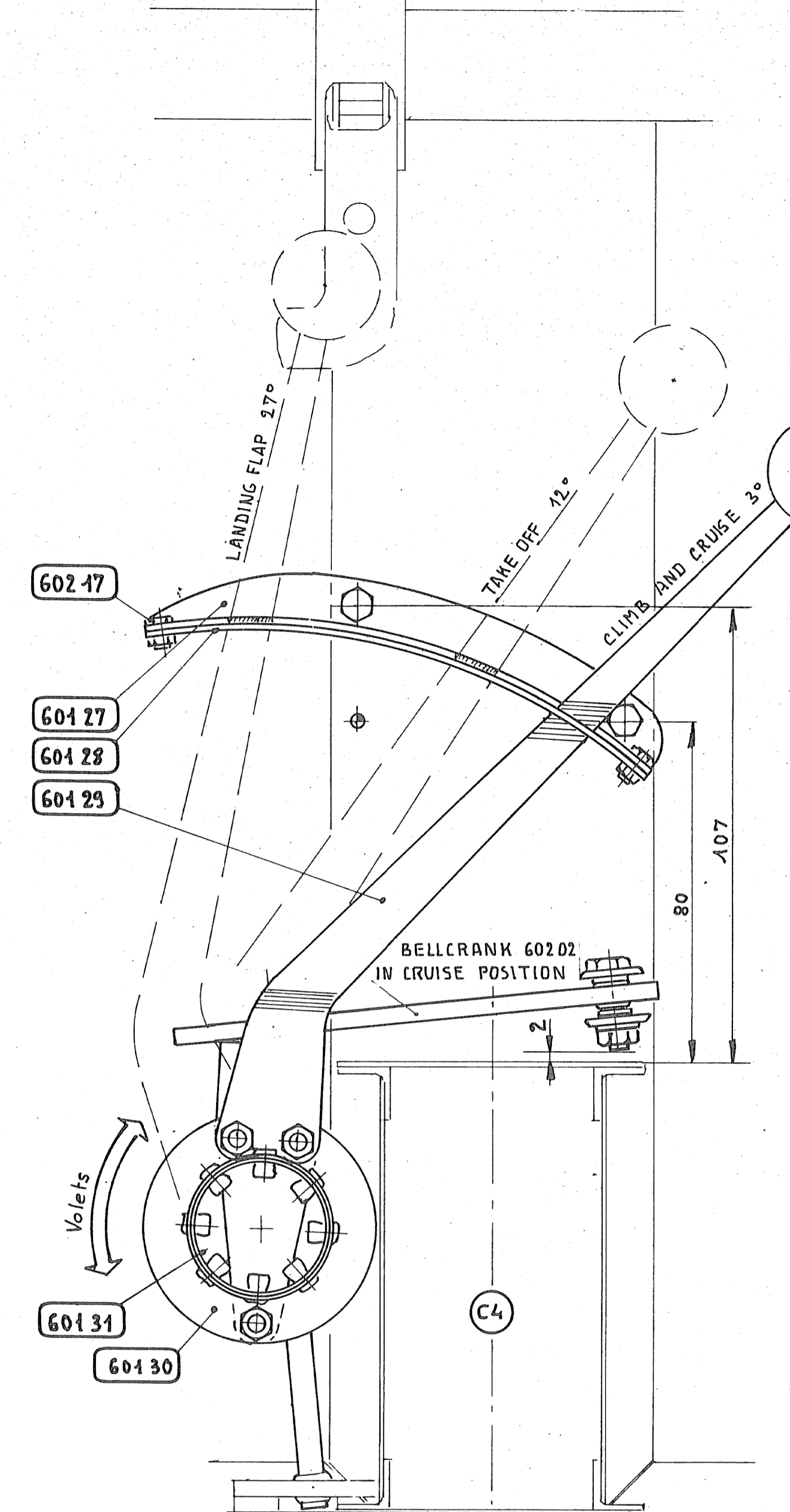
ASSEMBLY "ZEROED" - TOP VIEW
(CLEVIS RODS AND BELLCRANKS SEEN FLAT)



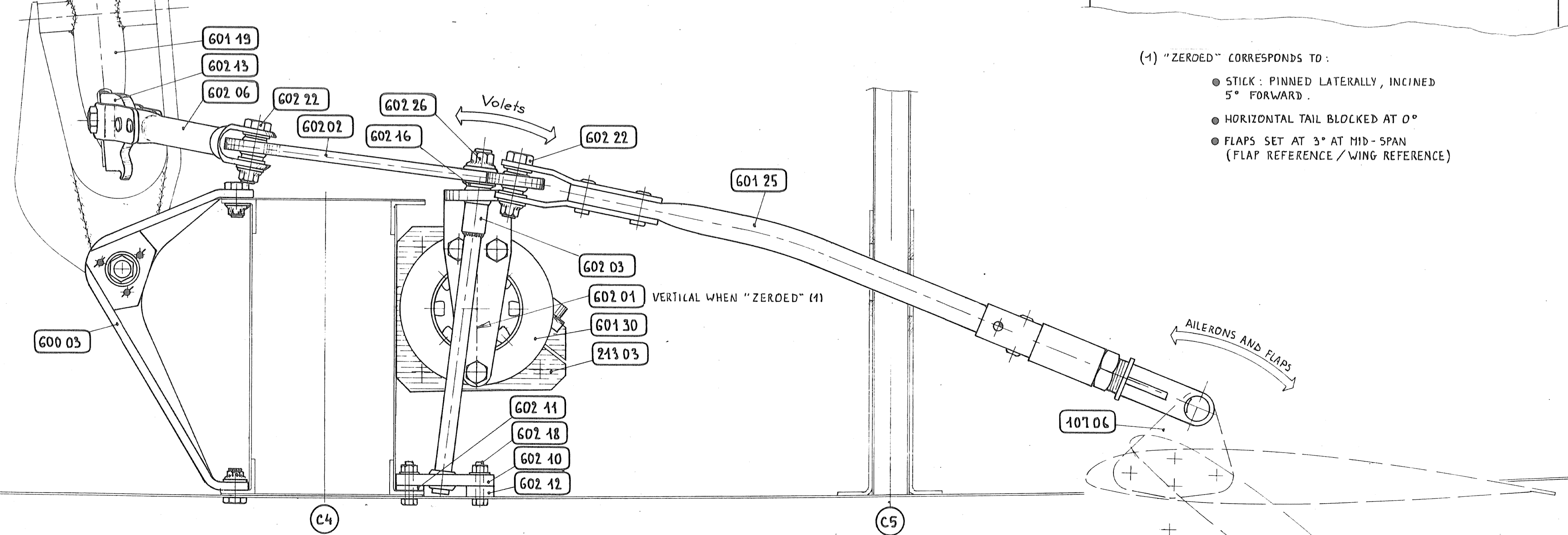
TRANSVERSE PUSHROD ASSEMBLED



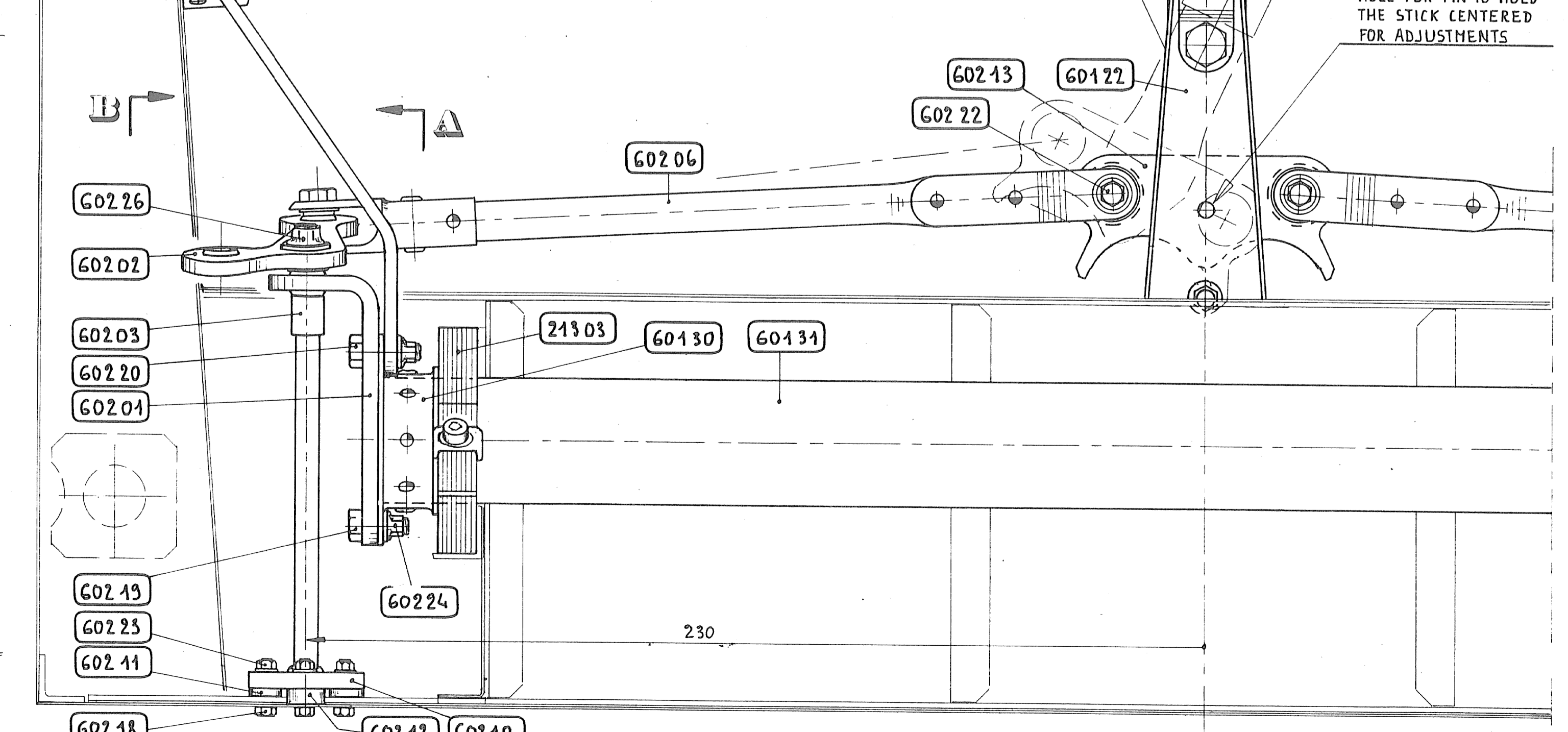
FLAP HANDLE - VIEW THROUGH A



ASSEMBLY "ZEROED" - SIDE VIEW THROUGH B



ASSEMBLY "ZEROED" REAR VIEW

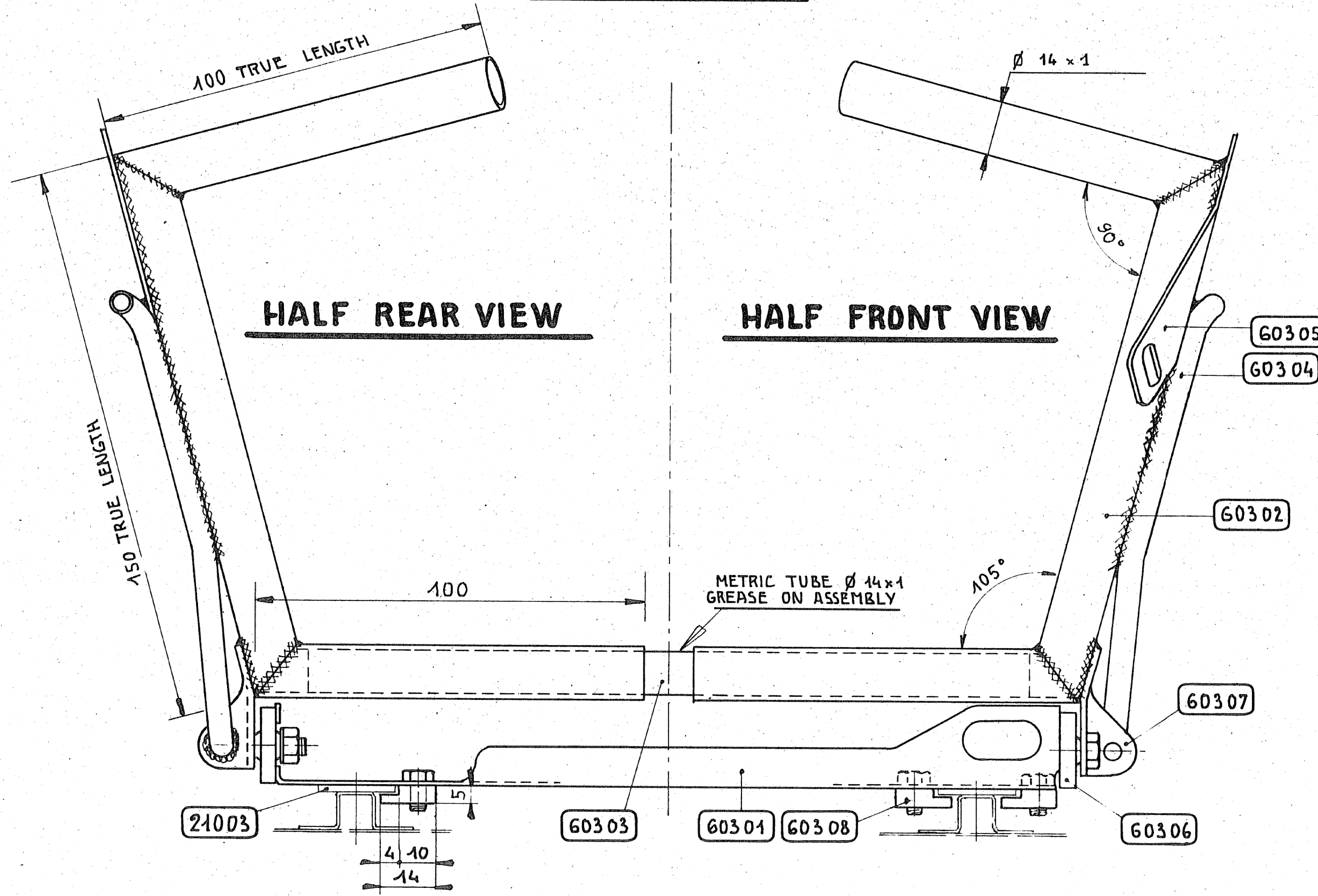


- (1) "ZEROED" CORRESPONDS TO:
- STICK: PINNED Laterally, INCINED 5° FORWARD.
 - HORIZONTAL TAIL BLOCKED AT 0°
 - FLAPS SET AT 3° AT MID-SPAN (FLAP REFERENCE / WING REFERENCE)

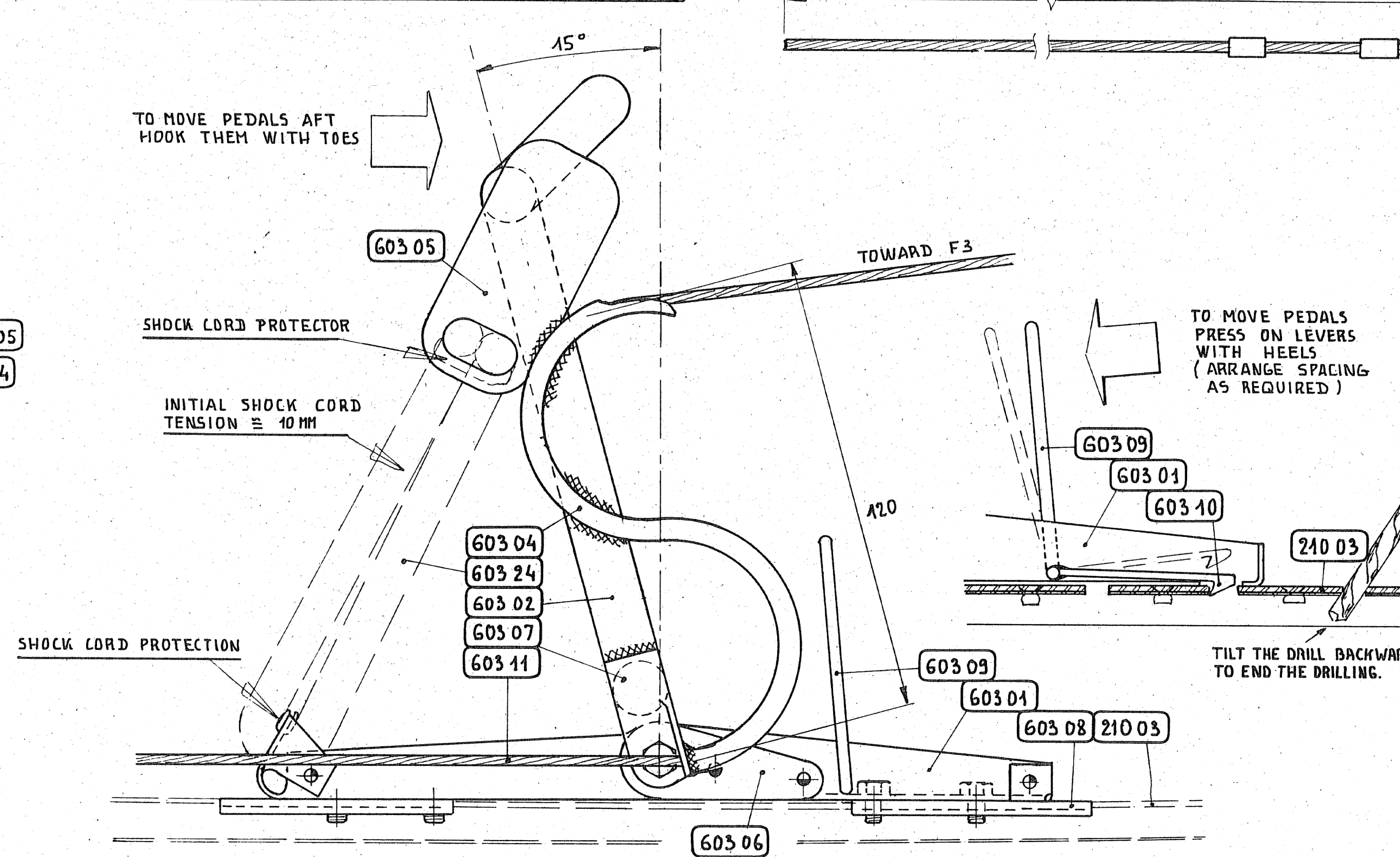
Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Cond	Dimensions	Comments
602 28	1	WASHER	CELORAN		φ 4 x 6 x 2	
602 26	2	NUT	STEEL		REDUCED φ 6 ISO	120,000
602 25	6	NUT	STEEL		φ 5 ISO	120,000
602 24	8	NUT	STEEL		φ 4 ISO	120,000
602 23	8	NUT	STEEL		φ 3 ISO	120,000
602 22	6	SCREW	STEEL		H.HB φ 5 x 35 ISO	120,000
602 21	2	SCREW	STEEL		H.HB φ 4 x 8 ISO	120,000
602 20	2	SCREW	STEEL		H.HB φ 4 x 25 ISO	120,000
602 19	4	SCREW	STEEL		H.HB φ 4 x 12 ISO	120,000
602 18	6	SCREW	STEEL		H.HB φ 4 x 25 ISO	120,000
602 17	2	SCREW	STEEL		H.HB φ 3 x 7 ISO	120,000
602 16	2	CHAMFERED WASHER	STEEL		φ 10 x 4,5	120,000
602 15	4	SPHERICAL BEARING	TYPE: ADR GLD 6			240,000
602 14	6	SPHERICAL BEARING	TYPE: ADR GLD 5			360,000
602 13	4	FITTING	2024	T3	6.8 x 3.2 x 4	63,000
602 12	2	SPACER	2024	T3	φ 10 x 5	63,000
602 11	4	SPACER	2024	T3	φ 10 x 3	63,000
601 40	2	BASE SOCKET	2024	T3	30 x 35 x 4	63,000
602 09	12	SHOULDER WASHER	STEEL		φ 10 x 2	120,000
602 08	8	PUSHROD FLANGE	2024	T3	5.8 x 13 x 1.6	63,000
602 07	4	SPACER	2024	T3	3.2 x 6.5 x 4	63,000
602 06	2	TRANSVERSE PUSHROD	6064	T6	φ 10 x 4 x 476	43,000 TUBE
602 05	2	CLEVIS	2024	T3	φ 4.8 x 4.9	63,000
602 04	2	MIXER PIVOT	45CDV6	T	φ 6 x 4 x 400	48,000 TUBE
602 03	2	THREADED END	45CDV6		φ 4 x 30	48,000
602 02	2	BELLCRANK	2024	T3	113 x 63 x 4	63,000
602 01	2	MIXER SUPPORT	2024	T3	90 x 24 x 4	63,000 OR 6064 T6

CRICRI MC 15
TITLE: FLAP ANDAILERON CONTROL SYSTEM

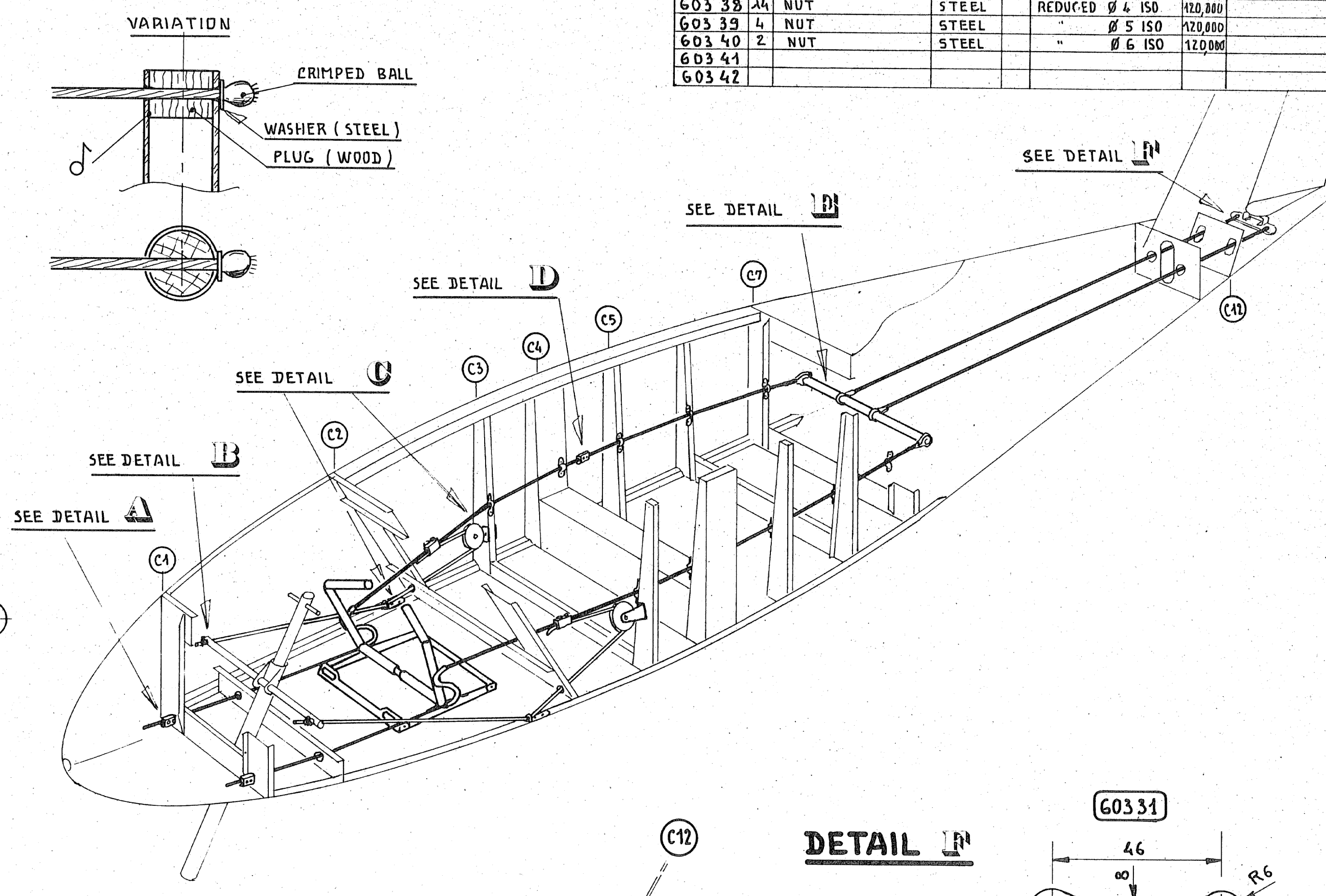
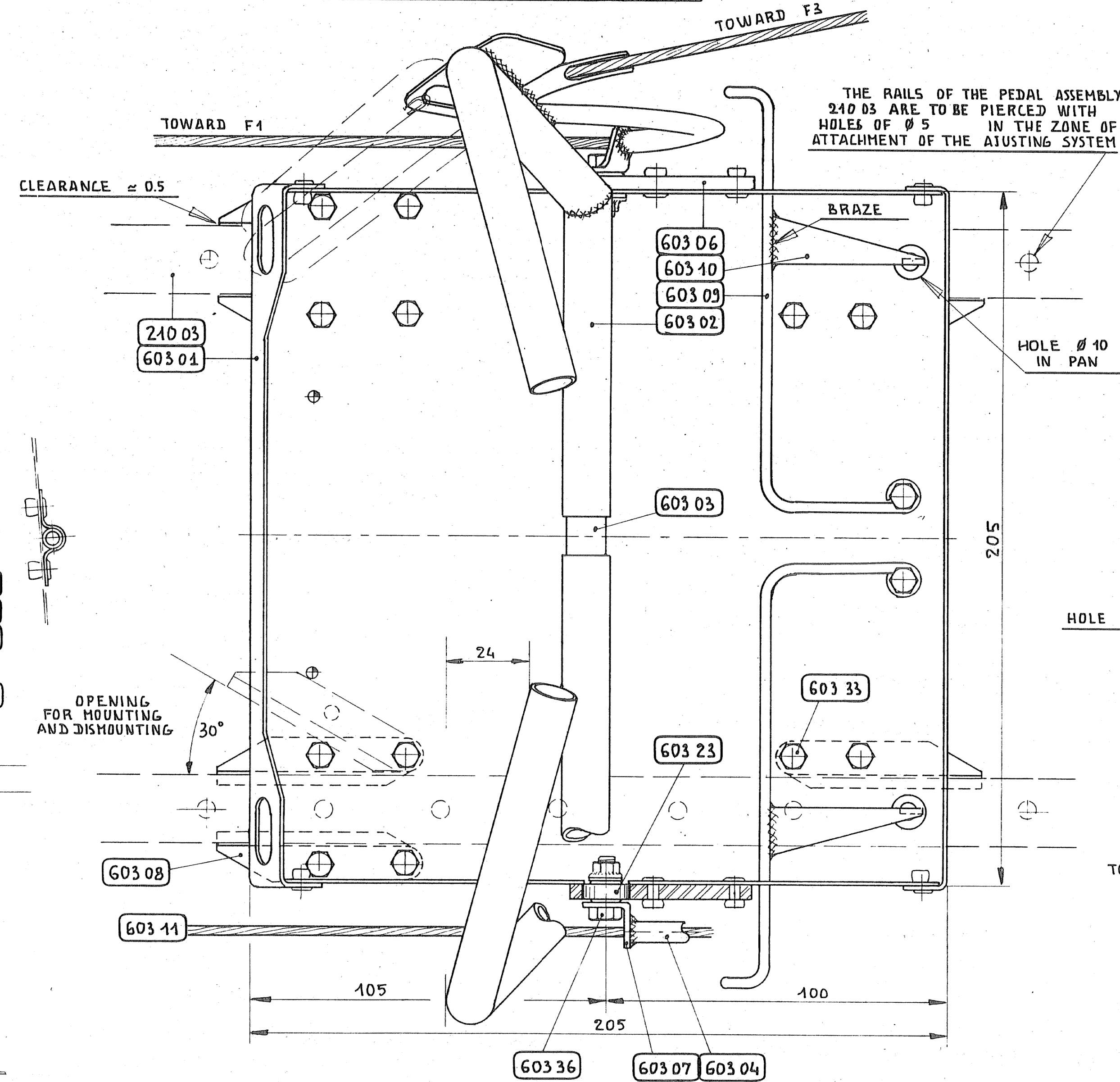
PEDAL ASSEMBLY



PEDAL ASSEMBLY - SIDE VIEW

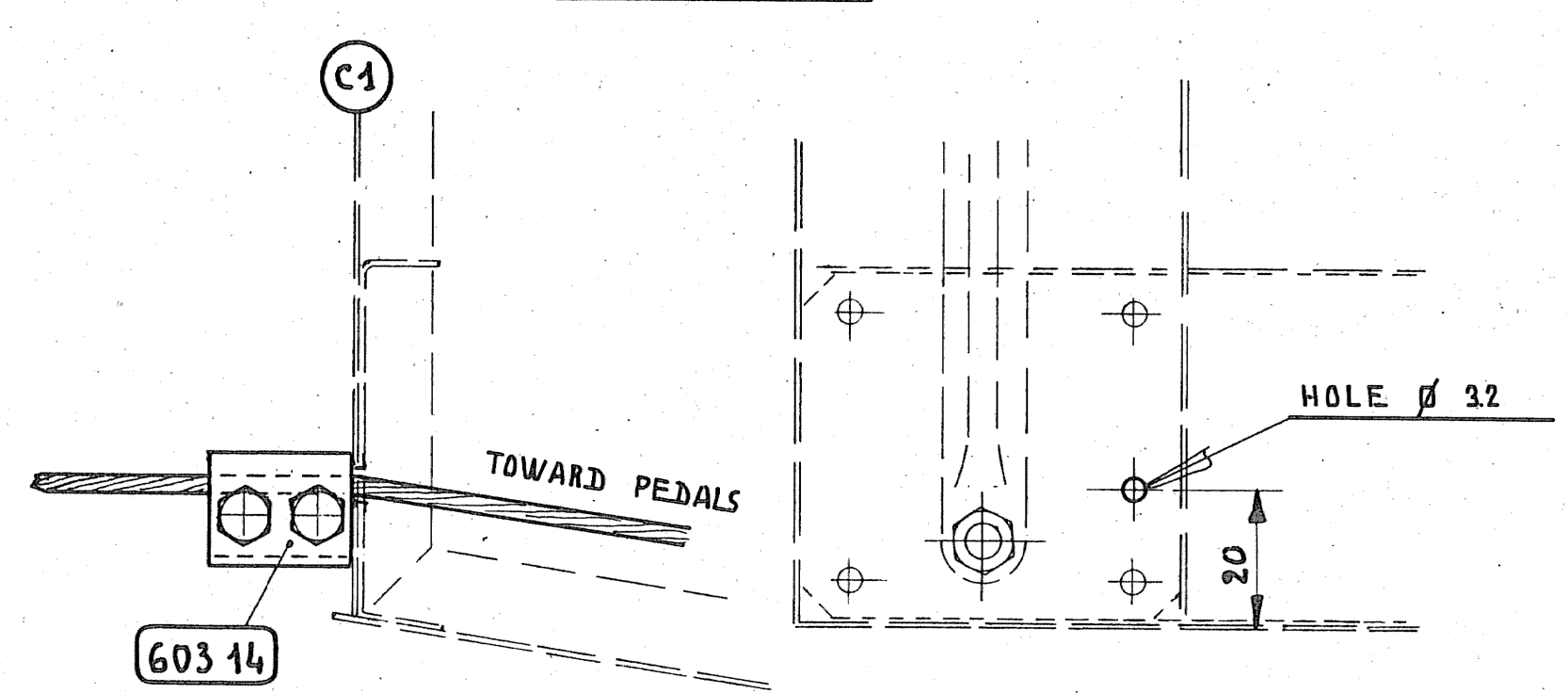


PEDAL ASSEMBLY - PLAN VIEW

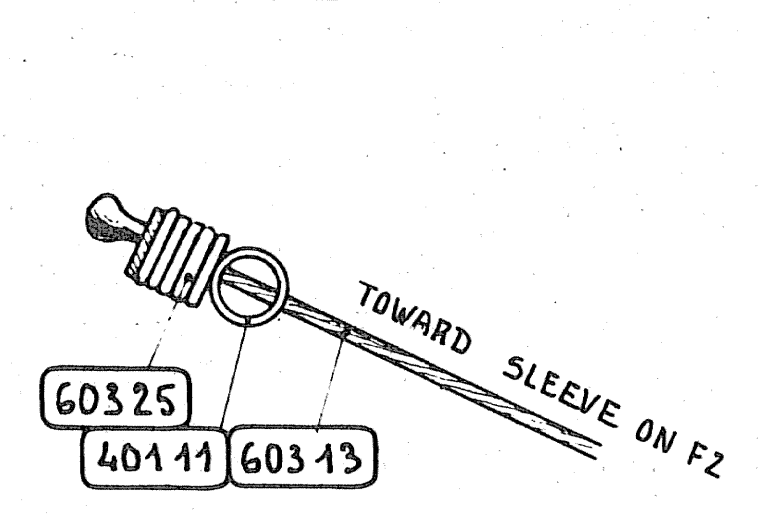


603 38	1/4"	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4 ISO	120,000
603 39	1/4"	NUT	STEEL	Ø 5 ISO	120,000
603 40	2"	NUT	STEEL	Ø 6 ISO	120,000
603 41					
603 42					

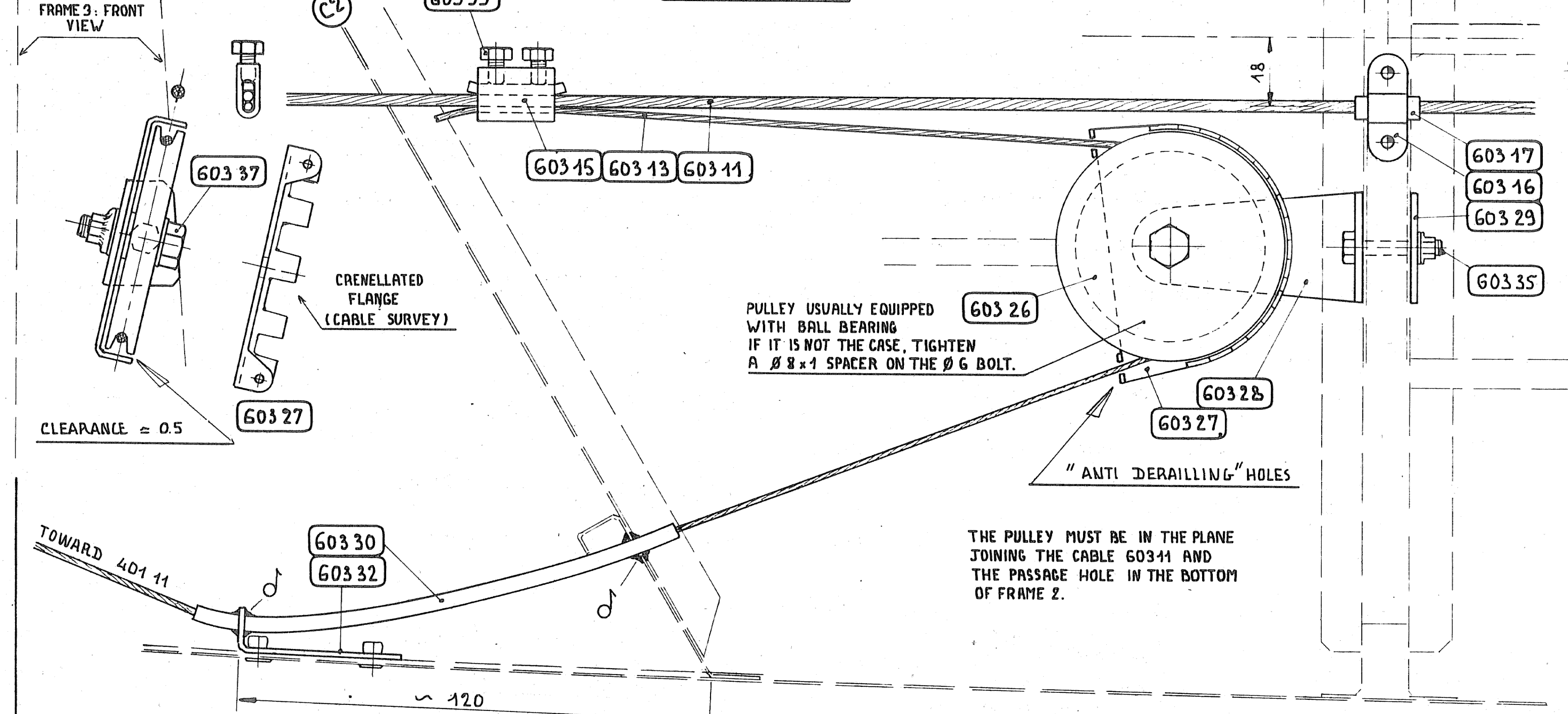
DETAIL A



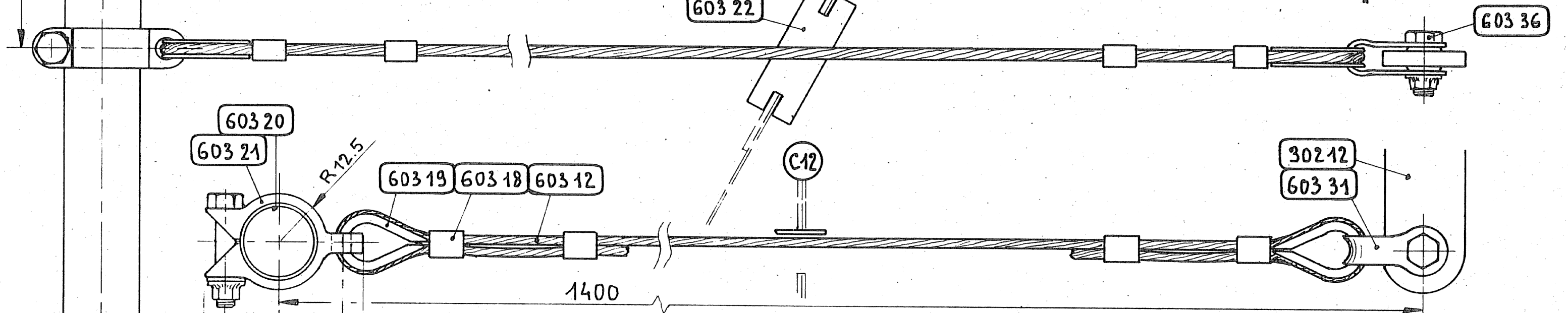
DETAIL B



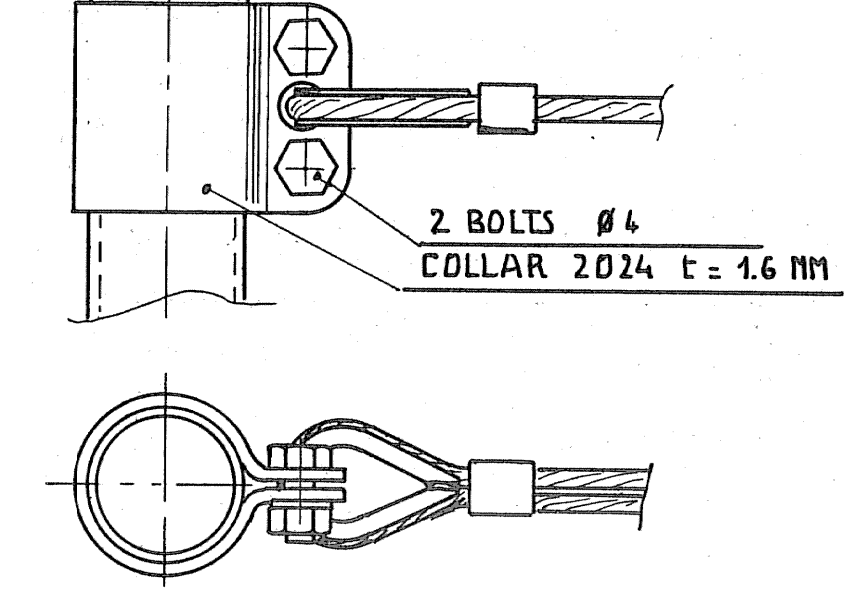
DETAIL C



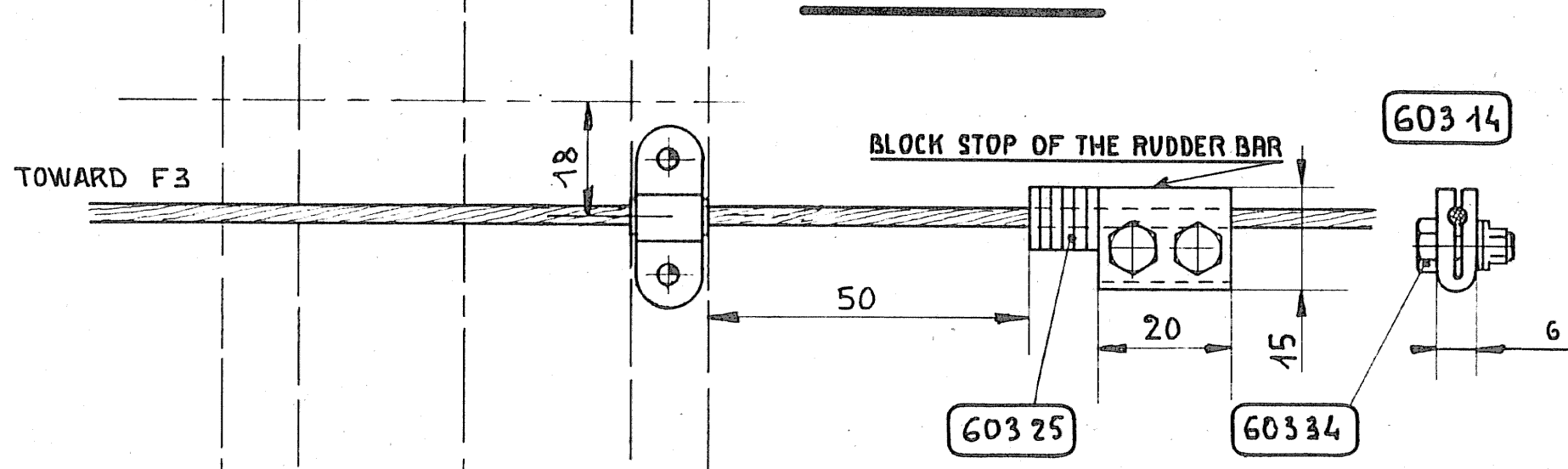
DETAIL D



DETAIL E



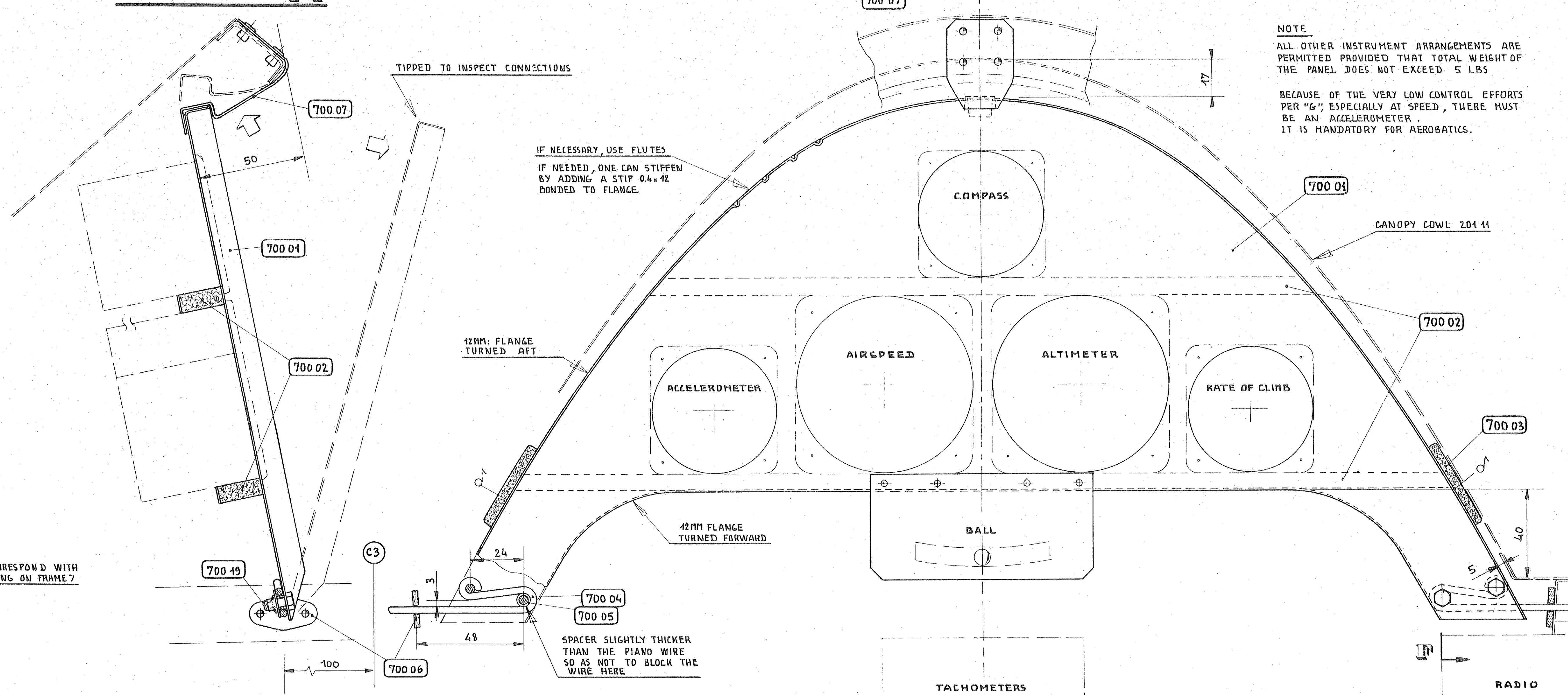
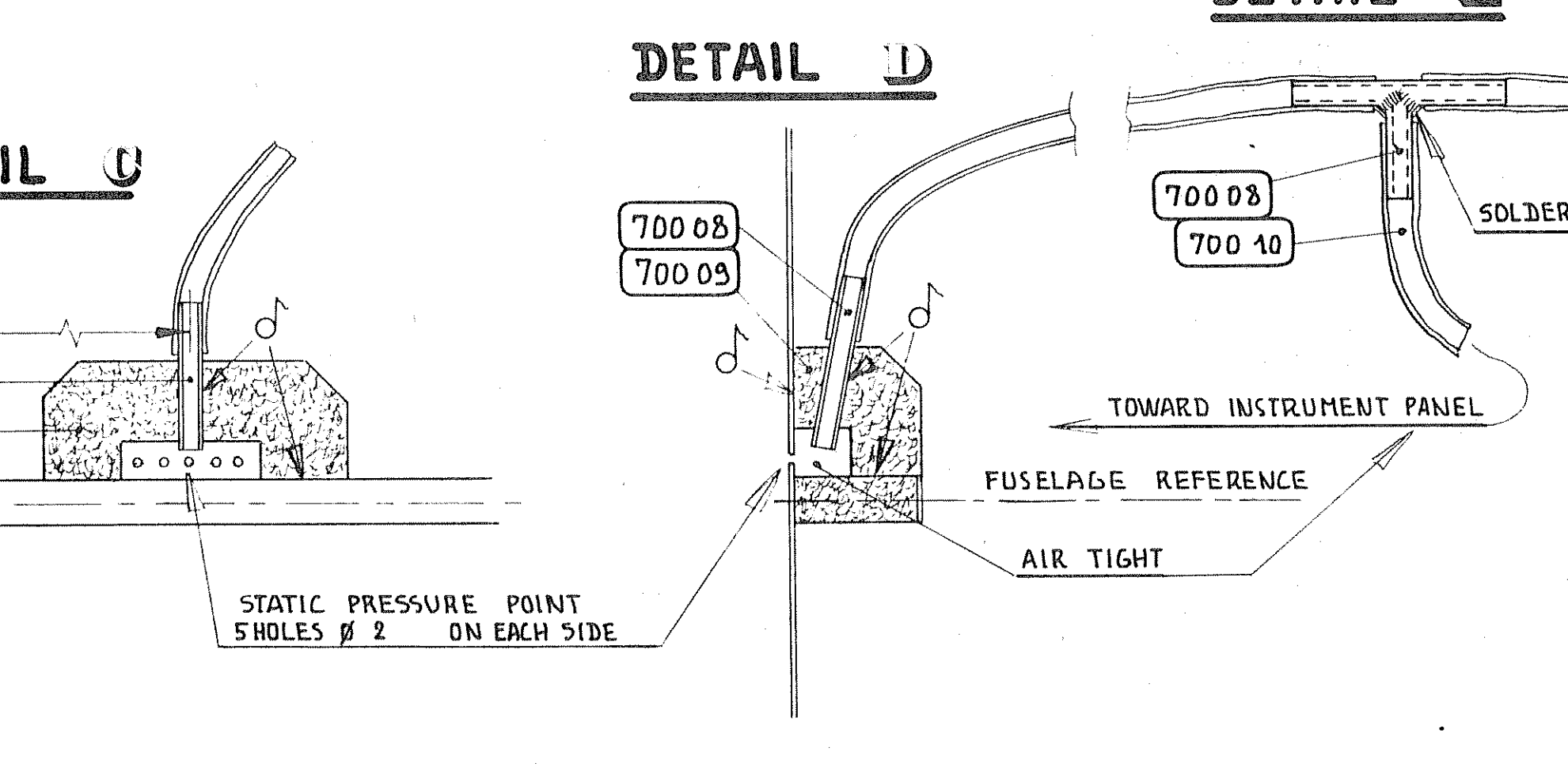
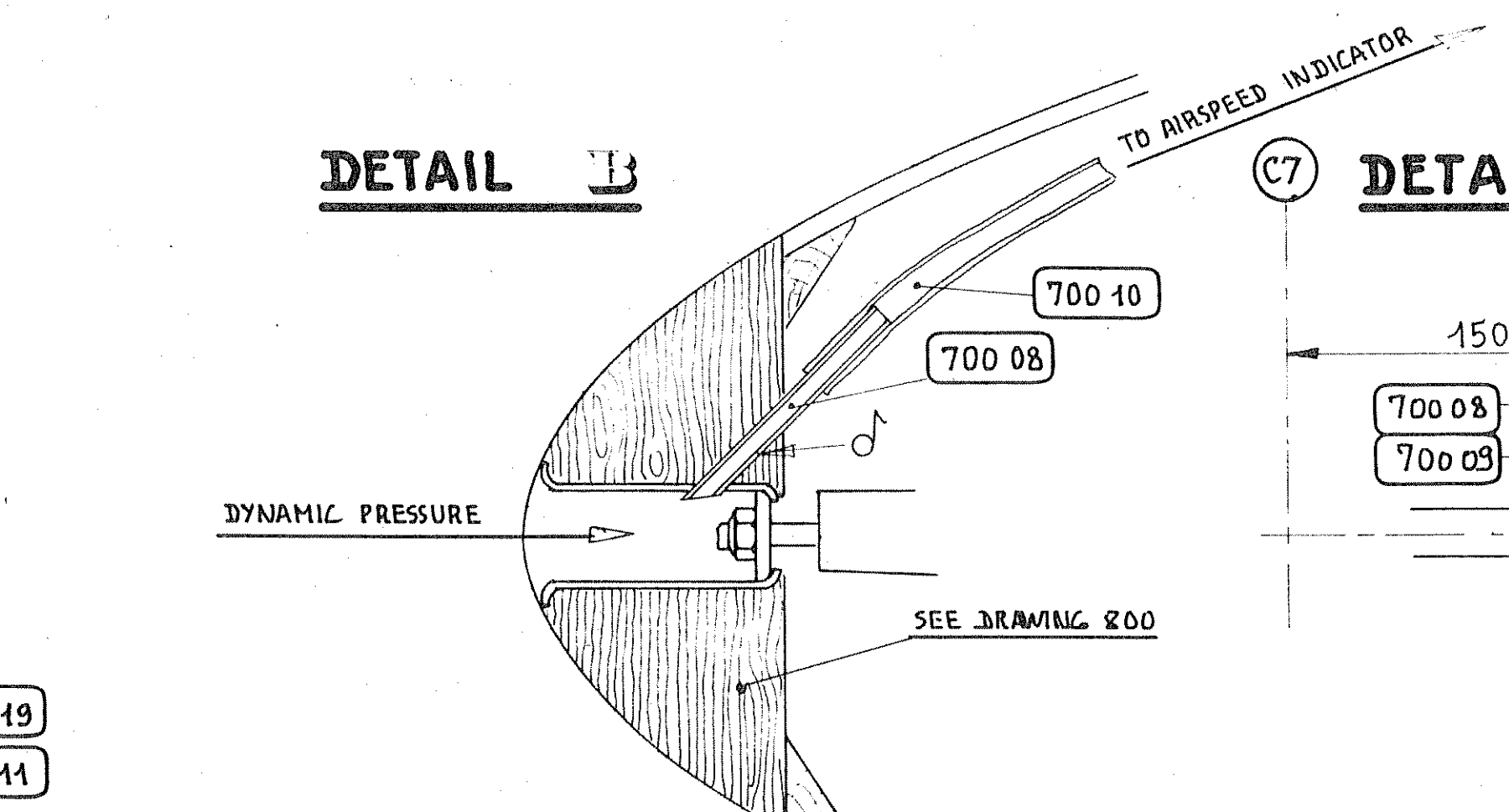
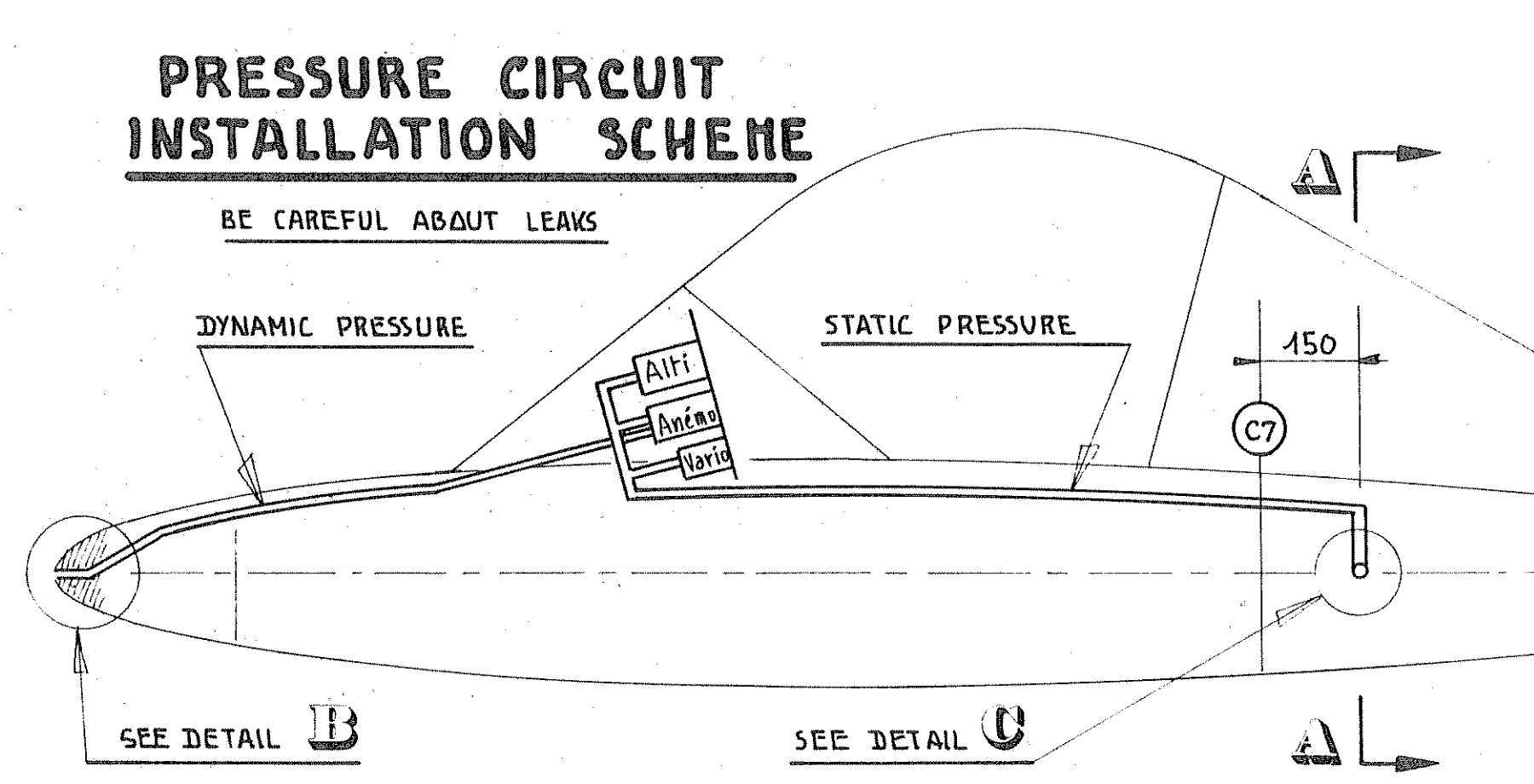
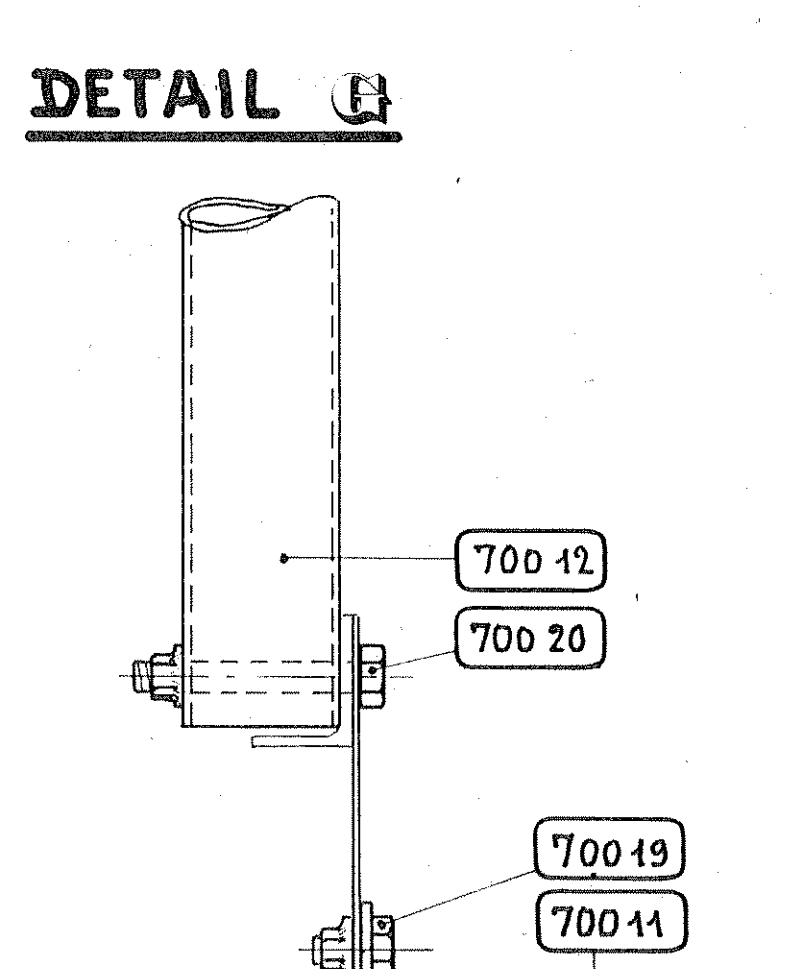
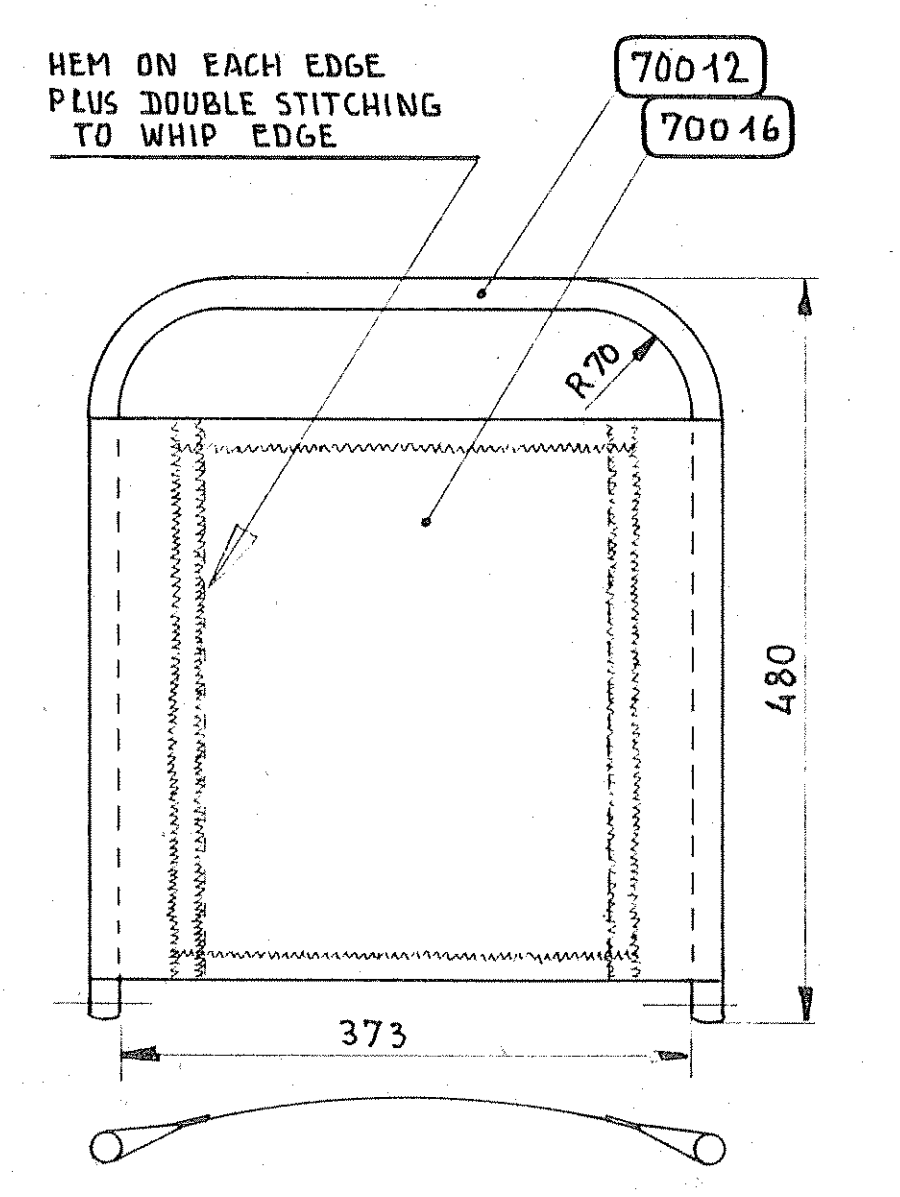
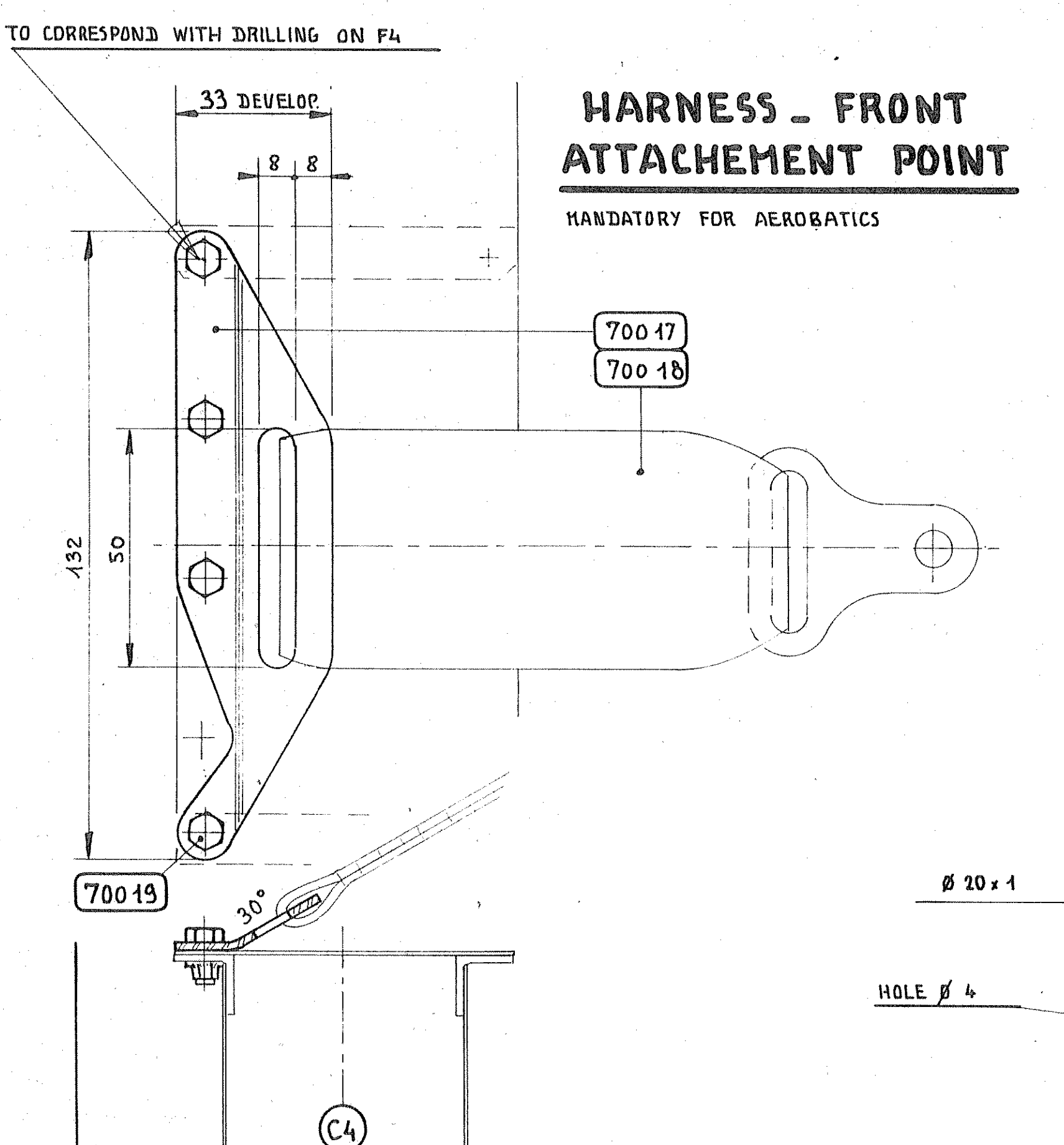
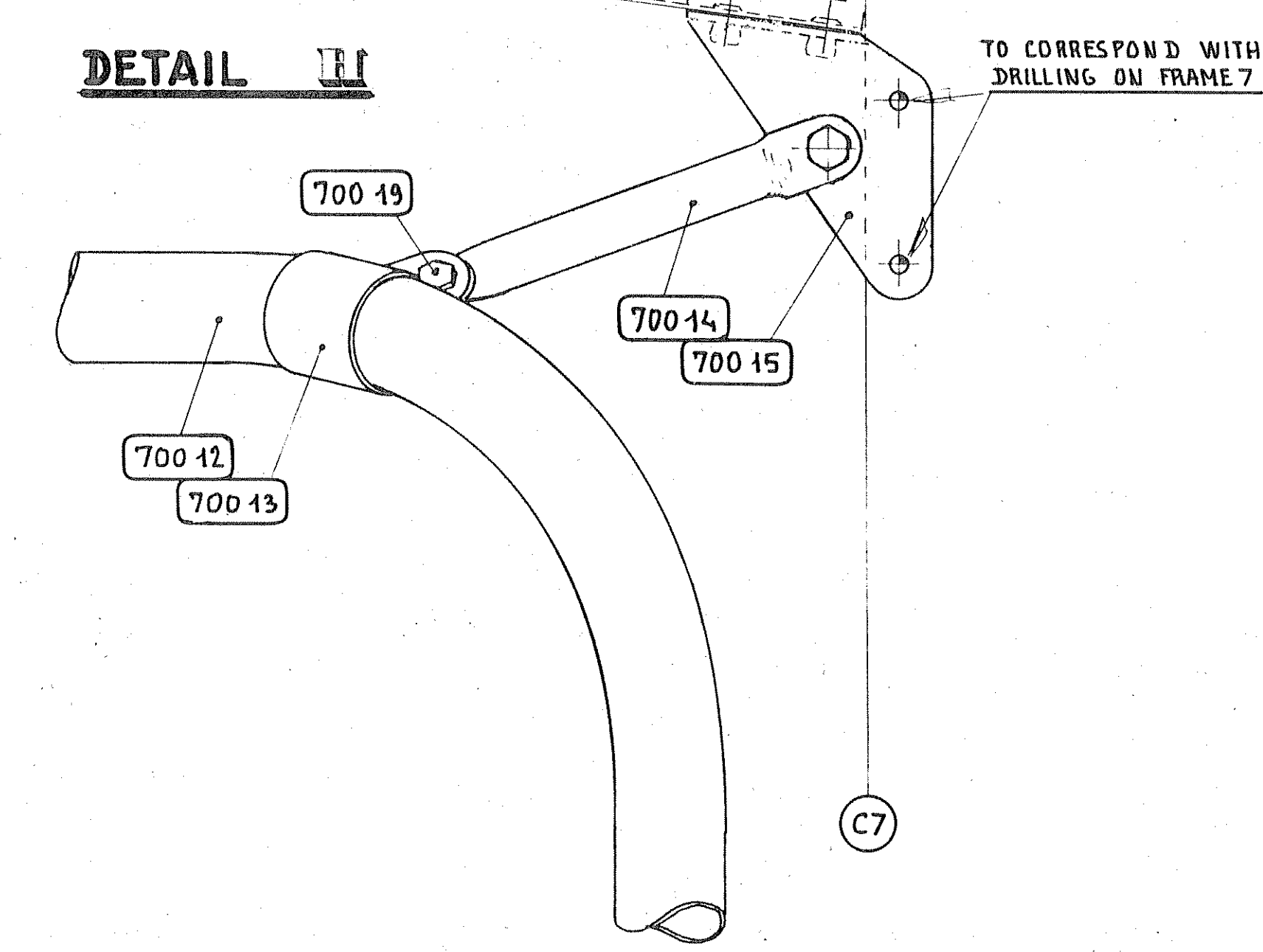
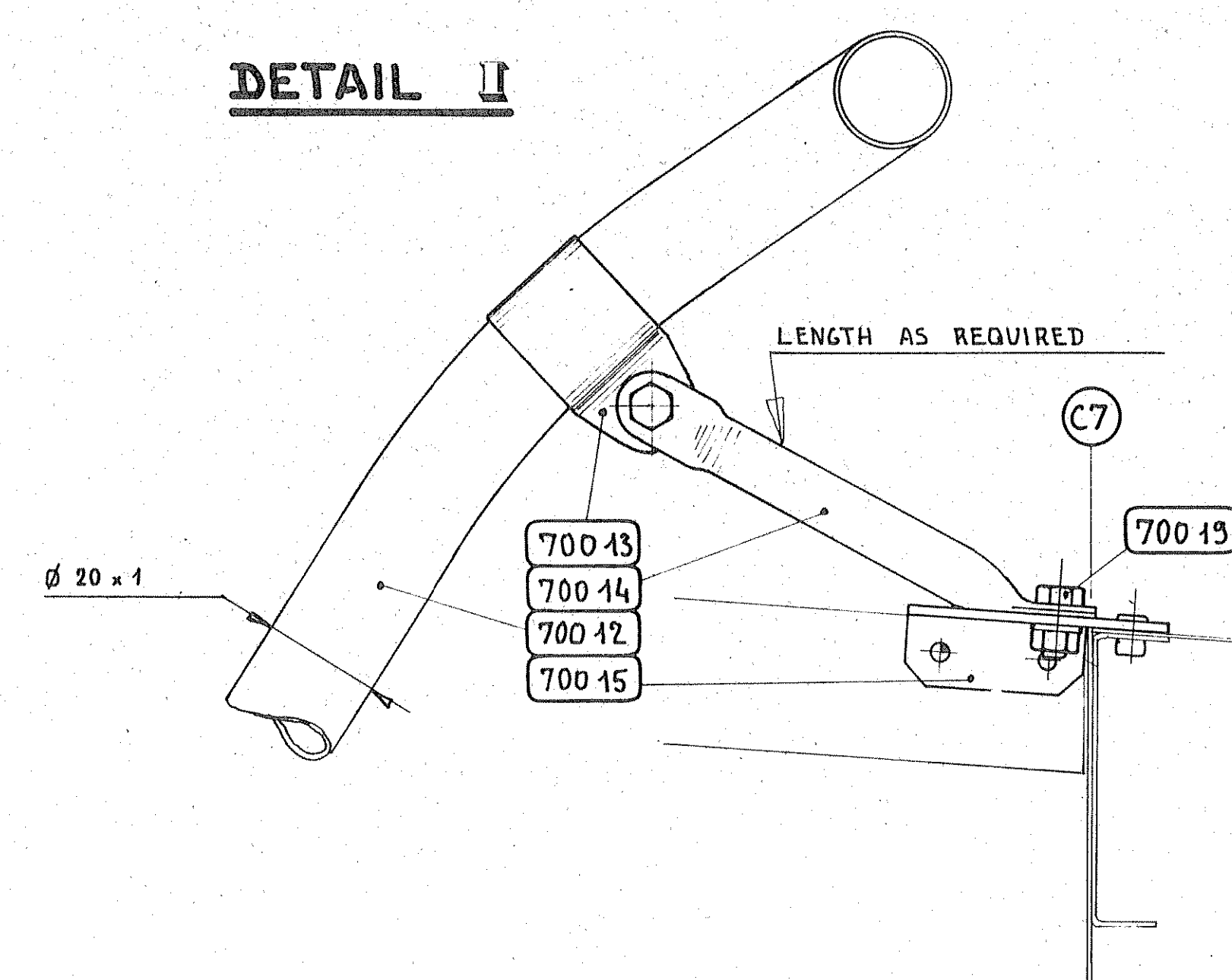
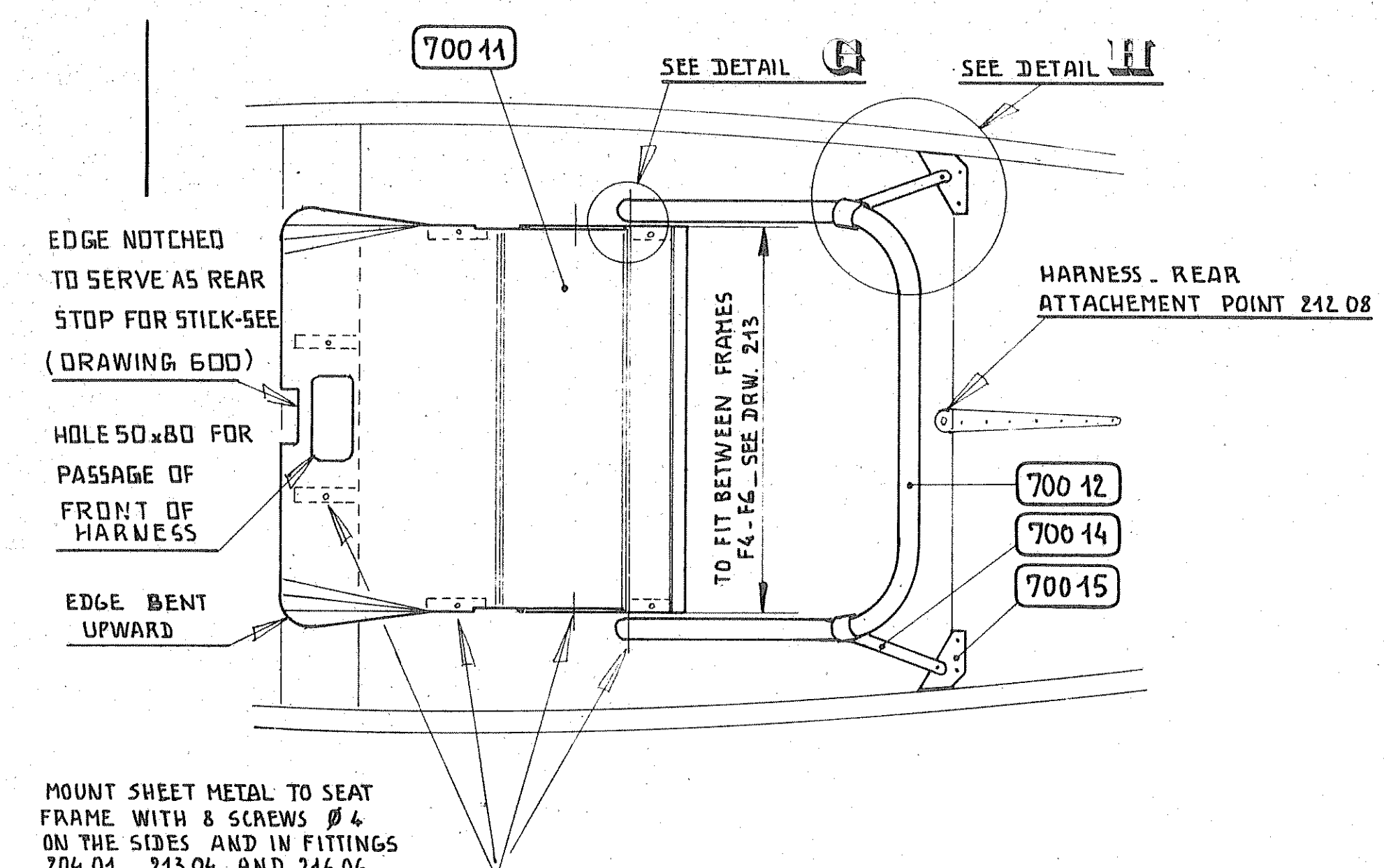
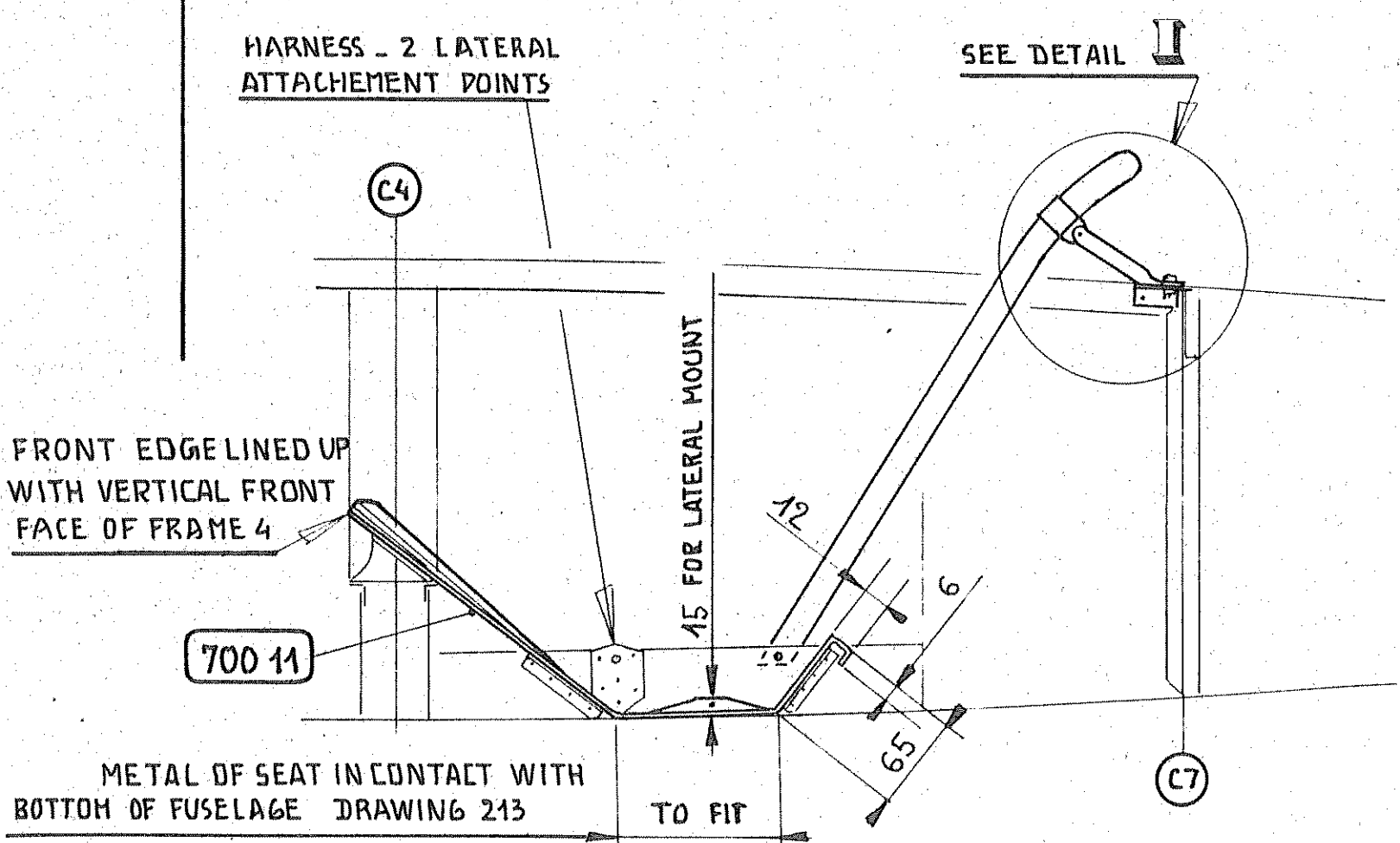
DETAIL F



603 37	2	SCREW	STEEL	HX. HD. Ø 6 x 22	120,000
603 36	4	SCREW	STEEL	HX. HD. Ø 5 x 30	120,000
603 35	6	SCREW	STEEL	HX. HD. Ø 4 x 25	120,000
603 34	8	"	"	" Ø 4 x 12	"
603 33	48	"	"	" Ø 4 x 8	"
603 32	2	ANGLE	2024 T3	50 x 40 x 1.6	63,000
603 31	2	SHACKLE	STEEL	52 x 42 x 1	85,000
603 30	2	HOUSING	STEEL	Ø 4.5 x 130	"
603 29	2	PLATE	2024 T3	30 x 16 x 1.6	63,000
603 28	2	PULLEY SUPPORT	2024 T3	78 x 30 x 2	63,000
603 27	2	ANTI DERAIL COVER	2024 T3	85 x 57 x 0.8	63,000
603 26	2	PULLEY	CELOMBAN	Ø 50	"
603 25	2	WASHERS	CAOUTCHOUC	Ø 10	"
603 24	2	SHOCK CORD	INDUSTRIAL Ø 10	OR AERONAUTIC Ø 8	"
603 23	2	SPHERICAL BEARING	TYPE: ADR GLD 5	"	250,000
603 22	2	ANTI FRICTION PAD	TEFLON	35 x 12 x 1	"
603 21	4	COLLARS	2024 T3	40 x 25 x 10	63,000
603 20	4	REDUCING TUBE	2024 T3	Ø 20 x 1 x 400	63,000
603 19	6	CABLE EYE	STAINLESS STEEL	FOR CABLE Ø 2.4 (OR GALVANIZED)	"
603 18	12	NIPRESS FITTING	ALU.	FOR CABLE Ø 2.5	"
603 17	10	SLIDE TUBE	TEFLON	Ø 6 x 1 EXT. 12	"
603 16	10	CABLE GUIDE	2024 T3	32 x 40 x 0.5	63,000
603 15	2	CABLE CLAMP	2024 T3	20 x 15 x 6	63,000
603 14	4	CABLE CLAMP	2024 T3	20 x 15 x 6	63,000
603 13	2	LINK CABLE	STEEL	Ø 2 x 1400	"
603 12	2	REAR CABLE	STAINLESS STEEL	Ø 2.4 x 1600	950 LB (OR GALVANIZED)
603 11	2	FRONT CABLE	"	Ø 2.4 x 2250	"
603 10	2	LOCK HOOK	4130	45 x 15 x 2	110,000
603 09	2	LOCKING LEVER	PIANO WIRE	Ø 3 x 260	250,000
603 08	2	SLIDE	CELOMBAN	35 x 25 x 1.5	" OR 2024 3 MM
603 07	2	PIVOT FITTING	45 CDV6	60 x 44 x 5	"
603 06	2	PIVOT PLATE	2024 T3	52 x 20 x 4	63,000
603 05	2	SIDE PLATE	STEEL	60 x 30 x 1	120,000
603 04	2	S TUBE	STEEL	Ø 6 x 1 x 200	30,000
603 03	4	LINK TUBE	2024 T4	Ø 12 x 1 x 190	63,000
603 02	2	TUBE PEDAL	45 CDV6	Ø 14 x 1 x 350	140,000
603 01	4	PAN	2024 T3	245 x 235 x 1	63,000

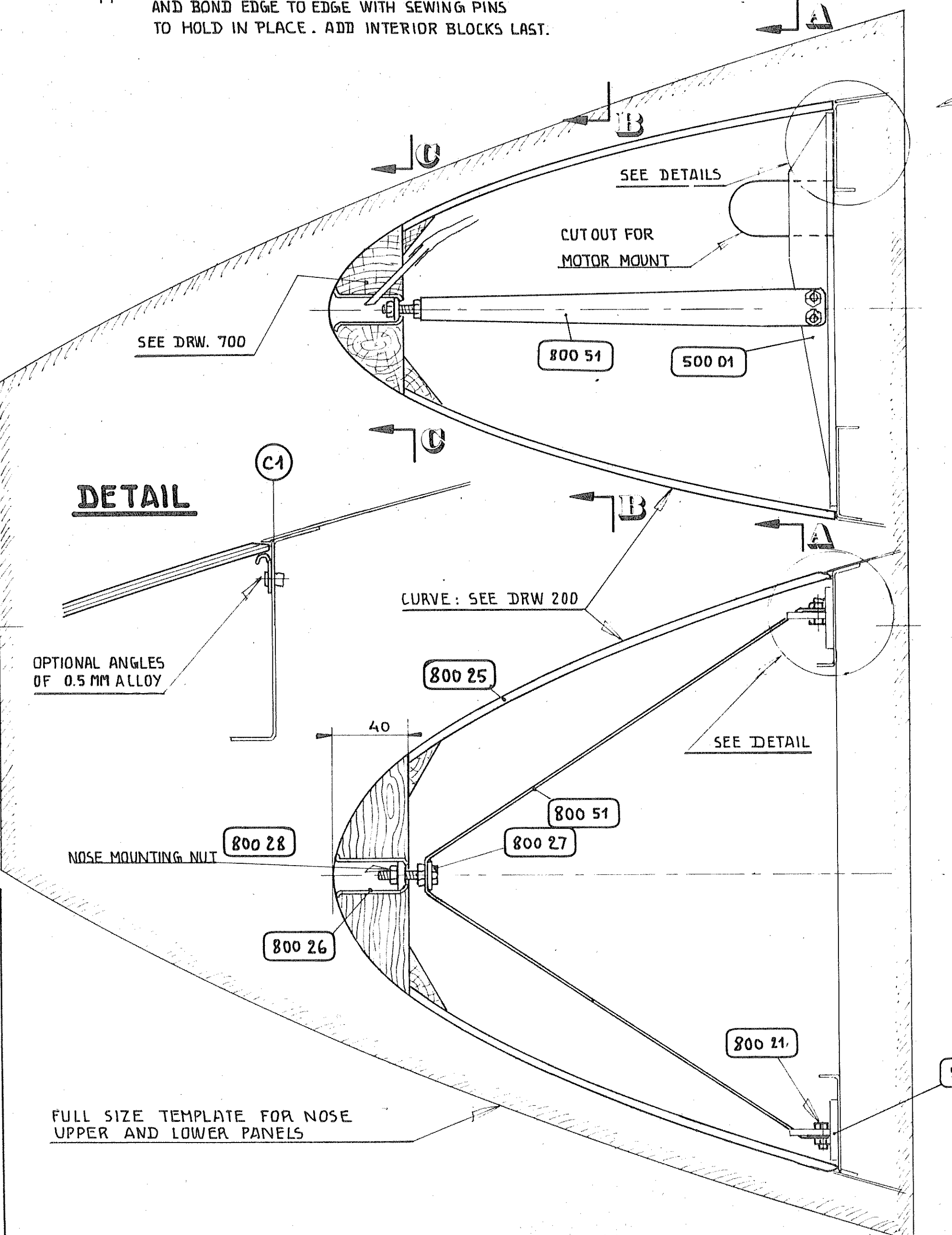
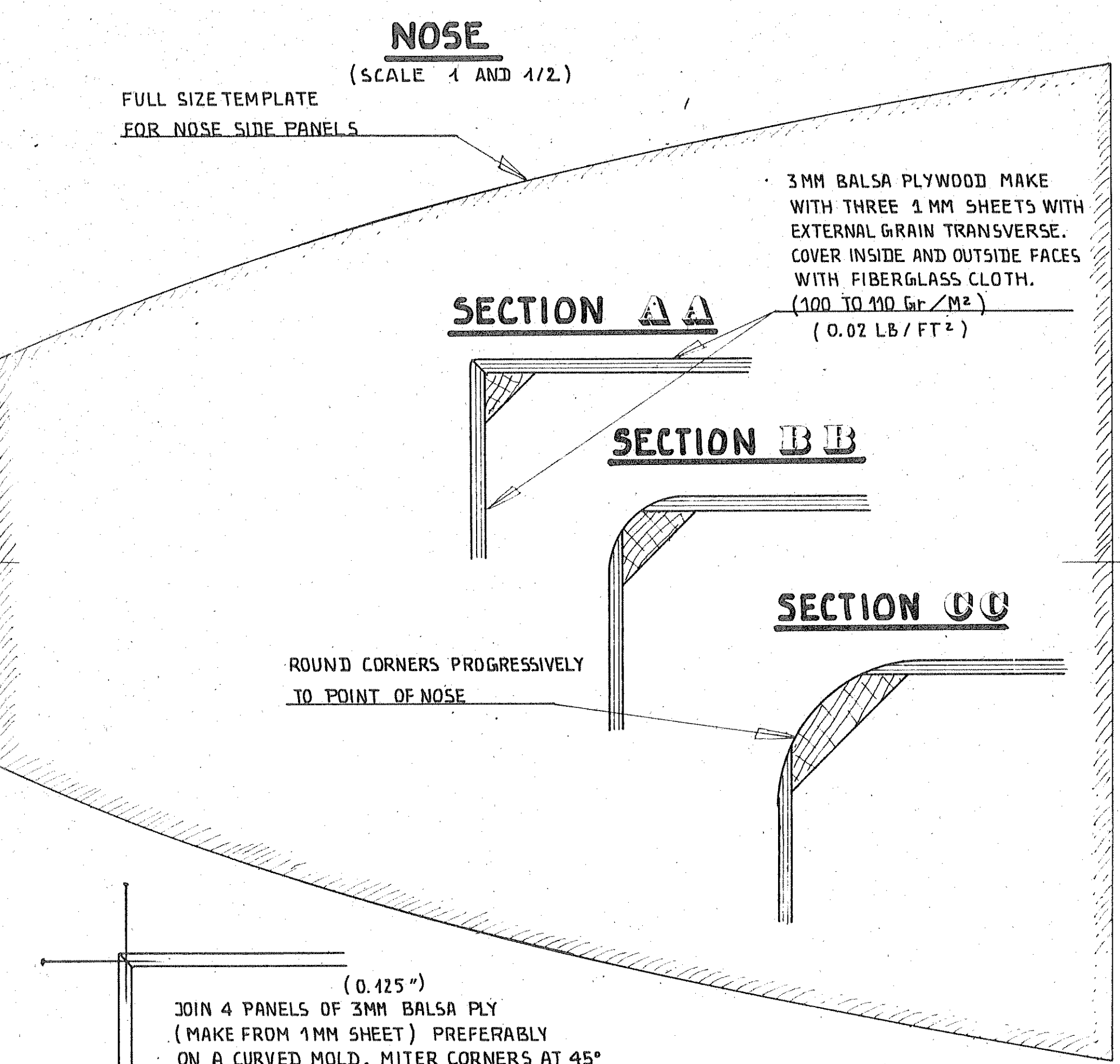
CRICRI MC 15
 TITLE: RUDDER CONTROLS

VIEW THROUGH P.P.

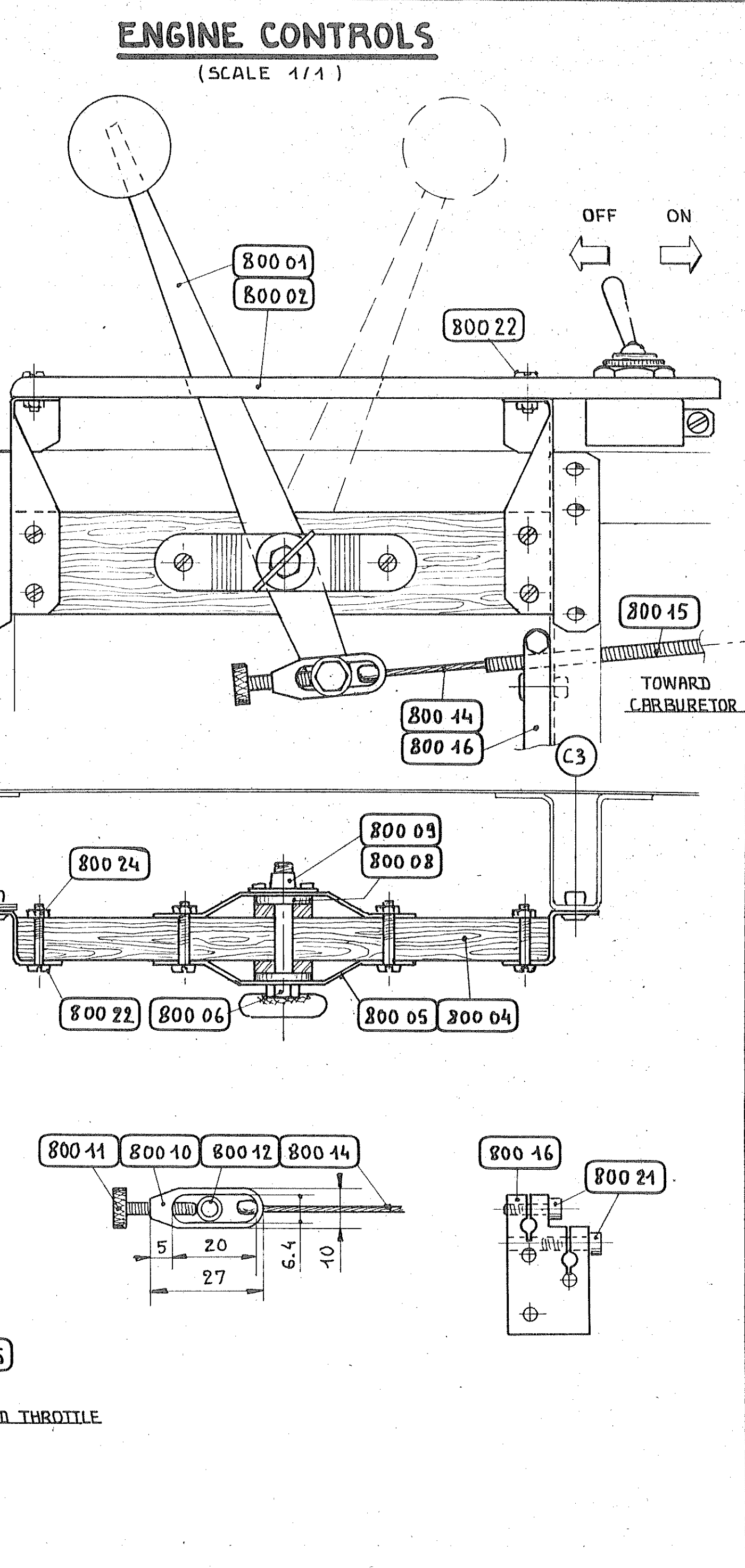
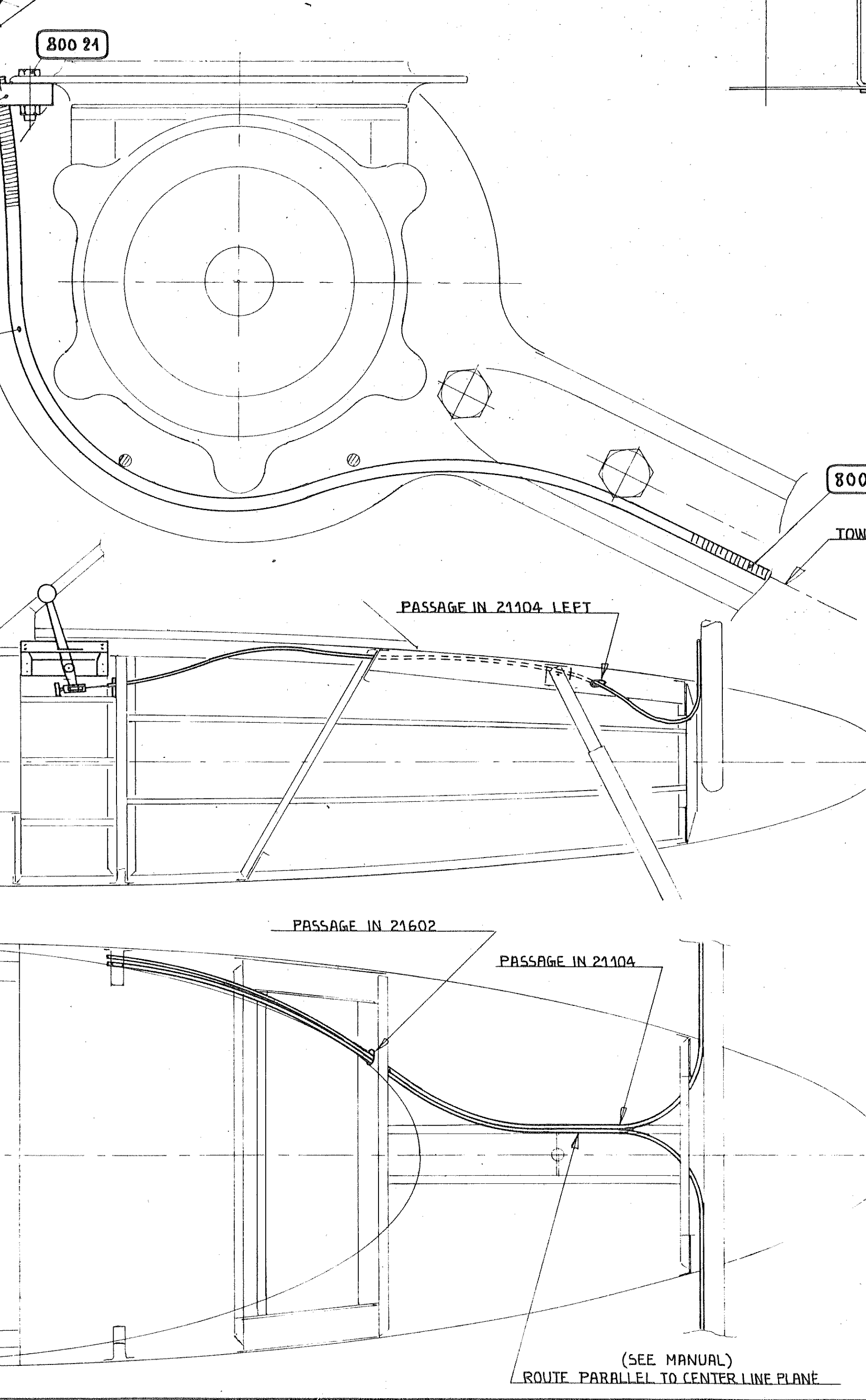
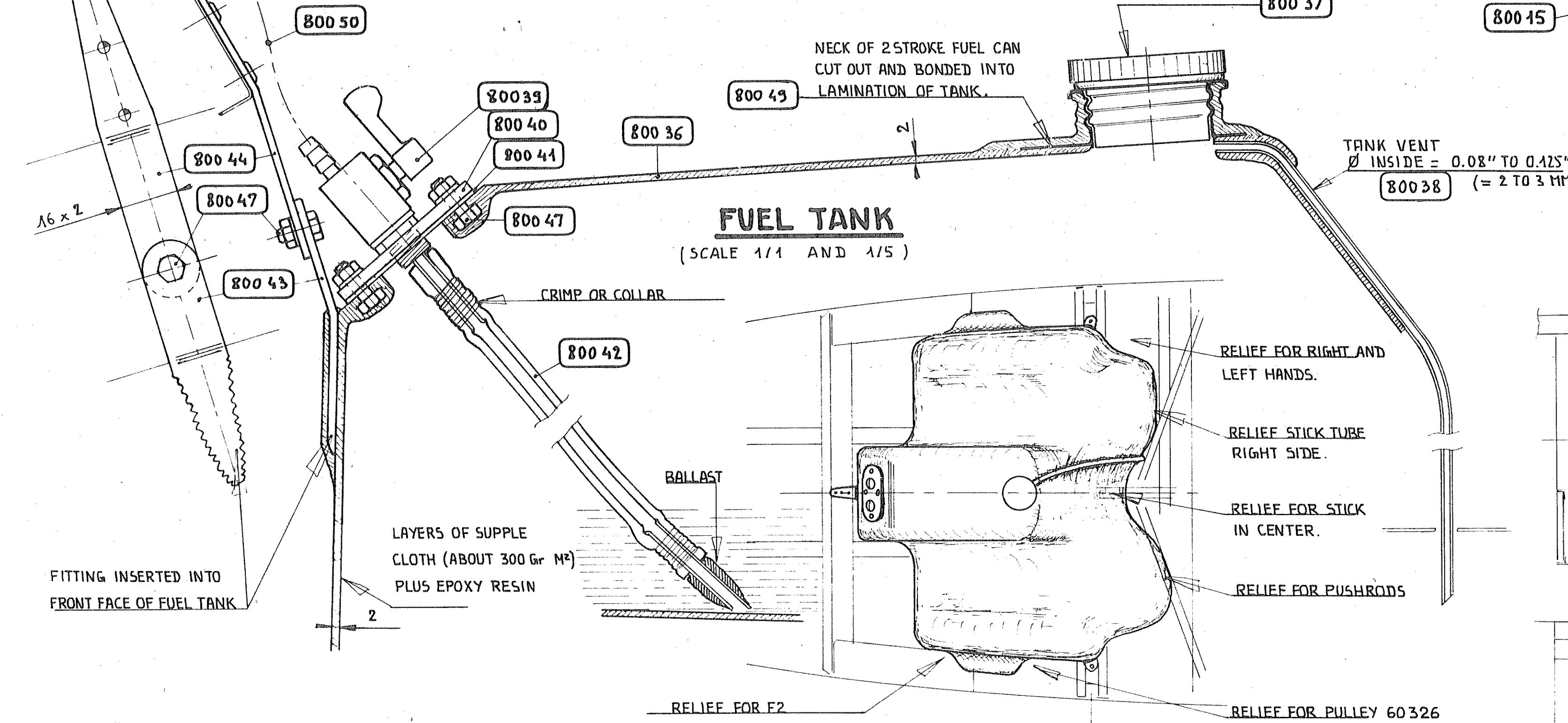
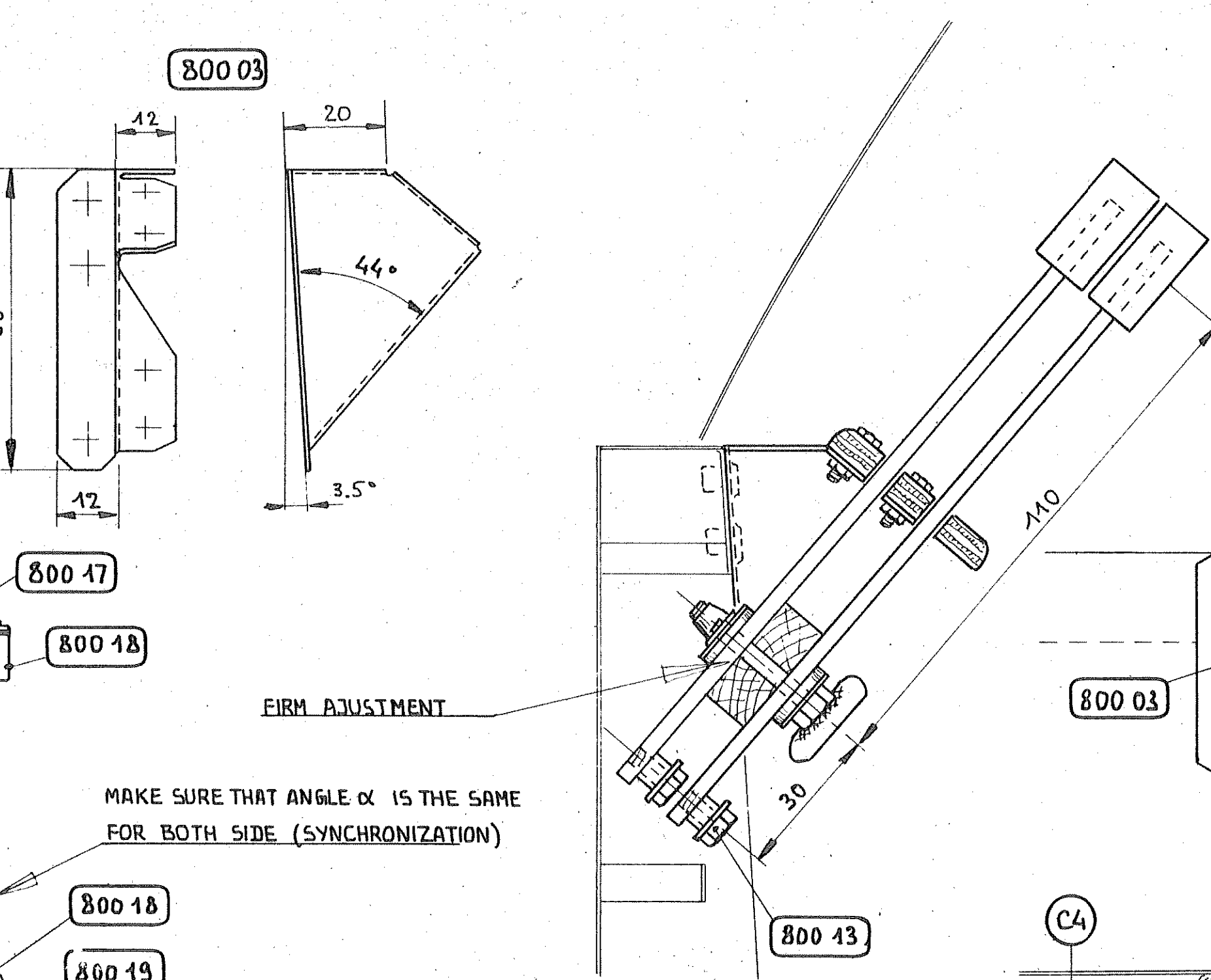
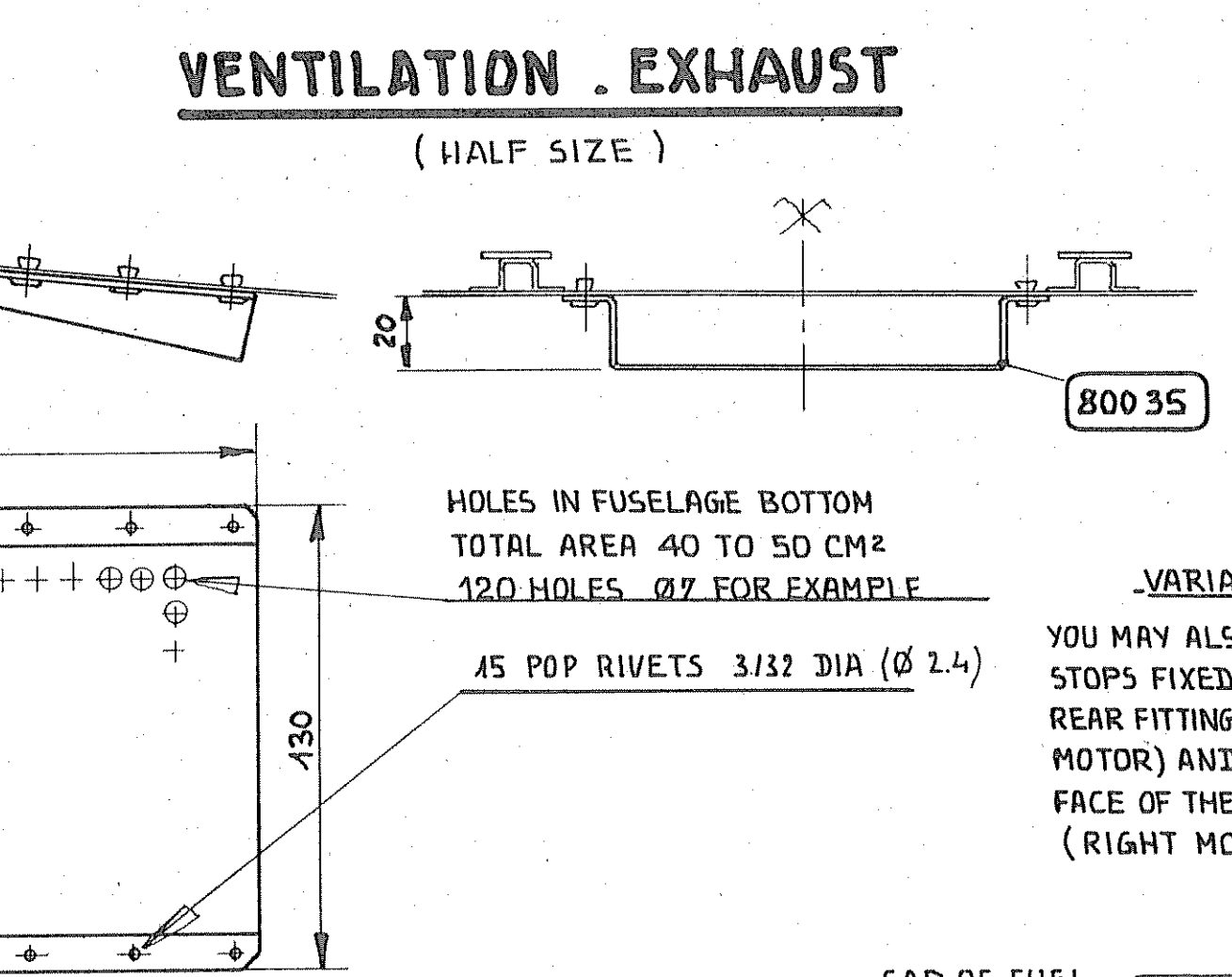
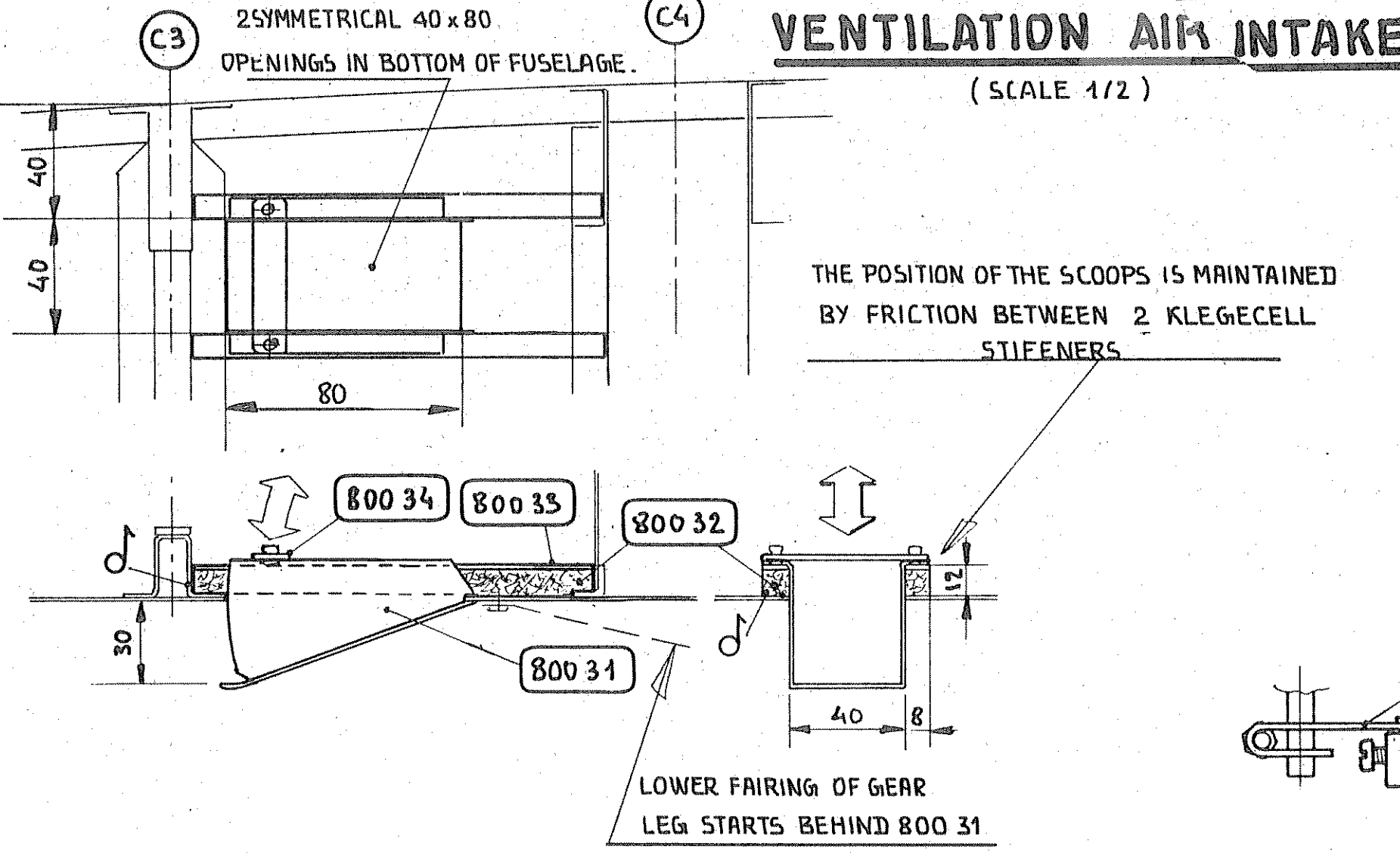


NOTE
ALL OTHER INSTRUMENT ARRANGEMENTS ARE PERMITTED PROVIDED THAT TOTAL WEIGHT OF THE PANEL DOES NOT EXCEED 5 LBS
BECAUSE OF THE VERY LOW CONTROL EFFORTS PER "G", ESPECIALLY AT SPEED, THERE MUST BE AN ACCELEROMETER. IT IS MANDATORY FOR AEROBATICS.

Reference	Qty	Description	Material	Size	Dimensions	Weight	Comments
700 25							
700 24							
700 23							
700 22	12	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 6	150	420,000	
700 21	2	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL	Ø 6	150		
700 20	2	BOLT	STEEL	HEX. HD Ø 6 x 30 RD	420,000		
700 19	20	BOLT	STEEL	Ø 6 x 10 RD			
700 18	1	FRONT PART OF 5 POINT HARNES					
700 17	1	ATTACHEMENT FITTING	2024	T3	132 x 33 x 16	63,000	
700 16	1	BACKREST CLOTH	NYLON OR DACRON		(0.03 LB / S.F.)		
700 15	2	MOUNT FITTING	2024	T3	75 x 30 x 16	63,000	
700 14	2	TUBE	6064	T6	Ø 10 x 4 x L	45,000	
700 13	2	COLLAR	2024	T3	100 x 20 x 1	63,000	
700 12	1	SEATBACK FRAME	2024	T6	Ø 20 x 4 x 1300	45,000	
700 11	1	SEAT	2024	T3	450 x 400 x 1	63,000	
700 10	1	SUPPLE HOSE		Ø 3	DIA INNER		AIR TIGHT
700 09	2	HOLLOW BLOCK	KEEGECEL	T5	50 x 20 x 20		AIR TIGHT
700 08	1	TUBE	BRASS		Ø 4 x 0.5		
700 07	1	SPRING LATCH	2024	T3	400 x 30 x 0.5	63,000	
700 06	2	AXLE BASE	CELORON		30 x 16 x 3		E = 3 TO 5 MM
700 05	2	SPACER	STEEL		Ø 6 x 1 x 3.5		
700 04	2	FLEXIBLE SHAFT	PIANO WIRE		Ø 3	250,000	
700 03	2	ANTI PLAY SPACER	SUPPLE FOAM				
700 02	2	STIFFENERS	KEEGECEL	T5	L x 20 x 2		IDEM 206 08
700 01	1	INSTRUMENT PANEL	2024	T3	490 x 247 x 0.5	63,000	



800 31	2	SCOOP	2024	T3	100 x 404 x 0.5	63,000
800 32	4	STIFFENER - WEB	KLEGECELL	T5	440 x 12 x 2	
800 33	4	STIFFENER - CAP	2024	T3	440 x 8 x 0.5	63,000
800 34	2	SMALL BAR	2024	T3	56 x 10 x 1	63,000
800 35	1	AIR EXIT	2024	T3	170 x 150 x 0.4	63,000
800 36	1	FUEL TANK	FIBERGLAS		520 x 420 x 26.5	~6.1 US GAL.
800 37	1	PLUG TANK				
800 38	1	TANK AIR DUCT	RILSAN TUBE	Ø 3	IN.	
800 39	2	FUEL TAP	(FROM AUTO CYCLE)			
800 40	1	FITTING	2024	T3	175 x 4.8 x 3	63,000
800 41	1	GASKET	SYNTHETIC RUBBER	E = 1 or 2 MM		
800 42	2	PICK-UP TUBE	SYNTHETIC RUBBER (NOT HARDENING IN FUEL)	Ø 3 TO 4	mm	
800 43	1	FRONT FITTING	2024	T3	70 x 16 x 2	63,000
800 44	1	FRONT FITTING	2024	T3	96 x 16 x 2	63,000
800 45	2	SIDE FITTING	2024	T3	55 x 16 x 2	63,000
800 46	2	THREADED SHANK	STEEL	Ø 4 x 70	150	120,000
800 47	5	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 4 x 12	150	120,000
800 48	7	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4	150	120,000
800 49	1	FUEL FILLER				
800 50	2	FUEL LINE	NYLON OR RILSAN TUBE - INNER	Ø 3 TO 4	MM	
800 51	1	NOSE MOUNTING	2024	T3	560 x 20 x 0.5	63,000



800 28	6	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4	150	120,000
800 27	1	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 4 x 30	150	120,000
800 26	1	INLET DYNAM. PRESS.	5056	Ø 16 TO 20 x 1 x 50		35,000
800 25	1	NOSE	BALSA	TICK ≤ 3 MM OR FIBERGLASS T ≤ 0.6 - 0.8		
800 24	4	NUT	STEEL	Ø 2		85,000
800 23	10	NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 3	150	120,000
800 22	4	SCREW	STEEL	Ø 2 x 16		85,000
800 21	14	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 2 x 10	150	120,000
800 20	2	STOP FITTING	2024	T3 26 x 22 x 6		63,000
800 19	2	LITTLE TUBE	RILSAN OR NYLON	(LIGHTLY RIGID)		
800 18	2	CABLE BLOC	SUPPLIED WITH THE CARBURETOR			
800 17	2	LEVER THROTTLE	STEEL	55 x 10 x 1		85,000
800 16	1	STOP FITTING	2024	T3 34 x 20 x 6		63,000
800 15	2	BOWDEN				
800 14	2	CABLE EXTRA SUPPLE (STEEL)				SELF LUBRICATING-CABLE
800 13	2	SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. 4 x 10	150	120,000
800 12	2	SPACER	STEEL	Ø 6 x 1 x 4.3		120,000
800 11	2	SCREW	STEEL	Ø 3 x 18	150	85,000
800 10	2	TENSIONER	2024	T3 27 x 10 x 4		63,000
800 09	1	ANCHOR NUT	STEEL	REDUCED Ø 4	150	120,000
800 08	2	FRICTION WASHER	CELORON	Ø 4 x 4 x E = 2		
800 07	2	WASHER	2024	T3 Ø 40 x 4 x 1		63,000
800 06	1	LOCK SCREW	STEEL	HEX. HD. Ø 4 x 4.0	150	120,000
800 05	2	FITTING	2024	T3 70 x 14 x 0.5		63,000
800 04	1	THROTTLE SUPPORT	POPLAR	430 x 25 x 10		
800 03	2	CONSOLE	2024	T3 72 x 60 x 0.5		63,000
800 02	1	TABLET	PLYWOOD	475 x 40 x 5		
800 01	2	THROTTLE	2024	T3 150 x 14 x 3		63,000

AVIONS

CRICRI MC 15

TITLE: NOSE - VENTILATION - FUEL TANK - ENGINE CONTROLS

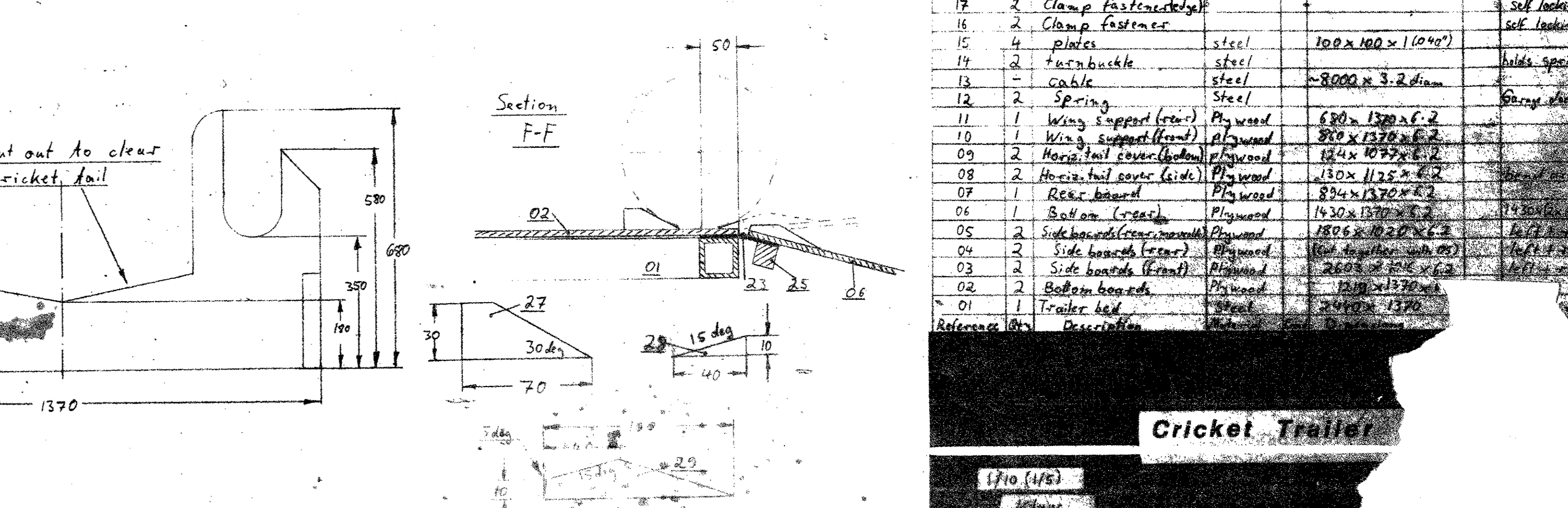
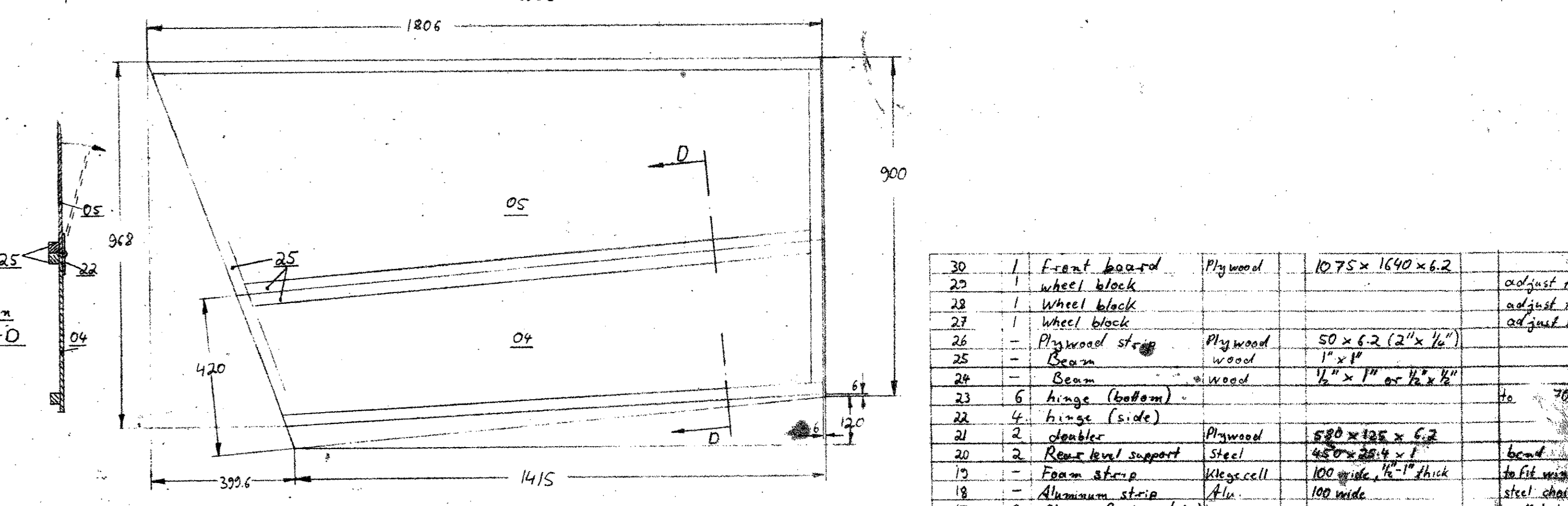
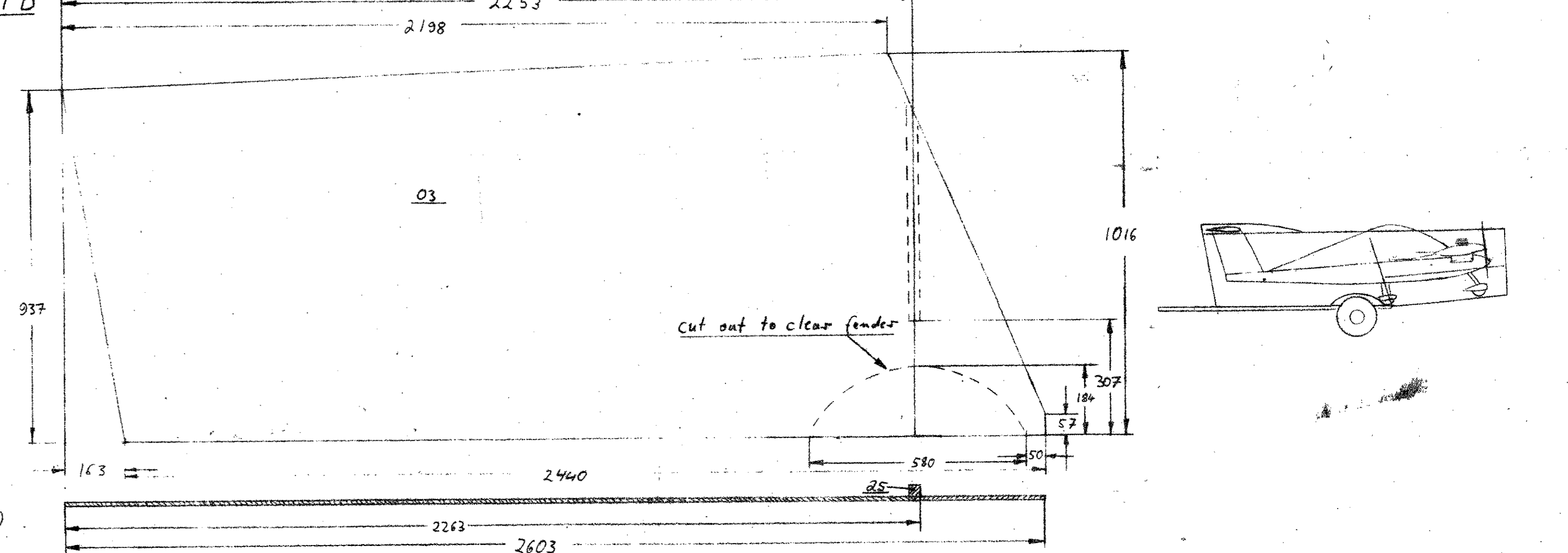
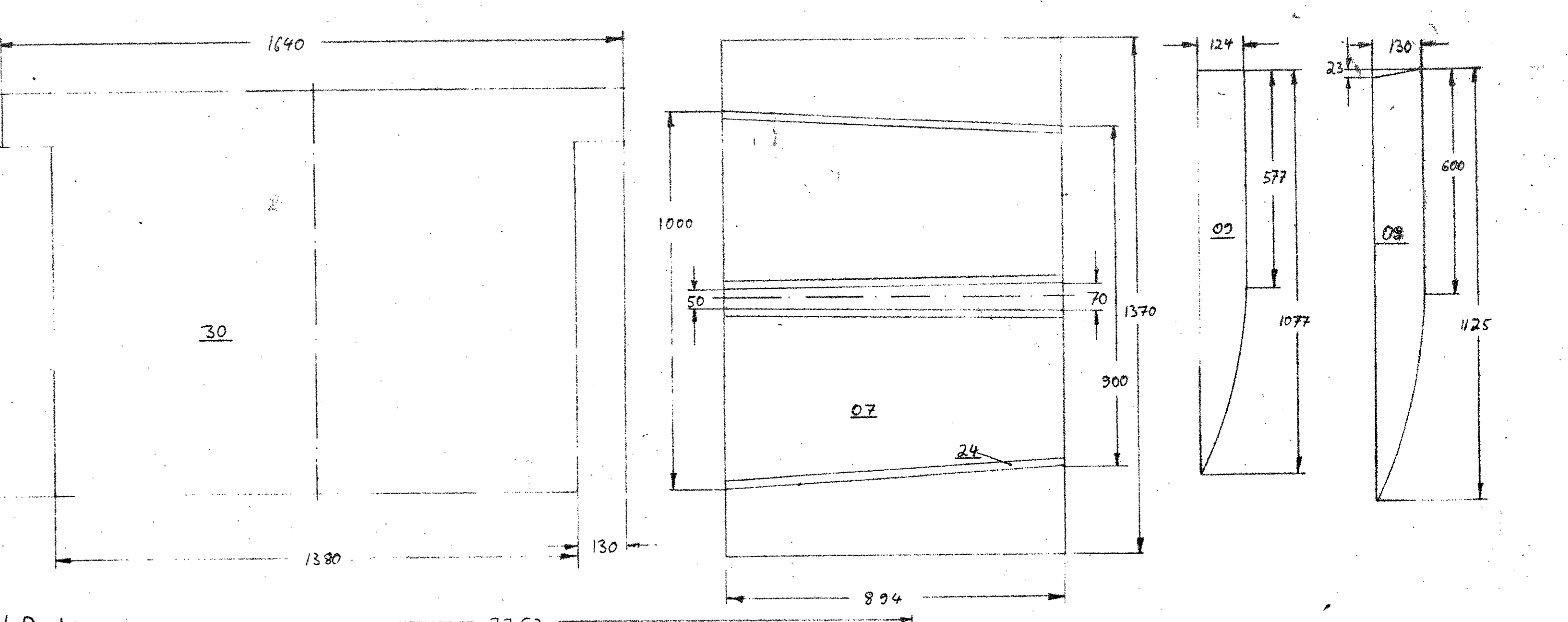
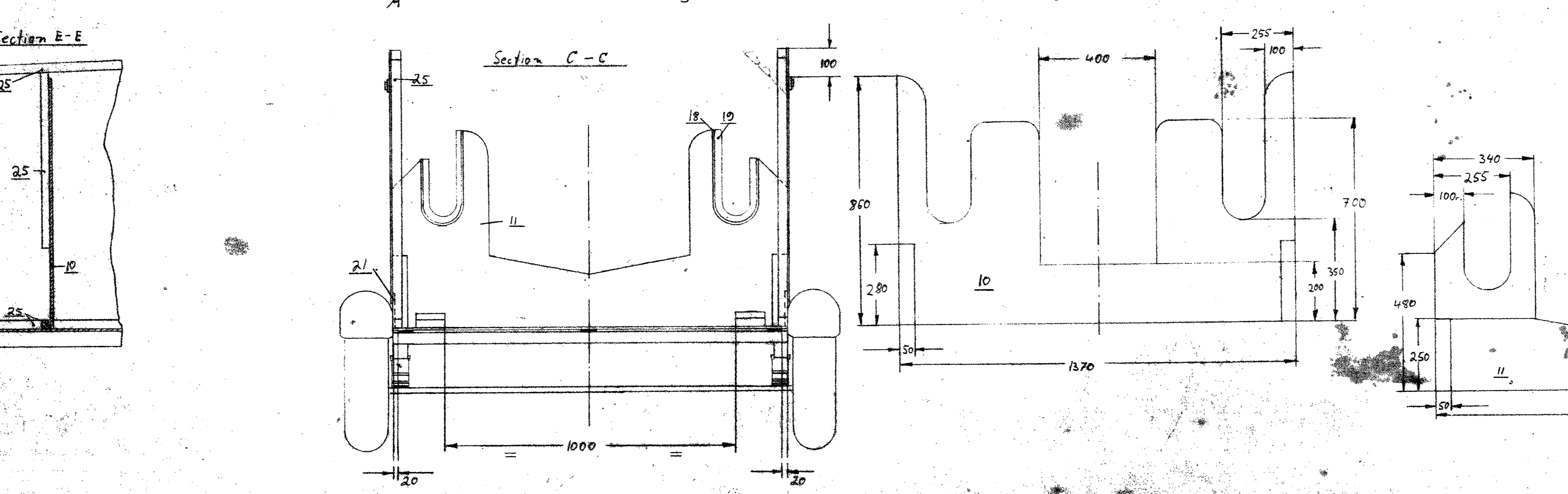
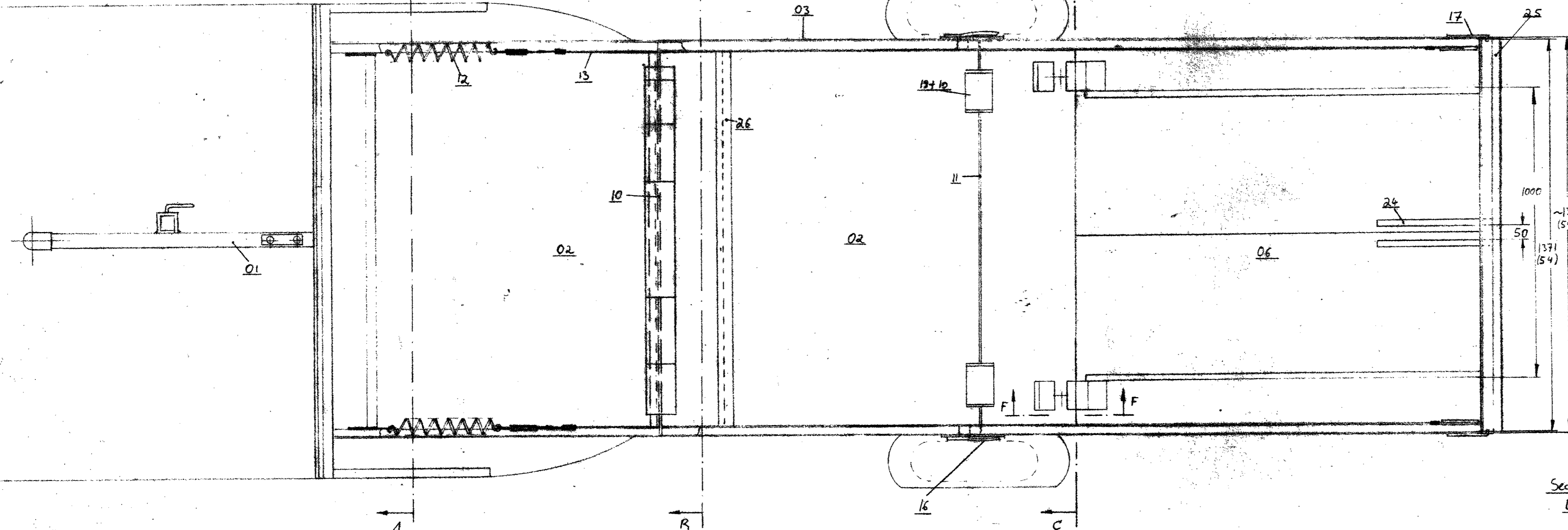
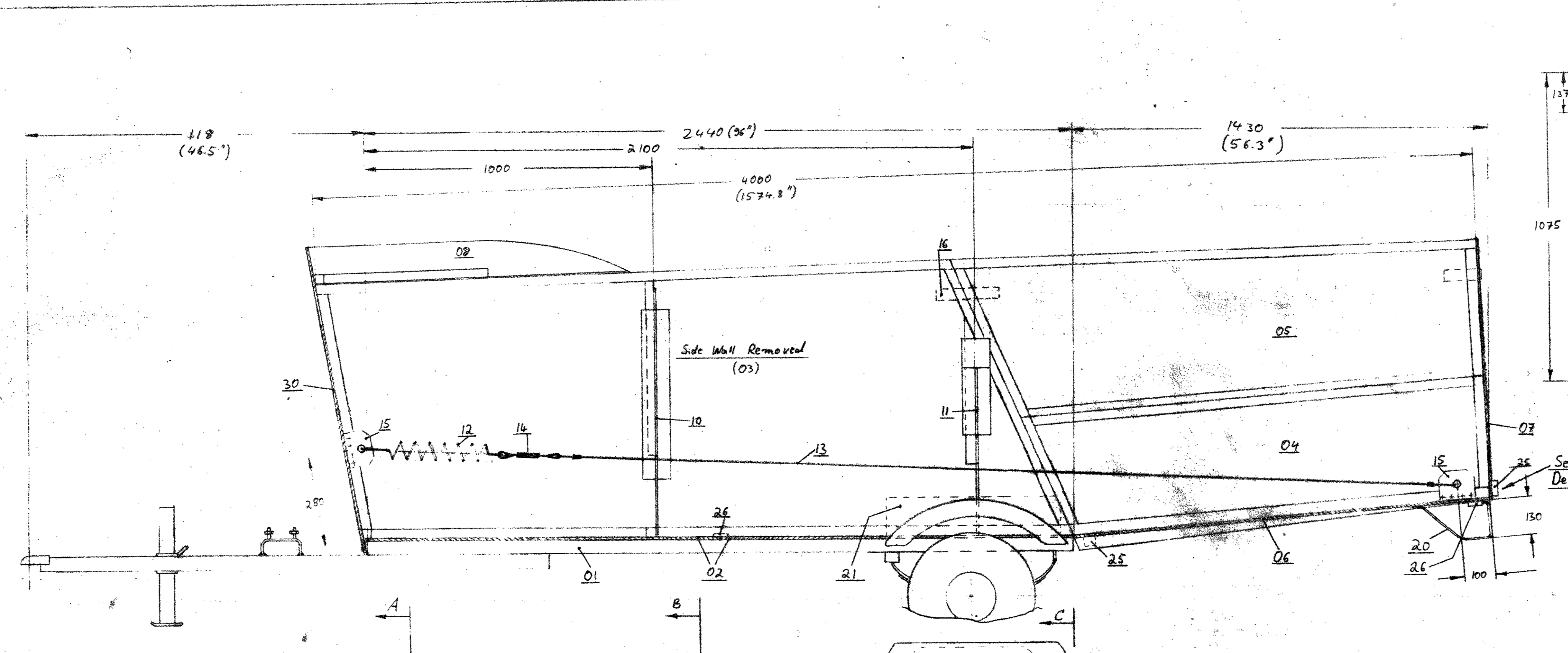
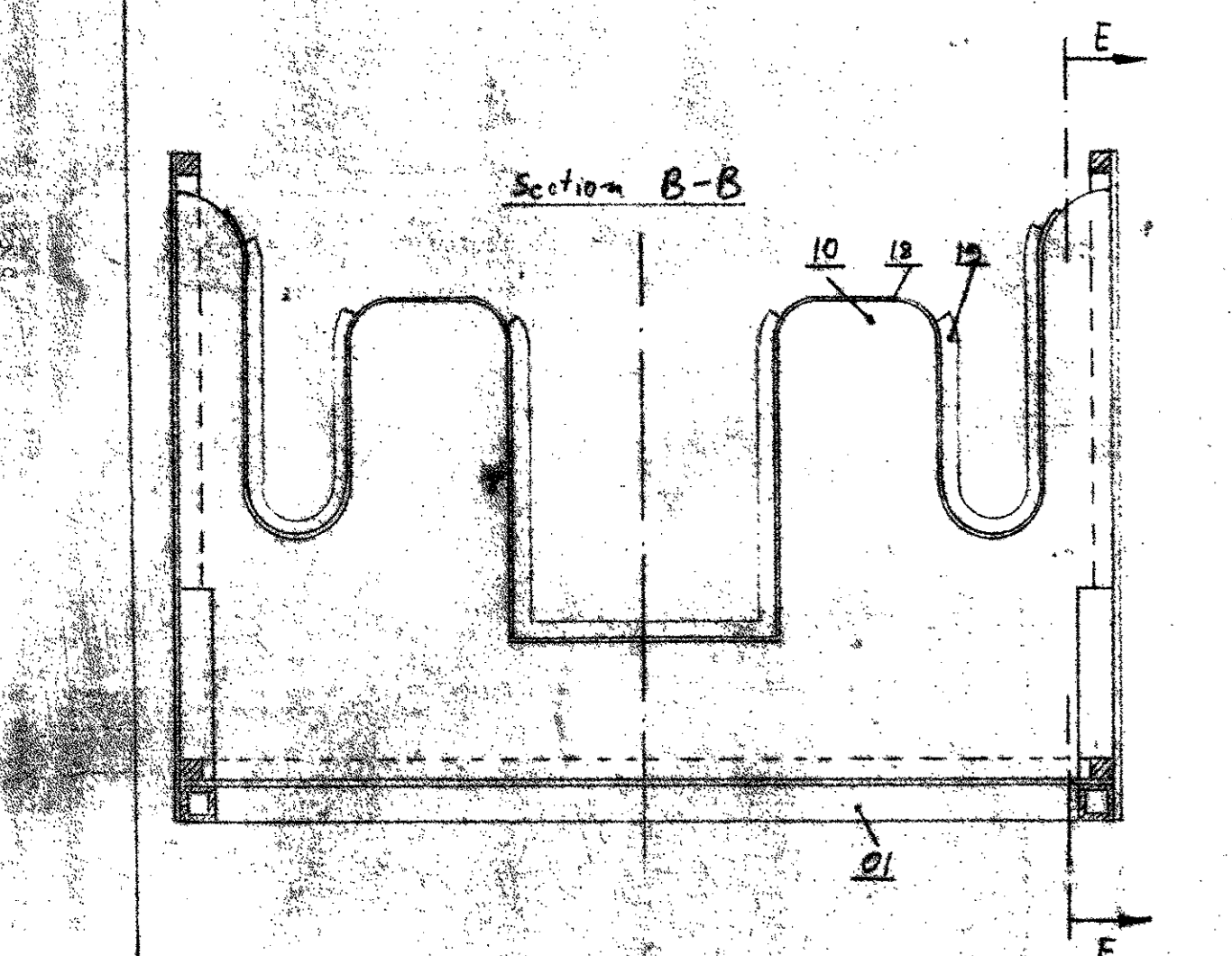
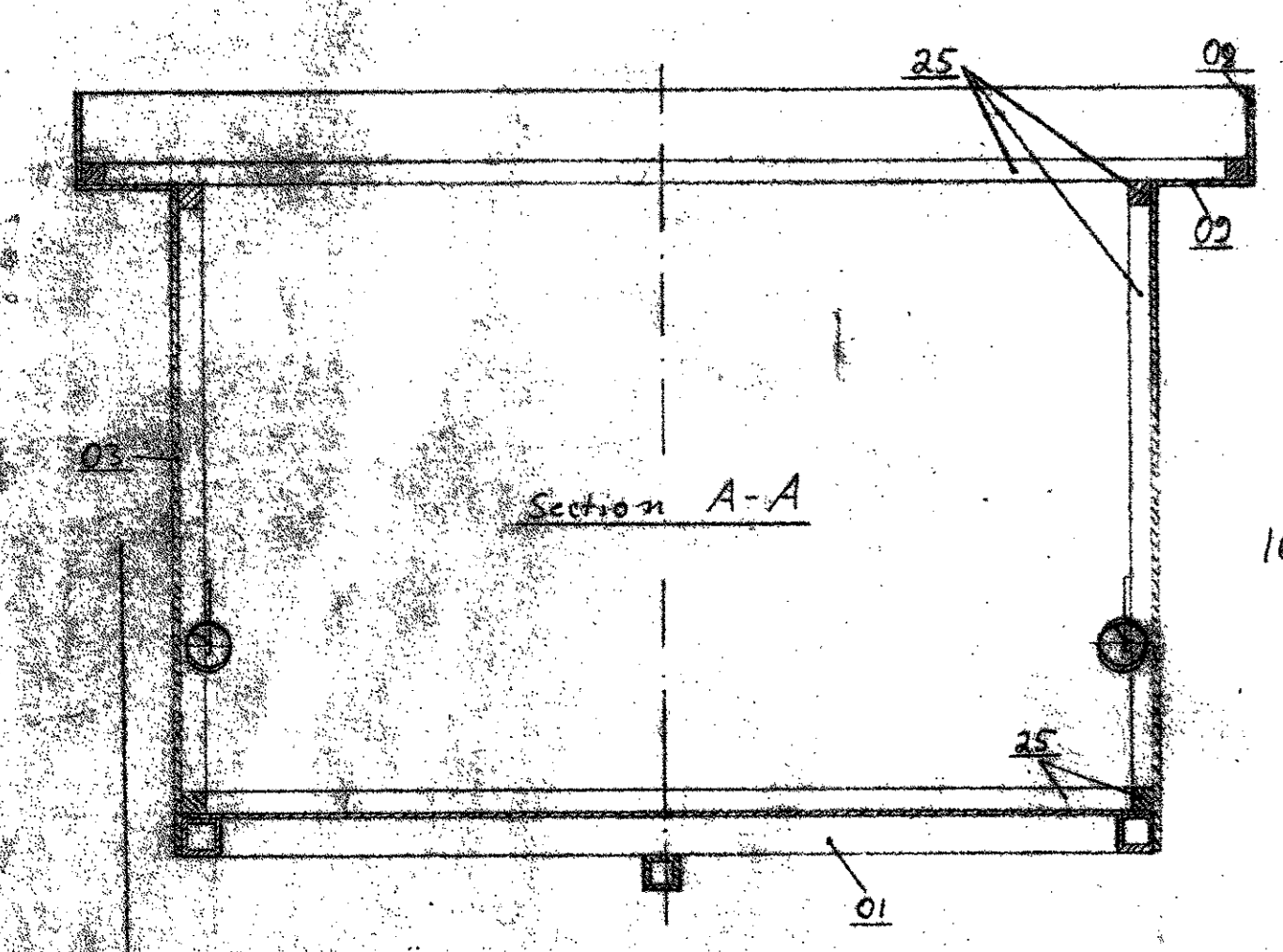
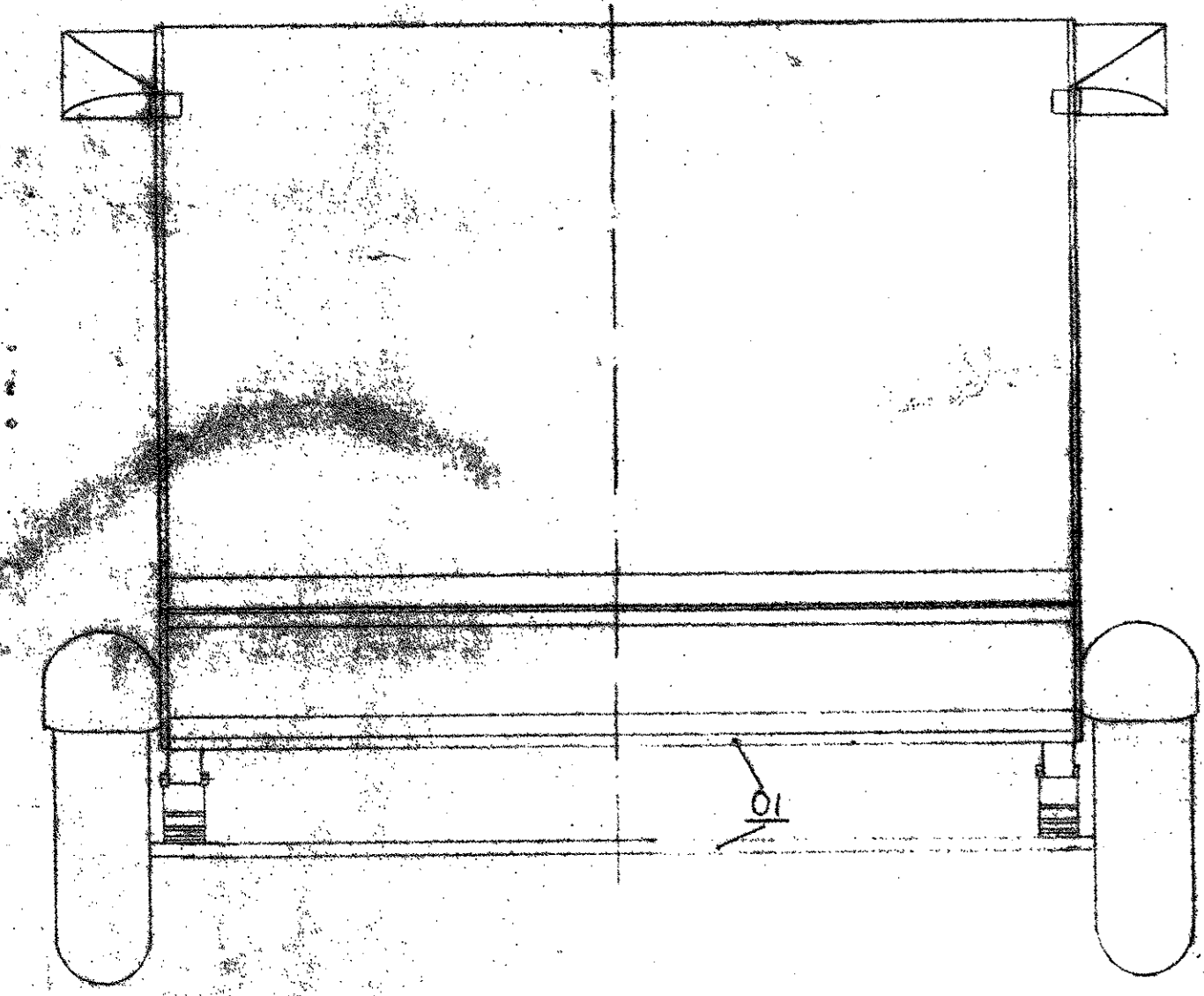
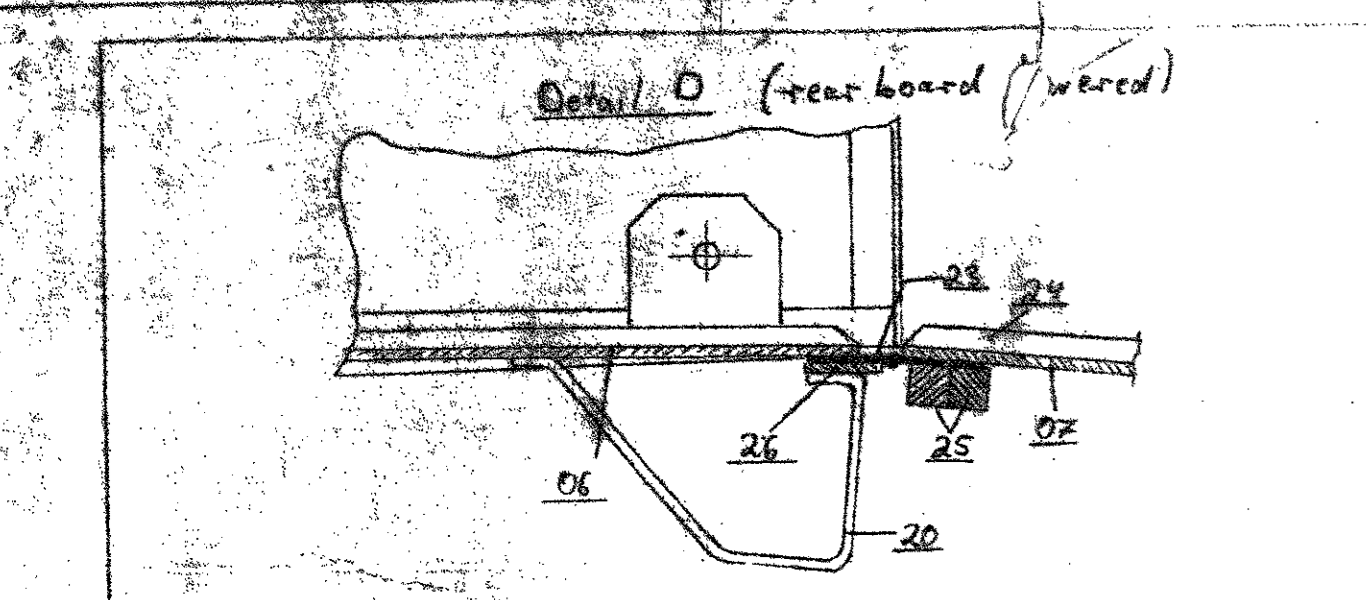
Scale: 1 - 1/2 - 1/5

Copyright © 1976 Michel COLOMBAN

Drawn by: Colomban Date: F&V 1982

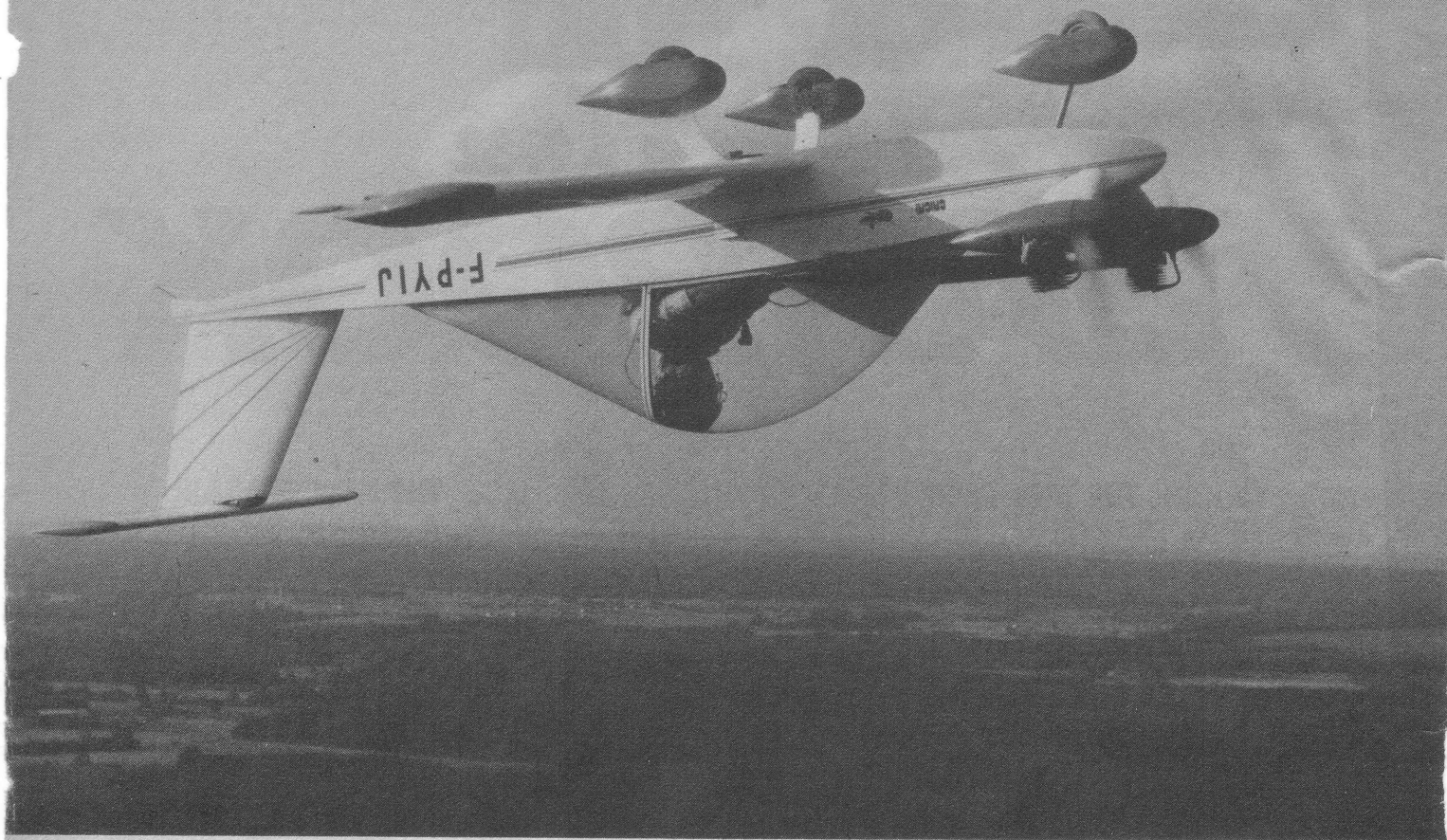
This sheet is one of a set for the CRICRI MC 15 airplane intended for use by an amateur builder. No other use for construction of a single example of this aircraft, or other use of the plan, in whole or in part, will be deemed fraudulent.

800



Ref.	Description	Material	Dimensions	Notes
30	Front board	Plywood	10.75 x 1640 x 6.2	adjust to fit
29	wheel block			adjust to fit
28	wheel block			adjust to fit
27	wheel block			adjust to fit
26	Plywood strip	Plywood	50 x 6.2 (2" x 1/4")	
25	Beam	wood	1" x 1"	
24	Beam	wood	1/2" x 1" or 1/2" x 1/2"	
23	6 hinges (bottom)			to 70kg max
22	4 hinges (side)			
21	2 roller	Plywood	580 x 125 x 6.2	
20	2 Beam support	Steel	400 x 25 x 1"	load
19	2 Beam strip	Allycell	100 wide, 2" thick	to fit with to steel channels
18	Aluminum strip	Alu	100 wide	self locking
17	2 Clamp fastener			self locking
16	2 Clamp fastener			self locking
15	4 plates	steel	100 x 100 x 1 (0.40")	
14	2 turnbuckle	steel		holds spring
13	2 cable	steel	3-8000 x 3.2 diam	
12	2 Spring	Steel		carry 70kg max
11	1 Wing support (rear)	Plywood	600 x 1370 x 6.2	
10	1 Wing support (front)	Plywood	300 x 1370 x 6.2	
09	2 Horizontal cover (front)	Plywood	1370 x 1370 x 6.2	
08	2 Horizontal cover (side)	Plywood	1370 x 1175 x 6.2	
07	1 Rear board	Plywood	894 x 1370 x 6.2	
06	1 Bottom board	Plywood	1370 x 1370 x 6.2	
05	2 Side boards (front)	Plywood	1806 x 1075 x 6.2	to fit with to steel channels
04	2 Side boards (rear)	Plywood	1806 x 1075 x 6.2	to fit with to steel channels
03	2 Side boards (front)	Plywood	2603 x 1075 x 6.2	to fit with to steel channels
02	2 Bottom boards	Plywood	1370 x 1370 x 6.2	to fit with to steel channels
01	1 Trailer lead	Steel	2440 x 1370	

Cricket Trailer



CRICRI: THE TINY TWIN FROM FRANCE

The 160-Pound Cricket MC12 Becomes An Aerobatic Airshow Stopper

WHEN TWO CRICRI aircraft landed after their first team flight at the 1981 Oshkosh show it was almost as though the Pied Piper had walked through the crowd. The tiny planes were completely surrounded by enthusiastic EAA members with a curiosity that was maintained throughout the entire show.

CriCri is the French Cricket MC12, the world's smallest twin-engine airplane at 16 feet, 160 pounds. Powered with two 12-hp Swedish snowmobile Valmet engines, the tiny twin has a cruise of 127 mph and a redline of 160 mph. The wing is under 13 feet long and has an area less than that of the horizontal tail of a Rally, just 34 sq.ft. Full-span "Junker-type" flap/ailerons are hinged below the trailing edge of

the wing and will produce a rate of roll of 180 degrees per second.

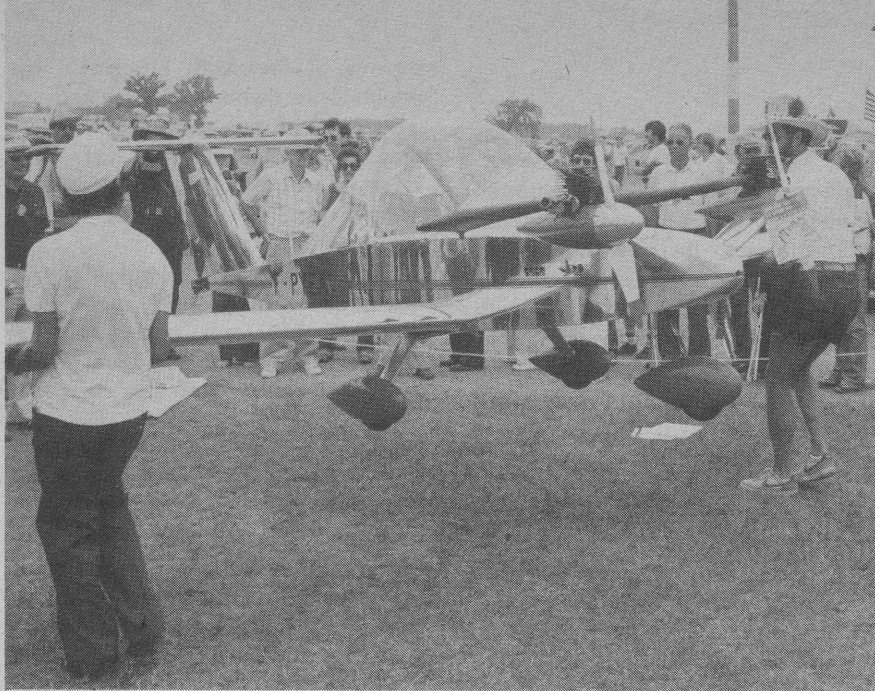
The Cricket is fully aerobatic, stressed to +9 and -4.5 G's. The hundreds of thousands of people who attended this year's Oshkosh show saw team aerobatics with these tiny twins by two French test pilots who call themselves "Les Porthos" after one of the Three Musketeers. Actually, "Les Porthos" are Claude Lelaie and Denis Legrand, civilian test pilots for the French Flight Test Center who perform in some 40 European air shows annually with the CAP 20 and 21 aircraft.

The Cricket was designed by Michel Colomban who accompanied the two models of the aircraft to Oshkosh. The prototype was first flown in 1973, and

during the intervening years the design was refined, and drawings and manuals were prepared.

The tiny twin will be available to U.S. homebuilders through the Canadian Zenair group very early in 1982. The price for the kit with all materials, all fittings complete, engines and props is estimated at about \$6,000. Zenair President Chris Heintz worked with the Cricket team at Oshkosh and finalized plans for producing the kit in Canada. Only engines, props, canopy and landing gear will come from France.

The Cricket is designed to be disassembled in three to five minutes. Aileron/flaps are connected with a ball joint that precludes rerigging every time the wings come off. The "Junker-



The Cricket's 160-pound empty weight makes it easy to move on the ground and load into its trailer. The wings are detachable.

type" flaps increase wing area and reduce wing loading from 11.2 to eight pounds/sq.ft., producing a stall speed of only 42 mph.

A compact "hangar-trailer" is part of the Cricket package. Both display aircraft were shipped to Oshkosh aboard a French 747, safely encased in their 5 x 13½-foot hangar-trailers. The loaded trailer weighs less than 500 pounds and is completely towable. The trailers were used each night at Oshkosh to secure the tiny aircraft.

Lelaie's and Legrand's work with the French Flight Test Center includes supersonic testing of many aircraft, even the Mirage jets. When the Cricket came along, the pilots asked designer Colomban if they could fly the first two models of the tiny homebuilt in demonstrations. Actually, the pair had only 10 hours to practice their seven-minute routine before arriving at Oshkosh. A smoke system was planned, but the pyrotechnics could not be air-shipped along with the aircraft.

Claude Lelaie is 34 and has 5000 hours of flight time, while Denis Legrand is four years younger and has a total of 3500 hours in 135 different aircraft. Both pilots are relatively lightweight, tipping the scales at 160 and 170 pounds, respectively, with parachute attached. Top allowable weight to pilot the Cricket is 200 pounds.

"We have to be very careful during our demonstrations because we are flying very close to redline of 160 mph," explained Legrand. "The aircraft are stressed for 9 G's positive and 4.5 G's

negative, but that's the point at which the airframe will break. No permanent deformation takes place below 6 G's, so we make every effort not to exceed 5 G's in our shows."

Their airshow routine includes takeoff at 65-70 mph with a climb of 80 mph. They do all flights with full fuel — four to six gallons! Usually "Les Porthos" take off during a lull in the preceding act and climbs to altitude away from the airport. When it is their turn to come "on stage," they enter at 1300 feet, dive to 155 mph indicated

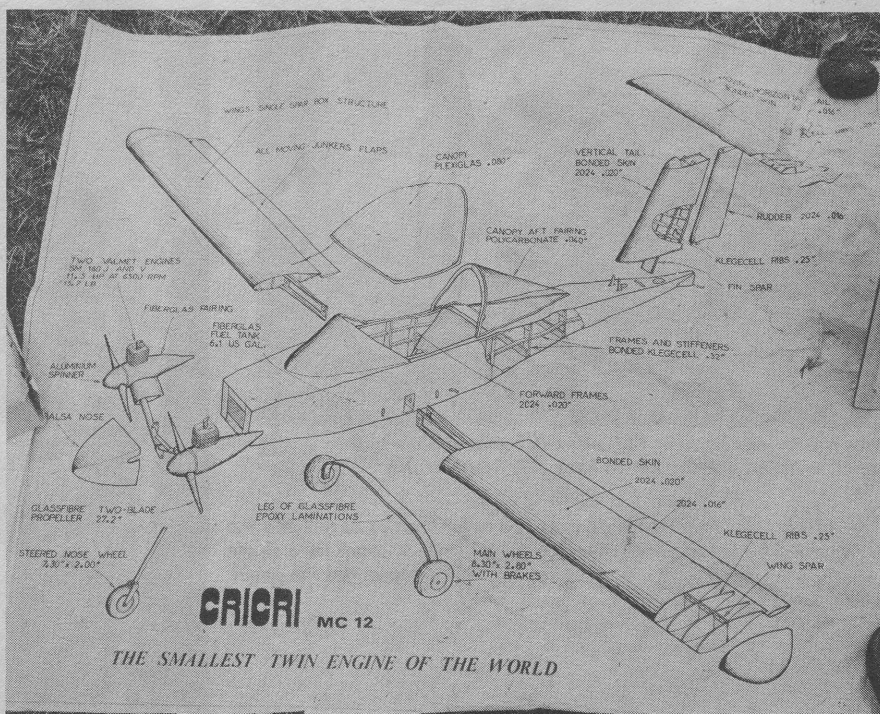
and then pull up into a wide 3½- to 4-G loop. This leads into a second tighter loop with G's just above 5. Then follows a close crossing pass, a half Cuban eight with the second ship flying inverted, a Cuban eight together with an inverted crossover, an inverted roll, slow roll in formation, flight toward the crowd with a crossover and a double roll by both aircraft. Then the team does a right-side-up/inverted close formation where the tiny wingtip of the second Cricket is from three to five feet from the T-tail of the lead aircraft.

"We don't recommend this for beginners," explained Lelaie. "Low-speed, inverted flight is difficult because of the limited power. We would like a little more forward stick to handle the vortex from the lead aircraft. Our team differs from the 'French Connection' team that flies almost canopy-to-canopy — we give ourselves a little more room!"

The CriCris will fly inverted indefinitely because of the two-cycle engines that combine fuel and oil through a membrane carburetor in a ratio of 40:1. "You can fly along inverted just as long as you want — until you get tired of it," explained "Les Porthos."

The two demonstration Crickets were built in France by homebuilders under approval of the French EAA, the Reseau du Sport de L'Air (RSA).

The first Cricket to be built in North



Plans show the components of the Cricket (CriCri in French). The landing gear are fiberglass/epoxy laminations, and the wings are bonded.

CRICRI

America will come from the Zenair facility in Richmond Hill, Ontario, Canada. John Pickard, Zenair production manager for kits, was at the airshow, closely inspecting the twins. When Pickard, 6-feet-four-inches tall and weighing 210 pounds, found that he was just a little too tall and too hefty to close the canopy, he commented, "You can bet that I'll build one for myself that's big enough!" At six-feet-two and 190 pounds — and relatively short-waisted — I was able to shoe-horn into the cockpit without a 'chute and get the canopy closed, so when one is available, I want to fly it!

The French designer and both airshow pilots report little or no adverse yaw when one engine is shut down. This phenomenon is caused by the close-in mounting of the engines to the aircraft centerline and the propeller slipstream as it is deflected by the large canopy. Colombar explains: "This automatically creates an incidence on the vertical tail that compensates for the asymmetric thrust on one engine.

Single-engine rate of climb is reported at 180 fpm. At the time of the Oshkosh demonstrations, the new homebuilts had not yet been stalled inverted. Pilots estimate an inverted stall speed with flaps retracted of about 65 mph.

The French air show pilots reported that the CriCri is very easy to fly. "Any normal pilot can fly it easily. There are no bad habits," they explained. "Aerobatics should be approached cautiously so as not to exceed the redline speed."

During the first flights of the Cricket in this country, there was some question of whether or not the FAA would require a multi-engine rating to fly this tiny homebuilt. The French pilots felt that this additional rating would probably not be necessary, but they were not sure. Zenair will have this minor piece of paper work resolved before the first kits are shipped.

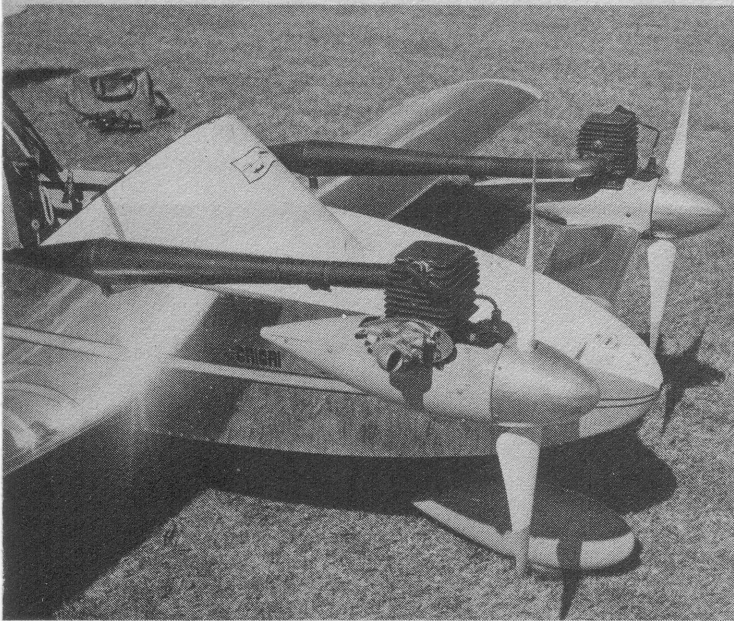
Designer Colombar, an ex-model airplane fan, designed the Cricket as a simple, easy-to-build single-seater that would carry 180 pounds of pilot and 35

pounds of fuel with efficiency. His original prototype was designed for wood and fabric, but he soon found that sheet metal was more satisfactory. When he was unable to find a suitable 24-hp engine, he settled for the two chainsaw powerplants.

The fuselage is a simple "square box" made from sheet metal and doublers. The cross-section is rectangular with four single-curved panels with rigid foam stiffeners that are blind-riveted to four angle members. Loads from the wing, pilot, gear and engines are carried through bent metal bulkheads. The rear section of the fuselage has two straight sides blind-riveted to two sheets with bent edges. Original construction was with Abdon aluminum blind rivets.

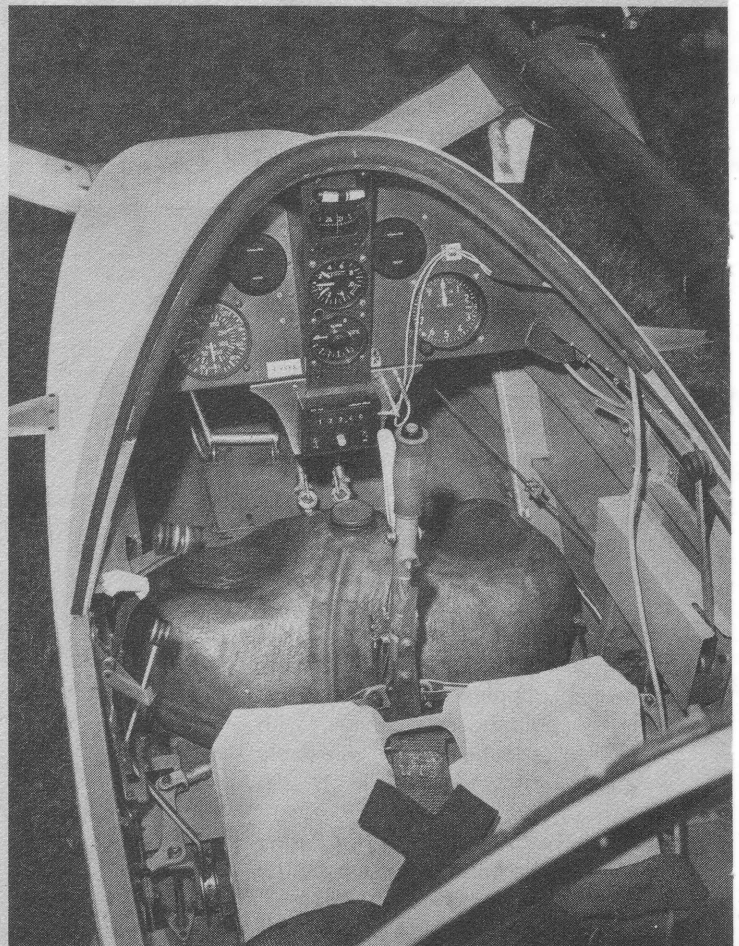
The T-tail has two hinged bearings at the tip of the fin spar. Construction is out of a single piece of aluminum and no trim tab. The T-tail was selected to avoid damage in ground handling, for ease in construction and to make the aircraft easier to fit into its hangar-trailer.

The wing has a newly developed airfoil with constant chord. There is dihedral of 4 degrees and twist of 1.5



Power is provided by twin 12-hp Swedish snowmobile Valmet engines, enabling the Cricket to have a 127-mph cruise.

Inside the Cricket cockpit, note the twin throttles at left and the molded fuel tank under the pilot's legs. There is room for a single radio under the panel.



The Cricket drew a great deal of attention at Oshkosh, especially since it almost qualifies as an ultralight under the FAA's proposed rules.



degrees. The spar construction is of aluminum sections riveted together. Thirty-two rigid foam ribs are bonded at 6-inch intervals to the spar. Each rib is reported to be strong enough to support the aircraft's weight. The thin wing skins are metal bonded to the rear rib skeleton, with the necessary pressure supplied by enclosing the wing in a sealed vinyl bag and hooking it up to a household vacuum cleaner.

There is no internal system within the wing. The four flap/aileron support arms are bolted to the trailing edge of the wing so that the hinges provide almost no disturbance to the airflow.

The main gear is a single spring attached to the fuselage with four rubber donuts. The nose gear is steerable and constructed with two tubes — one installed within the other — and rubber bungees for shock absorbing. Turning radius is 14 feet. Wheels are 3.00 x 3, and there are brakes on the main wheels.

Elevator control is with a push-pull rod and artificial feel from a rubber bungee connected to the trim tab. The designer says that this system avoids the "overloose" feeling so common among lightweight aircraft. Aileron/

CRICKET MC12

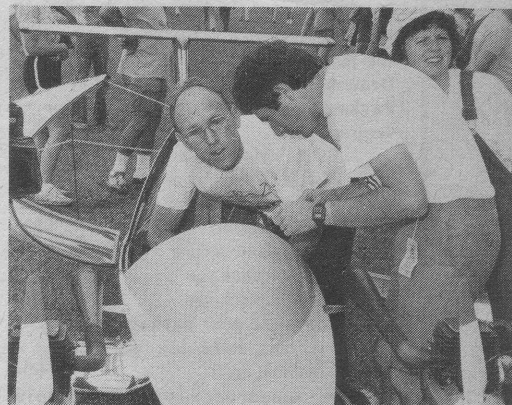
PERFORMANCE

Stall, flaps down: 42 mph
Takeoff roll: 480 ft at S.L.
600 ft at 3000 ft
850 ft at 6000 ft
Rate of climb: 850 fpm at S.L.
700 fpm at 3000 ft
500 fpm at 6000 ft
Ceiling: 13,000 ft
Max. level speed: 127 mph
Cruise speed: 110 mph
Red line: 160 mph
Range (cruise): 4 hrs—450 mi
Rate of roll: 180 deg/sec

SPECIFICATIONS

Wingspan: 16 ft
Length: 12 ft 10 in
Wing area: 34 sq.ft.
Aspect ratio: 7.8
Empty weight: 160 lbs
Gross weight: 380 lbs
Wing loading: 11.2 psf
Powerplant: 2 x 24 hp
Propellers: fixed pitch
Fuel: 6 US gals 35 lbs
Stress: FAR 23; +9 G, -4.5 G

flaps have short push-pull rods controlled through a mixer and a quick-release ball joint to the inboard ends of the control surfaces. Rudders are conventional with cables. The pedals ad-



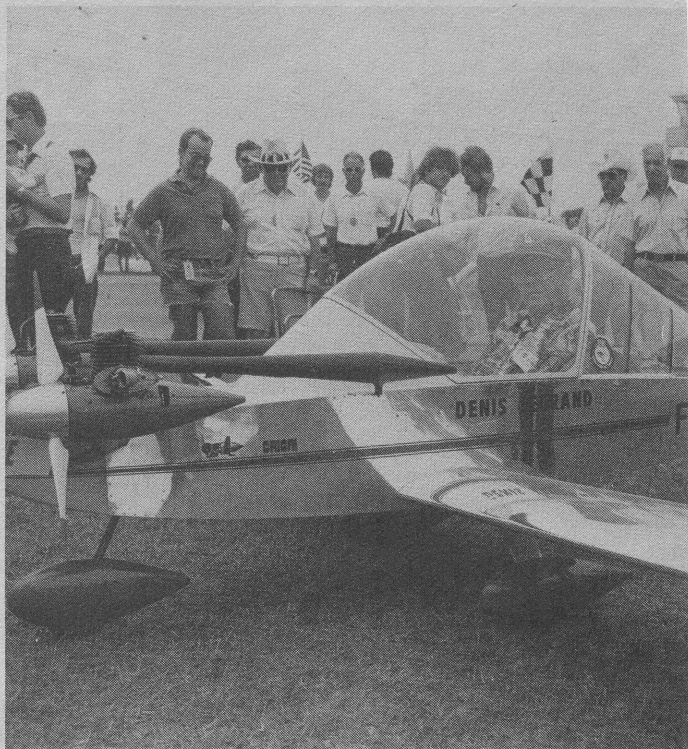
Designer Michel Colomban, glasses, works on one of his ships as airshow pilot Denis Legrand lends a hand.

just to accommodate six-foot-three-inch pilots.

The 12-hp Valmet engines are two-cycle, 150cc at 6500 rpm, each weighing only 16 pounds. The Valmet has a history of over 1500 hours at 10-hp cruise. The engines are mounted on a special patented welded steel interconnect tube that transmits vibration from one engine to the other, effectively dampening the movement. The composite propellers are 27 inches in diameter. A four-to-six-gallon fiberglass fuel tank is mounted in the

CRICRI

LEFT: Does anyone have a shoehorn? The 6-foot-2-inch author eases into the cockpit. RIGHT: Even with a 190-pound pilot, the canopy closes with room to spare.



PRICES AND ORDERING INFO

The Cricket package will have 42 drawings, most of them full-sized. Zenair will supply drawings and packages of parts in the following order:

Drawings and Manuals \$150
Packages (Order in the following sequence)

Tail (Horizontal and Vertical) \$378

Wings (The spar is completely built and riveted) \$987

Flaps/Ailerons \$131

Fuselage structure \$773

Control package \$369

Canopy package \$317

Complete gear package (springs, wheels, axles, fairings, brakes, etc.) \$694

Instrument package for twin \$416

Or save by ordering the **complete kit package** \$3857

Twin Powerplant Package

Complete with engines, props, spinners - exhaust, fuel system \$1981

Prices are in U.S. currency and FOB plant. Local residents add the sales tax.

Prices subject to change without notice.

Ordering Procedure:

Plans: Complete the order sheet in the information manual and mail with your payment. Delivery will start Oct. 81 (add \$2 for airmail)

Packages: Certified check from U.S. or Canadian Bank: 50% with order - balance before shipping upon notice that the crate is ready to be shipped. Delivery starts Nov. 81 on a first-ordered,

first served basis at a scheduled rate of one kit per week. (Canopy, gear, instrument and powerplant packages are scheduled for Dec. 81).

Crating charges: \$50 per package (\$90 for simultaneous shipping of two packages, \$120 for three packages or a complete kit.) Or pick up yourself (by appointment) and save the crating and shipping charges. All shipping charges are COD.

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Our plants are open to visitors 10:00 am to noon during the Saturday Zenair Workshops, or by appointment.

fuselage under the pilot's knees.

Zenair recommends purchase of their complete package to cut construction time to under 600 hours; using your own raw materials, Zenair estimates 1500 hours of construction time. All surfaces are made from flat stock with simple curves — no complex cutouts or access doors.

The 32 rigid foam wing ribs are identical. Each panel is only 8½ feet long (including the spar carrythrough structure). Fuselage sections are 6 feet long.

As plans and kits become available for the world's smallest twin, it will be interesting to see just how many homebuilders want to spend the time and money for a solo-only twin. Colomban points out that the cost of raw materials is directly proportional to the aircraft's weight. The Cricket weighs 2½ to three times less than the average single-seater of comparable performance. Specifications call for a range of 450 miles on six gallons of fuel; i.e., 75 mph.

The tiny ship has full twin-engine reliability. Besides, it's different. It's small enough to be called "cute"; it's clean, performs well and puts on one helluvan aerobatic show. The new Cricket may very well become a popular homebuilt project and airshow stopper.